Calendar No. 212

119TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1462

To improve forest management activities on National Forest System land, public land under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, and Tribal land to return resilience to overgrown, fire-prone forested land, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 10, 2025

Mr. Curtis (for himself, Mr. Hickenlooper, Mr. Sheehy, and Mr. Padilla) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

OCTOBER 27, 2025

Reported by Mr. BOOZMAN, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To improve forest management activities on National Forest System land, public land under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, and Tribal land to return resilience to overgrown, fire-prone forested land, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be eited as the
- 3 "Fix Our Forests Act".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—LANDSCAPE-SCALE RESTORATION

- Subtitle A Addressing Emergency Wildfire Risks in High-priority Firesheds
- Sec. 101. Designation of fireshed management areas.
- Sec. 102. Wildfire Intelligence Center.
- Sec. 103. Fireshed Registry.
- Sec. 104. Shared stewardship.
- Sec. 105. Fireshed assessments.
- Sec. 106. Emergency fireshed management.
- Sec. 107. Sunset.

Subtitle B—Expanding Collaborative Tools to Reduce Wildfire Risk and Improve Forest Health

- Sec. 111. Modification of treatment of certain revenue and payments under good neighbor agreements.
- Sec. 112. Fixing stewardship end result contracting.
- Sec. 113. Fireshed management project strike teams.
- Sec. 114. Locally led restoration.
- Sec. 115. Joint Chiefs Landscape Restoration Partnership Program.
- Sec. 116. Collaborative forest landscape restoration program.
- Sec. 117. Utilizing grazing for wildfire risk reduction.
- Sec. 118. Water Source Protection Program.
- Sec. 119. Watershed Condition Framework technical corrections.
- Sec. 120. Tribal forest protection management activities and projects.

Subtitle C-Litigation Reform

- Sec. 121. Commonsense litigation reform.
- Sec. 122. Consultation on forest plans.

Subtitle D—Prescribed Fire

- Sec. 131. Prescribed fire eligible activities, policies, and practices.
- Sec. 132. Human resources.
- Sec. 133. Liability of prescribed fire managers.
- Sec. 134. Environmental review.
- Sec. 135. Cooperative agreements and contracts for prescribed fire.
- Sec. 136. Facilitating responsible use of prescribed fire.

TITLE II—PROTECTING COMMUNITIES IN WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE

Subtitle A—Community Wildfire Risk Reduction

- Sec. 201. Community Wildfire Risk Reduction Program.
- Sec. 202. Community Wildfire Defense Research Program.
- Sec. 203. Community wildfire defense accountability.
- Sec. 204. Community wildfire defense grant program improvements.
- Sec. 205. Updated definition of at-risk community.

Subtitle B—Vegetation Management, Reforestation, and Local Fire Suppression

- Sec. 211. Vegetation management, facility inspection, and operation and maintenance relating to electric transmission and distribution facility rights of way.
- Sec. 212. Fire-safe electrical corridors.
- Sec. 213. Categorical exclusion for high-priority hazard trees.
- Sec. 214. Seeds of Success strategy.
- Sec. 215. Program to support priority reforestation and restoration projects.
- Sec. 216. Reforestation, nurseries, and genetic resources support.
- Sec. 217. Fire department repayment.

TITLE III—TRANSPARENCY, TECHNOLOGY, AND PARTNERSHIPS

Subtitle A—Transparency and Technology

- Sec. 301. Biochar innovations and opportunities for conservation, health, and advancements in research.
- Sec. 302. Accurate hazardous fuels reduction reports.
- Sec. 303. Public-private wildfire technology deployment and demonstration partnership.
- Sec. 304. GAO study on Forest Service policies.
- Sec. 305. Keeping forest plans current and monitored.
- Sec. 306. Container Aerial Firefighting System.
- Sec. 307. Study on pine beetle infestation.

Subtitle B—White Oak Resilience

- Sec. 311. White Oak Restoration Initiative Coalition.
- Sec. 312. Forest Service pilot program.
- Sec. 313. Department of the Interior white oak review and restoration.
- Sec. 314. White oak regeneration and upland oak habitat.
- Sec. 315. Tree nursery shortages.
- Sec. 316. White oak research.
- Sec. 317. USDA formal initiative.
- Sec. 318. Use of authorities.

TITLE IV—ENSURING CASUALTY ASSISTANCE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Sec. 401. Wildland Fire Management Casualty Assistance Program.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

1	(1) END WATER USER.—The term "end water
2	user" has the meaning given the term in section
3	303(a) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
4	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6542(a)).
5	(2) Executive director.—The term "Execu-
6	tive Director" means the Executive Director of the
7	Wildfire Intelligence Center appointed under section
8	102(g).
9	(3) Fireshed.—The term "fireshed" means a
10	landscape-scale area, as delineated using methods
11	developed through research conducted by the Forest
12	Service, that represents similar source levels of com-
13	munity exposure to wildfire.
14	(4) Fireshed management area.—The term
15	"fireshed management area" means a fireshed man-
16	agement area designated under section 101(a).
17	(5) FIRESHED MANAGEMENT PROJECT.—The
18	term "fireshed management project" means any of
19	the following forest or vegetation management activi-
20	ties:
21	(A) A hazardous fuels management activ-
22	ity.
23	(B) Creating a fuel break or fire break.

1	(C) Removing hazard trees, dead trees, or
2	dying trees, as determined by a responsible offi-
3	cial.
4	(D) Developing, approving, or conducting
5	routine maintenance under a vegetation man-
6	agement, facility inspection, and operation and
7	maintenance plan under section 512(e) of the
8	Federal Land Policy and Management Act of
9	1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772(e)).
10	(E) Removing trees to address over-
11	stocking or crowding in a forest stand, con-
12	sistent with achieving the appropriate basa
13	area of the forest stand, as determined by a re-
14	sponsible official.
15	(F) Using treatments to address insects or
16	disease or to control vegetation competition or
17	invasive species.
18	(G) A wet-meadow, floodplain, or ripariar
19	restoration activity that increases wildfire re-
20	sistance.
21	(H) A forest stand improvement activity
22	necessary to protect life and property from eat-
23	astrophic wildfire, as determined by a respon-
24	sible official.

1	(I) Any combination of activities described
2	in this paragraph.
3	(6) FIRESHED REGISTRY.—The term "Fireshed
4	Registry" means the registry established under sec-
5	tion 103(a).
6	(7) Forest Plan.—The term "forest plan"
7	means
8	(A) a land use plan prepared by the Bu-
9	reau of Land Management for public land pur-
10	suant to section 202 of the Federal Land Policy
11	and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
12	1712);
13	(B) a land and resource management plan
14	prepared by the Forest Service for a unit of the
15	National Forest System pursuant to section 6
16	of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Re-
17	sources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C.
18	1604); and
19	(C) a forest management plan (as defined
20	in section 304 of the National Indian Forest
21	Resources Management Act (25 U.S.C. 3103))
22	with respect to Indian forest land or rangeland.
23	(8) GOVERNOR.—The term "Governor" means
24	the Governor or other appropriate executive official
25	$\circ f$

1	(A) a State; or
2	(B) an Indian Tribe.
3	(9) Hazardous fuels management activ-
4	HTY.—The term "hazardous fuels management activ-
5	ity" means a vegetation management activity, or any
6	combination of such activities, that reduces the risk
7	of wildfire, including mechanical thinning, mastica-
8	tion, prescribed burning, cultural burning (as deter-
9	mined by an applicable Indian Tribe), timber har-
10	vest, and grazing.
11	(10) HFRA TERMS.—The terms "at-risk com-
12	munity", "community wildfire protection plan", and
13	"wildland-urban interface" have the meanings given
14	those terms in section 101 of the Healthy Forests
15	Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6511).
16	(11) Indian forest land or rangeland.—
17	The term "Indian forest land or rangeland" means
18	land that—
19	(A) is held in trust, or subject to a restric-
20	tion against alienation, by the United States for
21	an Indian Tribe or a member of an Indian
22	Tribe; and
23	(B)(i) is Indian forest land (as defined in
24	section 304 of the National Indian Forest Re-
25	sources Management Act (25 U.S.C. 3103)); or

1	(ii)(I) has a cover of grasses, brush, or any
2	similar vegetation; or
3	(II) formerly had a forest cover or vegeta-
4	tive cover that is capable of restoration.
5	(12) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
6	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
7	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
8	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
9	(13) NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM.—The term
10	"National Forest System" has the meaning given
11	the term in section 11(a) of the Forest and Range-
12	land Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
13	U.S.C. 1609(a)).
14	(14) Public Land.—The term "public land"
15	means
16	(A) public lands (as defined in section 103
17	of the Federal Land Policy and Management
18	Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702));
19	(B) the land reconveyed to the United
20	States pursuant to the first section of the Act
21	of February 26, 1919 (40 Stat. 1179, chapter
22	47) (commonly known as "Coos Bay Wagon
23	Road Grant lands") under the jurisdiction of
24	the Secretary of the Interior; and

1	(C) the land revested in the United States
2	by the Act of June 9, 1916 (39 Stat. 218,
3	chapter 137) (commonly known as "Oregon and
4	California Railroad Grant lands") under the ju-
5	risdiction of the Secretary of the Interior.
6	(15) Relevant committees of congress.—
7	The term "relevant committees of Congress"
8	means
9	(A) in the Senate—
10	(i) the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
11	trition, and Forestry; and
12	(ii) the Committee on Energy and
13	Natural Resources; and
14	(B) in the House of Representatives—
15	(i) the Committee on Agriculture; and
16	(ii) the Committee on Natural Re-
17	sources.
18	(16) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
19	means—
20	(A) the Secretary; and
21	(B) the Secretary of the Interior.
22	(17) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
23	means the Secretary of Agriculture.
24	(18) Secretary concerned.—The term
25	"Secretary concerned" means

1	(A) the Secretary, with respect to National
2	Forest System land; and
3	(B) the Secretary of the Interior, with re-
4	spect to public land.
5	(19) Special district.—The term "special
6	district" means a political subdivision of a State
7	that—
8	(A) has significant budgetary autonomy or
9	control;
10	(B) was established by, or pursuant to, the
11	laws of the State for the purpose of performing
12	a limited and specific governmental or propri-
13	etary function primarily relating to land man-
14	agement; and
15	(C) is distinct from any other unit of local
16	government within the State.
17	(20) STATE.—The term "State" means—
18	(A) each of the several States;
19	(B) the District of Columbia; and
20	(C) each territory of the United States.

1	TITLE I—LANDSCAPE-SCALE
2	RESTORATION
3	Subtitle A—Addressing Emergency
4	Wildfire Risks in High-priority
5	Firesheds
6	SEC. 101. DESIGNATION OF FIRESHED MANAGEMENT
7	AREAS.
8	(a) Designations.—
9	(1) Initial designations.—Subject to para-
10	graph (4), for the 5-year period beginning on the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the following firesheds
12	are designated as fireshed management areas:
13	(A) Each landscape-scale fireshed identi-
14	fied as a "high-risk fireshed" in the document
15	published by the Forest Service entitled "Wild-
16	fire Crisis Strategy" and dated January 2022.
17	(B) Of the 7,688 firesheds described in the
18	report published by the Rocky Mountain Re-
19	search Station of the Forest Service in 2019,
20	each landscape-scale fireshed identified by the
21	Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of
22	the Interior, as being in the top 20 percent for
23	wildfire exposure based on the following eri-
24	toria.

1	(i) Wildfire exposure and cor-
2	responding risk to communities, including
3	risk to life, critical infrastructure, and
4	other structures.
5	(ii) Wildfire exposure and cor-
6	responding risk to municipal watersheds,
7	including Tribal water supplies and sys-
8	tems.
9	(iii) Risk of vegetation type conversion
10	due to wildfire, based on information from
11	existing forest plans, State forest action
12	plans, and best available science.
13	(2) Designations in Alaska, Hawaii, and
14	TERRITORIES.—Not later than 30 days after the
15	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in con-
16	sultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall
17	designate in the States of Alaska and Hawaii and
18	the territories of the United States such additional
19	fireshed management areas as the Secretaries deter-
20	mine to be appropriate, based on the criteria de-
21	scribed in clauses (i) through (iii) of paragraph
22	(1)(B).
23	(3) Map-based updated designations.—
24	(A) MAP OF FIRESHEDS.—Not later than
25	the date that is 5 years after the date of enact-

1	ment of this Act, and not less frequently than
2	once every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary, in
3	consultation with the Secretary of the Interior,
4	shall submit to the relevant committees of Con-
5	gress an updated map of firesheds, which
6	shall—
7	(i) be based on the Fireshed Registry;
8	and
9	(ii) include firesheds in the States of
10	Alaska and Hawaii and the territories of
11	the United States.
12	(B) Fireshed management areas.—Not
13	later than 60 days after submitting an updated
14	fireshed map under subparagraph (A), the Sec-
15	retary shall designate as a fireshed manage-
16	ment area each fireshed depicted on that map
17	that the Secretary, in consultation with the Sec-
18	retary of the Interior, identifies as being in the
19	top 20 percent of firesheds at risk of wildfire
20	exposure based on the criteria described in
21	clauses (i) through (iii) of paragraph (1)(B)
22	and in accordance with this section.
23	(C) Publication.—The Secretary shall
24	make each updated map prepared under this

1	paragraph publicly available on the Fireshed
2	Registry.
3	(4) Land location and content. A
4	fireshed management area designated under this
5	subsection—
6	(A) shall not overlap with any other
7	fireshed management area; and
8	(B) may contain Federal and non-Federal
9	land, including Indian forest land or rangeland.
10	(5) Combining multiple firesheds.—On re-
11	ceipt of a request of an affected Governor, the Sec-
12	retary, in consultation with the Secretary of the In-
13	terior, may expand a fireshed management area des-
14	ignated under this subsection to include more than
15	1 fireshed.
16	(b) USE.—The Secretary concerned may carry out
17	fireshed management projects on the fireshed manage-
18	ment areas designated under this section.
19	(c) Applicability of NEPA.—The designation of
20	a fireshed management area under this section shall not
21	be subject to the requirements of the National Environ-
22	mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
23	SEC. 102. WILDFIRE INTELLIGENCE CENTER.
24	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	(1) Board.—The term "Board" means the
2	Board governing the Center appointed under sub-
3	section (f).
4	(2) CENTER.—The term "Center" means the
5	Wildfire Intelligence Center established under sub-
6	section (b).
7	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after
8	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the
9	Secretary of the Interior shall establish a joint office, to
10	be known as the "Wildfire Intelligence Center", the duties
11	of which are to study, plan, coordinate, and implement
12	issues of joint concern among the Department of Agri-
13	culture and the Department of the Interior, including—
14	(1) serving as the development and operational
15	center for the comprehensive assessment and pre-
16	diction of wildfires and fires that move into the built
17	environment to provide decision support services to
18	inform land and fuels management, community out-
19	reach and risk reduction, post-wildfire recovery and
20	rehabilitation, and fire management and response
21	activities carried out by entities, including—
22	(A) the Federal Government;
23	(B) State, Tribal, and local governments;
24	(C) land managers;
25	(D) incident management teams;

1	(E) the National Interagency Coordination
2	Center;
3	(F) geographic coordination centers;
4	(G) land, air, and water managers;
5	(H) burned area rehabilitation teams;
6	(I) public health entities; and
7	(J) other entities identified by the Board;
8	(2) facilitating collaboration and information
9	sharing across Federal and State departments and
10	agencies, Tribal entities, academia, and the private
11	sector with respect to matters relating to wildfires;
12	and
13	(3) addressing such other issues as the Sec-
14	retary and the Secretary of the Interior may identify
15	as issues of joint interest in support of the functions
16	of the Center described in subsection (d).
17	(e) Headquarters.—Not later than 1 year after the
18	date of enactment of this Act, the Board shall select from
19	within the United States a permanent location for the
20	physical headquarters of the Center.
21	(d) Functions.—The functions of the Center shall
22	include the following:
23	(1) Providing real-time, science-based, and
24	data-rich scientifie and technical analytical services,
25	decision support, and predictive services across all

1	phases of fire to inform pre-fire land and fuels man-
2	agement, pre-fire community and built environment
3	risk reduction, active fire management and emer-
1	gency response, and post-fire recovery in the built
5	and natural environments.
5	(2) Assessing and monitoring wildfires and
7	116 17

- (2) Assessing and monitoring wildfires and wildfire conditions across all phases of fire, including ignition, behavior, and spread, climate, weather, drought, soil moisture, fuel conditions, smoke, acrosols, fire severity, debris flows, and crosion.
- (3) Comprehensive modeling of wildfire behavior and risks, including ignitions, wildfire intensity and spread inside the built and natural environments, air quality, and dependence on burn history, vegetation conditions, climate, and weather.
- (4) Providing and procuring, if commercially available, and combining existing data, mapping, technological, and consultation services to support pre-, active, and post-fire activities, including—
 - (A) creating and maintaining a real-time nationwide wildfire risk catalog by leveraging existing risk mapping at land management agencies;
- 24 (B) assisting with the creation of evacu-25 ation plans for at-risk communities;

1	(C) assisting with the creation of public
2	safety power shutoff plans;
3	(D) assisting with the creation and updat-
4	ing of wildfire response strategies, plans, and
5	treatment and mitigation measures, including
6	mitigation measures in the built environment
7	and the development of community wildfire pro-
8	tection plans;
9	(E) providing decision support and gridded
10	and point data forecast and assessment prod-
11	ucts in support of operational and planning ac-
12	tivities, including the pre-positioning of wildfire
13	suppression personnel and assets based on real-
14	time-risk; and
15	(F) assisting with the safe and effective
16	use of prescribed fire.
17	(5) Consolidating air quality monitoring and
18	forecasting data to support health risk information
19	to help inform risks to public health and protect the
20	public from smoke impacts associated with wildfires,
21	including providing planning guidance for safe and
22	effective beneficial fire opportunities to prevent the
23	risk of wildfires.
24	(6) Providing accessible tools and products that
25	support emergency and land management decisions

1	relating to wildfire prevention, preparedness, and re-
2	sponse, including risk assessment and contingency
3	planning, which shall include the development of a
4	data interface to assist and inform, in real-time,
5	firefighters, first responders, and approved contrac-
6	tors in responding to wildfires, including the use of
7	any observations by the civil, military, and intel-
8	ligence communities of the Federal Government and
9	commercial Earth observations.
10	(7) Establishing an interoperable information
11	technology infrastructure accessible by Federal agen-
12	cies, State government offices, units of local govern-
13	ment, and Tribal governments.
14	(8) To the extent feasible, establishing data
15	interoperability through—
16	(A) the development of common data
17	standards;
18	(B) the provision of comprehensive search-
19	able data inventories;
20	(C) working with Tribal governments in
21	nation-to-nation partnership;
22	(D) the integration and sharing of infor-
23	mation and resources of the Federal Govern-
24	ment and State and local governments to sup-
25	port the essential functions of the Center;

1	(E) the development of data standards to
2	protect confidential information that may be es-
3	sential to the core functions of the Center;
4	(F) regular updates and maintenance of
5	research and technology essential to achieving
6	the core functions of the Center; and
7	(G) the development and maintenance of a
8	big-data architecture to compile, maintain
9	standardize, and evaluate data associated with
10	the core functions of the Center.
11	(9) In coordination with relevant Federal agen-
12	cies and coordinating entities, as determined by the
13	Board, and in consultation with State government
14	agencies, units of local government, territories of the
15	United States, and federally recognized Indian
16	Tribes, developing, procuring where commercially
17	available, and disseminating tools to support wildfire
18	planning, risk reduction and response guidance
19	guidelines, maps, and training materials to help in-
20	form State, territorial, local, and Tribal governments
21	and decisionmakers with respect to—
22	(A) the use and implementations of wild-
23	fire risk assessments;

1	(B) the applied use of the database and in-
2	formation developed under paragraphs (7) and
3	(8);
4	(C) reducing losses from wildfires;
5	(D) increasing benefits from wildfires;
6	(E) resources available for communities
7	and responders working to improve wildfire pre-
8	paredness; and
9	(F) enhancing communication management
10	in emergency wildfire situations, land and re-
11	source management, and scientific studies.
12	(10) Working with Federal, State, and Tribal
13	agencies to develop and improve National Wildfire
14	Coordinating Group wildfire preparedness curricula
15	and training modules for—
16	(A) State, territorial, local, and Tribal offi-
17	cials; and
18	(B) Federal, State, territorial, local, and
19	Tribal emergency managers and responders.
20	(11) Maintaining the Fireshed Registry.
21	(12) Administering the pilot program estab-
22	lished under section 303 and streamlining procure-
23	ment processes for technologies identified under that
24	pilot program and technology systems related to ad-
25	dressing wildfire and smoke for purposes of scaling

1	such technologies and systems across Federal agen-
2	eies.
3	(e) Administration.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Sec
5	retary of the Interior shall cooperatively administer
6	the Center.
7	(2) Transfer of funds.—
8	(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
9	graph (B), the Secretary and the Secretary of
10	the Interior may transfer funds provided to es-
11	tablish, and earry out the duties of, the Center
12	between—
13	(i) the Forest Service; and
14	(ii) the United States Geological Sur-
15	vey.
16	(B) NOTICE REQUIRED.—Not later than
17	15 days before transferring funds under sub-
18	paragraph (A), the Secretary or the Secretary
19	of the Interior, as applicable, shall submit to
20	the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate
21	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
22	House of Representatives a notice of the pro-
23	posed transfer.
24	(f) Board.—

1	(1) MEMBERSHIP.—The Center shall be gov-
2	erned by a Board, to be composed of 16 members,
3	as follows:
4	(A) 1 member who is a career employee of
5	the Department of Agriculture, to be appointed
6	by the Secretary.
7	(B) 1 member who is a career employee of
8	the research and development areas of the For-
9	est Service, to be appointed by the Chief of the
10	Forest Service.
11	(C) 1 member who is a career employee in
12	fire and aviation management of the Forest
13	Service, to be appointed by the Chief of the
14	Forest Service.
15	(D) 1 member who is a career employee of
16	the Department of the Interior, to be appointed
17	by the Secretary of the Interior.
18	(E) 1 member who is a career employee of
19	the Bureau of Land Management, to be ap-
20	pointed by the Director of the Bureau of Land
21	Management.
22	(F) 1 member who is a career employee of
23	the Bureau of Indian Affairs, to be appointed
24	by the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs.

1	(G) 1 member who is a career employee of
2	the National Park Service, to be appointed by
3	the Director of the National Park Service.
4	(H) 1 member who is a career employee of
5	the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, to
6	be appointed by the Director of the United
7	States Fish and Wildlife Service.
8	(I) 1 member who is a career employee of
9	the United States Geological Survey, to be ap-
10	pointed by the Director of the United States
11	Geological Survey.
12	(J) 1 member who is a career employee of
13	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-
14	istration, to be appointed by the Administrator
15	of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
16	ministration.
17	(K) 1 member who is a career employee of
18	the National Weather Service, to be appointed
19	by the Director of the National Weather Serv-
20	iee.
21	(L) 1 member who is a career employee of
22	the Federal Emergency Management Agency, to
23	be appointed by the Administrator of the Fed-
24	eral Emergency Management Agency.

1	(M) 1 member who is a career employee of
2	the United States Fire Administration, to be
3	appointed by the Administrator of the United
4	States Fire Administration.
5	(N) 1 member who is a career employee of
6	the Department of Defense, to be appointed by
7	the Secretary of Defense.
8	(O) 1 member who is a career employee of
9	the National Science Foundation, to be ap-
10	pointed by the Director of the National Science
11	Foundation.
12	(P) 1 member who is a career employee of
13	the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
14	tration, to be appointed by the Administrator of
15	the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
16	tration.
17	(2) TERMS.—A member of the Board—
18	(A) shall be appointed for a term of §
19	years; and
20	(B) may be reappointed for not more than
21	3 additional terms.
22	(3) Charperson; vice charperson.—The
23	Chairperson and Vice Chairperson of the Board
24	shall

1	(A) be selected by the members of the
2	Board from among the members appointed
3	under subparagraphs (B), (I), and (J) of para-
4	graph (1); and
5	(B) serve for a term of 1 year.
6	(4) Majority vote.—A voting consensus by
7	the Board shall be not less than a 2/3 majority vote
8	of the members present.
9	(5) Nonvoting status.—At the discretion of
10	the Board, the Board may include nonvoting observ-
11	ers to the Board.
12	(g) Executive Director.—
13	(1) In GENERAL.—The Center shall have an
14	Executive Director, who shall be appointed by, and
15	serve at the direction of, the Board.
16	(2) Drought Monitoring.—The Executive
17	Director shall engage with relevant Federal agencies,
18	State agencies, and entities in the private sector to
19	improve drought monitoring, forecasting, commu-
20	nication, and response that may be essential to the
21	core functions of the Center, if the Executive Direc-
22	tor determines that the engagement is appropriate,
23	beneficial, and cost-effective.
24	(2) Contracting Authority —

1	(A) In General.—The Executive Director
2	may enter into and perform contracts, agree-
3	ments, memoranda of understanding, or other,
4	similar transactions, as the Executive Director
5	determines to be appropriate to carry out the
6	functions of the Center described in subsection
7	(d).
8	(B) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days
9	after the date of enactment of this Act, the
10	Board and the Executive Director shall submit
11	to the relevant committees of Congress a report
12	that provides—
13	(i) an assessment of existing con-
14	tracting authorities of the Executive Direc-
15	tor;
16	(ii) recommendations regarding
17	whether any new contracting authorities or
18	modifications of existing contracting au-
19	thorities are needed; and
20	(iii) a description of technologies that
21	may be commercially available to perform
22	the functions of the Center, together with
23	the costs and timelines of procuring those
24	technologies or developing relevant capa-
25	bilities.

1	(h) DETAILEES.—The Secretary and the Secretary of
2	the Interior may detail or assign to the Center such em-
3	ployees of the Department of Agriculture and the Depart-
4	ment of the Interior, respectively, as the Secretaries deter-
5	mine to be necessary to carry out the duties of the Center.
6	(i) Interagency Financing. Notwithstanding
7	section 708 of the Financial Services and General Govern-
8	ment Appropriations Act, 2023 (Public Law 117–328;
9	136 Stat. 4706), or any other, similar provision of law,
10	interagency financing may be used to fund the Center.
11	(j) Coordination With Other Agencies and En-
12	TITIES.—To earry out the functions of the Center de-
13	scribed in subsection (d), the Board shall coordinate with
14	agencies represented on the Board and other relevant enti-
15	ties, including—
16	(1) the National Wildfire Coordinating Group;
17	(2) State and Tribal governments;
18	(3) any other agency that—
19	(A) is responsible for the management of
20	Federal or State land; or
21	(B) has data, science, and technology ex-
22	pertise relevant to the Center; and
23	(4) any other relevant Federal, State, Tribal, or
24	nongovernmental entity that is representative of an
25	element of the wildland fire community.

I	(k) OPERATIONAL PLAN.—
2	(1) In General.—Not later than 180 days
3	after the appointment of the Executive Director, the
4	Executive Director shall submit to the relevant com-
5	mittees of Congress an operational plan describing—
6	(A) the structure of the Center;
7	(B) staffing and funding needs of the Cen-
8	ter;
9	(C) technological capabilities within the
10	Department of Agriculture, the Department of
11	the Interior, and the other Federal departments
12	and agencies comprising the Board that are
13	available to the Center;
14	(D) an assessment of the potential of com-
15	mercially available technologies to perform the
16	functions of the Center; and
17	(E) a timeline for full operational func-
18	tioning of the Center.
19	(2) Inclusions.—The plan under paragraph
20	(1) shall include estimated costs, key milestones, co-
21	ordination strategies with Federal, State, and pri-
22	vate entities, and recommendations for ensuring the
23	effective operation of the Center.
24	(3) UPDATES.—The Director shall update the
25	plan not less frequently than annually to reflect

1	progress, adjustments in funding, and the adoption
2	of new technologies.
3	(l) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this see-
4	tion affects the ownership of any data source.
5	SEC. 103. FIRESHED REGISTRY.
6	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretaries, acting
7	through the Executive Director, shall establish and main-
8	tain, on a publicly accessible website, a registry, to be
9	known as the "Fireshed Registry", that provides inter-
10	active geospatial data relating to individual firesheds, in-
11	eluding information relating to—
12	(1) wildland fire exposure, delineated by owner-
13	ship, including rights-of-way for utilities and other
14	public or private purposes;
15	(2) any hazardous fuels management activities
16	that have occurred within an individual fireshed dur-
17	ing the preceding 10 years;
18	(3) wildland fire exposure with respect to a
19	fireshed, delineated by—
20	(A) wildfire exposure and corresponding
21	risk to communities, including risk to life, crit-
22	ical infrastructure, and other structures;
23	(B) wildfire exposure and corresponding
24	risk to municipal watersheds, including Tribal
25	water cumplies and eveteme, and

1	(C) risk of vegetation type conversion due
2	to wildfire;
3	(4) the percentage of a fireshed burned in wild-
4	fire during the preceding 10 years, including, to the
5	extent practicable, delineations of acres that have
6	burned at a high severity;
7	(5) spatial patterns of wildfire exposure, includ-
8	ing plausible extreme fire events; and
9	(6) any hazardous fuels management activities
10	planned for a fireshed, including fireshed manage-
11	ment projects.
12	(b) Community Wildfire Protection Plans.—
13	The Executive Director shall make data from the Fireshed
14	Registry available to local communities developing or up-
15	dating community wildfire protection plans.
16	(e) MAINTENANCE.—As part of the website con-
17	taining the Fireshed Registry, the Executive Director
18	shall—
19	(1) publish fireshed assessments conducted
20	under section 105; and
21	(2) maintain a searchable database to track—
22	(A) the status of Federal environmental re-
23	views, permits, and authorizations for fireshed
24	management projects, including—

1	(i) a comprehensive permitting time-
2	table;
3	(ii) the status of the compliance of
4	each lead agency, cooperating agency, and
5	participating agency with the permitting
6	timetable with respect to fireshed manage-
7	ment projects;
8	(iii) any required modifications of the
9	permitting timetable under clause (i), in-
10	eluding an explanation regarding why the
11	permitting timetable was modified; and
12	(iv) information regarding any public
13	meetings, public hearings, and public com-
14	ment periods relating to a fireshed man-
15	agement project, as that information be-
16	comes available, which shall be presented
17	in
18	(I) English; and
19	(II) the predominant language of
20	each community that is most affected
21	by the fireshed management project,
22	as that information becomes available
23	(B) the projected cost of fireshed manage-
24	ment projects; and

1	(C) in the case of a completed fireshed
2	management project, the estimated effectiveness
3	of the fireshed management project in—
4	(i) reducing the wildfire exposure
5	within the applicable fireshed, including
6	wildfire exposure described in subpara-
7	graphs (A) through (C) of subsection
8	(a)(3); and
9	(ii) increasing the resilience of wildlife
10	habitats, including habitat for species list-
11	ed as threatened or endangered under the
12	Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
13	U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).
14	(d) Incorporation of Existing Assessments
15	AND DATA.—In earrying out this section, the Executive
16	Director shall incorporate any assessments completed or
17	data gathered through existing partnerships, to the extent
18	practicable.
19	(e) APPLICABILITY OF NEPA.—The establishment
20	and maintenance of the Fireshed Registry under this sec-
21	tion shall not be subject to the requirements of the Na-
22	tional Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321
23	et seq.).

1 SEC. 104. SHARED STEWARDSHIP.

2	(a) Joint Agreements.—The Secretary concerned
3	shall seek to use an existing shared stewardship agree-
4	ment, modify an existing shared stewardship agreement,
5	or enter into a similar agreement with the Governor of
6	each State and Indian Tribe that contains a fireshed man-
7	agement area designated under section 101(a) to jointly—
8	(1) promote the reduction of wildfire exposure,
9	based on the criteria described in clauses (i) through
10	(iii) of section 101(a)(1)(B), in fireshed management
11	areas across jurisdictional boundaries; and
12	(2) conduct fireshed assessments under section
13	105.
14	(b) Adjustment of Boundaries and Updates to
15	AGREEMENTS.—With respect to an agreement under sub-
16	section (a), the Secretary concerned, on request of the ap-
17	plicable Governor, may—
18	(1) adjust the boundaries of any applicable
19	fireshed management area; and
20	(2) update the agreement to address any new
21	wildfire threats.
22	(c) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary and
23	the Secretary of the Interior may enter into cooperative
24	agreements with units of local government, special dis-
25	tricts, end water users, nongovernmental organizations,
26	institutions of higher education, and other entities, at the

1	discretion of the applicable Secretary to carry out the ac-
2	tivities described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection
3	(a).
4	SEC. 105. FIRESHED ASSESSMENTS.
5	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
6	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned,
7	in cooperation with the Governor with whom the Secretary
8	concerned enters into an agreement under section 104(a),
9	if applicable, shall conduct a fireshed assessment in ac-
10	cordance with this section with respect to each fireshed
11	management area designated in the applicable State or
12	area of Tribal land.
13	(b) Requirements.—
14	(1) In General.—Each fireshed assessment
15	under subsection (a) shall—
16	(A) identify—
17	(i) using the best available science,
18	wildfire exposure risks within the applica-
19	ble fireshed management area, including
20	scenario planning and wildfire hazard map-
21	ping and models; and
22	(ii) each at-risk community within the
23	fireshed management area;
24	(B) identify the types of fireshed manage-
25	ment projects that could benefit the fireshed

1	management area, with an emphasis on reduc-
2	ing-
3	(i) wildfire exposure and cor-
4	responding risk to communities, including
5	risk to life, critical infrastructure, and
6	other structures;
7	(ii) wildfire exposure and cor-
8	responding risk to municipal watersheds,
9	including Tribal water supplies and sys-
10	tems;
11	(iii) risk of vegetation type conversion
12	due to wildfire;
13	(iv) wildfire risk for wildlife habitats,
14	including habitat for species listed as
15	threatened or endangered under the En-
16	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
17	1531 et seq.);
18	(v) wildfire risk to resources of an In-
19	dian Tribe, as defined by the Indian Tribe;
20	Ol'
21	(vi) any combination of purposes de-
22	scribed in clauses (i) through (v); and
23	(C) include, with respect to the applicable
24	fireshed management area—

1	(i) a strategy for reducing the threat
2	of wildfire—
3	(I) to protect at-risk communities
4	in the wildland-urban interface on
5	Federal and non-Federal land;
6	(II) to improve the effectiveness
7	of wildfire firefighting, particularly
8	the effectiveness of fuels treatments
9	that would improve wildfire firefighter
10	safety during wildfires; and
11	(III) to reduce risk to wildlife
12	habitats, including habitat for species
13	listed as threatened or endangered
14	under the Endangered Species Act of
15	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
16	(ii) a timeline for the implementation
17	of fireshed management projects;
18	(iii) long-term benchmark goals for
19	the completion of fireshed management
20	projects in the highest wildfire exposure
21	areas to ensure that those fireshed man-
22	agement projects contribute to the develop-
23	ment and maintenance of healthy and re-
24	silient landscapes;

(iv) a strategy to ensure that fireshed
management projects comply with applicable forest plans and incorporate the best
available science; and

(v) a strategy for maximizing the retention of late-successional forests, to the extent that the trees promote stands that are resilient to insects and disease, and reduce the risk or extent of, or increase resilience to, wildfires.

(2) Existing plans.—To the maximum extent practicable, a fireshed assessment shall incorporate and build on information, planning, and strategies contained in relevant forest plans, State forest action plans, watershed management plans, community wildfire protection plans, and similar locally led landscape-scale planning documents.

(3) Participation.—

(A) STATE, TRIBAL, AND LOCAL GOVERN-MENTS.—In addition to the parties to an applicable agreement described in subsection (a), the Secretary concerned shall coordinate with States, Indian Tribes, units of local government, and other entities that are parties to an agreement under section 104(e) within a

1	fireshed management area in conducting the
2	fireshed assessment under paragraph (1).
3	(B) Public.—In carrying out a fireshed
4	assessment under this section, the Secretary
5	concerned shall provide an opportunity for pub-
6	lie participation during the 45-day period begin-
7	ning on the date of initiation of the assessment,
8	including—
9	(i) publication of information regard-
10	ing the development of the assessment—
11	(I) on a website maintained by
12	the Secretary concerned; and
13	(II) at convenient locations with-
14	in the applicable fireshed management
15	area; and
16	(ii) at least 1 public meeting.
17	(e) Updates and Availability.—Each fireshed as-
18	sessment under subsection (a) shall be—
19	(1) regularly updated based on the best avail-
20	able science, subject to the requirements of sub-
21	section $(d)(2)$; and
22	(2) made publicly available on 1 or more
23	websites maintained by the Secretary concerned, in-
24	eluding the Fireshed Registry.
25	(d) Information Improvement.—

1	(1) Memoranda of understanding.—In car-
2	rying out a fireshed assessment under this section,
3	the Secretary concerned may enter into memoranda
4	of understanding with other Federal departments
5	and agencies (including the National Oceanic and
6	Atmospheric Administration), States, Indian Tribes,
7	private entities, or research or educational institu-
8	tions to improve, with respect to the assessment, the
9	use and integration of—
10	(A) advanced remote sensing and
11	geospatial technologies;
12	(B) statistical modeling and analysis; or
13	(C) any other technology or combination of
14	technologies and analyses that the Secretary
15	concerned determines will benefit the quality of
16	information in the assessment.
17	(2) Best available science.—In using the
18	best available science for a fireshed assessment
19	under this section, the Secretary concerned and the
20	applicable Governor shall incorporate, to the max-
21	imum extent practicable—
22	(A) traditional ecological knowledge from
23	Indian Tribes;
24	(B) data from State forest action plans
25	and State wildfire risk assessments:

1	(C) data from the Fireshed Registry; and
2	(D) data from other Federal, State, Tribal,
3	and local governments or agencies.
4	(e) APPLICABILITY OF NEPA.—A fireshed assess-
5	ment under this section shall not be subject to the require-
6	ments of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969
7	(42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
8	SEC. 106. EMERGENCY FIRESHED MANAGEMENT.
9	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.—
10	(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting
11	through a responsible official, shall carry out
12	fireshed management projects on land under the ju-
13	risdiction of the Secretary concerned in fireshed
14	management areas in accordance with this section,
15	the applicable forest plan, and the laws (including
16	regulations) applicable to the Secretary concerned.
17	(2) Applicability of other provisions.—
18	(A) In General.—The following shall
19	have the force and effect of law with respect to
20	any fireshed management project carried out in
21	a fireshed management area:
22	(i) Section 220.4(b) of title 36, Code
23	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on
24	April 9, 2025), with respect to land under
25	the jurisdiction of the Secretary.

1	(ii) Section 46.150 of title 43, Code of
2	Federal Regulations (as in effect on April
3	9, 2025), with respect to land under the
4	jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Inte-
5	rior.
6	(iii) Section 402.05 of title 50, Code
7	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on
8	April 9, 2025).
9	(iv) Section 800.12 of title 36, Code
10	of Federal Regulations (as in effect on
11	April 9, 2025), except that any reference
12	contained in that regulation to an "agency
13	official" shall be considered to be a ref-
14	erence to a responsible official.
15	(B) DETERMINATION OF EMERGENCY.—
16	(i) In General.—A regulation re-
17	ferred to in subparagraph (A) shall not
18	apply pursuant to that subparagraph with
19	respect to a fireshed management project
20	unless, before carrying out the fireshed
21	management project, a responsible offi-
22	cial—
23	(I) determines, in accordance
24	with the regulation, that an emer-

1	gency or emergency circumstance ex-
2	ists;
3	(II) completes any documentation
4	or identification processes required
5	under such regulation; and
6	(III) provides public notice of the
7	determination of emergency and each
8	related fireshed management project
9	activity by publishing such determina-
10	tion on a website maintained by the
11	Secretary concerned.
12	(ii) Requirement. In carrying out
13	a fireshed management project under a
14	regulation referred to in subparagraph (A),
15	a responsible official shall ensure that such
16	fireshed management project is consistent
17	with the applicable forest plan and the
18	laws (including regulations) and policies
19	applicable to the Secretary concerned.
20	(C) FURTHER CLARIFICATION.—A regula-
21	tion referred to in subparagraph (A) shall not
22	apply to any fireshed management project un-
23	less such fireshed management project will
24	achieve a land management goal described in

1	section 604(e) of the Healthy Forests Restora-
2	tion Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c(c)).
3	(D) UTILIZATION OF EXISTING STREAM-
4	LINED AUTHORITIES IN FIRESHED MANAGE-
5	MENT AREAS.—
6	(i) In General.—Not later than 2
7	years after the date of enactment of this
8	Act, with respect to each fireshed manage-
9	ment area that contains Federal land, the
10	Secretary concerned, acting through a re-
11	sponsible official, shall use not fewer than
12	1 of the following expedited authorities for
13	environmental review to carry out fireshed
14	management projects:
15	(I) Section 603(a) of the Healthy
16	Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16
17	U.S.C. 6591b(a)).
18	(H) Section 605(a) of the
19	Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
20	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591d(a)).
21	(III) Section 606(b) of the
22	Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
23	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591e(b)).

1	(IV) Section 40806(b) of the In-
2	frastructure Investment and Jobs Act
3	(16 U.S.C. 6592b(b)).
4	(ii) Compliance with Nepa.—In ap-
5	plying expedited authorities for environ-
6	mental review to carry out fireshed man-
7	agement projects under clause (i), the Sec-
8	retary concerned shall ensure—
9	(I) such project is carried out in
10	accordance with the statute estab-
11	lishing the categorical exclusion ap-
12	plied by the Secretary concerned;
13	(II) compliance with the National
14	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42)
15	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.); and
16	(III) such project is carried out
17	in accordance with the applicable for-
18	est plan or resource management plan
19	and the laws and policies applicable to
20	the Secretary concerned.
21	(iii) Additional emergency ac-
22	Tions.—The Secretary may declare an
23	emergency pursuant to section 40807 of
24	the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs

1	Act (16 U.S.C. 6592c) for any fireshed
2	management project.
3	(iv) FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY ACT RE-
4	QUIREMENTS.—In earrying out this sec-
5	tion, the Secretary concerned shall ensure
6	compliance with the amendments made to
7	the National Environmental Policy Act of
8	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) by the Fis-
9	eal Responsibility Act of 2023 (Public Law
10	118–5; 137 Stat. 38).
11	(v) USE OF OTHER AUTHORITIES.—
12	To the maximum extent practicable, the
13	Secretary concerned shall use the authori-
14	ties provided under this section in com-
15	bination with other authorities to carry out
16	fireshed management projects, including—
17	(I) good neighbor agreements
18	under section 8206 of the Agricultural
19	Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) (as
20	amended by this Act);
21	(H) stewardship contracting
22	projects entered into under section
23	604 of the Healthy Forests Restora-
24	tion Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c)
25	(as amended by this Act);

1	(III) self-determination contracts
2	and self-governance compact agree-
3	ments entered into under the Indian
4	Self-Determination and Education As-
5	sistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.);
6	and
7	(IV) agreements entered into
8	under the Tribal Forest Protection
9	Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–278;
10	118 Stat. 868).
11	(b) Expansion.—
12	(1) Healthy forests restoration act
13	AMENDMENTS.—
14	(A) DEFINITIONS.—Section 3 of the
15	Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16
16	U.S.C. 6502) is amended—
17	(i) in paragraph (2), by striking
18	"450b" and inserting "5304"; and
19	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(3) Local government.—The term 'local
22	government' means—
23	"(A) a county;
24	"(B) a municipality; and
25	"(C) a special district.

1	"(4) Special district.—The term 'special dis-
2	trict' means a political subdivision of a State that—
3	"(A) has significant budgetary autonomy
4	or control;
5	"(B) was established by, or pursuant to,
6	the laws of the State for the purpose of per-
7	forming a limited and specific governmental or
8	proprietary function primarily relating to forest
9	or rangeland management; and
10	"(C) is distinct from any other unit of
11	local government within the State.".
12	(B) Administrative review. Section
13	603(e) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act
14	of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591b(e)) is amended—
15	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
16	"3000 acres" and inserting "10,000
17	acres"; and
18	(ii) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking
19	"Fire Regime Groups I, II, or III" and in-
20	serting "Fire Regime I, Fire Regime II,
21	Fire Regime III, or Fire Regime IV".
22	(C) WILDFIRE RESILIENCE PROJECTS.
23	Section 605(e) of the Healthy Forests Restora-
24	tion Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591d(e)) is
25	amended—

1	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
2	"3000 acres" and inserting "10,000
3	acres"; and
4	(ii) in paragraph (4), by striking
5	"code of Federal regulations (or successor
6	regulations)" and inserting "Code of Fed-
7	eral regulations (or a successor regula-
8	tion)".
9	(D) Greater sage-grouse and mule
10	DEER HABITAT.—Section 606 of the Healthy
11	Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C.
12	6591e) is amended—
13	(i) in subsection $(a)(1)(A)$ —
14	(I) by striking clause (ii);
15	(II) by redesignating clauses (iii)
16	through (vii) as clauses (ii) through
17	(vi), respectively; and
18	(III) in clause (iii) (as so redesig-
19	nated), in the matter preceding sub-
20	clause (I), by striking "in a sagebrush
21	steppe ecosystem";
22	(ii) in subsection (e), by striking "con-
23	currently for both greater sage-grouse
24	and" and inserting "for greater sage-
25	grouse or"; and

1	$\frac{\text{(iii)}}{\text{in subsection }}$ in subsection $\frac{\text{(g)(1)}}{\text{by striking}}$
2	"4,500 acres" and inserting "7,500 acres".
3	(2) Infrastructure investment and jobs
4	ACT AMENDMENT.—Section 40806(d)(1) of the In-
5	frastructure Investment and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C.
6	6592b(d)(1)) is amended by striking "3,000 acres"
7	and inserting "10,000 acres".
8	SEC. 107. SUNSET.
9	The authority under this subtitle terminates on the
10	date that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this
11	Act.
12	Subtitle B—Expanding Collabo-
13	rative Tools to Reduce Wildfire
14	
14 15	Risk and Improve Forest Health
14 15 16	Risk and Improve Forest Health SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV-
14 15 16 17	Risk and Improve Forest Health SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV- ENUE AND PAYMENTS UNDER GOOD NEIGH-
14 15 16 17	Risk and Improve Forest Health SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV- ENUE AND PAYMENTS UNDER GOOD NEIGH- BOR AGREEMENTS.
114 115 116 117 118	Risk and Improve Forest Health sec. 111. Modification of treatment of certain revenue and payments under good neighbor agreements. (a) Good Neighbor Authority.—Section 8206 of
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	Risk and Improve Forest Health SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV- ENUE AND PAYMENTS UNDER GOOD NEIGH- BOR AGREEMENTS. (a) GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY.—Section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) is amend-
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	Risk and Improve Forest Health SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV- ENUE AND PAYMENTS UNDER GOOD NEIGH- BOR AGREEMENTS. (a) GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY.—Section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) is amend- ed—
114 115 116 117 118	Risk and Improve Forest Health SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV- ENUE AND PAYMENTS UNDER GOOD NEIGH- BOR AGREEMENTS. (a) GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY.—Section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) is amend- ed— (1) in subsection (a)—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Risk and Improve Forest Health SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV- ENUE AND PAYMENTS UNDER GOOD NEIGH- BOR AGREEMENTS. (a) GOOD NEIGHBOR AUTHORITY.—Section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) is amend- ed— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "ei-

1	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking "Gov-
2	ernor or" and inserting "Governor, an Indian
3	tribe, a special district, or a'';
4	(C) in paragraph (6), by striking "or In-
5	dian tribe"; and
6	(D) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(11) Special district.—The term 'special
8	district' means a political subdivision of a State
9	that
10	"(A) has significant budgetary autonomy
11	or control;
12	"(B) was established by, or pursuant to,
13	the laws of the State for the purpose of per-
14	forming a limited and specific governmental or
15	proprietary function primarily relating to forest
16	or rangeland management; and
17	"(C) is distinct from any other unit of
18	local government within the State."; and
19	(2) in subsection (b)—
20	(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "or
21	county" and inserting ", an Indian tribe, a spe-
22	cial district, or a county";
23	(B) in paragraph (2)(C)—
24	(i) in clause (i)—

1	(I) in the matter preceding sub-
2	clause (I), by inserting "special dis-
3	triet," after "Indian Tribe," each
4	place it appears;
5	(II) in subclause (I)—
6	(aa) by striking "on"; and
7	(bb) by striking "; and" and
8	inserting a semicolon;
9	(III) in subclause (II)—
10	(aa) in the matter preceding
11	item (aa), by striking "clause
12	(i)" and inserting "subclause
13	(I)"; and
14	(bb) in item (bb), by strik-
15	ing "the Good Neighbor Author-
16	ity for Recreation Act." and in-
17	serting "section 351 of the EX-
18	PLORE Act (16 U.S.C. 8571);";
19	and
20	(IV) by adding at the end the fol-
21	lowing:
22	"(III) if there are funds remain-
23	ing after earrying out subclause (II)—
24	"(aa) to carry out author-
25	ized restoration services under

1	other good neighbor agreements;
2	and
3	"(bb) for the administration
4	of a good neighbor authority pro-
5	gram by a Governor, Indian
6	tribe, special district, or county."
7	and
8	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "2028"
9	and inserting "2030";
10	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking "or coun-
11	ty" and inserting ", an Indian tribe, a special
12	district, or a county"; and
13	(D) by striking paragraph (4).
14	(b) Technical Amendment.—
15	(1) In General.—Section 443 of division E of
16	Public Law 118-42 (138 Stat. 297) is amended, in
17	the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking
18	"Agriculture Act of 2014" and inserting "Agricul-
19	tural Act of 2014".
20	(2) Effective date.—The amendment made
21	by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of en-
22	actment of Public Law 118-42 (138 Stat. 25).
23	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
24	subsection (a) shall apply to any project initiated pursuant
25	to a good neighbor agreement (as defined in section

1	8206(a) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C.
2	2113a(a)))—
3	(1) before the date of enactment of this Act, if
4	the project was initiated after the date of enactment
5	of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Public
6	Law 115-334; 132 Stat. 4490); or
7	(2) on or after the date of enactment of this
8	Act.
9	SEC. 112. FIXING STEWARDSHIP END RESULT CON-
10	TRACTING.
11	Section 604 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act
12	of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c) is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (b), by inserting ", including
14	retaining and expanding existing forest products in-
15	frastructure" before the period at the end; and
16	(2) in subsection $(d)(3)(B)$, by striking "10
17	years" and inserting "20 years"; and
18	(3) in subsection (h), by adding at the end the
19	following:
20	"(4) Special rule for long-term steward-
21	SHIP CONTRACTS.—
22	"(A) DEFINITION OF LONG-TERM CON-
23	TRACT.—In this paragraph, the term 'long-term
24	contract' means an agreement or contract
25	under subsection (b) that—

1	"(i) has a term of longer than 5
2	years; and
3	"(ii) is entered into on or after the
4	date of enactment of this paragraph.
5	"(B) SPECIAL RULE.—A long-term con-
6	tract entered into under subsection (b) by the
7	Chief or the Director with an entity shall pro-
8	vide that, in the case of cancellation or termi-
9	nation of the long-term contract by the Chief or
10	the Director, the Chief or the Director, as ap-
11	plicable, shall provide to the entity an amount
12	equal to 10 percent of the long-term contract
13	amount as cancellation or termination costs.".
14	SEC. 113. FIRESHED MANAGEMENT PROJECT STRIKE
15	TEAMS.
16	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary concerned
	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary concerned shall establish intra-agency strike teams to assist the Sec-
17	•
17 18	shall establish intra-agency strike teams to assist the Sec-
17 18 19	shall establish intra-agency strike teams to assist the Secretary concerned with—
17 18 19 20	shall establish intra-agency strike teams to assist the Sec- retary concerned with— (1) any reviews, including analysis under the
17 18 19 20 21	shall establish intra-agency strike teams to assist the Secretary concerned with— (1) any reviews, including analysis under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42)
17 18 19 20 21 22	shall establish intra-agency strike teams to assist the Secretary concerned with— (1) any reviews, including analysis under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), consultations under division A
	shall establish intra-agency strike teams to assist the Secretary concerned with— (1) any reviews, including analysis under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), consultations under division A of subtitle III of title 54, United States Code (for-

1	intent to accelerate and streamline interagency con-
2	sultation processes;
3	(2) the implementation of any necessary site
4	preparation work in advance of, or as part of, a
5	fireshed management project;
6	(3) the implementation of fireshed management
7	projects; and
8	(4) any combination of purposes described in
9	paragraphs (1) through (3).
10	(b) Members.—
11	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
12	may appoint not more than 10 individuals to serve
13	on an intra-agency strike team under this section, to
14	be composed of—
15	(A) employees of the department under the
16	jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned;
17	(B) employees of a different Federal de-
18	partment or agency, with the consent of the
19	head of that department or agency; and
20	(C) private contractors or volunteers from
21	any nonprofit organization, State government,
22	Indian Tribe, local government, quasi-govern-
23	mental agency, academic institution, or private
24	organization.

1	(2) Requirement.—In appointing individuals
2	under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall
3	appoint not fewer than 1 employee of the Federal
4	agency with jurisdiction over the applicable Federal
5	land.
6	(e) REVIEW RESPONSIBILITY.—The Secretary con-
7	cerned shall—
8	(1) determine the sufficiency of the documents
9	prepared by an intra-agency strike team under this
10	section; and
11	(2) retain responsibility for any authorizing de-
12	cision relating to such a document.
13	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section ter-
14	minates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enact-
15	ment of this Act.
16	SEC. 114. LOCALLY LED RESTORATION.
17	Section 14(d) of the National Forest Management
18	Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a(d)) is amended, in the first
19	sentence, by striking "\$10,000" and inserting "\$55,000".
20	SEC. 115. JOINT CHIEFS LANDSCAPE RESTORATION PART-
21	NERSHIP PROGRAM.
22	Section 40808 of the Infrastructure Investment and
23	Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 6592d) is amended—
24	(1) in subsection $(a)(2)$ —

1	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or'
2	at the end;
3	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
4	period at the end and inserting a semicolon
5	and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(D) to recover from wildfire; or
8	"(E) to enhance soil, water, and related
9	natural resources.";
10	(2) in subsection $(d)(1)$ —
11	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
12	"and post-wildfire impacts" after "wildfire
13	risk"; and
14	(B) in subparagraph (F), by inserting "
15	as identified in the corresponding State forest
16	action plan or similar priority plan (such as a
17	State wildlife or water plan)" before the semi-
18	colon;
19	(3) in subsection (g), by striking paragraph (2)
20	and inserting the following:
21	"(2) Additional reports.—For each of fiscal
22	years 2022 and 2023, and not less frequently than
23	once every 2 fiscal years thereafter, the Chiefs shall
24	submit a report describing projects for which fund

1	ing is provided under the Program, including the
2	status and outcomes of those projects, to—
3	"(A) in the Senate—
4	"(i) the Committee on Agriculture,
5	Nutrition, and Forestry;
6	"(ii) the Committee on Energy and
7	Natural Resources; and
8	"(iii) the Committee on Appropria-
9	tions; and
10	"(B) in the House of Representatives—
11	"(i) the Committee on Agriculture;
12	"(ii) the Committee on Natural Re-
13	sources; and
14	"(iii) the Committee on Appropria-
15	tions."; and
16	(4) in subsection $(h)(1)$, by striking "and
17	2023" and inserting "through 2031".
18	SEC. 116. COLLABORATIVE FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORA-
19	TION PROGRAM.
20	Section 4003 of the Omnibus Public Land Manage-
21	ment Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C. 7303) is amended—
22	(1) in subsection (b)—
23	(A) in paragraph (2)(B)(ii), by striking
24	"500 note" and inserting "7125"; and
25	(B) in paragraph (3)—

1	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
2	graph (A), by striking "plans to-" and
3	inserting "plans";
4	(ii) in each of subparagraphs (A)
5	through (H), by inserting "to" after the
6	subparagraph designation; and
7	(iii) in subparagraph (D), by inserting
8	"or pathogens" before the semicolon;
9	(2) in subsection $(e)(3)(\Lambda)$
10	(A) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the
11	end;
12	(B) in clause (ii), by adding "and" after
13	the semicolon at the end; and
14	(C) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(iii) include a Federal Government
16	staffing plan for providing staff to support
17	collaborative processes established under
18	subsection (b)(2);";
19	(3) in subsection (d)—
20	(A) in paragraph (2) —
21	(i) in subparagraph (E), by striking
22	"and" at the end;
23	(ii) in subparagraph (F), by striking
24	the period at the end and inserting a semi-
25	colon; and

1	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(G) proposals that seek to use innovative
4	implementation mechanisms, including good
5	neighbor agreements entered into under section
6	8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16
7	U.S.C. 2113a);
8	"(H) proposals that seek to reduce the risk
9	of uncharacteristic wildfire or increase ecologi-
10	cal restoration activities—
11	"(i) within areas across land owner-
12	ships, including State, Tribal, and private
13	land; and
14	"(ii) within the wildland-urban inter-
15	face (as defined in section 101 of the
16	Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003
17	(16 U.S.C. 6511)); and
18	"(I) proposals that seek to enhance water-
19	shed health and drinking water sources."; and
20	(B) in paragraph (3)—
21	(i) by striking subparagraph (A) and
22	inserting the following:
23	"(A) 4 proposals in any 1 region of the
24	National Forest System to be funded during
25	any fiscal year; and";

1	(ii) by striking subparagraph (B); and
2	(iii) by redesignating subparagraph
3	(C) as subparagraph (B);
4	(4) in subsection (e)(3), by inserting "conflict
5	resolution or collaborative governance," before "and
6	woody''; and
7	(5) in subsection (f)—
8	(A) in paragraph (4)(B)(ii), by striking
9	"\$4,000,000" and inserting "\$8,000,000"; and
10	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "2023"
11	and inserting "2031".
12	SEC. 117. UTILIZING GRAZING FOR WILDFIRE RISK REDUC-
13	TION.
14	(a) Strategy.—
15	(1) In General.—Not later than 18 months
16	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
17	retary concerned, in coordination with the holders of
18	
_	permits to graze livestock on Federal land under the
19	permits to graze livestock on Federal land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned and in con-
19	jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned and in con-
19 20	jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned and in consultation with other relevant stakeholders, shall de-
19 20 21	jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned and in consultation with other relevant stakeholders, shall develop a strategy to utilize livestock grazing as a wild-
19 20 21 22	jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned and in consultation with other relevant stakeholders, shall develop a strategy to utilize livestock grazing as a wild-fire risk reduction tool on Federal land, consistent

1	(A) the completion of any reviews required
2	under the National Environmental Policy Act of
3	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) to allow per-
4	mitted grazing on vacant grazing allotments
5	during instances of drought, wildfire, or other
6	natural disasters that disrupt grazing on allot-
7	ments already permitted;
8	(B) the use of targeted grazing to reduce
9	hazardous fuels;
10	(C) an increased use of temporary permits
11	to promote targeted fuels reduction and reduc-
12	tion of invasive annual grasses;
13	(D) an increased use of livestock grazing—
14	(i) to eradicate invasive annual
15	grasses; and
16	(ii) as a post-fire restoration and re-
17	covery strategy, as appropriate;
18	(E) an integrated use of advanced tech-
19	nologies to dynamically adjust livestock place-
20	ment;
21	(F) an increased use of any authorities ap-
22	plicable to livestock grazing, including modifica-
23	tions to grazing permits or leases to allow
24	variances;

1	(G) the utilization of grazing on Federal
2	land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary
3	concerned in a manner that—
4	(i) avoids conflicts with other uses of
5	that Federal land; and
6	(ii) is consistent with any applicable
7	land management plan; and
8	(H) the use of any other means determined
9	to be appropriate by the Secretary concerned.
10	(b) Effect on Existing Grazing Programs.—
11	Nothing in this section affects—
12	(1) any livestock grazing program carried out
13	by the Secretary concerned as of the date of enact-
14	ment of this Act; or
15	(2) any statutory authority for any program de-
16	scribed in paragraph (1).
17	SEC. 118. WATER SOURCE PROTECTION PROGRAM.
18	Section 303 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act
19	of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6542) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a)—
21	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1)
22	through (7) as paragraphs (2) through (8), re-
23	spectively;
24	(B) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as
25	so redesignated) the following:

1	"(1) ADJACENT LAND.—The term 'adjacent
2	land' means non-Federal land, including State, local,
3	and private land, that is adjacent to, and within the
4	same watershed as, National Forest System land on
5	which a watershed protection and restoration project
6	is earried out under this section."; and
7	(C) in paragraph (2) (as so redesig-
8	nated)—
9	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs
10	(G) and (H) as subparagraphs (K) and
11	(L), respectively; and
12	(ii) by inserting after subparagraph
13	(F) the following:
14	"(G) an acequia association;
15	"(H) a local, regional, or other public enti-
16	ty that manages stormwater or wastewater re-
17	sources or other related water infrastructure;
18	"(I) a land-grant mercedes; and
19	"(J) a local, regional, or other private enti-
20	ty that has water delivery authority;";
21	(2) in subsection (b)—
22	(A) by inserting "and adjacent land" be-
23	fore the period at the end;
24	(B) by striking "The Secretary" and in-
25	serting the following:

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary"; and
2	(C) by adding at the end the following:
3	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A watershed protection
4	and restoration project under the Program shall be
5	designed
6	"(A) to protect and restore watershed
7	health, water supply and quality, a municipal or
8	agricultural water supply system, and water-re-
9	lated infrastructure;
10	"(B) to protect and restore forest health
11	from insect infestation and disease or wildfire
12	Ol°
13	"(C) to advance any combination of the
14	purposes described in subparagraphs (A) and
15	(B).
16	"(3) Priorities.—In selecting watershed pro-
17	tection and restoration projects under the Program
18	the Secretary shall give priority to projects that
19	would
20	"(A) provide risk management benefits as
21	sociated with drought, wildfire, post-wildfire
22	conditions, extreme weather events, flooding, re-
23	silience to climate change, and watershed and
24	fire resilience, including minimizing risks to wa-
25	tershed health water supply and quality and

1	water-related infrastructure, including munic-
2	ipal and agricultural water supply systems;
3	"(B) support aquatic restoration and con-
4	servation efforts that complement existing or
5	planned forest restoration or wildfire risk re-
6	duction efforts;
7	"(C) provide quantifiable benefits to water
8	supply or quality and include the use of nature-
9	based solutions, such as restoring wetland and
10	riparian ecosystems;
11	"(D) include—
12	"(i) partners with demonstrated ea-
13	pacity to, and success in, designing and
14	implementing ecological restoration
15	projects, wildfire risk-reduction efforts, or
16	post-wildfire restoration projects; or
17	"(ii) in the case of communities that
18	have historically lacked access to adequate
19	resources, partners with a strong likelihood
20	of success in designing and implementing a
21	watershed protection and restoration
22	project; and
23	"(E) include—
24	"(i) a contribution of funds or in-kind
25	support from non-Federal partners in an

1	amount greater than the amount required
2	under subsection $(g)(2)$; or
3	"(ii) such other characteristics as the
4	Secretary determines to be appropriate.
5	"(4) Conditions for projects on adjacent
6	LAND.—
7	"(A) In General.—No project or activity
8	may be carried out under this section on adja-
9	cent land, unless the owner of the adjacent land
10	provides express support for, and is a willing
11	and engaged partner in, carrying out that
12	project or activity.
13	"(B) Effect.—Nothing in this section
14	authorizes any change in—
15	"(i) the ownership of adjacent land on
16	which a project or activity is carried out
17	under this section; or
18	"(ii) the management of adjacent land
19	on which a project or activity is carried out
20	under this section, except during the car-
21	rying out of that project or activity.";
22	(3) in subsection (e)—
23	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "agree-
24	ments with" and all that follows through the
25	period at the end and inserting the following:

1	"agreements with end water users to protect
2	and restore the condition of National Forest
3	watersheds and adjacent land that provide
4	water to—
5	"(A) end water users; or
6	"(B) end water users to protect and re-
7	store the condition of National Forest water-
8	sheds and adjacent land that provide water for
9	the benefit of another end water user.";
10	(B) in paragraph (2)—
11	(i) in subparagraph (C), by striking
12	"or" at the end;
13	(ii) by redesignating subparagraph
14	(D) as subparagraph (E); and
15	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
16	(C) the following:
17	"(D) in the case of an agreement with a
18	State, a county, or an Indian tribe for a project
19	carried out on National Forest System land, a
20	good neighbor agreement entered into under
21	section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014
22	(16 U.S.C. 2113a); or"; and
23	(C) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(3) Cooperation with non-federal part-
25	NERS.—The Secretary shall cooperate with non-Fed-

1	eral partners in carrying out assessments, planning,
2	project design, and project implementation under
3	this section.";
4	(4) in subsection (d)—
5	(A) by striking paragraph (2) and insert-
6	ing the following:
7	"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—A water source manage-
8	ment plan shall be—
9	"(A) designed to protect and restore eco-
10	logical integrity (as defined in section 219.19 of
11	title 36, Code of Federal Regulations (as in ef-
12	feet on the date of enactment of this subpara-
13	graph));
14	"(B) based on the best available scientific
15	information; and
16	"(C) conducted in a manner consistent
17	with the forest plan applicable to the National
18	Forest System land on which the watershed
19	protection and restoration project is carried
20	out."; and
21	(B) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(4) REDUCING REDUNDANCY.—An existing
23	watershed plan, such as a watershed protection and
24	restoration action plan developed under section
25	304(a)(3), or other applicable watershed planning

1	documents approved by the Secretary may be used
2	as the basis for a water source management plan
3	under this subsection.";
4	(5) in subsection $(e)(1)$, by striking "purpose
5	of" in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and
6	all that follows through the period at the end and
7	inserting "purpose of advancing any of the purposes
8	described in subsection (b)(2)."; and
9	(6) in subsection (g)—
10	(A) in paragraph (2)—
11	(i) by striking "at least equal to" and
12	inserting "not less than 20 percent of";
13	(ii) by striking "The Secretary" and
14	inserting the following:
15	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
16	graph (B), the Secretary"; and
17	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(B) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive
20	the requirement under subparagraph (A) at the
21	discretion of the Secretary.";
22	(B) in paragraph (4)—
23	(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking
24	"fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and in-
25	serting "fiscal years 2025 through 2031":

1	(ii) by redesignating subparagraph
2	(C) as subparagraph (D); and
3	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
4	(B) the following:
5	"(C) Set-aside for partner participa-
6	TION IN PLANNING AND CAPACITY.—Of the
7	amounts made available under subparagraphs
8	(A) and (B) to earry out this section for each
9	fiscal year, the Secretary shall use not less than
10	10 percent for non-Federal partner technical
11	assistance participation and capacity-building
12	efforts in developing or implementing a water
13	source management plan under subsection
14	(d)."; and
15	(C) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(5) In-kind contributions.—The Secretary
17	may include the value of forest restoration and wa-
18	tershed improvement work implemented on adjacent
19	land in the project area in determining in-kind con-
20	tributions to a project from non-Federal partners
21	under paragraph $(4)(\Lambda)$.".
22	SEC. 119. WATERSHED CONDITION FRAMEWORK TECH-
23	NICAL CORRECTIONS.
24	Section 304(a) of the Healthy Forests Restoration
25	Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6543(a)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph $(3)(A)$, by inserting "protec-
2	tion and" before "restoration";
3	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at the
4	end;
5	(3) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
6	the end and inserting "; and"; and
7	(4) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(7) to ensure that management activities and
9	authorizations do not result in long-term degrada-
10	tion of watershed health or lower the classification
11	under paragraph (1) of any watershed in a National
12	Forest.".
13	SEC. 120. TRIBAL FOREST PROTECTION MANAGEMENT AC-
14	TIVITIES AND PROJECTS.
15	Section 8703 of the Agriculture Improvement Act of
16	2018 (25 U.S.C. 3115b) is amended—
17	(1) in the section heading, by striking "MAN-
18	AGEMENT DEMONSTRATION PROJECT" and in-
19	serting "PROTECTION MANAGEMENT ACTIVI-
20	TIES AND PROJECTS";
21	(2) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
22	section (c);
23	(3) in subsection (a)—
24	(A) by striking "demonstration";
25	(B) by striking "federally recognized";

1	(C) by striking "programs of" and insert-
2	ing "activities and projects under";
3	(D) by striking "5304 et seq." and insert-
4	ing "5301 et seq."; and
5	(E) by striking the subsection designation
6	and heading and all that follows through "and
7	the Secretary" and inserting the following:
8	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
9	"(1) Indian Tribe.—The term 'Indian Tribe'
10	means an Indian Tribe included on the list published
11	by the Secretary of the Interior under section 104
12	of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of
13	1994 (25 U.S.C. 5131).
14	"(2) Tribal Organization.—The term 'Tribal
15	organization' has the meaning given the term in sec-
16	tion 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
17	eation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
18	"(b) ACTIVITIES AND PROJECTS.—The Secretary
19	and the Secretary of the Interior";
20	(4) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated)—
21	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
22	by striking "subsection (a)" and inserting "sub-
23	section (b)"; and
24	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "5304 et
25	sea." and inserting "5301 et sea." and

1	(5) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(d) Publication of Information.—The Sec-
3	retary and the Secretary of the Interior shall—
4	"(1) not later than 180 days after the date of
5	enactment of this subsection, make available, in an
6	easily accessible format and location, on the website
7	of the Department of Agriculture and the Depart-
8	ment of the Interior, respectively, a list of the types
9	of activities and projects that Indian Tribes and
10	Tribal organizations may enter into contracts to per-
11	form under subsection (b); and
12	"(2) update the list under paragraph (1) as
13	necessary.".
14	Subtitle C—Litigation Reform
	Subtitle C—Litigation Reform SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM.
14	_
14 15	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM.
14 15 16	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) AGENCY DOCUMENT.—The term "agency
14 15 16 17	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) AGENCY DOCUMENT.—The term "agency document", with respect to a fireshed management
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) AGENCY DOCUMENT.—The term "agency document", with respect to a fireshed management project, means a record of decision, decision memo-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) AGENCY DOCUMENT.—The term "agency document", with respect to a fireshed management project, means a record of decision, decision memorandum, environmental document, or programmatic
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) AGENCY DOCUMENT.—The term "agency document", with respect to a fireshed management project, means a record of decision, decision memorandum, environmental document, or programmatic environmental document.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 121. COMMONSENSE LITIGATION REFORM. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) AGENCY DOCUMENT.—The term "agency document", with respect to a fireshed management project, means a record of decision, decision memorandum, environmental document, or programmatic environmental document. (2) COVERED AGENCY ACTION.—The term

1	(B) the application of a categorical exclu-
2	sion to a fireshed management project;
3	(C) the preparation of any agency docu-
4	ment for a fireshed management project; and
5	(D) any other agency action as part of a
6	fireshed management project.
7	(3) NEPA TERMS.—The terms "categorical ex-
8	elusion", "environmental document", and "pro-
9	grammatic environmental document" have the mean-
10	ings given those terms in section 111 of the National
11	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
12	4336e).
13	(b) Limitations on Judicial Review.—
14	(1) Limitations on injunctive relief.—
15	(A) Temporary delay of covered
16	AGENCY ACTION.—Notwithstanding any other
17	provision of law, in the case of a claim arising
18	under Federal law seeking judicial review of a
19	covered agency action, a court shall not issue a
20	preliminary injunction against such covered
21	agency action unless the court determines
22	that —
23	(i) subject to subparagraph (C), such
24	preliminary injunction is in the public in-
25	terest;

1	(ii) the balance of equities favors the
2	plaintiff;
3	(iii) the plaintiff is likely to succeed
4	on the merits; and
5	(iv) the plaintiff is likely to suffer ir-
6	reparable injury in the absence of prelimi-
7	nary relief.
8	(B) PERMANENT LIMIT ON AGENCY AC-
9	TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
10	law, in the case of a claim arising under Fed-
11	eral law seeking judicial review of a covered
12	agency action, a court shall not issue a perma-
13	nent injunction against such covered agency ac-
14	tion, or an order to otherwise permanently limit
15	such covered agency action, unless a court de-
16	termines that—
17	(i) subject to subparagraph (C), such
18	permanent injunction or order is in the
19	public interest;
20	(ii) the balance of equities favors the
21	plaintiff;
22	(iii) the plaintiff has suffered or will
23	suffer irreparable injury; and
24	(iv) no adequate remedy is available
25	at law.

1	(C) Public interest determination.—
2	(i) In General.—In determining
3	under subparagraphs (A) and (B) whether
4	a preliminary or permanent injunction
5	against, or other order with respect to, a
6	eovered agency action is in the public in-
7	terest, the considerations of the court shall
8	include
9	(I) the purpose for which an
10	agency is undertaking the fireshed
11	management project relating to such
12	covered agency action;
13	(H) the likelihood that the
14	fireshed management project will
15	achieve the stated purpose of the
16	fireshed management project; and
17	(III) the short- and long-term ef-
18	feets of proceeding with the covered
19	agency action, as compared to delay-
20	ing or limiting such covered agency
21	action, including the potential for sig-
22	nificant increases in wildfire risk or
23	severity and significant threats to the
24	health of the ecosystem.

(ii) WEIGHT OF PUBLIC INTEREST FACTOR.—In determining whether to issue any injunction or order under subparagraph (A) or (B), a court shall give significant, but not necessarily dispositive, weight to its consideration of whether such order is in the public interest.

(2) REMAND.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of a claim arising under Federal law seeking judicial review of a covered agency action, if the court remands the matter to the agency, the court shall remand with instructions to carry out, during the 180-day period beginning on the date of such remand, such additional actions as may be necessary to redress any cognizable harm giving rise to such claim.

(B) VACATUR.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—In remanding a matter to an agency under subparagraph (A), the court shall remand with vacatur only if—

1	(I) the seriousness of any defi-
2	ciencies in the covered agency action
3	weigh in favor of vacatur; and
4	(II) the court determines that
5	any disruptive consequences of
6	vacatur, including the short- and long-
7	term effects of vacating the covered
8	agency action or any part of such cov-
9	ered agency action, do not outweigh
10	the justification for vacatur.
11	(ii) Considerations.—In making the
12	determination described in clause (i)(II),
13	the court shall consider whether vacature
14	would eause—
15	(I) any significant increases in
16	wildfire risk or severity, and
17	(II) any significant threats to the
18	health of the ecosystem.
19	(C) EFFECT OF REMAND ON AGENCY.—In
20	the case of a covered agency action subject to
21	remand without vacatur, or with partial
22	vacatur, pursuant to this paragraph, the agency
23	may—
24	(i) continue to carry out such covered
25	agency action, or such parts of the covered

1	agency action as are not vacated, to the ex-
2	tent that doing so does not interfere with
3	any additional actions required pursuant to
4	subparagraph (A); and
5	(ii) use any format, as appropriate, to
6	correct an agency document (including a
7	supplemental environmental document,
8	memorandum, or errata sheet), provided
9	that such format is appropriate to the na-
10	ture of the deficiency.
11	(3) Preservation of Authority.—Nothing
12	in this section alters, limits, or displaces the author-
13	ity of a court to review a covered agency action
14	under section 706(2) of title 5, United States Code.
15	(e) Limitations on Claims.—Notwithstanding any
16	other provision of law, a claim arising under Federal law
17	seeking judicial review of a covered agency action shall be
18	barred unless—
19	(1) with respect to an agency document or the
20	application of a categorical exclusion noticed in the
21	Federal Register, such claim is filed not later than
22	150 days after the date of publication of a notice in
23	the Federal Register of agency intent to carry out
24	the fireshed management project relating to such

1	covered agency document or application, unless a
2	shorter period is specified in such Federal law; or
3	(2) in the case of an agency document or the
4	application of a categorical exclusion not described
5	in paragraph (1), if such agency document or appli-
6	cation is otherwise published or noticed, such claim
7	is filed not later than 150 days after the date that
8	is the earlier of—
9	(A) the date on which such agency docu-
10	ment or application is published; and
11	(B) the date on which such agency docu-
12	ment or application is noticed.
13	SEC. 122. CONSULTATION ON FOREST PLANS.
14	(a) Forest Service Plans.—Section 6(d)(2) of the
15	Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act
16	of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604(d)(2)) is amended to read as
17	follows:
18	"(2) No additional consultation re-
19	QUIRED UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.—Not-
20	
	withstanding any other provision of law, the Sec-
21	withstanding any other provision of law, the Sec- retary shall not be required to reinitiate consultation
21 22	
	retary shall not be required to reinitiate consultation

1	regulation), on a land management plan approved,
2	amended, or revised under this section when—
3	"(A) a new species is listed or critical habi-
4	tat is designated under the Endangered Species
5	Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); or
6	"(B) new information reveals effects of the
7	land management plan that may affect a spe-
8	cies listed or critical habitat designated under
9	that Act in a manner or to an extent not pre-
10	viously considered.".
11	(b) Bureau of Land Management Plans.—Sec-
12	tion 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act
13	of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712) is amended by adding at the
14	end the following:
15	"(g) No Additional Consultation Required
16	Under Certain Circumstances.—Notwithstanding
17	any other provision of law, the Secretary shall not be re-
18	quired to reinitiate consultation under section 7(a)(2) of
19	the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
20	1536(a)(2)) or section 402.16 of title 50, Code of Federal
21	Regulations (or a successor regulation), on a land use plan
22	approved, amended, or revised under this section when—
23	"(1) a new species is listed or critical habitat
24	is designated under the Endangered Species Act of
25	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); or

1	"(2) new information reveals effects of the land
2	use plan that may affect a species listed or critical
3	habitat designated under that Act in a manner or to
4	an extent not previously considered.".
5	Subtitle D—Prescribed Fire
6	SEC. 131. PRESCRIBED FIRE ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES, POLI-
7	CIES, AND PRACTICES.
8	(a) Definition of Prescribed Fire.—
9	(1) In GENERAL.—In this section, the term
10	"prescribed fire" means a fire deliberately ignited to
11	burn wildland fuels in a natural or modified state—
12	(A) under specified environmental condi-
13	tions that are intended to allow the fire—
14	(i) to be confined to a predetermined
15	area; and
16	(ii) to produce the fireline intensity
17	and rate of spread required to attain
18	planned resource management objectives;
19	and
20	(B) in accordance with applicable law (in-
21	eluding regulations).
22	(2) Exclusion.—In this section, the term
23	"prescribed fire" does not include a fire that is ig-
24	nited for the primary purpose of pile burning.
25	(b) Eligible Activities.—

1	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
2	may carry out eligible activities described in para-
3	graph (2) for hazardous fuels management with re-
4	spect to land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary
5	concerned.
6	(2) Description of activities.—The activi-
7	ties referred to in paragraph (1) are—
8	(A) with respect to prescribed fires on
9	Federal land, or on non-Federal land if the Sec-
10	retary concerned determines that such activities
11	would benefit resources on Federal land—
12	(i) entering into procurement con-
13	tracts or cooperative agreements for pre-
14	scribed fire activities;
15	(ii) issuing grants from an existing
16	grant program to a State, Tribal govern-
17	ment, local government, prescribed fire
18	council, prescribed burn association, or
19	nonprofit organization for the implementa-
20	tion of prescribed fires, including—
21	(I) carrying out necessary envi-
22	ronmental reviews;
23	(H) carrying out any site prepa-
24	ration necessary for implementing
25	prescribed fires; and

1	(III) conducting any required
2	pre-ignition cultural and environ-
3	mental surveys; and
4	(iii) conducting outreach to the public
5	Indian Tribes and beneficiaries, and adja-
6	eent landowners;
7	(B) implementing prescribed fires on non-
8	Federal land, if the Secretary concerned deter-
9	mines that the prescribed fire would benefit
10	Federal land, including—
11	(i) carrying out necessary environ-
12	mental reviews;
13	(ii) carrying out any site preparation
14	necessary for implementing prescribed
15	fires; and
16	(iii) conducting any required pre-igni-
17	tion cultural and environmental surveys;
18	(C) providing training for prescribed fire
19	and basic smoke management practices to Fed
20	eral employees and cooperators;
21	(D) conducting post-prescribed fire activi-
22	ties, such as monitoring for hazard trees or re-
23	ignitions and invasive species management; and
24	(E) providing technical or financial assist
25	ance to a State, Tribal government, local gov-

1	ernment, prescribed fire council, prescribed
2	burn association, or nonprofit organization for
3	the purpose of providing training for prescribed
4	fire or basic smoke management practices, con-
5	sistent with any standards developed by the Na-
6	tional Wildfire Coordinating Group or State-
7	prescribed fire standards.
8	(3) Prioritization.—
9	(A) In General. Subject to subpara-
10	graph (B), the Secretary concerned shall coordi-
11	nate with the other Secretary concerned, State
12	and local government agencies, Indian Tribes,
13	and applicable nongovernmental organizations
14	to establish prioritization criteria for carrying
15	out the activities described in paragraph (2).
16	(B) REQUIREMENT.—In establishing cri-
17	teria under subparagraph (A), the Secretary
18	concerned shall give priority to a project that
19	is
20	(i) implemented across a large contig-
21	uous area;
22	(ii) eross-boundary in nature;
23	(iii) located in an area that is—
24	(I) within or adjacent to the
25	wildland-urban interface and identi-

1	fied as a priority area in a statewide
2	forest action plan, fireshed assess-
3	ment, or community wildfire protec-
4	tion plan; or
5	(II) identified as important to
6	the protection of a Tribal trust re-
7	source or the reserved or treaty rights
8	of an Indian Tribe;
9	(iv) on land that is at high or very
10	high risk of experiencing a wildfire that
11	would be difficult to suppress;
12	(v) in an area that is designated as
13	eritical habitat and in need of ecological
14	restoration or enhancement that can be
15	achieved with the aid of prescribed fire; or
16	(vi) supportive of potential operational
17	delineations or strategic response zones.
18	(e) Policies and Practices.—The Secretary con-
19	cerned, in coordination with State, local, and Tribal gov-
20	ernments, shall develop a prescribed fire operational strat-
21	egy for each region of the National Forest System or the
22	Department of the Interior, as applicable, that describes—
23	(1) the fire deficit, by region; and
24	(2) staffing and funding needs to address the
25	fire deficit described in paragraph (1).

1 SEC. 132. HUMAN RESOURCES.

2	(a) Competencies for Firefighters.—The Sec-
3	retaries, in coordination with the Fire Executive Council,
4	shall task the National Wildfire Coordinating Group with
5	the duty to adjust training requirements to obtain a cer-
6	tification to serve in a supervisory role for a prescribed
7	fire and any other positions determined to be necessary
8	by the Secretaries—
9	(1) in order to reduce the time required to ob-
10	tain such a certification; and
11	(2) such that significant experience, gained ex-
12	clusively during a prescribed fire, is required to ob-
13	tain such a certification.
14	(b) Enhancing Interoperability Between Fed-
15	ERAL AND NON-FEDERAL PRACTITIONERS.—
16	(1) QUALIFICATION DATABASES AND DISPATCH
17	SYSTEMS.—The Secretaries shall establish, to the
18	extent practicable, a collaborative process to create
19	mechanisms for non-Federal fire practitioners to be
20	included in prescribed fire and wildfire resource or-
21	dering and reimbursement processes.
22	(2) PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS.—The Secre-
23	taries may—
24	(A) develop partnership agreements for
25	prescribed fire with all relevant State, Federal,
26	Tribal, university, and nongovernmental entities

1	that choose to be included in resource ordering
2	and reimbursement processes under paragraph
3	(1);
4	(B) create agreements and structures nec-
5	essary to include non-Federal and other non-
6	traditional partners in direct work with Federal
7	agencies to address prescribed fires; and
8	(C) treat any prescribed fire practitioner
9	meeting the National Wildfire Coordinating
10	Group standards as eligible to be included in
11	statewide participating agreements.
12	SEC. 133. LIABILITY OF PRESCRIBED FIRE MANAGERS.
13	(a) Training Course.—The Secretaries, in coordi-
14	nation with the Attorney General of the United States
15	shall develop a voluntary training course for employees in
16	volved in any activity earried out on Federal land that is
17	directly related to a prescribed fire in the course of exe-
18	euting a Federal action.
19	(b) REQUIREMENT.—The training course developed
20	under subsection (a) shall include a description of—
21	(1) liability protections afforded to the employ-
22	ees described in that subsection when acting within
23	the scope of their employment;
24	(2) the limits on any liability protections under
25	paragraph (1); and

1	(3) any reimbursement available for qualified
2	employees for professional liability insurance under
3	section 636 of division A of Public Law 104–208 (5
4	U.S.C. prec. 5941 note).
5	SEC. 134. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.
6	(a) Smoke Management Agencies.—
7	(1) Policy.—The Secretaries shall ensure that
8	policies, training, and programs of the Secretaries
9	are consistent with this subsection—
10	(A) to facilitate greater use of prescribed
11	fire in a safe and responsible manner, with ap-
12	propriate monitoring to prevent prescribed fires
13	from exceeding containment; and
14	(B) to address public health and safety, in-
15	cluding impacts from smoke from wildfires and
16	prescribed fires.
17	(2) Coordination among federal, tribal,
18	AND STATE AIR QUALITY AGENCIES AND FEDERAL,
19	TRIBAL, AND STATE LAND MANAGEMENT AGEN-
20	CIES.—To facilitate the use of prescribed fire on
21	Federal, State, Tribal, and private land, the Execu-
22	tive Director, in cooperation with the Environmental
23	Protection Agency, Federal and State land manage-
24	ment agencies, shall coordinate with State, Tribal,

1	and local air quality agencies that regulate smoke
2	under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.)
3	(A) to the maximum extent practicable, to
4	provide State, Tribal, and local air quality
5	agencies with guidance, data, imagery, or mod-
6	eling to support the development of exceptional
7	event demonstrations in accordance with see
8	tions 50.14 and 51.930 of title 40, Code of
9	Federal Regulations (or successor regulations)
10	(B) to develop archives and automated
11	tools to provide State, Tribal, and local air
12	quality agencies with the data, imagery, and
13	modeling under subparagraph (A);
14	(C) to provide technical assistance, best
15	practices, or templates to States, Indian Tribes
16	and local governments for the use of the State
17	Indian Tribe, or local government in approving
18	the use of prescribed fire under a State, Tribal
19	or local government smoke management pro-
20	gram;
21	(D)(i) to promote basic smoke manage
22	ment practices and other best practices to pro-
23	teet the public from wildfire smoke;
24	(ii) to disseminate information about basic
25	smoke management practices;

1	(iii) to educate landowners that use pre-
2	scribed fire about the importance of—
3	(I) using basic smoke management
4	practices; and
5	(II) including basic smoke manage-
6	ment practices as a component of a pre-
7	scribed fire plan; and
8	(iv) to share with the public information
9	in coordination with other public health agen-
10	cies, about measures that individuals can take
11	to protect themselves from wildfire smoke; and
12	(E) to develop guidance and tools to
13	streamline the demonstration of a clear causa
14	relationship between prescribed fire smoke and
15	a related exceedance of a national ambient air
16	quality standard.
17	(3) Programs and research.—To address
18	the public health and safety risk of the expanded use
19	of prescribed fire under this subtitle, the Secretaries
20	in coordination with the Administrator of the Envi-
21	ronmental Protection Agency and the Director of the
22	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall
23	conduct research to improve or develop—
24	(A) wildfire smoke prediction models;

1	(B) smoke impact display tools for the
2	public and decisionmakers;
3	(C) appropriate, cost-effective, and con-
4	sistent strategies to mitigate the impacts of
5	smoke from prescribed fire on nearby commu-
6	nities;
7	(D) consistent nationally and scientifically
8	supported messages regarding personal protec-
9	tion equipment for the public; and
10	(E) prescribed fire activity tracking and
11	emission inventory systems for planning and
12	post-treatment accountability.
13	(b) Development of Landscape-Scale Federal
14	Prescribed Fire Plans.—
15	(1) Inclusion of Landscape-scale pre-
16	SCRIBED FIRE PLANS.—The Secretary concerned,
17	with respect to units of the National Forest System
18	and Bureau of Land Management districts with ex-
19	isting prescribed fire programs—
20	(A) not later than 1 year after the date of
21	enactment of this Act, shall determine which of
22	those units or districts have landscape-scale
23	prescribed fire plans;
24	(B) not later than 2 years after the date
25	of enactment of this Act, shall—

1	(i) determine whether each plan de-
2	seribed in subparagraph (A) requires revi-
3	sion; and
4	(ii) establish a schedule for the revi-
5	sion of each plan described in subpara-
6	graph (A) that requires revision; and
7	(C) may develop landscape-scale prescribed
8	fire plans for any units or districts that do not
9	have landscape-scale prescribed fire plans, as
10	determined appropriate by the Secretary con-
11	eerned.
12	(2) Environmental compliance. In car-
13	rying out paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned
14	shall—
15	(A) comply with—
16	(i) the National Environmental Policy
17	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
18	(ii) the Endangered Species Act of
19	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
20	(iii) division A of subtitle III of title
21	54, United States Code; and
22	(iv) any other applicable laws; and
23	(B) consider the site-specific environmental
24	consequences of the landscape-scale prescribed
25	fire decisions under this subsection.

1	(3) Collaborative Development.—In car-
2	rying out paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned
3	shall collaborate with diverse actors from academia,
4	the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management
5	research and development offices, nongovernmental
6	organizations, cultural fire practitioners, and other
7	entities, as determined appropriate by the Secretary
8	concerned.
9	(4) REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the

- (4) REPORTS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary concerned shall submit to Congress a report describing the progress of the Secretary concerned in earrying out this subsection.
- 14 SEC. 135. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS
 15 FOR PRESCRIBED FIRE.

(a) AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS.—

- (1) DEFINITION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this subsection, the term "eligible entity" means a State, an Indian Tribe, a unit of local government, a fire district, a nongovernmental organization, and a private entity.
- 22 (2) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary and the
 23 Secretary of the Interior may each enter into a coop24 erative agreement or contract with an eligible entity,

1	for a period of not longer than 10 years, that au-
2	thorizes the eligible entity—
3	(A) to coordinate, plan, or conduct a pre-
4	scribed fire on Federal land; or
5	(B) to conduct a prescribed fire training
6	event.
7	(3) Subcontracts.—A State, Indian Tribe,
8	county, or eligible entity that enters into a coopera-
9	tive agreement or contract under paragraph (1) may
10	enter into a subcontract, in accordance with applica-
11	ble contracting procedures of the State, Indian
12	Tribe, county, or eligible entity—
13	(A) to conduct a prescribed fire on Federal
14	land; or
15	(B) to conduct a prescribed fire training
16	event pursuant to that cooperative agreement or
17	contract.
18	(4) APPLICABLE LAW.—A prescribed fire con-
19	ducted pursuant to this subsection shall be carried
20	out on a project-by-project basis under existing au-
21	thorities of the applicable Federal agency responsible
22	for the management of the applicable Federal land.
23	(5) Preservation of Decision Authority.—
24	An eligible entity may not earry out a project under
25	this subsection pursuant to a cooperative agreement

1	or contract without the prior written approval of
2	each Secretary that entered into the cooperative
3	agreement or contract.
4	(b) Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004
5	AMENDMENTS.—The Tribal Forest Protection Act of
6	2004 (Public Law 108–278; 118 Stat. 868) is amended
7	by adding at the end the following:
8	"SEC. 4. TRIBAL PRESCRIBED BURN DEMONSTRATION
9	PROJECT.
10	"(a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into a
11	contract or agreement with an Indian Tribe under this Act
12	that provides for prescribed burns on Federal land pursu-
13	ant to this section.
14	"(b) Scope.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
15	law, a contract or agreement entered into under this sec-
16	tion may—
17	"(1) use a burn plan that, on approval by the
18	Secretary, allows multiple prescribed burns to be
19	conducted in accordance with the burn plan to elimi-
20	nate the need for individual burn plans for each pre-
21	scribed burn and enable forest managers to have the
22	flexibility to conduct prescribed burns when condi-
23	tions allow; and
24	"(2) include terms that—

1	"(A) authorize the Secretary to delegate
2	their authority to an Indian Tribe to plan, co-
3	ordinate, and execute prescribed burns on the
4	behalf of the Secretary within the scope of the
5	burn plan including applying the National Wild-
6	fire Coordinating Group standards for pre-
7	scribed fire planning and implementation, to
8	the extent authorized by Federal law;
9	"(B) any applicable Federal standard that
10	requires a certain number of personnel to be
11	on-hand during prescribed burns may be satis-
12	fied by regional Federal, State, or Tribal re-
13	sources and personnel; and
14	"(C) where appropriate, the Secretary shall
15	work with other Federal agencies and Tribal,
16	State, and local governments to coordinate and
17	communicate the shared objectives of the pre-
18	scribed burn and ensure activities comply with
19	applicable law and regulations.".
20	(e) Cooperative Funds and Deposits Act
21	Amendments.—Public Law 94–148 (commonly known as
22	the "Cooperative Funds and Deposits Act") is amended—
23	(1) in the first sentence of the first section (16)
24	U.S.C. 565a-1), by inserting "prescribed fire and

1	prescribed fire training events," after "including fire
2	protection,"; and
3	(2) in section 2 (16 U.S.C. 565a-2), by insert-
4	ing ", section 4 of the Tribal Forest Protection Act
5	of 2004 (Public Law 108-278; 118 Stat. 868) or
6	section 135(a) of the Fix Our Forests Act" after
7	"authorized by section 1".
8	SEC. 136. FACILITATING RESPONSIBLE USE OF PRE-
9	SCRIBED FIRE.
10	The Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest
11	Service, shall—
12	(1) use all available resources to ensure pre-
13	scribed burns conducted by the Forest Service are
14	extinguished; and
15	(2) update the prescribed burn policies of the
16	Forest Service to reflect the findings and rec-
17	ommendations included in the report of the Forest
18	Service entitled "National Prescribed Fire Program
19	Review" and dated September 2022.

1	TITLE II—PROTECTING COMMU-
2	NITIES IN WILDLAND-URBAN
3	INTERFACE
4	Subtitle A—Community Wildfire
5	Risk Reduction
6	SEC. 201. COMMUNITY WILDFIRE RISK REDUCTION PRO-
7	GRAM.
8	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 30 days after
9	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall
10	jointly establish an interagency program, to be known as
11	the "Community Wildfire Risk Reduction Program" (re-
12	ferred to in this section as the "Program"), which shall
13	consist of at least 1 representative from each of the fol-
14	lowing:
15	(1) The Office of Wildland Fire of the Depart-
16	ment of the Interior.
17	(2) The National Park Service.
18	(3) The Bureau of Land Management.
19	(4) The United States Fish and Wildlife Serv-
20	i ce.
21	(5) The Bureau of Indian Affairs.
22	(6) The Forest Service.
23	(7) The Federal Emergency Management Agen-
24	cy.
25	(8) The United States Fire Administration.

1	(9) The National Institute of Standards and
2	Technology.
3	(10) The National Oceanic and Atmospheric
4	Administration.
5	(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Program is to
6	support interagency coordination in reducing the risk of,
7	and the damages resulting from, wildland fires in commu-
8	nities (including Tribal communities) in the wildland-
9	urban interface through—
10	(1) advancing research and science in wildland
11	fire resilience, land management, and risk reduction
12	in the built environment, including support for non-
13	Federal research partnerships;
14	(2) supporting the development of fire-resistant
15	building methods, codes, and standards for commu-
16	nity wildland fire risk reduction, including by pro-
17	moting ignition-resistant construction, defensible
18	space, and other measures demonstrated to effec-
19	tively reduce wildland fire risks, as informed by the
20	best available science;
21	(3) supporting adoption by Indian Tribes and
22	local governmental entities of fire-resistant building
23	methods, eodes, and standards;
24	(4) supporting efforts by Indian Tribes and
25	local governmental entities to address the effects of

1	wildland fire on those communities, including prop-
2	erty damages, air quality, and water quality;
3	(5) encouraging public-private partnerships to
4	conduct hazardous fuels management activities in
5	the wildland-urban interface, including creating or
6	improving defensible space around structures;
7	(6) providing technical and financial assistance
8	targeted towards communities (including Tribal
9	communities) through streamlined and unified tech-
10	nical assistance and grant management mechanisms
11	including the portal and uniform grant application
12	established under subsection (e)—
13	(A) to encourage critical risk-reduction
14	measures on private property with high
15	wildland fire risk exposure in those commu-
16	nities; and
17	(B) to mitigate costs for, and improve ca-
18	pacity among, those communities;
19	(7) reducing risk in the built environment by
20	encouraging increased mitigation measures, such as
21	the use of ignition-resistant construction and retro-
22	fitting materials;
23	(8) coordinating budgets among the agencies
24	described in subsection (a) to identify gaps and re-
25	duce everlan

1	(9) supporting the integration of wildland fire
2	risk reduction measure and technical assistance into
3	existing Federal programs, where practicable; and
4	(10) advancing the development of early wild-
5	fire detection and warning systems for rapid re-
6	sponse and community alerts.
7	(c) PORTAL AND UNIFORM GRANT APPLICATION.—
8	(1) In General.—As part of the Program, the
9	Secretaries and the Administrator of the Federal
10	Emergency Management Agency shall establish a
11	portal through which a person may submit a single,
12	uniform application for any of the following:
13	(A) A community wildfire defense grant
14	under section 40803(f) of the Infrastructure In-
15	vestment and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 6592(f)).
16	(B) An emergency management perform-
17	ance grant under section 662 of the Post-
18	Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of
19	2006 (6 U.S.C. 762).
20	(C) A grant under section 33 of the Fed-
21	eral Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974
22	(15 U.S.C. 2229).
23	(D) A grant under section 34 of the Fed-
24	eral Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974
25	(15 U.S.C. 2229a).

1	(E) Financial or technical assistance or a
2	grant under section 203, 205, 404, 406, or 420
3	of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
4	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133,
5	5135, 5170c, 5172, 5187).
6	(2) SIMPLIFICATION OF APPLICATION.—In es-
7	tablishing the portal and application under para-
8	graph (1), the Secretaries and the Administrator
9	shall seek to reduce the complexity and length of the
10	application process for the forms of assistance de-
11	scribed in paragraph (1).
12	(3) Technical assistance.—The Secretaries
13	shall provide technical assistance to communities or
14	persons seeking to apply for financial assistance
15	through the portal using the application established
16	under paragraph (1).
17	(d) Duties.—In earrying out this section, the rep-
18	resentatives described in subsection (a) shall—
19	(1) meet not less frequently than once per year;
20	(2) ensure coordination, as appropriate, with
21	other Federal agencies not identified in that sub-
22	section; and
23	(3) seek to gather feedback, as appropriate,
24	from States, Indian Tribes, local governments, aca-
25	demie or research institutions, private entities, and

1	such other entities as the Secretaries determine to
2	be appropriate, to improve the function and oper-
3	ation of the Program.
4	(e) COORDINATION.—The Secretaries shall seek to
5	ensure that States and Indian Tribes are invited and rep-
6	resented in meetings and other activities under this sec-
7	tion.
8	(f) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date
9	of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall jointly sub-
10	mit to the relevant committees of Congress a report that—
11	(1) describes and itemizes the total amount of
12	funding relating to community wildfire risk reduc-
13	tion that was obligated during the 2 preceding fiscal
14	years by the agencies described in subsection (a);
15	(2) describes the activities carried out under the
16	Program since the date of enactment of this Act;
17	(3) describes any feedback incorporated from
18	non-Federal stakeholders to improve the function
19	and operation of the Program; and
20	(4) includes an evaluation of the Program in
21	achieving the purposes described in subsection (b).
22	(g) Sunset.—The Program terminates on the date
23	that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act

1 SEC. 202. COMMUNITY WILDFIRE DEFENSE RESEARCH PRO-

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2	GRAM.
3	(a) In General.—The Secretaries, acting jointly,
4	shall expand the Joint Fire Science Program to include
5	a performance-driven research and development program,
6	to be known as the "Community Wildfire Defense Re-
7	search Program" (referred to in this section as the "Pro-
8	gram"), for the purpose of testing and advancing innova-
9	tive designs to establish or improve the wildfire resistance
10	of structures and communities.
11	(b) Program Priorities.—In carrying out the Pro-
12	gram, the Secretaries shall evaluate opportunities to estab-
13	lish wildfire-resistant structures and communities
14	through—
15	(1) different affordable building materials, in-
16	cluding mass timber;
17	(2) home hardening, including policies to
18	incentivize and incorporate defensible space;
19	(3) subdivision design and other land-use plan-
20	ning and design;
21	(4) landscape architecture; and
22	(5) other wildfire-resistant designs, as deter-
23	mined by the Secretary.
24	(c) Community Wildfire Defense Innovation
25	Prize

- (1) In General.—In carrying out the Pro-1 2 gram, the Secretaries shall carry out a competition 3 through which a person may submit to the Secre-4 taries innovative designs for the establishment or 5 improvement of an ignition-resistant structure or 6 fire-adapted community.
- 7 (2) Prize.—Subject to the availability of ap-8 propriations made in advance for that purpose, the 9 Secretaries may award a prize under the competition 10 described in paragraph (1), based on criteria established by the Secretaries and in accordance with 12 paragraph (3).
 - (3) Scale.—In awarding a prize under paragraph (2), the Secretaries shall prioritize for an award designs with the greatest potential to scale to existing infrastructure.
- 17 (d) Collaboration and Nonduplication.—In earrying out the Program, the Secretaries shall ensure col-18 laboration and nonduplication of activities with the Building Technologies Office of the Department of Energy.
- 21 (e) Sunset.—The Program terminates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

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1	SEC. 203. COMMUNITY WILDFIRE DEFENSE ACCOUNT
2	ABILITY.
3	Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
4	of this Act, and not less frequently than once every 2 years
5	thereafter, the Secretaries, acting through the United
6	States Fire Administration, shall submit to the relevant
7	committees of Congress an assessment of the Community
8	Wildfire Risk Reduction Program established under see
9	tion 201(a) that—
10	(1) assesses the management, coordination, im-
11	plementation, and effectiveness of program activities
12	(2) suggests improvements for improving the
13	coordination and engagement of the program with
14	States, Indian Tribes, units of local government, and
15	at-risk communities;
16	(3) assesses trends and developments in science
17	and engineering relating to wildfire risk reduction in
18	the built environment, land use planning, and vege
19	tation management that could be used to improve
20	the effectiveness or efficiency of the program;
21	(4) provides recommendations to improve the
22	ability of the program to provide financial or tech-
23	nical assistance to States, Indian Tribes, units of
24	local government, and at-risk communities;
25	(5) identifies opportunities to modify existing
26	requirements for Federal assistance or programs

1	that support community wildfire risk reduction to
2	improve the delivery, effectiveness, or availability of
3	those assistance or programs; and
4	(6) includes policy and program recommenda-
5	tions to improve that program, as determined by the
6	United States Fire Administration.
7	SEC. 204. COMMUNITY WILDFIRE DEFENSE GRANT PRO-
8	GRAM IMPROVEMENTS.
9	Section 40803(f) of the Infrastructure Investment
10	and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 6592(f)) is amended—
11	(1) by striking paragraph (1)(B), and inserting
12	the following:
13	"(B) to earry out projects including—
14	"(i) landscape and hazardous fuels re-
15	duction treatments;
16	"(ii) the retrofit, modification, or
17	maintenance of a structure to improve re-
18	sistance to fire;
19	"(iii) ereating defensible space around
20	structures to improve resistance to fire;
21	"(iv) hardening infrastructure, includ-
22	ing evacuation routes, to improve resist-
23	ance to fire;

1	"(v) any other project described in a
2	community wildfire protection plan that is
3	not more than 10 years old; and
4	"(vi) deployment of wildfire tech-
5	nologies determined to be successful under
6	section 303 of the Fix Our Forests Act.";
7	(2) in paragraph (2)—
8	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
9	at the end;
10	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
11	period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
12	(C) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(D) located in a fireshed management
14	area (as defined in section 2 of the Fix Our
15	Forests Act)."; and
16	(3) in paragraph (3)—
17	(A) in subparagraph (C)(i), by striking
18	"continental"; and
19	(B) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(D) Limitation on administrative ex-
21	PENSES.—Not more than 7 percent of funds
22	obligated under this section may be used for ad-
23	ministrative expenses incurred by the Secretary
24	of Agriculture or an at-risk community.".

1 SEC. 205. UPDATED DEFINITION OF AT-RISK COMMUNITY.

2	Section 101 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act
3	of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6511) is amended by striking para-
4	graph (1) and inserting the following:
5	"(1) AT-RISK COMMUNITY.—The term 'at-risk
6	community' means an area that is composed of—
7	"(A) an interface community (as defined in
8	the notice entitled 'Wildland Urban Interface
9	Communities Within the Vicinity of Federal
10	Lands That Are at High Risk From Wildfire'
11	(66 Fed. Reg. 753 (January 4, 2001)) issued
12	by the Secretary of Agriculture and the Sec-
13	retary of the Interior in accordance with title
14	IV of the Department of the Interior and Re-
15	lated Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001 (114
16	Stat. 1009));
17	"(B) a group of homes and other struc-
18	tures with basic infrastructure and services
19	(such as utilities and collectively maintained
20	transportation routes) at risk from wildfire, as
21	recognized in a fireshed, State, Tribal, local, re-
22	gional, territorial, or national wildfire risk as-
23	sessment; or
24	"(C) a group of homes and other struc-
25	tures with basic infrastructure and services
26	(such as utilities and collectively maintained

1	transportation routes) located inside, or within
2	5 miles of, a Wildfire Crisis Strategy landscape,
3	as determined by the Secretary of Agri-
4	culture.".
5	Subtitle B—Vegetation Manage-
6	ment, Reforestation, and Local
7	Fire Suppression
8	SEC. 211. VEGETATION MANAGEMENT, FACILITY INSPEC-
9	TION, AND OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
10	RELATING TO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AND
11	DISTRIBUTION FACILITY RIGHTS-OF-WAY.
12	(a) HAZARD TREES WITHIN 150 FEET OF ELECTRIC
13	Power Line.—Section 512(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Land
14	Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
15	1772(a)(1)(B)) is amended—
16	(1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by strik-
17	ing "likely to—" and inserting "likely—";
18	(2) in clause (i), by inserting "to" after the
19	elause designation; and
20	(3) in clause (ii), by striking "come within 10"
21	and inserting "to come within 150".
22	(b) Consultation With Private Landowners.—
23	Section 512(c)(3)(E) of the Federal Land Policy and
24	Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772(c)(3)(E)) is
25	amended—

1	(1) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end;
2	(2) in clause (ii), by striking the period and in-
3	serting "; and"; and
4	(3) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(iii) consulting with a private land-
6	owner with respect to any hazard trees
7	identified for removal from land owned by
8	the private landowner.".
9	(e) Review and Approval Process.—Section
10	512(e)(4)(A) of the Federal Land Policy and Management
11	Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772(e)(4)(A)) is amended by
12	striking clause (iv) and inserting the following:
13	"(iv) ensures that—
14	"(I) a plan submitted without a
15	modification under elause (iii) shall be
16	automatically approved by the date
17	that is 120 days after the date of sub-
18	mission; and
19	"(II) for a plan submitted with a
20	modification under clause (iii), if the
21	plan is not approved by the date that
22	is 120 days after the date of submis-
23	sion, the Secretary concerned shall de-
24	velop and submit to the owner and op-
25	erator a letter describing—

1	"(aa) a detailed timeline (to
2	conclude by the date that is 165
3	days after the date of submission
4	of the plan) for completing re-
5	view of the plan;
6	"(bb) any identified defi-
7	ciencies in the plan and specific
8	opportunities for the owner or
9	operator to address each defi-
10	ciency; and
11	"(ee) any other relevant in-
12	formation, as determined by the
13	Secretary concerned.".
14	(d) Technical Corrections.—Section 512 of the
15	Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43
16	U.S.C. 1772) is amended—
17	(1) in the section heading, by striking
18	"MANAGMENT" and inserting "MANAGEMENT";
19	and
20	(2) in subsection $(e)(4)(A)(ii)$, by striking
21	"and" at the end.
22	(e) VEGETATION MANAGEMENT PLAN REVIEW.—Not
23	later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this
24	Act, the Secretaries shall submit to the relevant commit-
25	tees of Congress a report describing, with respect to vege-

1	tation management plans submitted under section 512 of
2	the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976
3	(43 U.S.C. 1772)—
4	(1) the extent to which those vegetation man-
5	agement plans under are reviewed and approved
6	within the 120-day period required under subsection
7	(e)(4)(A)(iv) of that section;
8	(2) for any vegetation management plan not re-
9	viewed and approved by the applicable deadline de-
10	scribed in paragraph (1), the reason for any delay
11	in review or approval; and
12	(3) for any vegetation management plan sub-
13	mitted for review and approval for which the Sec-
14	retary concerned requested a modification, the
15	timeline for reviewing the modification on resubmis-
16	sion.
17	SEC. 212. FIRE-SAFE ELECTRICAL CORRIDORS.
18	Section 512 of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
19	ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772) is amended—
20	(1) by redesignating subsections (j) and (k) as
21	subsections (k) and (l), respectively; and
22	(2) by inserting after subsection (i) the fol-
23	lowing:

1	"(j) PERMITS AND AGREEMENTS WITH OWNERS AND
2	OPERATORS OF ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION OR DISTRIBU-
3	TION FACILITIES.—
4	"(1) In General.—In any special use permit
5	or easement on National Forest System land or land
6	under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Man-
7	agement provided to the owner or operator of an
8	electric transmission or distribution facility, the Sec-
9	retary concerned may provide permission to cut and
10	remove trees or other vegetation from within the vi-
11	einity of the electric transmission or distribution fa-
12	cility without requiring a separate timber sale, if
13	that cutting and removal is consistent with—
14	"(A) the applicable plan;
15	"(B) the applicable land and resource
16	management plan or land use plan; and
17	"(C) other applicable environmental laws
18	(including regulations).
19	"(2) Use of proceeds.—A special use permit
20	or easement that includes permission for cutting and
21	removal described in paragraph (1) shall include a
22	requirement that, if the owner or operator of the
23	electric transmission or distribution facility sells any
24	portion of the material removed under the permit or
25	easement, the owner or operator shall provide to the

1	Secretary concerned any proceeds received from the
2	sale, less any transportation costs incurred in the
3	sale.
4	"(3) Effect.—Nothing in paragraph (2) shall
5	require the sale of any material removed under a
6	permit or easement that includes permission for cut-
7	ting and removal described in paragraph (1).".
8	SEC. 213. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR HIGH-PRIORITY
9	HAZARD TREES.
10	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) High-priority hazard tree.—The term
12	"high-priority hazard tree" means a standing tree
13	that —
14	(A) presents a visible hazard to people or
15	Federal property due to conditions such as de-
16	terioration of, or damage to, the root system,
17	trunk, stem, or limbs of the tree, or the direc-
18	tion or lean of the tree, as determined by the
19	Secretary;
20	(B) is determined by the Secretary to be
21	highly likely to fail and, on failure, would be
22	highly likely to cause injury to people or dam-
23	age to Federal property; and
24	(C) is located—

1	(i) within 300 feet of a National For-
2	est System road with a maintenance level
3	of 3, 4, or 5;
4	(ii) along a National Forest System
5	trail; or
6	(iii) in a developed recreation site on
7	National Forest System land that is oper-
8	ated and maintained by the Secretary.
9	(2) High-priority hazard tree activity.
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "high-pri-
11	ority hazard tree activity" means a forest man-
12	agement activity that mitigates the risks associ-
13	ated with high-priority hazard trees, including
14	pruning, felling, and disposal of a high-priority
15	hazard tree.
16	(B) Exclusions.—The term "high-pri-
17	ority hazard tree activity" does not include any
18	activity—
19	(i) conducted in a wilderness area or
20	wilderness study area;
21	(ii) for the construction of a perma-
22	nent road or permanent trail;
23	(iii) conducted on Federal land on
24	which, by Act of Congress or Presidential

1	proclamation, the removal of vegetation is
2	restricted or prohibited;
3	(iv) conducted in an area in which ac-
4	tivities described in subparagraph (A)
5	would be inconsistent with the applicable
6	land and resource management plan; or
7	(v) conducted in an inventoried
8	roadless area.
9	(b) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.—
10	(1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
11	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
12	shall develop a categorical exclusion (as defined in
13	111 of the National Environmental Policy Act of
14	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4336e)) for high-priority hazard
15	tree activities.
16	(2) Administration.—In developing and ad-
17	ministering the categorical exclusion under para-
18	graph (1), the Secretary shall—
19	(A) comply with the National Environ-
20	mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et
21	seq.); and
22	(B) apply the extraordinary circumstances
23	procedures under section 220.6 of title 36, Code
24	of Federal Regulations (or successor regula-

I	tions), in determining whether to use the eat
2	egorical exclusion.
3	(3) Project size limitation.—A project car
4	ried out using the categorical exclusion developed
5	under paragraph (1) may not exceed 6,000 acres.
6	SEC. 214. SEEDS OF SUCCESS STRATEGY.
7	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after
8	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall
9	jointly develop and implement a strategy, to be known as
10	the "Seeds of Success strategy", to enhance the domestic
11	supply chain of seeds.
12	(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy developed under sub
13	section (a) shall include a plan for each of the following
14	(1) Facilitating sustained interagency coordina
15	tion in, and a comprehensive approach to, native
16	plant materials development and restoration.
17	(2) Promoting the re-seeding of native or fire
18	resistant vegetation post-wildfire, particularly in the
19	wildland-urban interface.
20	(3) Creating and consolidating information re
21	lating to native or fire-resistant vegetation and shar
22	ing that information with Indian Tribes and State
23	and local governments.
24	(4) Building regional programs and partner
25	ships to promote the development of materials made

- from plants native to the United States and restore
 those plants to their respective, native habitats with
 in the United States, giving priority to the building
 of those programs and partnerships in regions of the
 Bureau of Land Management where the partnerships and programs do not exist on the date of enactment of this Act.
 - (5) Expanding workforce and infrastructure capacity to locally collect, process, and store seed as necessary to implement revegetation and reforestation projects on priority land (as defined in section 215(b)(1)).
 - (6) Expanding the warehouse system of the Bureau of Land Management, particularly the cold storage capacity of the system.
 - (7) Shortening the timeline for the approval of permits to collect seeds on public land managed by the Bureau of Land Management.
- 19 (8) Coordinating with the other Federal agen-20 eies, States, Indian Tribes, and private entities, as 21 appropriate, for the purpose of seed collection.
- 22 (c) REPORT.—The Secretaries shall submit to the rel-23 evant committees of Congress the strategy developed 24 under subsection (a).

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1	(d) Coordination.—In implementing the strategy
2	developed under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Inte-
3	rior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Land
4	Management, shall coordinate with the heads of other ap-
5	plicable Federal agencies, including the Department of
6	Defense, for the purpose of collecting seeds from land
7	under the jurisdiction under those Federal agencies.
8	SEC. 215. PROGRAM TO SUPPORT PRIORITY REFOREST-
9	ATION AND RESTORATION PROJECTS.
10	(a) Reforestation Reports Submitted to Addi-
11	TIONAL COMMITTEES.—Section 70303 of the Infrastruc-
12	ture Investment and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 1601 note; Pub-
13	lie Law 117-58) is amended, in the matter preceding
14	paragraph (1), by striking inserting ", the Committee on
15	Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, the Com-
16	mittee on Natural Resources of the House of Representa-
17	tives," after "Senate".
18	(b) Interior Reforestation Program.—
19	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
20	(A) COVERED INSTITUTION OF HIGHER
21	EDUCATION.—The term "covered institution of
22	higher education" means a land-grant college or
23	university, including—
24	(i) an 1862 Institution (as defined in
25	section 2 of the Agricultural Research, Ex-

1	tension, and Education Reform Act of
2	1998 (7 U.S.C. 7601));
3	(ii) an 1890 Institution (as defined in
4	that section);
5	(iii) an institution that is eligible to
6	receive funding under Public Law 87–788
7	(commonly known as the "McIntire-Sten-
8	nis Act of 1962"); and
9	(iv) a 1994 Institution (as defined in
10	section 532 of the Equity in Educational
11	Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C.
12	301 note; Public Law 103-382)).
13	(B) NATURAL REGENERATION; REFOREST-
14	ATION; UNPLANNED EVENT.—The terms "nat-
15	ural regeneration", "reforestation", and "un-
16	planned event" have the meanings given those
17	terms in section $3(e)(4)(A)$ of the Forest and
18	Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act
19	of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1601(e)(4)(A)).
20	(C) PRIORITY LAND.—The term "priority
21	land" means historically forested land under
22	the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned that,
23	due to an unplanned event—

1	(i) requires reforestation to meet the
2	objectives described in an applicable land
3	use plan; and
4	(ii) is unlikely to experience natural
5	regeneration.
6	(2) Program establishment. Not later
7	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
8	the Secretary of the Interior shall establish a pro-
9	gram to implement reforestation projects on priority
10	land identified under paragraph (4)(A), in accord-
11	ance with this section.
12	(3) Support.—In carrying out the program es-
13	tablished under paragraph (2), the Secretary may
14	enter into—
15	(A) cooperative agreements in accordance
16	with processes established by the Secretary; and
17	(B) contracts, including contracts entered
18	into pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination
19	and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5301
20	et seq.).
21	(4) Annual identification of priority
22	PROJECTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
23	enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the
24	Secretary of the Interior shall—

1	(A) identify priority land within the United
2	States;
3	(B) establish a list of reforestation projects
4	on priority land for the upcoming year, which
5	may include activities to ensure adequate and
6	appropriate seed and seedling availability to
7	further the objectives of other priority projects;
8	and
9	(C) estimate the costs necessary to imple-
10	ment the list established under subparagraph
11	(B).
12	(5) Consultation.—In earrying out the pro-
13	gram under this subsection, the Secretary shall con-
14	sult or coordinate with, as appropriate—
15	(A) applicable State and local govern-
16	ments;
17	(B) applicable Indian Tribes;
18	(C) covered institutions of higher edu-
19	eation;
20	(D) Federal agencies that administer Fed-
21	eral land that adjoins, or is adjacent to, land
22	that is the subject of a project identified under
23	paragraph (4)(B); and
24	(E) other stakeholders, at the discretion of
25	the Secretary.

1	(6) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year
2	after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually
3	thereafter for each of the following 6 years, the Sec-
4	retary of the Interior shall submit to the relevant
5	committees of Congress, the Committee on Appro-
6	priations of the Senate, and the Committee on Ap-
7	propriations of the House of Representatives a re-
8	port that includes the following, with respect to the
9	period covered by the report:
10	(A) An accounting of all priority land.
11	(B) A list of projects identified under
12	paragraph (4)(B).
13	(C) An accounting of any progress made
14	on projects identified in any previous report
15	under this paragraph.
16	(D) An accounting of each contract and
17	cooperative agreement established under the
18	program under this subsection.
19	(E) The amounts necessary to be appro-
20	priated, in addition to amounts available from
21	other sources, to implement reforestation
22	projects on all priority land by not later than
23	10 years after the date of submission of the re-
24	port.

1	(7) Nonduplication.—In carrying out this
2	section, the Secretary of the Interior shall collabo-
3	rate with the Secretary and the Secretary of Defense
4	to ensure the nonduplication of activities carried out
5	under section 214.
6	SEC. 216. REFORESTATION, NURSERIES, AND GENETIC RE-
7	SOURCES SUPPORT.
8	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
9	(1) ELIGIBLE RECIPIENT.—The term "eligible
10	recipient" means—
11	(A) a State forestry agency;
12	(B) an Indian Tribe; and
13	(C) a private nursery that has experience,
14	as determined by the Secretary, in growing
15	high-quality native trees of appropriate genetic
16	sources in bareroot or container stocktypes spe-
17	cific for reforestation, restoration, or conserva-
18	tion, including native plants and seeds that are
19	of cultural significance to Indian Tribes.
20	(2) Nursery.—The term "nursery" means a
21	tree or native plant nursery.
22	(3) SEED ORCHARD.—The term "seed orchard"
23	means a tree or native plant seed orchard.
24	(4) STATE.—The term "State" means—
25	(A) each of the several States:

1	(B) the District of Columbia;
2	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
3	and
4	(D) any territory or possession of the
5	United States.
6	(b) Partnerships, Collaboration, and Other
7	Assistance in Support of Nurseries and Seed Or-
8	CHARDS.—The Secretary, acting through the Chief of the
9	Forest Service, shall—
10	(1) partner with Federal and State agencies,
11	Indian Tribes, institutions of higher education, and
12	private nurseries to provide training, technical as-
13	sistance, and research to nursery and tree establish-
14	ment programs that support natural regeneration,
15	reforestation, agroforestry, and afforestation;
16	(2) promote information-sharing to improve
17	technical knowledge and practices and understand
18	demands, elimate change impacts, and other issues
19	as necessary to address all facets of the reforestation
20	supply chain;
21	(3) provide technical and financial assistance to
22	international nursery and tree establishment pro-
23	grams through the Forest Service International Pro-
24	grams, the Institute of Pacific Islands Forestry, and
25	the International Institute of Tropical Forestry;

1	(4) collaborate with other relevant Federal de-
2	partments and agencies, including the Foreign Agri-
3	cultural Service, the United States Agency for Inter-
4	national Development, and the United States Fish
5	and Wildlife Service, and international organiza-
6	tions, including the Food and Agriculture Organiza-
7	tion of the United Nations, to provide technical and
8	financial assistance relating to nurseries and refor-
9	estation;
10	(5) coordinate the efforts of the Department of
11	Agriculture—
12	(A) to address the challenges associated
13	with the reforestation supply chain; and
14	(B) to leverage economic development as-
15	sistance for work with private nurseries; and
16	(6) expand reforestation supply chains through
17	science and research, seed collection and storage,
18	and nursery infrastructure and operations.
19	(c) Nursery and Seed Orchard Grants.—
20	(1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
21	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
22	shall establish or expand an existing program to pro-
23	vide grants to eligible recipients to support nurseries
24	and seed orchards.

1	(2) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—An eligible recipient
2	that receives a grant under paragraph (1) shall
3	earry out a project that comprises 1 or more of the
4	following activities:
5	(A) The development, expansion, enhance-
6	ment, or improvement of nursery production ea-
7	pacity or other infrastructure—
8	(i) to improve seed collection and stor-
9	age;
10	(ii) to increase seedling production,
11	storage, and distribution; or
12	(iii) to enhance seedling survival and
13	properly manage tree genetic resources.
14	(B) The establishment or expansion of a
15	nursery or seed orchard, including by acquiring
16	equipment for a nursery or seed orchard.
17	(C) The development or implementation of
18	quality control measures at nurseries or seed
19	orchards.
20	(D) The promotion of workforce develop-
21	ment within any facet of the reforestation pipe-
22	line.
23	(E) Such other activities as the Secretary
24	determines to be appropriate.

1 SEC. 217. FIRE DEPARTMENT REPAYMENT.

2	(a) Establishment of Standard Operating
3	PROCEDURES.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
4	enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall—
5	(1) establish standard operating procedures re-
6	lating to payment timelines for fire suppression cost-
7	share agreements established under section 2 of the
8	Act of May 27, 1955 (42 U.S.C. 1856a) (commonly
9	known as the "Reciprocal Fire Protection Act"); and
10	(2) with respect to each fire suppression cost-
11	share agreement in operation on that date—
12	(A) review the agreement; and
13	(B) modify the agreement as necessary to
14	comply with the standard operating procedures
15	established under paragraph (1).
16	(b) ALIGNMENT OF AGREEMENTS.—The standard
17	operating procedures under subsection (a)(1) shall include
18	a requirement that each fire suppression cost-share agree-
19	ment shall be aligned with each cooperative fire protection
20	agreement applicable to the entity subject to the fire sup-
21	pression cost-share agreement.
22	(e) Payments.—With respect to payments made
23	pursuant to a fire suppression cost-share agreement, the
24	standard operating procedures under subsection (a)(1)
25	shall require that the Federal paying entity shall reim-
26	burse a local fire department or a State wildland fire-

1	fighter agency if that entity submits to the Federal paying
2	entity an invoice in accordance with applicable cost settle-
3	ment procedures.
4	(d) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
5	gress that the Secretaries should carry out reciprocal fire
6	suppression cost-share agreement repayments to local fire
7	suppression organizations and State wildland firefighting
8	agencies as soon as practicable, but not later than 1 year,
9	after the date on which the applicable fire suppression oc-
10	curs.
11	TITLE III—TRANSPARENCY,
12	TECHNOLOGY, AND PARTNER-
13	SHIPS
14	Subtitle A—Transparency and
15	Technology
16	SEC. 301. BIOCHAR INNOVATIONS AND OPPORTUNITIES
17	FOR CONSERVATION, HEALTH, AND AD-
18	VANCEMENTS IN RESEARCH.
19	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
20	(1) BIOCHAR.—The term "biochar" means car-
21	bonized biomass produced by converting feedstock
22	through reductive thermal processing for a nonfuel
23	
23	use.
24	use. (2) Eligible enti-

1	(A) a unit of State, Tribal, or local govern-
2	ment;
3	(B) a special district;
4	(C) an eligible institution;
5	(D) a public, private, or cooperative entity
6	or organization;
7	(E) a National Laboratory (as defined in
8	section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42)
9	U.S.C. 15801)); and
10	(F) a partnership or consortium of 2 or
11	more entities described in subparagraphs (A)
12	through (E).
13	(3) ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—The term "eligi-
14	ble institution" means a land-grant college or uni-
15	versity, including—
16	(A) an 1862 Institution (as defined in sec-
17	tion 2 of the Agricultural Research, Extension,
18	and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C.
19	7601));
20	(B) an 1890 Institution (as defined in that
21	section);
22	(C) an institution that is eligible to receive
23	funding under Public Law 87-788 (commonly
24	known as the "McIntire-Stennis Act of 1962");
25	and

1	(D) a 1994 Institution (as defined in sec-
2	tion 532 of the Equity in Educational Land-
3	Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note;
4	Public Law 103-382)).
5	(4) FEEDSTOCK.—The term "feedstock" means
6	excess biomass in the form of plant matter or mate-
7	rials that serves as the raw material for the produc-
8	tion of biochar.
9	(5) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
10	means—
11	(A) the Secretary, acting through the Chief
12	of the Forest Service;
13	(B) the Secretary of the Interior, acting
14	through the Director of the Bureau of Land
15	Management; and
16	(C) the Secretary of Energy, acting
17	through the Director of the Office of Science.
18	(b) Demonstration Projects.—
19	(1) Establishment.—
20	(A) In GENERAL. Subject to the avail-
21	ability of appropriations made in advance for
22	that purpose, not later than 2 years after the
23	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries
24	shall establish a program under which the See-
25	retaries shall enter into partnerships with eligi-

1	ble entities to carry out demonstration projects
2	to support the development and commercializa-
3	tion of biochar in accordance with this sub-
4	section.
5	(B) LOCATION.—In carrying out the pro-
6	gram established under subparagraph (A), the
7	Secretaries shall, to the maximum extent prac-
8	ticable, enter into partnerships with eligible en-
9	tities in a manner that ensures that—
10	(i) at least 1 demonstration project is
11	carried out in each region of the Forest
12	Service; and
13	(ii) at least 1 demonstration project is
14	carried out in each region of the Bureau of
15	Land Management.
16	(2) Proposals.—To be eligible to enter into a
17	partnership under paragraph (1)(A), an eligible enti-
18	ty shall submit to the Secretaries a proposal at such
19	time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
20	tion as the Secretaries may require.
21	(3) Priority.—In selecting proposals under
22	paragraph (2), the Secretaries shall give priority to
23	entering into partnerships with eligible entities that
24	submit proposals to carry out biochar demonstration
25	projects that—

1	(A) have the most potential to improve for-
2	est health and resiliency;
3	(B) have the most potential to create new
4	jobs and contribute to local economies, particu-
5	larly in rural areas;
6	(C) have the most potential to dem-
7	onstrate—
8	(i) new and innovative uses of biochar;
9	(ii) market viability for cost-effective
10	biochar-based products;
11	(iii) the restorative benefits of biochar
12	with respect to forest health and resiliency,
13	including forest soils and watersheds; or
14	(iv) any combination of the purposes
15	described in clauses (i) through (iii);
16	(D) are located in areas that have a high
17	need for biochar production, as determined by
18	the Secretaries, due to—
19	(i) nearby land identified as having
20	high, very high, or extreme risk of wildfire;
21	(ii) availability of sufficient quantities
22	of feedstocks; or
23	(iii) a high level of demand for
24	biochar or other commercial byproducts of
25	biochar; or

1	(E) satisfy any combination of the pur-
2	poses described in subparagraphs (A) through
3	(D).
4	(4) Use of funds.—In carrying out the pro-
5	gram established under paragraph (1)(A), the Secre-
6	taries may enter into partnerships and provide fund-
7	ing to the partnerships to carry out demonstration
8	projects—
9	(A) to acquire and test various feedstocks
10	and the efficacy of those feedstocks;
11	(B) to develop and optimize commercially
12	and technologically viable biochar production
13	units, including mobile and permanent units;
14	(C) to demonstrate—
15	(i) the production of biochar from for-
16	est residue; and
17	(ii) the use of biochar to restore forest
18	health and resiliency;
19	(D) to build, expand, or establish biochar
20	facilities;
21	(E) to conduct research relating to new
22	and innovative uses of biochar;
23	(F) to demonstrate cost-effective market
24	opportunities for biochar and biochar-based
25	products:

1	(G) to carry out any other activities the
2	Secretaries determine to be appropriate; or
3	(H) to achieve any combination of the pur-
4	poses described in subparagraphs (A) through
5	(G).
6	(5) FEEDSTOCK REQUIREMENTS.—To the max-
7	imum extent practicable, an eligible entity that car-
8	ries out a biochar demonstration project under this
9	subsection shall derive not less than 50 percent of
10	the feedstock used under the project from forest
11	thinning and management activities, including mill
12	residues, conducted on National Forest System land
13	or public land.
14	(6) Review.—
15	(A) In General.—The Secretaries shall
16	conduct regionally specific research, including
17	economic analyses and lifecycle assessments, re-
18	lating to any biochar produced from a dem-
19	onstration project carried out under the pro-
20	gram established under paragraph (1)(A), in-
21	cluding
22	(i) the effects of that biochar on—
23	(I) forest health and resiliency;

1	(II) carbon capture and seques-
2	tration, including increasing soil ear-
3	bon in the short-term and long-term;
4	(III) productivity, reduced input
5	costs, and water retention in agricul-
6	tural practices;
7	(IV) the health of soil and grass-
8	lands used for grazing activities, in-
9	cluding grazing activities on National
10	Forest System land and public land
11	and
12	(V) environmental remediation
13	activities, including abandoned mine
14	land remediation;
15	(ii) the effectiveness of biochar as a
16	coproduct of biofuels or in biochemicals;
17	and
18	(iii) the effectiveness of other poten-
19	tial uses of biochar to determine if any
20	such use is technologically and commer-
21	eially viable.
22	(B) COORDINATION.—The Secretaries, to
23	the maximum extent practicable, shall provide
24	data, analyses, and other relevant information

1	collected under	subparagraph	(A)	to	recipients
2	of grants under	subsection (e).			

- 3 (7) Limitation on Funding for Estab4 LISHING BIOCHAR FACILITIES.—The amount pro5 vided by the Secretaries under this subsection to an
 6 eligible entity for establishing a biochar facility may
 7 not exceed 35 percent of the total capital cost of es8 tablishing that facility.
- 9 (c) BIOCHAR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT GRANT
- 11 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of the In12 terior, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy,
 13 shall establish, or expand an existing, applied
 14 biochar research and development grant program to
 15 provide to eligible institutions grants, on a competi-
- tive basis, to earry out the activities described in paragraph (3).
 - (2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this subsection, an eligible institution shall submit to the Secretary of the Interior a proposal at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary of the Interior may require.
- 24 (3) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible institution 25 that receives a grant under this subsection shall use

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1	the grant funds to conduct applied research relating
2	to
3	(A) the effect of biochar on forest health
4	and resiliency, taking into account variations in
5	biochar, soil, climate, and other factors;
6	(B) the effect of biochar on soil health and
7	water retention, taking into account variations
8	in biochar, soil, climate, and other factors;
9	(C) the long-term carbon sequestration po-
10	tential of biochar;
11	(D) best management practices with re-
12	spect to biochar and biochar-based products
13	that maximize—
14	(i) earbon sequestration benefits; and
15	(ii) the commercial viability and appli-
16	eation of those products in forestry, agri-
17	culture, environmental remediation, water
18	quality improvement, and any other similar
19	uses, as determined by the Secretary of the
20	Interior;
21	(E) the regional uses of biochar to increase
22	productivity and profitability, including—
23	(i) uses in agriculture and environ-
24	mental remediation; and

1	(ii) use as a coproduct in fuel produc-
2	tion;
3	(F) new and innovative uses for biochar
4	byproducts; and
5	(G) opportunities to expand markets for
6	biochar and create related jobs, particularly in
7	rural areas.
8	(d) Reports.—
9	(1) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2
10	years after the date of enactment of this Act, the
11	Secretaries shall submit to Congress a report that—
12	(A) includes policy and program rec-
13	ommendations to improve the widespread use of
14	biochar;
15	(B) identifies any area of research needed
16	to advance biochar commercialization; and
17	(C) identifies barriers to advancing biochar
18	commercialization, including permitting and
19	siting considerations.
20	(2) Materials submitted in support of
21	PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—Beginning with the second
22	fiscal year that begins after the date of enactment
23	of this Act, and annually thereafter until the date
24	described in subsection (e), the Secretaries shall in-
25	clude in the materials submitted to Congress in sup-

1	port of the President's budget pursuant to section
2	1105 of title 31, United States Code, a report de-
3	scribing, for the fiscal year covered by the report,
4	the status of—
5	(A) each demonstration project carried out
6	under subsection (b); and
7	(B) each research and development grant
8	provided under subsection (e).
9	(e) Sunset.—The authority to carry out this section
10	terminates on the date that is 7 years after the date of
11	enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 302. ACCURATE HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION RE-
13	PORTS.
13 14	PORTS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14	
	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14 15 16	(a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Federal Land.—The term "Federal land"
14 15 16 17	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means any land under the jurisdiction of—
14 15 16 17	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means any land under the jurisdiction of— (A) the Secretary; or
14 15	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means any land under the jurisdiction of— (A) the Secretary; or (B) the Secretary of the Interior.
114 115 116 117 118	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means any land under the jurisdiction of— (A) the Secretary; or (B) the Secretary of the Interior. (2) HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION ACTIV-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means any land under the jurisdiction of— (A) the Secretary; or (B) the Secretary of the Interior. (2) HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION ACTIVITY.—
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means any land under the jurisdiction of— (A) the Secretary; or (B) the Secretary of the Interior. (2) HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION ACTIVITY.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "hazardous"
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means any land under the jurisdiction of— (A) the Secretary; or (B) the Secretary of the Interior. (2) HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION ACTIVITY.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "hazardous fuels reduction activity" means any vegetation

1	(B) Exclusion.—The term "hazardous
2	fuels reduction activity" does not include the
3	provision or execution of a contract to carry out
4	an activity described in subparagraph (A).
5	(b) Materials Submitted in Support of Presi-
6	DENT'S BUDGET.
7	(1) In GENERAL.—Beginning with the first fis-
8	eal year that begins after the date of enactment of
9	this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary con-
10	cerned shall include in the materials submitted to
11	Congress in support of the President's budget pursu-
12	ant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code,
13	a report describing the number of acres of Federal
14	land on which the Secretary concerned carried out
15	hazardous fuels reduction activities during the pre-
16	ceding fiscal year, as determined using—
17	(A) the methodology of the Secretary con-
18	cerned in effect on the day before the date of
19	enactment of this Act; and
20	(B) the methodology described in para-
21	$\frac{\text{graph }(2)}{}$.
22	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—For purposes of a report
23	required under paragraph (1), the Secretary con-
2/	gomad shall

1	(A) in determining the number of acres of
2	Federal land on which the Secretary concerned
3	carried out hazardous fuels reduction activities
4	during the period covered by the report—
5	(i) record acres of Federal land or
6	which hazardous fuels reduction activities
7	were completed during that period; and
8	(ii) record each acre described in
9	elause (i) once in the report, regardless of
10	whether multiple hazardous fuels reduction
11	activities were carried out on that acre
12	during the applicable period; and
13	(B) with respect to the acres of Federal
14	land recorded in the report, include information
15	relating to—
16	(i) which acres are located in the
17	wildland-urban interface;
18	(ii) the level of wildfire risk (high
19	moderate, or low) of the acres on the first
20	and last day of the period covered by the
21	report;
22	(iii) the types of hazardous fuels re-
23	duction activities completed with respect to
24	the acres, including a description of wheth-

1	er those hazardous fuels reduction activi-
2	ties were conducted—
3	(I) in a wildfire managed for re-
4	source benefits; or
5	(H) through a planned hazardous
6	fuels reduction project;
7	(iv) the cost per-acre of the hazardous
8	fuels reduction activities carried out during
9	the period covered by the report;
10	(v) the region or System unit in which
11	the acres are located; and
12	(vi) the effectiveness of the hazardous
13	fuels reduction activities with respect to re-
14	ducing the risk of wildfire.
15	(3) Transparency.—The Secretary concerned
16	shall make each report submitted under paragraph
17	(1) publicly available on the website of the Depart-
18	ment of Agriculture or the Department of the Inte-
19	rior, as applicable.
20	(c) Accurate Data Collection.—
21	(1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after
22	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary con-
23	eerned shall implement standardized procedures for
24	tracking data relating to hazardous fuels reduction
25	activities carried out by the Secretary concerned.

1	(2) Elements.—The standardized procedures
2	required under paragraph (1) shall include—
3	(A) regular, standardized data reviews of
4	the accuracy and timely input of data used to
5	track hazardous fuels reduction activities;
6	(B) verification methods that validate
7	whether those data accurately correlate to the
8	hazardous fuels reduction activities carried out
9	by the Secretary concerned;
10	(C) an analysis of the short- and long-term
11	effectiveness of the hazardous fuels reduction
12	activities on reducing the risk of wildfire; and
13	(D) for hazardous fuels reduction activities
14	that occur partially within the wildland-urban
15	interface, methods to distinguish which acres
16	are located within the wildland-urban interface
17	and which acres are located outside the
18	wildland-urban interface.
19	(3) Report.—Not later than 14 days after im-
20	plementing the standardized procedures required
21	under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall
22	submit to Congress a report that describes—
23	(A) the standardized procedures; and
24	(B) any programmatic or policy rec-
25	ommendations to Congress to address limita-

1	tions in tracking data relating to hazardous
2	fuels reduction activities under this subsection
3	(d) GAO STUDY.—Not later than 2 years after the
4	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
5	of the United States shall—
6	(1) conduct a study regarding the implementa-
7	tion of this section, including any limitations with
8	respect to—
9	(A) reporting hazardous fuels reduction ac-
10	tivities under subsection (b); or
11	(B) tracking data relating to hazardous
12	fuels reduction activities under subsection (e)
13	and
14	(2) submit to Congress a report that describes
15	the results of the study under paragraph (1).
16	(e) No Additional Funds Authorized.—
17	(1) In General.—No additional funds are au-
18	thorized to carry out this section.
19	(2) Subject to appropriations.—The activi-
20	ties authorized by this section are subject to the
21	availability of appropriations made in advance for
22	those purposes.

1	SEC. 303. PUBLIC-PRIVATE WILDFIRE TECHNOLOGY DE-
2	PLOYMENT AND DEMONSTRATION PARTNER
3	SHIP.
4	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) COVERED AGENCY.—The term "covered
6	agency" means—
7	(A) each Federal land management agency
8	(as defined in section 802 of the Federal Lands
9	Recreation Enhancement Act (16 U.S.C.
10	6801));
11	(B) the Department of Defense;
12	(C) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
13	(D) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
14	Administration;
15	(E) the Federal Emergency Management
16	Agency;
17	(F) the National Aeronauties and Space
18	Administration;
19	(G) the United States Fire Administration;
20	(H) a State, Tribal, county, or municipal
21	fire department or district operating through
22	the United States Fire Administration or pur-
23	suant to an agreement with a Federal agency;
24	and
25	(I) any other Federal agency involved in
26	wildfire response.

1	(2) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered en-
2	tity" means—
3	(A) a private entity;
4	(B) a nonprofit organization; and
5	(C) an institution of higher education (as
6	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
7	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)).
8	(3) PILOT PROGRAM.—The term "Pilot Pro-
9	gram" means the deployment and demonstration
10	pilot program established under subsection (b).
11	(4) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
12	means the Secretary and the Secretary of the Inte-
13	rior, acting jointly.
14	(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after
15	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries, in co-
16	ordination with the heads of the covered agencies, shall
17	establish a deployment and demonstration pilot program
18	for new and innovative wildfire prevention, detection, com-
19	munication, and mitigation technologies.
20	(e) Functions.—In earrying out the Pilot Program,
21	the Secretaries shall—
22	(1) incorporate the Pilot Program into the Na-
23	tional Wildfire Coordinating Group;
24	(2) in consultation with the heads of the cov-
25	ered agencies, identify and advance the demonstra-

1	tion and deployment of key technology priority areas
2	with respect to the deployment of wildfire preven-
3	tion, detection, communication, and mitigation tech-
4	nologies, including—
5	(A) hazardous fuels reduction activities or
6	treatments;
7	(B) dispatch communications;
8	(C) remote sensing, detection, and track-
9	ing;
10	(D) safety equipment;
11	(E) common operating pictures or oper-
12	ational dashboards; and
13	(F) interoperable commercial data; and
14	(3) connect each covered entity selected to par-
15	ticipate in the Pilot Program with the appropriate
16	covered agency to coordinate real-time and on-the-
17	ground testing of technology during wildfire mitiga-
18	tion activities and training.
19	(d) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to participate in
20	the Pilot Program, a covered entity shall submit to the
21	Secretaries an application at such time, in such manner,
22	and containing such information as the Secretaries may
23	require, including a proposal to demonstrate technologies
24	specific to key technology priority areas identified under
25	subsection $(e)(2)$.

(e) Prioritization of Emerging Tech
NOLOGIES.—In selecting covered entities to participate in
the Pilot Program, the Secretaries shall give priority to
covered entities that—
(1) have participated in the Fire Weather
Testbed of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
Administration; or
(2) propose in the application under subsection
(d) to develop and apply emerging technologies for
wildfire mitigation, including artificial intelligence
quantum sensing, computing and quantum-hybrid
applications, satellite detection, augmented reality
5G private networks, and device-to-device commu
nications supporting nomadic mesh networks and de
tection.
(f) Outreach.—The Secretaries, in coordination
with the heads of the covered agencies, shall make publicly
available the key technology priority areas identified under
subsection (e)(2) and invite covered entities to apply under
subsection (d) to deploy and demonstrate technologies to
address those priority areas.
(g) REPORTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later
than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and

annually thereafter for the duration of the Pilot Program,

25 the Secretaries shall submit to the Committee on Com-

- 1 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the
- 2 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the
- 3 House of Representatives, and the relevant committees of
- 4 Congress a report that includes the following with respect
- 5 to the Pilot Program:
- 6 (1) A list of participating covered entities.
- 7 (2) A brief description of the technologies de-8 ployed and demonstrated by each such covered enti-9 tv.
- 10 (3) An estimate of the cost of acquiring the
 11 each such technology and applying the technology at
 12 scale.
- 13 (4) Outreach efforts by covered agencies to cov-14 ered entities developing wildfire technologies.
 - (5) Assessments of, and recommendations relating to, new technologies with potential adoption and application at-scale in the wildfire prevention, detection, communication, and mitigation efforts of Federal land management agencies (as defined in section 802 of the Federal Lands Recreation Enhancement Act (16 U.S.C. 6801)).
 - (6) A description of the relationship and coordination between the Pilot Program and the activities of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, including the Fire Weather Testbed.

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1	(h) Sunset.—The Pilot Program terminates on the
2	date that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this
3	Act.
4	SEC. 304. GAO STUDY ON FOREST SERVICE POLICIES.
5	Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
6	of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
7	shall—
8	(1) conduct a study evaluating—
9	(A) the effectiveness of Forest Service
10	wildland firefighting operations;
11	(B) transparency and accountability meas-
12	ures in the budget and accounting process of
13	the Forest Service; and
14	(C) the suitability and feasibility of estab-
15	lishing a new Federal agency with responsibility
16	for responding to, and suppressing, wildfires on
17	Federal land; and
18	(2) submit to Congress a report that describes
19	the results of the study under paragraph (1).
20	SEC. 305. KEEPING FOREST PLANS CURRENT AND MON-
21	ITORED.
22	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall—
23	(1) to the maximum extent practicable and sub-
24	ject to the availability of appropriations—

1	(A) ensure that each forest plan for a unit
2	of the National Forest System is in compliance
3	with the applicable requirements of section
4	6(f)(5)(A) of the Forest and Rangeland Renew-
5	able Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
6	U.S.C. $1604(f)(5)(A)$; and
7	(B) prioritize revising any forest plan not
8	in compliance with that section;
9	(2) not be considered to be in violation of sec-
10	tion $6(f)(5)(A)$ of the Forest and Rangeland Renew-
11	able Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C.
12	1604(f)(5)(A)) solely because more than 15 years
13	have passed without revision of the plan for a unit
14	of the National Forest System;
15	(3) not later than 120 days after the date of
16	enactment of this Act, submit to the relevant com-
17	mittees of Congress a notice describing the date on
18	which each forest plan referred to in paragraph
19	(1)(A) was most recently revised, amended, or modi-
20	fied;
21	(4) seek to publish a new, complete version of
22	any forest plan that the Secretary has been directed
23	by court order to amend, revise, or modify by not
24	later than 60 days after the date of the amendment,
25	revision, or modification, subject to the availability

1	of appropriations made in advance for that purpose;
2	and
3	(5) maintain a central, publicly accessible
4	website with links to—
5	(A) the most recently available forest plan
6	adopted, amended, or modified by a court order
7	as a single document; and
8	(B) the most recently published forest plan
9	monitoring report for the unit.
10	(b) Good Faith Updates.—If the Secretary fails
11	to act expeditiously and in good faith using available fund-
12	ing to revise, amend, or modify a plan for a unit of the
13	National Forest System as required by an applicable law
14	or court order—
15	(1) subsection (a) shall be void with respect to
16	the plan; and
17	(2) a court of competent jurisdiction may order
18	completion of the plan on an accelerated basis.
19	(e) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
20	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
21	the relevant committees of Congress a report summarizing
22	the implementation of this section.
23	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section ter-
24	minates on September 30, 2031.

1 SEC. 306. CONTAINER AERIAL FIREFIGHTING SYSTEM.

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- 3 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Sec-
- 4 retary of the Interior, in consultation with the National
- 5 Interagency Aviation Committee and the Interagency
- 6 Airtanker Board, shall jointly conduct an evaluation of the
- 7 container aerial firefighting system to assess the use of
- 8 that system to mitigate and suppress wildfires.
- 9 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date
- 10 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Secretary
- 11 of the Interior, in consultation with the National Inter-
- 12 agency Aviation Committee and the Interagency Airtanker
- 13 Board, shall jointly submit to the relevant committees of
- 14 Congress a report that describes the results of the evalua-
- 15 tion under subsection (a).
- 16 SEC. 307. STUDY ON PINE BEETLE INFESTATION.
- 17 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 18 of this Act, the Secretary, acting through the Chief of the
- 19 Forest Service, shall—
- 20 (1) earry out a study relating to the causes and
- 21 effects of, and solutions for, the infestation of pine
- 22 beetles in the Northeastern region of the United
- 23 States; and
- 24 (2) submit to the relevant committees of Con-
- 25 gress a report that describes the results of the study
- 26 under paragraph (1).

Subtitle B—White Oak Resilience

2	SEC. 311. WHITE OAK RESTORATION INITIATIVE COALI-
3	TION.
4	(a) In General.—There is established a coalition,
5	to be known as the "White Oak Restoration Initiative Coa-
6	lition" (referred to in this section as the "Coalition")—
7	(1) as a voluntary collaborative group of Fed-
8	eral, State, Tribal, and local governments and pri-
9	vate and nongovernmental organizations the purpose
10	of which is to earry out the duties described in sub-
11	section (b); and
12	(2) in accordance with the charter entitled
13	"White Oak Initiative Coalition Charter" adopted by
14	the White Oak Initiative Board of Directors on
15	March 21, 2023 (or a successor charter).
16	(b) Duties.—In addition to the duties specified in
17	the charter referred to in subsection (a)(2), the duties of
18	the Coalition are—
19	(1) to coordinate Federal, State, Tribal, local,
20	private, and nongovernmental activities for the res-
21	toration of white oak trees in the United States; and
22	(2) to make program and policy recommenda-
23	tions, consistent with applicable forest management
24	plans, with respect to—

1	(A) changes necessary to address Federal
2	and State policies that impede activities to im-
3	prove the health, resiliency, and natural regen-
4	eration of white oak trees;
5	(B) adopting or modifying Federal and
6	State policies to increase the pace and scale of
7	white oak regeneration and the resiliency of
8	white oak trees;
9	(C) options to enhance communication, co-
10	ordination, and collaboration among forest land
11	owners, particularly with respect to cross-
12	boundary projects, to improve the health, resil-
13	iency, and natural regeneration of white oak
14	trees;
15	(D) research gaps that should be ad-
16	dressed to improve the best available science or
17	white oaks;
18	(E) outreach to forest landowners the land
19	of which possesses white oak trees or white oak
20	regeneration potential, as determined by the
21	Coalition; and
22	(F) options and policies necessary to im-
23	prove the quality and quantity of white oak
24	trees in tree nurseries.

- 1 (e) Administrative, Staffing, and Technical
- 2 Support.—The Secretary and the Secretary of the Inte-
- 3 rior shall make available to the Coalition such personnel
- 4 for administrative support, technical services, and the de-
- 5 velopment and dissemination of educational materials as
- 6 those Secretaries determine to be necessary to earry out
- 7 this section.
- 8 (d) Private Funding.—Subject to the availability
- 9 of appropriations made in advance for that purpose, the
- 10 Secretary may make funds available to the Coalition to
- 11 carry out this section from the account established pursu-
- 12 ant to section 1241(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985
- 13 (16 U.S.C. 3841(f)).
- 14 SEC. 312. FOREST SERVICE PILOT PROGRAM.
- 15 (a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
- 16 Chief of the Forest Service, shall establish and carry out
- 17 5 pilot projects in units of the National Forest System
- 18 to restore white oak trees in those units through white
- 19 oak restoration and natural regeneration practices that
- 20 are consistent with applicable forest management plans.
- 21 (b) REQUIREMENT.—Of the pilot projects carried out
- 22 under subsection (a), not fewer than 3 shall be carried
- 23 out on units of the National Forest System that are re-
- 24 served or withdrawn from the public domain.

1	(c) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary
2	may enter into cooperative agreements to carry out the
3	pilot projects under this section.
4	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section ter-
5	minates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enact-
6	ment of this Act.
7	SEC. 313. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR WHITE OAK RE-
8	VIEW AND RESTORATION.
9	(a) Assessment.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Inte-
11	rior shall carry out an assessment of land under the
12	administrative jurisdiction of the Department of the
13	Interior, including fish and wildlife refuges and
14	abandoned mine land, to evaluate—
15	(A) whether white oak trees are present on
16	the land; and
17	(B) the potential to restore white oak for-
18	ests on the land.
19	(2) Use of information.—In carrying out the
20	assessment under paragraph (1), the Secretary of
21	the Interior may use information from sources other
22	than the Department of the Interior, including the
23	White Oak Initiative and the Forest Service.
24	(3) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the

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- 2 available on the website of the Department of the
- 3 Interior, a report describing the results of the as-
- 4 sessment earried out under this subsection.
- 5 (b) PILOT PROJECTS.—After the date of submission
- 6 of the report under subsection (a)(3), the Secretary of the
- 7 Interior shall establish and carry out 5 pilot projects in
- 8 different areas of land described in subsection (a)(1) to
- 9 restore and naturally regenerate white oak trees.
- 10 (c) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary of
- 11 the Interior may enter into cooperative agreements to
- 12 carry out the pilot projects under subsection (b).
- 13 (d) Sunser.—The authority under this section ter-
- 14 minates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enact-
- 15 ment of this Act.
- 16 SEC. 314. WHITE OAK REGENERATION AND UPLAND OAK
- 17 HABITAT.
- 18 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after
- 19 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall es-
- 20 tablish a nonregulatory program, to be known as the
- 21 "White Oak and Upland Oak Habitat Regeneration Pro-
- 22 gram" (referred to in this section as the "Program").
- 23 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Program shall
- 24 include

1	(1) coordinating restoration and conservation
2	activities among Federal, State, local, and Tribal en-
3	tities and conservation partners to address white oak
4	restoration priorities;
5	(2) improving and regenerating white oak and
6	upland oak forests and the wildlife habitat such for-
7	ests provide;
8	(3) carrying out coordinated restoration and
9	conservation activities that lead to the increased
10	growth of species of white oak in native white oak
11	regions on Federal, State, Tribal, and private land;
12	(4) facilitating strategic planning to maximize
13	the resilience of white oak systems and habitats
14	under changing climate conditions;
15	(5) engaging the public through outreach, edu-
16	eation, and citizen involvement to increase capacity
17	and support for coordinated restoration and con-
18	servation activities for species of white oak; and
19	(6) increasing scientific capacity to support the
20	planning, monitoring, and research activities nec-
21	essary to carry out such coordinated restoration and
22	conservation activities.
23	(e) Consultation.—In establishing the Program,
24	the Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest Serv-
25	ice, shall consult with—

1	(1) the heads of Federal agencies, including—
2	(A) the Director of the United States Fish
3	and Wildlife Service; and
4	(B) the Chief of the Natural Resources
5	Conservation Service; and
6	(2) the Governor of each State in which res-
7	toration efforts will be carried out pursuant to the
8	Program.
9	(d) Duties.—In earrying out the Program, the Sec-
10	retary shall—
11	(1) draw on the best available science and man-
12	agement plans for species of white oak to identify,
13	prioritize, and implement restoration and conserva-
14	tion activities that will improve the growth of white
15	oak trees in the United States;
16	(2) collaborate and coordinate with the White
17	Oak Restoration Initiative Coalition established by
18	section 311(a) to prioritize white oak restoration ini-
19	tiatives;
20	(3) adopt a white oak restoration strategy
21	that—
22	(A) supports the implementation of a
23	shared set of science-based restoration and con-
24	servation activities developed in accordance with
25	paragraph (1);

1	(B) targets cost-effective projects with
2	measurable results; and
3	(C) maximizes restoration outcomes with
4	no net gain of Federal full-time equivalent em-
5	ployees; and
6	(4) establish voluntary grant and technical as-
7	sistance programs in accordance with subsection (e).
8	(e) Grants and Assistance.—
9	(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
10	(A) FOUNDATION.—The term "Founda-
11	tion" means the National Fish and Wildlife
12	Foundation.
13	(B) Grant Program.—The term "grant
14	program" means the voluntary grant and tech-
15	nical assistance program established under
16	paragraph (2).
17	(2) ESTABLISHMENT.—To the extent that
18	funds are available to earry out this section, the Sec-
19	retary shall establish a voluntary grant and technical
20	assistance program to achieve the purposes of the
21	Program described in subsection (b).
22	(3) Administration.—
23	(A) In General.—The Secretary shall
24	offer to enter into a cooperative agreement with

1	the Foundation to manage and administer the
2	grant program.
3	(B) Funding.—Subject to the availability
4	of appropriations made in advance for that pur-
5	pose, on entering into a cooperative agreement
6	with the Foundation under subparagraph (A)
7	the Secretary shall pay to the Foundation to
8	earry out this subsection for each fiscal year ar
9	advance payment of the entire amount for the
10	applicable fiscal year—
11	(i) on October 1 of that fiscal year; or
12	(ii) as soon as practicable thereafter
13	(4) Application of national fish and
14	WILDLIFE FOUNDATION ESTABLISHMENT ACT.
15	Amounts received by the Foundation to carry out
16	the grant program shall be subject to the National
17	Fish and Wildlife Foundation Establishment Act (16
18	U.S.C. 3701 et seq.), excluding section 10(a) of that
19	Act (16 U.S.C. 3709(a)).
20	(f) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi
21	nates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enact
22	ment of this Act.

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1	SEC. 315. TREE NURSERY SHORTAGES.
2	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
3	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, acting
4	through the Chief of the Forest Service, shall—
5	(1) develop and implement a national strategy
6	to increase the capacity of Federal, State, Tribal
7	and private tree nurseries to address the nationwide
8	shortage of tree seedlings; and
9	(2) coordinate the strategy under paragraph (1)
10	with—
11	(A) the national reforestation strategy of
12	the Forest Service; and
13	(B) each regional implementation plan for
14	National Forests.
15	(b) Elements.—The strategy required under sub-
16	section (a) shall—
17	(1) be based on the best available science and
18	data; and
19	(2) identify and address—
20	(A) regional seedling shortages of bareroot
21	and container tree seedlings;
22	(B) regional reforestation opportunities
23	and the seedling supply necessary to fulfil
24	those opportunities;

(C) opportunities to enhance seedling di-

versity and close gaps in seed inventories; and

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1	(D) barriers to expanding, enhancing, or
2	creating new infrastructure to increase nursery
3	capacity.
4	SEC. 316. WHITE OAK RESEARCH.
5	(a) Definition of Eligible Institution.—In this
6	section, the term "eligible institution" means an institu-
7	tion of higher education, including an 1862 Institution,
8	an 1890 Institution, and a 1994 Institution (as those
9	terms are defined in section 2 of the Agricultural Re-
10	search, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7
11	U.S.C. 7601)).
12	(b) RESEARCH.—The Secretary may enter into a
13	memorandum of understanding with an Indian Tribe or
14	an eligible institution to collaboratively conduct research
15	relating to—
16	(1) white oak genes with resistance or tolerance
17	to stress;
18	(2) white oak trees that exhibit vigor for the
19	purpose of increasing survival and growth;
20	(3) establishing a genetically diverse white oak
21	seed bank capable of responding to stressors;
22	(4) providing a sustainable supply of white oak
23	seedlings and genetic resources;
24	(5) improved methods for aligning seed sources
25	with the future climate at planting sites;

1	(6) reforestation of white oak trees through
2	natural and artificial regeneration;
3	(7) improved methods for retaining and increas-
4	ing white oak trees in forests;
5	(8) improved methods for reforesting aban-
6	doned mine land sites; and
7	(9) economic and social aspects of white oak
8	forest management across land ownerships.
9	(e) Consultation.—In carrying out research under
10	subsection (b), an Indian Tribe or eligible institution may
11	consult with such States, nonprofit organizations, and
12	other institutions of higher education and scientific enti-
13	ties as the Indian Tribe or eligible institution determines
14	to be appropriate.
15	(d) Sunset. The authority under this section ter-
16	minates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enact-
17	ment of this Act.
18	SEC. 317. USDA FORMAL INITIATIVE.
19	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
20	Chief of the Natural Resources Conservation Service and
21	in coordination with the Chief of the Forest Service, shall
22	establish a formal initiative on white oak trees—
23	(1) to reestablish white oak forests where ap-
24	propriate;

1	(2) to improve the management of existing
2	white oak forests to foster natural regeneration of
3	white oak trees;
4	(3) to provide technical assistance to private
5	landowners to reestablish, improve the management
6	of, and naturally regenerate white oak trees;
7	(4) to improve and expand white oak nursery
8	stock; and
9	(5) to adapt and improve white oak seedlings.
10	(b) Sunset.—The authority under this section ter-
11	minates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enact-
12	ment of this Act.
13	SEC. 318. USE OF AUTHORITIES.
14	To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary
15	and the Secretary of the Interior shall use the authorities
16	provided under this title in combination with other au-
17	thorities to carry out projects, including—
18	(1) good neighbor agreements entered into
19	under section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014
20	(16 U.S.C. 2113a) (as amended by this Act); and
21	(2) stewardship contracting projects entered
22	into under section 604 of the Healthy Forests Res-
23	toration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c) (as amend-
24	ed by this Act).

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TITLE IV—ENSURING CASUALTY

ASSISTANCE FOR FIREFIGHTERS SEC. 401. WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT CASUALTY AS-4 SISTANCE PROGRAM. 5 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 6 (1) NEXT-OF-KIN.—The term "next-of-kin", 7 with respect to an individual, means a person in the 8 highest eategory of priority in relation to that indi-9 vidual, as determined in accordance with the fol-10 lowing (in descending order of priority): 11 (A) A legal spouse of the individual. 12 (B) A child (whether by current or prior 13 marriage) aged 18 years or older of the indi-14 vidual, in descending order of precedence by 15 age. 16 (C) The father or mother of the individual. 17 unless custody has been vested by court order 18 in another individual, with an adoptive parent 19 taking precedence over a natural parent. 20 (D) A sibling (whether whole or half) aged 21 18 years or older of the individual, in descend-22 ing order of precedence by age. 23 (E) A grandfather or grandmother of the 24 individual.

1	(F) Any other relative of the individual,
2	with the order of precedence to be determined
3	in accordance with the civil laws of descent of
4	the State of domicile of the individual at time
5	of death.
6	(2) Program.—The term "program" means
7	the Wildland Fire Management Casualty Assistance
8	Program established under subsection (b).
9	(b) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days after
10	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
11	Interior shall establish a program, to be known as the
12	"Wildland Fire Management Casualty Assistance Pro-
13	gram", to provide assistance to the next-of-kin of—
14	(1) firefighters who, while in the line of duty—
15	(A) are killed;
16	(B) are critically injured; or
17	(C) suffer illness as a result of an exposure
18	or incident occurring during that line of duty;
19	and
20	(2) wildland fire support personnel who are
21	killed or critically injured in the line of duty.
22	(e) ELEMENTS.—The program shall address each of
23	the following:

1	(1) The initial, and any subsequent, notification
2	to the next-of-kin of firefighters or wildland fire sup-
3	port personnel who—
4	(A) are killed in the line of duty; or
5	(B) require hospitalization or treatment at
6	a medical facility due to a line-of-duty injury or
7	illness.
8	(2) The reimbursement of next-of-kin for ex-
9	penses associated with travel to visit firefighters or
10	wildland fire support personnel who—
11	(A) are killed in the line of duty; or
12	(B) require hospitalization or treatment at
13	a medical facility due to a line-of-duty injury or
14	illness.
15	(3) The qualifications, assignment, training, du-
16	ties, supervision, and accountability for the perform-
17	ance of easualty assistance responsibilities.
18	(4) The relief or transfer of easualty assistance
19	officers, including notification to survivors of critical
20	injury or illness in the line of duty of the reassign-
21	ment of those officers to other duties.
22	(5) Centralized short-term and long-term case
23	management procedures for casualty assistance, in-
24	eluding rapid access to expert case managers and
25	counselors by—

1	(A) survivors of firefighters or wildland
2	fire support personnel; and
3	(B) easualty assistance officers.
4	(6) The provision, through a computer-acces-
5	sible website and other means and at no cost to sur-
6	vivors or next-of-kin of firefighters or wildland fire
7	support personnel, of personalized, integrated infor-
8	mation relating to Federal benefits and Federal fi-
9	nancial assistance available to those survivors and
10	next-of-kin.
11	(7) The provision to survivors and next-of-kin
12	of firefighters or wildland fire support personnel of
13	information relating to mechanisms for registering
14	complaints about, or requests for, additional assist-
15	ance related to casualty assistance.
16	(8) Liaison with the Department of Agriculture,
17	the Department of Justice, and the Social Security
18	Administration to ensure prompt and accurate reso-
19	lution of issues relating to benefits administered by
20	those agencies for survivors of firefighters or
21	wildland fire support personnel.
22	(9) Data collection, in consultation with the
23	United States Fire Administration and the National
24	Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, re-
25	garding the incidence and quality of casualty assist-

- 1 ance provided to survivors and next-of-kin of fire-
- 2 fighters or wildland fire support personnel.
- 3 (d) No Effect on Other Line-of-Duty Death
- 4 Benefits.—The program shall not affect any existing au-
- 5 thority for line-of-duty death benefits for Federal fire-
- 6 fighters or wildland fire support personnel.
- 7 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 8 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Fix
- 9 Our Forests Act".
- 10 (b) Table of Contents for
- 11 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—LANDSCAPE-SCALE RESTORATION

- Subtitle A—Addressing Emergency Wildfire Risks in High-priority Firesheds
- Sec. 101. Designation of fireshed management areas.
- Sec. 102. Wildland Fire Intelligence Center.
- Sec. 103. Fireshed Registry.
- Sec. 104. Shared stewardship.
- Sec. 105. Fireshed assessments.
- Sec. 106. Emergency fireshed management.
- Sec. 107. Study on the impacts of fireshed management projects on wildfire risk to communities and wildlife habitat.
- Sec. 108. Sunset.

Subtitle B—Expanding Collaborative Tools to Reduce Wildfire Risk and Improve Forest Health

- Sec. 111. Modification of treatment of certain revenue and payments under good neighbor agreements.
- Sec. 112. Fixing stewardship end result contracting.
- Sec. 113. Fireshed management project strike teams.
- Sec. 114. Locally led restoration.
- Sec. 115. Joint Chiefs Landscape Restoration Partnership Program.
- Sec. 116. Collaborative forest landscape restoration program.
- Sec. 117. Utilizing grazing for wildfire risk reduction.
- Sec. 118. Water Source Protection Program.
- Sec. 119. Watershed Condition Framework technical corrections.
- Sec. 120. Tribal forest protection management activities and projects.
- Sec. 121. Establishment of regional wildland fire research centers.

- Sec. 122. Contracts, grants, and agreements to carry out certain ecosystem restoration activities.
- Sec. 123. Reforestation of land destroyed by Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire.
- Sec. 124. Contract preference for local contractors for certain hazardous fuel reduction projects.

Subtitle C—Litigation Reform

- Sec. 131. Litigation reform.
- Sec. 132. Consultation on forest plans.

Subtitle D—Prescribed Fire

- Sec. 141. Prescribed fire eligible activities, policies, and practices.
- Sec. 142. Human resources.
- Sec. 143. Liability of prescribed fire managers.
- Sec. 144. Environmental review.
- Sec. 145. Cooperative agreements and contracts for prescribed fire.
- Sec. 146. Facilitating responsible use of prescribed fire.

TITLE II—PROTECTING COMMUNITIES AT RISK

Subtitle A—Community Wildfire Risk Reduction

- Sec. 201. Community Wildfire Risk Reduction Program.
- Sec. 202. Community Wildfire Defense Research Program.
- Sec. 203. Community wildfire defense grant program improvements.
- Sec. 204. Updated definition of at-risk community.

Subtitle B—Vegetation Management, Reforestation, and Local Fire Risk Mitigation

- Sec. 211. Vegetation management, facility inspection, and operation and maintenance relating to electric transmission and distribution facility rights-of-way.
- Sec. 212. Fire-safe electrical corridors.
- Sec. 213. Categorical exclusion for high-priority hazard trees.
- Sec. 214. Seeds of Success strategy.
- Sec. 215. Program to support priority reforestation and restoration projects.
- Sec. 216. Reforestation, nurseries, and genetic resources support.
- Sec. 217. Fire department repayment.

TITLE III—TRANSPARENCY, TECHNOLOGY, AND PARTNERSHIPS

Subtitle A—Transparency and Technology

- Sec. 301. Biochar innovations and opportunities for conservation, health, and advancements in research.
- Sec. 302. Accurate hazardous fuels reduction reports.
- Sec. 303. Public-private wildfire technology deployment and demonstration partnership.
- Sec. 304. GAO study on Forest Service policies.
- Sec. 305. Keeping forest plans current and monitored.
- Sec. 306. Container Aerial Firefighting System.
- Sec. 307. Study on pine beetle infestation.
- Sec. 308. Study on wildfire smoke.

Subtitle B—White Oak Resilience

- Sec. 311. White Oak Restoration Initiative Coalition.
- Sec. 312. Forest Service pilot program.
- Sec. 313. Department of the Interior white oak review and restoration.
- Sec. 314. White oak regeneration and upland oak habitat.
- Sec. 315. Tree nursery shortages.
- Sec. 316. White oak research.
- Sec. 317. National Institute of Food and Agriculture.
- Sec. 318. USDA formal initiative.
- Sec. 319. Use of authorities.

TITLE IV—ENSURING CASUALTY ASSISTANCE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Sec. 401. Wildland Fire Management Casualty Assistance Program.

TITLE V—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 501. Use of funds from cooperative funds agreements.
- Sec. 502. Emergency forest watershed program.
- Sec. 503. Improving the Emergency Conservation Program.
- Sec. 504. Improving the Emergency Forest Restoration Program.
- Sec. 505. Establishment of a unified disaster assistance intake process and system.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act:
- 3 (1) End water user.—The term "end water
- 4 user" has the meaning given the term in section
- 5 303(a) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003
- 6 (16 U.S.C. 6542(a)).
- 7 (2) Executive director.—The term "Execu-
- 8 tive Director" means the Executive Director of the
- 9 Wildland Fire Intelligence Center appointed under
- 10 section 102(q).
- 11 (3) Fireshed.—The term "fireshed" means a
- 12 landscape-scale area, as delineated using methods de-
- 13 veloped through research conducted by the Forest
- 14 Service, that represents similar source levels of com-
- 15 munity exposure to wildfire.

1	(4) Fireshed management area.—The term
2	"fireshed management area" means a fireshed man-
3	$agement \ area \ designated \ under \ section \ 101(a).$
4	(5) Fireshed management project.—The
5	term "fireshed management project" means any of the
6	following forest or vegetation management activities:
7	(A) A hazardous fuels management activity.
8	(B) Creating a fuel break or fire break.
9	(C) Removing hazard trees, dead trees, or
10	dying trees, as determined by a certified or li-
11	censed arborist or forester under the supervision
12	of the Secretary concerned.
13	(D) Developing, approving, or conducting
14	routine maintenance under—
15	(i) a vegetation management, facility
16	inspection, and operation and maintenance
17	plan under subsection (c) of section 512 of
18	the Federal Land Policy and Management
19	Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772); or
20	(ii) an agreement under subsection
21	(d)(1) of that section (43 U.S.C. 1772).
22	(E) Removing trees to address overstocking
23	or crowding in a forest stand, consistent with
24	achieving the appropriate basal area of the forest
25	stand, as determined by a responsible official.

1	(F) Using treatments to address insects or
2	disease or to control vegetation competition or
3	invasive species.
4	(G) A wet-meadow, floodplain, or riparian
5	restoration activity that increases wildfire resist-
6	ance.
7	(H) A forest stand improvement activity
8	necessary to protect life and property from cata-
9	strophic wildfire, as determined by a responsible
10	official.
11	(I) Any combination of activities described
12	in this paragraph.
13	(6) Fireshed registry.—The term "Fireshed
14	Registry" means the registry established under section
15	103(a).
16	(7) Forest plan.—The term "forest plan"
17	means—
18	(A) a land use plan prepared by the Bureau
19	of Land Management for public land pursuant
20	to section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and
21	Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712);
22	(B) a land management plan prepared by
23	the Forest Service for a unit of the National For-
24	est Sustem pursuant to section 6 of the Forest

1	and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning
2	Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604); and
3	(C) a forest management plan (as defined
4	in section 304 of the National Indian Forest Re-
5	sources Management Act (25 U.S.C. 3103)) with
6	respect to Indian forest land or rangeland.
7	(8) GOVERNOR.—The term "Governor" means
8	the Governor or other appropriate executive official
9	of—
10	(A) a State; or
11	(B) an Indian Tribe.
12	(9) Hazardous fuels management activ-
13	ITY.—The term 'hazardous fuels management activ-
14	ity" means a vegetation management activity, or any
15	combination of such activities, that reduces the risk of
16	wildfire, including mechanical thinning, mastication,
17	prescribed burning, cultural burning (as determined
18	by an Indian Tribe), timber harvest, and grazing.
19	(10) HFRA TERMS.—The terms "at-risk commu-
20	nity", "community wildfire protection plan", and
21	"wildland-urban interface" have the meanings given
22	those terms in section 101 of the Healthy Forests Res-
23	toration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6511).

1	(11) Indian forest land or rangeland.—The
2	term "Indian forest land or rangeland" means land
3	that—
4	(A) is held in trust, or subject to a restric-
5	tion against alienation, by the United States for
6	an Indian Tribe or a member of an Indian
7	Tribe; and
8	(B)(i) is Indian forest land (as defined in
9	section 304 of the National Indian Forest Re-
10	sources Management Act (25 U.S.C. 3103)); or
11	(ii)(I) has a cover of grasses, brush, or any
12	similar vegetation; or
13	(II) formerly had a forest cover or vegeta-
14	tive cover that is capable of restoration.
15	(12) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
16	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the In-
17	dian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
18	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
19	(13) National forest system.—The term
20	"National Forest System" has the meaning given the
21	term in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland
22	Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
23	$U.S.C.\ 1609(a)).$
24	(14) Public Land.—The term "public land"
25	means—

1	(A) public lands (as defined in section 103
2	of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act
3	of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702));
4	(B) the land reconveyed to the United
5	States pursuant to the first section of the Act of
6	February 26, 1919 (40 Stat. 1179, chapter 47)
7	(commonly known as "Coos Bay Wagon Road
8	Grant lands") under the jurisdiction of the Sec-
9	retary of the Interior; and
10	(C) the land revested in the United States
11	by the Act of June 9, 1916 (39 Stat. 218, chapter
12	137) (commonly known as "Oregon and Cali-
13	fornia Railroad Grant lands") under the juris-
14	diction of the Secretary of the Interior.
15	(15) Relevant committees of congress.—
16	The term "relevant committees of Congress" means—
17	(A) in the Senate—
18	(i) the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
19	trition, and Forestry;
20	(ii) the Committee on Energy and Nat-
21	ural Resources;
22	(iii) the Committee on Indian Affairs;
23	and
24	(iv) the Committee on Homeland Secu-
25	rity and Governmental Affairs; and

1	(B) in the House of Representatives—
2	(i) the Committee on Agriculture; and
3	(ii) the Committee on Natural Re-
4	sources.
5	(16) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
6	means—
7	(A) the Secretary; and
8	(B) the Secretary of the Interior.
9	(17) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
10	the Secretary of Agriculture.
11	(18) Secretary concerned.—The term "Sec-
12	retary concerned" means—
13	(A) the Secretary, with respect to National
14	Forest System land; and
15	(B) the Secretary of the Interior, with re-
16	spect to public land.
17	(19) Special district.—The term "special dis-
18	trict" means a political subdivision of a State that—
19	(A) has significant budgetary autonomy or
20	control;
21	(B) was established by, or pursuant to, the
22	laws of the State for the purpose of performing
23	a limited and specific governmental or propri-
24	etary function primarily relating to forest, wa-

1	tershed, or rangeland management or water sup-
2	ply; and
3	(C) is distinct from any other unit of local
4	government within the State.
5	(20) State.—The term "State" means—
6	(A) each of the several States;
7	(B) the District of Columbia; and
8	(C) each territory of the United States.
9	TITLE I—LANDSCAPE-SCALE
10	RESTORATION
11	Subtitle A-Addressing Emergency
12	Wildfire Risks in High-priority
13	Firesheds
14	SEC. 101. DESIGNATION OF FIRESHED MANAGEMENT
15	AREAS.
16	(a) Designations.—
17	(1) Initial fireshed designations.—For the
18	5-year period beginning on the date of enactment of
19	this Act, the firesheds of the United States shall com-
20	prise—
21	(A) the 7,688 firesheds described in the re-
22	port published by the Rocky Mountain Research
23	Station of the Forest Service in 2021; and
24	(B) the additional 1,262 firesheds in the
25	States of Alaska and Hawaii and the territories

1	of the United States designated by the Secretary
2	in the same manner as the firesheds designated
3	in the report described in subparagraph (A).

- (2) Initial fireshed management areas:
 - (A) Each landscape-scale fireshed identified as a "high-risk fireshed" in the document published by the Forest Service entitled "Wildfire Crisis Strategy", dated January 2022, and expanded in 2023.
 - (B) The top 20 percent of firesheds in the continental United States, and the top 25 percent of firesheds in the continental United States if the fireshed has a historical presence of Picea glauca var. densata, identified by the Secretary for wildfire exposure based on the following criteria:

1	(i) Wildfire exposure and cor-
2	responding risk to communities, including
3	risk to life, critical infrastructure, and other
4	structures.
5	(ii) Wildfire exposure and cor-
6	responding risk to municipal watersheds,
7	including Tribal water supplies and sys-
8	tems.
9	(3) Initial designations in Alaska, hawaii,
10	AND TERRITORIES.—Not later than 30 days after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall des-
12	ignate in the States of Alaska and Hawaii and the
13	territories of the United States such additional
14	fireshed management areas as the Secretary deter-
15	mines to be appropriate, based on the criteria de-
16	scribed in clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (2)(B).
17	(4) Map-based updated designations.—
18	(A) Map of firesheds.—Not later than 5
19	years after the date of enactment of this Act, and
20	not less frequently than once every 5 years there-
21	after, the Secretary, in consultation with the Sec-
22	retary of the Interior, shall submit to the rel-
23	evant committees of Congress an updated map of
24	the firesheds of the United States, which shall—

1	(i) be based on the Fireshed Registry;
2	and
3	(ii) include firesheds in the States of
4	Alaska and Hawaii and the territories of
5	the United States.
6	(B) Fireshed management areas.—Not
7	later than 60 days after submitting an updated
8	fireshed map under subparagraph (A), the Sec-
9	retary shall update the designations of fireshed
10	management areas to reflect firesheds depicted on
11	that map that the Secretary, in consultation
12	with the Secretary of the Interior, identifies as
13	being in the top 20 percent of firesheds at risk
14	of wildfire exposure based on the criteria de-
15	scribed in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of sec-
16	tion 103(a)(3) and in accordance with this sec-
17	tion.
18	(C) Publication.—The Secretary shall
19	make each updated map prepared under this
20	paragraph publicly available on the Fireshed
21	Registry.
22	(5) Land location and content.—A fireshed
23	management area designated under this subsection—
24	(A) shall not overlap with any other
25	fireshed management area; and

1	(B) may contain Federal and non-Federal
2	land, including Indian forest land or rangeland.
3	(6) Combining multiple firesheds.—The
4	Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the
5	Interior, if applicable, may expand a fireshed man-
6	agement area designated under this subsection to in-
7	clude more than 1 fireshed that is designated as a
8	fireshed management area under the applicable cri-
9	teria described in this section.
10	(b) USE.—The Secretary concerned may carry out
11	fireshed management projects on the fireshed management
12	areas designated under this section.
13	(c) Applicability of NEPA.—The designation of a
14	fireshed management area under this section shall not be
15	subject to the requirements of the National Environmental
16	Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
17	SEC. 102. WILDLAND FIRE INTELLIGENCE CENTER.
18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) BOARD.—The term "Board" means the
20	Board of Directors governing the Center appointed
21	under subsection (f).
22	(2) Center.—The term "Center" means the
23	Wildland Fire Intelligence Center established under
24	subsection (b).

- 1 (3) Federal science agency; institution of 2 HIGHER EDUCATION; LAND-GRANT COLLEGES AND 3 UNIVERSITIES; REGIONAL CENTER; WILDLAND FIRE; 4 WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT AGENCIES; WILDLAND 5 FIRE RESEARCH.—The terms "Federal science agency", "institution of higher education", "land-grant 6 7 colleges and universities". "regional center". 8 "wildland fire", "wildland fire management agencies", and "wildland fire research" have the meanings 9 10 given those terms in section 121(a).
- 11 (4) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term "Na-12 tional Laboratory" has the meaning given that term 13 in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 14 U.S.C. 15801).
- 15 (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the 16 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall establish 17 a joint office, to be known as the "Wildland Fire Intel-18 ligence Center", to serve Federal and non-Federal entities 19 through the functions described in subsection (d).
- 20 (c) Headquarters.—Not later than 1 year after the 21 date of enactment of this Act, the Board shall select from 22 within the United States a permanent location for the phys-23 ical headquarters of the Center.
- 24 (d) Functions.—The functions of the Center shall in-25 clude the following:

1	(1) Providing real-time, science-based, and data-
2	rich scientific and technical analytical services, mod-
3	eling, monitoring, mapping, decision support, and
4	predictive services across all phases of fire to inform
5	land and fuels management (including prescribed
6	fire), pre-fire community and built environment risk
7	reduction, active fire management and emergency re-
8	sponse, and post-fire recovery in the built and nat-
9	ural environments.
10	(2) Providing, disseminating, procuring, if com-
11	mercially available, and combining existing data,

- (2) Providing, disseminating, procuring, if commercially available, and combining existing data, mapping, technological, and consultation services to support pre-, active, and post-fire activities at the local, State, and national levels, including—
 - (A) creating and maintaining a real-time nationwide risk catalog, including the Fireshed Registry;
 - (B) assisting with the creation of evacuation plans, public safety power shutoff plans, and wildfire mitigation and response strategies or plans (including built environment mitigation plans and community wildfire protection plans) for at-risk communities;
 - (C) providing decision support and gridded and point data forecast and assessment products

1	in support of operational and planning activi-
2	ties, including the pre-positioning of wildfire
3	suppression personnel and assets based on real-
4	$time ext{-}risk;$
5	(D) assisting with the safe and effective use
6	of prescribed fire; and
7	(E) developing a real-time data interface to
8	assist and inform, in real time, firefighters, first
9	responders, and approved contractors in respond-
10	ing to wildfires.
11	(3) Consolidating air quality monitoring and
12	forecasting data, including utilizing existing Federal
13	programs, as appropriate, to help inform risks to
14	public health and protect the public from smoke im-
15	pacts associated with wildfires, including providing
16	planning guidance for safe and effective beneficial fire
17	opportunities to prevent the risk of wildfires.
18	(4) Establishing information technology and
19	data interoperability through—
20	(A) the development of common data stand-
21	ards to protect confidential information;
22	(B) comprehensive searchable data inven-
23	tories;

1	(C) working with Tribal governments in
2	nation-to-nation partnerships, with protections
3	for Tribal data sovereignty;
4	(D) the integration and sharing of informa-
5	tion and resources of the Federal Government,
6	States, local governments, and participating In-
7	dian Tribes, as determined by Tribal govern-
8	ments, to support the essential functions of the
9	Center; and
10	(E) regular updates and maintenance of re-
11	search and technology essential to achieving the
12	core functions of the Center, including the eval-
13	uation of new and competing models as those
14	models become available.
15	(5) Coordinating with the National Wildfire Co-
16	ordinating Group, as requested, to develop and im-
17	prove wildfire preparedness curricula and training
18	modules for States, Indian Tribes, and local officials,
19	including emergency managers and responders.
20	(6) Administering the pilot program established
21	under section 303 and streamlining procurement
22	processes for technologies identified under that pilot
23	program and technology systems related to addressing
24	wildfire and smoke for purposes of scaling such tech-

nologies and systems across Federal agencies.

State agencies, and entities in the private sector to
improve fire environment monitoring, forecasting,
communication, and response that may be essential to
the core functions of the Center, if the Executive Di-
rector determines that the engagement is appropriate,
beneficial, and cost-effective.
(8)(A) Establishing wildland fire science, data
management and sharing protocols, and technological
research priorities in cooperation with each regional
center informed by the operational needs of wildland
fire management agencies.
(B) Coordinating data collection efforts sup-
porting the efforts of each regional center, including—
(i) building data layers across each region
described in section $121(c)(3)(B)$;
(ii) ensuring data collection and reporting
across each region described in section
121(c)(3)(B) is consistent and standardized; and
(iii) providing updates on the development
of wildland fire research models.
(C) Ensuring the coordination of, and avoid un-
(C) Ensuring the coordination of, and avoid un- necessary duplication of, the activities of the regional

cation, land-grant colleges and universities, Federal

1	science agencies, and State research organizations
2	with respect to wildland fire research, including—
3	(i) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
4	Administration;
5	(ii) the National Science Foundation;
6	(iii) the National Laboratories;
7	(iv) the National Aeronautics and Space
8	Administration;
9	(v) the Environmental Protection Agency;
10	(vi) the United States Fire Administration;
11	(vii) the United States Geological Survey;
12	(viii) the research and development pro-
13	gram of the Forest Service;
14	(ix) the interagency Joint Fire Science Pro-
15	gram;
16	(x) the Department of Defense Strategic En-
17	vironmental Research and Development Pro-
18	gram; and
19	(xi) any other relevant entity with special-
20	ized expertise in wildland fire research.
21	(D) Supporting end-to-end applications that as-
22	sist wildland fire management agencies in adopting
23	technologies and incorporating research findings pro-
24	duced by the regional centers.
25	(e) Center Funding.—

1	(1) In general.—To carry out the functions of
2	the Center, the Secretaries may transfer funds pro-
3	vided to establish, and carry out the duties of, the
4	Center among—
5	(A) the Forest Service, from amounts made
6	available for Wildland Fire Management;
7	(B) the Department of the Interior, from
8	amounts made available for Wildland Fire Man-
9	agement; and
10	(C) the United States Geological Survey.
11	(2) Interagency financing.—Notwithstanding
12	section 708 of the Financial Services and General
13	Government Appropriations Act, 2023 (Public Law
14	117–328; 136 Stat. 4706), or any other, similar pro-
15	vision of law, interagency financing may be used to
16	fund the Center.
17	(3) Notice required.—Not later than 15 days
18	before transferring funds under paragraph (1) or (2),
19	the Secretary or the Secretary of the Interior, as ap-
20	plicable, shall submit to the Committee on Appropria-
21	tions of the Senate and the Committee on Appropria-
22	tions of the House of Representatives a notice of the
23	proposed transfer.
24	(f) Board.—

1	(1) Membership.—The Center shall be governed
2	by a Board of Directors, to be composed of 18 mem-
3	bers, as follows:
4	(A) 1 member who is a career employee of
5	the Department of Agriculture, to be appointed
6	by the Secretary.
7	(B) 1 member who is a career employee of
8	the research and development areas of the Forest
9	Service, to be appointed by the Chief of the For-
10	est Service.
11	(C) 1 member who is a career employee in
12	fire and aviation management of the Forest
13	Service, to be appointed by the Chief of the For-
14	est Service.
15	(D) 1 member who is a career employee of
16	the Department of the Interior, to be appointed
17	by the Secretary of the Interior.
18	(E) 1 member who is a career employee of
19	the Bureau of Land Management, to be ap-
20	pointed by the Director of the Bureau of Land
21	Management.
22	(F) 1 member who is a career employee of
23	the Bureau of Indian Affairs, to be appointed by
24	the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs.

1	(G) 1 member who is a career employee of
2	the National Park Service, to be appointed by
3	the Director of the National Park Service.
4	(H) 1 member who is a career employee of
5	the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, to
6	be appointed by the Director of the United States
7	Fish and Wildlife Service.
8	(I) 1 member who is a career employee of
9	the United States Geological Survey, to be ap-
10	pointed by the Director of the United States Geo-
11	logical Survey.
12	(J) 1 member who is a career employee of
13	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
14	tration, to be appointed by the Administrator of
15	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
16	tration.
17	(K) 1 member who is a career employee of
18	the National Weather Service, to be appointed by
19	the Director of the National Weather Service.
20	(L) 1 member who is a career employee of
21	the Federal Emergency Management Agency, to
22	be appointed by the Administrator of the Federal
23	Emergency Management Agency.
24	(M) 1 member who is a career employee of
25	the United States Fire Administration, to be ap-

1	pointed by the Administrator of the United
2	States Fire Administration.
3	(N) 1 member who is a career employee of
4	the Department of Defense, to be appointed by
5	the Secretary of Defense.
6	(O) 1 member who is a career employee of
7	the National Science Foundation, to be ap-
8	pointed by the Director of the National Science
9	Foundation.
10	(P) 1 member who is a career employee of
11	the National Aeronautics and Space Administra-
12	tion, to be appointed by the Administrator of the
13	National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
14	(Q) 1 member who is an elected leader of a
15	Tribal government or an expert in wildfire man-
16	agement designated by a Tribal government.
17	(R) 1 member representing State forestry
18	agencies, to be appointed by the Secretaries.
19	(2) TERMS.—
20	(A) In general.—The term of a member of
21	the Board shall be 3 years, except that, of the
22	members first appointed—
23	(i) 1/3 shall serve for a term of 4 years;
24	(ii) $^{1}/_{3}$ shall serve for a term of 3 years;
25	and

1	(iii) 1 /3 shall serve for a term of 2
2	years.
3	(B) Additional terms.—After the initial
4	term of a member of the Board, including the
5	members first appointed, the member may serve
6	not more than 3 additional 3-year terms, except
7	that a member initially appointed to a serve a
8	term of 4 years may serve not more than 2 addi-
9	tional 3-year terms.
10	(3) Chairperson.—The Chairperson of the
11	Board—
12	(A) shall be selected by the members of the
13	Board from among the members appointed under
14	subparagraphs (B), (I), and (J) of $paragraph$
15	(1);
16	(B) shall serve for a term of 1 year; and
17	(C) may be reselected as Chairperson not
18	more than twice.
19	(4) Majority vote.—A voting consensus by the
20	Board shall be not less than a 2/3 majority vote of the
21	members present.
22	(5) Nonvoting status.—At the discretion of the
23	Board, the Board may include nonvoting observers to
24	$the\ Board.$
25	(g) Executive Director.—

1	(1) In general.—The Center shall have an Ex-
2	ecutive Director, who shall—
3	(A) be appointed by, and serve at the direc-
4	tion of, the Board; and
5	(B) be responsible for the management and
6	operation of the Center.
7	(2) Contracting authority.—The Executive
8	Director may enter into and perform contracts, agree-
9	ments, memoranda of understanding, or other, simi-
10	lar transactions, as the Executive Director determines
11	to be appropriate to carry out the functions of the
12	Center described in subsection (d).
13	(h) Detailes.—The Secretary and the Secretary of
14	the Interior may detail or assign to the Center such employ-
15	ees of the Department of Agriculture and the Department
16	of the Interior, respectively, as the Secretaries determine to
17	be necessary to carry out the duties of the Center.
18	(i) Coordination With Other Agencies and Enti-
19	TIES.—To carry out the functions of the Center described
20	in subsection (d), the Board shall coordinate with agencies
21	represented on the Board and other relevant entities, includ-
22	ing—
23	(1) the National Wildfire Coordinating Group;
24	and

1	(2) any relevant Federal agency, State, Indian
2	Tribe, local government, or nongovernmental entity
3	that is representative of an element of the wildland
4	fire community.
5	(j) Operational Plan.—
6	(1) In General.—Not later than 180 days after
7	the appointment of the Executive Director, the Execu-
8	tive Director shall submit to the relevant committees
9	of Congress an initial operational plan describing—
10	(A) the structure of the Center;
11	(B) staffing and funding needs of the Cen-
12	ter;
13	(C) technological capabilities within the De-
14	partment of Agriculture, the Department of the
15	Interior, and the other Federal departments and
16	agencies comprising the Board that are available
17	to the Center;
18	(D) an assessment of the potential of com-
19	mercially available technologies to perform the
20	functions of the Center, together with the costs
21	and timelines of procuring those technologies or
22	$developing\ relevant\ capabilities;$
23	(E) an assessment of—

1	(i) existing contracting authorities of
2	the Executive Director to be used for pur-
3	poses of subsection $(g)(2)$; and
4	(ii) new contracting authorities needed;
5	and
6	(F) a timeline for full operational func-
7	tioning of the Center.
8	(2) Inclusions.—The plan under paragraph (1)
9	shall include estimated costs, key milestones, coordi-
10	nation strategies with Federal, State, and private en-
11	tities, and recommendations for ensuring the effective
12	operation of the Center.
13	(3) UPDATES.—The Executive Director shall up-
14	date the plan not less frequently than annually to re-
15	flect progress, adjustments in funding, and the adop-
16	tion of new technologies.
17	(k) Pilot Program to Monitor Wildfires by Sat-
18	ELLITE.—The Secretary, acting through the Chief of the
19	Forest Service, in partnership with the Secretary of the In-
20	terior, acting through the Director of the United States Geo-
21	logical Survey, and with the Executive Director, shall estab-
22	lish a pilot program—
23	(1) to purchase and integrate, through a public-
24	private partnership, data from the latest-generation of
25	wildfire monitoring satellites that provide monitoring

1	of active fire behavior, including fire perimeters,
2	burned area, intensity, severity, and the detection of
3	fires with a low false-positive rate;
4	(2) to use the data acquired under paragraph
5	(1), and any analyses relating to that data—
6	(A) to detect, assess, respond to, and man-
7	age wildfires and rangeland fires; and
8	(B) to ensure the safety and effectiveness of
9	prescribed fire treatments;
10	(3) to develop information-sharing partnerships
11	with State, local, and Tribal emergency managers,
12	foresters, or other equivalent officials—
13	(A) to improve State, local, and Tribal
14	wildfire monitoring, response, and analysis; and
15	(B) to provide to the Executive Director an
16	operational plan for scaling the pilot program
17	across the United States; and
18	(4) under which the Secretary of the Interior
19	shall have the authority to enter into other trans-
20	actions to leverage satellite-based wildfire monitoring
21	capabilities.
22	(1) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
23	affects the ownership of any data source.

1 SEC. 103. FIRESHED REGISTRY.

2	(a) Establishment.—The Secretaries, acting through
3	the Executive Director, shall establish and maintain, on a
4	publicly accessible website, a registry, to be known as the
5	"Fireshed Registry", that provides interactive geospatial
6	data relating to individual firesheds, including information
7	relating to—
8	(1) wildland fire exposure, delineated by—
9	(A) ownership, including rights-of-way for
10	utilities and other public or private purposes;
11	and
12	(B) administrative or management respon-
13	sibility;
14	(2) any hazardous fuels management activities
15	that have occurred within an individual fireshed dur-
16	ing the preceding 10 years;
17	(3) wildland fire exposure with respect to a
18	fireshed, delineated by—
19	(A) wildfire exposure and corresponding
20	risk to communities, including risk to life, crit-
21	ical infrastructure, and other structures;
22	(B) wildfire exposure and corresponding
23	risk to municipal watersheds, including Tribal
24	water supplies and systems; and
25	(C) risk of vegetation type conversion due to
26	wild fire;

1	(4) the percentage of a fireshed burned in wild-
2	fire during the preceding 10 years, including, to the
3	extent practicable, delineations of acres that have
4	burned at a high severity;
5	(5) spatial patterns of wildfire exposure, includ-
6	ing plausible extreme fire events; and
7	(6) any hazardous fuels management activities
8	scheduled for a fireshed, including fireshed manage-
9	ment projects.
10	(b) Community Wildfire Protection Plans.—The
11	Executive Director shall make data from the Fireshed Reg-
12	istry available to local communities developing or updating
13	community wildfire protection plans.
14	(c) Maintenance.—As part of the website containing
15	the Fireshed Registry, the Executive Director shall—
16	(1) publish fireshed assessments conducted under
17	section 105; and
18	(2) maintain a searchable database to track—
19	(A) the status of Federal environmental re-
20	views, permits, and authorizations for fireshed
21	management projects, including—
22	(i) a comprehensive permitting time-
23	table;
24	(ii) the status of the compliance of each
25	lead agency, cooperating agency, and par-

1	ticipating agency with the permitting time-
2	table with respect to fireshed management
3	projects;
4	(iii) any required modifications of the
5	permitting timetable under clause (i), in-
6	cluding an explanation regarding why the
7	permitting timetable was modified; and
8	(iv) information regarding any public
9	meetings, public hearings, and public com-
10	ment periods relating to a fireshed manage-
11	ment project, as that information becomes
12	available, which shall be presented in—
13	(I) English; and
14	(II) the predominant language of
15	each community that is most affected
16	by the fireshed management project, as
17	$that\ information\ becomes\ available;$
18	(B) the projected cost of fireshed manage-
19	ment projects; and
20	(C) in the case of a completed fireshed man-
21	agement project, the estimated effectiveness of the
22	fireshed management project in—
23	(i) reducing the wildfire exposure with-
24	in the applicable fireshed, including wild-

1	fire exposure described in subparagraphs
2	(A) through (C) of subsection (a)(3); and
3	(ii) increasing the resilience of wildlife
4	habitats, including habitat for species listed
5	as threatened or endangered under the En-
6	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
7	1531 et seq.).
8	(d) Incorporation of Existing Assessments and
9	Data.—In carrying out this section, the Executive Director
10	shall incorporate any assessments completed or data gath-
11	ered through existing partnerships, to the extent practicable.
12	(e) Applicability of NEPA.—The establishment and
13	maintenance of the Fireshed Registry under this section
14	shall not be subject to the requirements of the National En-
15	vironmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
16	SEC. 104. SHARED STEWARDSHIP.
17	(a) Joint Agreements.—The Secretary concerned
18	shall seek to use an existing shared stewardship agreement,
19	modify an existing shared stewardship agreement, or enter
20	into a similar agreement with the Governor of each State
21	and Indian Tribe that contains a fireshed management
22	area designated under section 101(a)—
23	(1) to promote the reduction of wildfire exposure,
24	based on the criteria described in section 103(a)(3),

1	in fireshed management areas across jurisdictional
2	boundaries; and
3	(2) to conduct fireshed assessments under section
4	105.
5	(b) Adjustment of Boundaries and Updates to
6	AGREEMENTS.—With respect to an agreement under sub-
7	section (a), the Secretary concerned, on request of the appli-
8	cable Governor, may—
9	(1) adjust the boundaries of any applicable
10	fireshed management area to include additional areas
11	from within a separate fireshed management area
12	designated under section 101; and
13	(2) update the agreement to address any new
14	wildfire threats.
15	(c) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretaries
16	may enter into cooperative agreements with units of local
17	government, special districts, end water users, nongovern-
18	mental organizations, institutions of higher education, Na-
19	tive Hawaiian organizations (as defined in section 6207
20	of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965
21	(20 U.S.C. 7517)), and other entities, at the discretion of
22	the applicable Secretary to carry out the activities described
23	in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a)

1 SEC. 105. FIRESHED ASSESSMENTS.

2	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
3	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned, in
4	cooperation with the Governor with whom the Secretary
5	concerned enters into an agreement under section 104(a),
6	if applicable, shall conduct a fireshed assessment in accord-
7	ance with this section with respect to each fireshed manage-
8	ment area designated in the applicable State or area of
9	Tribal land.
10	(b) Requirements.—
11	(1) In General.—Each fireshed assessment
12	under subsection (a) shall—
13	(A) identify—
14	(i) using the best available science,
15	wildfire exposure risks within the applicable
16	fireshed management area, including sce-
17	nario planning and wildfire hazard map-
18	ping and models; and
19	(ii) each at-risk community within the
20	fireshed management area;
21	(B) identify the types of fireshed manage-
22	ment projects that could benefit the fireshed
23	management area, with an emphasis on reduc-
24	ing—

1	(i) wildfire exposure and corresponding
2	risk to communities, including risk to life,
3	critical infrastructure, and other structures;
4	(ii) wildfire exposure and cor-
5	responding risk to municipal watersheds,
6	including Tribal water supplies and sys-
7	tems;
8	(iii) risk of vegetation type conversion
9	due to wildfire;
10	(iv) wildfire risk for wildlife habitats,
11	including habitat for species listed as
12	threatened or endangered under the Endan-
13	gered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531
14	$et \ seq.);$
15	(v) wildfire risk to resources of an In-
16	dian Tribe, as defined by the Indian Tribe;
17	or
18	(vi) any combination of purposes de-
19	scribed in clauses (i) through (v); and
20	(C) include, with respect to the applicable
21	fireshed management area—
22	(i) a strategy for reducing the threat of
23	wildfire—

1	(I) to protect at-risk communities
2	in the wildland-urban interface on
3	Federal and non-Federal land;
4	(II) to improve the effectiveness of
5	wildfire firefighting, particularly the
6	effectiveness of fuels treatments that
7	would improve wildfire firefighter safe-
8	ty during wildfires; and
9	(III) to reduce risk to wildlife
10	habitats, including habitat for species
11	listed as threatened or endangered
12	under the Endangered Species Act of
13	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
14	(ii) a timeline for the implementation
15	of fireshed management projects;
16	(iii) long-term benchmark goals for the
17	completion of fireshed management projects
18	in the highest wildfire exposure areas to en-
19	sure that those fireshed management
20	projects contribute to the development and
21	maintenance of healthy and resilient land-
22	scapes;
23	(iv) a strategy to ensure that fireshed
24	management projects comply with applica-

1	ble forest plans and incorporate the best
2	available science; and
3	(v) a strategy for maximizing the re-
4	tention of late-successional forests, to the ex-
5	tent that the trees promote stands that are
6	resilient to insects and disease, and reduce
7	the risk or extent of, or increase resilience
8	to, wildfires.
9	(2) Existing plans.—To the maximum extent
10	practicable, a fireshed assessment shall incorporate
11	and build on information, planning, and strategies
12	contained in relevant forest plans, State forest action
13	plans, Tribal integrated resource management plans
14	or Tribal forest management plans, watershed man-

18 (3) Participation.—

uments.

(A) STATE, TRIBAL, AND LOCAL GOVERN-MENTS.—In addition to the parties to an applicable agreement described in subsection (a), the Secretary concerned shall coordinate with States, Indian Tribes, units of local government, and other entities that are parties to an agreement under section 104(c) within a fireshed manage-

agement plans, community wildfire protection plans,

and similar locally led landscape-scale planning doc-

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1	ment area in conducting the fireshed assessment
2	under paragraph (1).
3	(B) Public.—In carrying out a fireshed as-
4	sessment under this section, the Secretary con-
5	cerned shall provide an opportunity for public
6	participation during the 45-day period begin-
7	ning on the date of initiation of the assessment,
8	including—
9	(i) publication of information regard-
10	ing the development of the assessment—
11	(I) on a website maintained by
12	the Secretary concerned; and
13	(II) at convenient locations with-
14	in the applicable fireshed management
15	area; and
16	(ii) at least 1 public meeting.
17	(c) UPDATES AND AVAILABILITY.—Each fireshed as-
18	sessment under subsection (a) shall be—
19	(1) regularly updated based on the best available
20	science, subject to the requirements of subsection
21	(d)(2); and
22	(2) made publicly available on 1 or more
23	websites maintained by the Secretary concerned, in-
24	cluding the Fireshed Registry.
25	(d) Information Improvement.—

1	(1) AGREEMENTS.—In carrying out a fireshed
2	assessment under this section, the Secretary concerned
3	may enter into agreements with other Federal depart-
4	ments and agencies (including the National Oceanic
5	and Atmospheric Administration), States, Indian
6	Tribes, Native Hawaiian organizations (as defined in
7	section 6207 of the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
8	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7517)), private entities,
9	or research or educational institutions to improve,
10	with respect to the assessment, the use and integration
11	of—
12	(A) advanced remote sensing and geospatial
13	technologies;
14	(B) statistical modeling and analysis; or
15	(C) any other technology or combination of
16	technologies and analyses that the Secretary con-
17	cerned determines will benefit the quality of in-
18	formation in the assessment.
19	(2) Best available science.—In using the
20	best available science for a fireshed assessment under
21	this section, the Secretary concerned and the applica-
22	ble Governor shall incorporate, to the maximum ex-
23	tent practicable—

1	(A) traditional ecological knowledge from
2	Indian Tribes, if requested by the relevant In-
3	dian Tribe;
4	(B) data from State forest action plans and
5	State wildfire risk assessments;
6	(C) data from the Fireshed Registry; and
7	(D) data from other Federal, State, Tribal,
8	and local governments or agencies.
9	(e) Applicability of NEPA.—A fireshed assessment
10	under this section shall not be subject to the requirements
11	of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
12	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
13	SEC. 106. EMERGENCY FIRESHED MANAGEMENT.
	SEC. 106. EMERGENCY FIRESHED MANAGEMENT. (a) FIRESHED MANAGEMENT PROJECTS.—
13 14 15	
14	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.—
14 15	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.— (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned, act-
14 15 16	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.— (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned, acting through a responsible official, shall carry out
14 15 16 17	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.— (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned, acting through a responsible official, shall carry out fireshed management projects on land under the juris-
14 15 16 17	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.— (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned, acting through a responsible official, shall carry out fireshed management projects on land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned in fireshed man-
114 115 116 117 118	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.— (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned, acting through a responsible official, shall carry out fireshed management projects on land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned in fireshed management areas in accordance with this section, the ap-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.— (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned, acting through a responsible official, shall carry out fireshed management projects on land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned in fireshed management areas in accordance with this section, the applicable forest plan, and the laws (including regula-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Fireshed Management Projects.— (1) In General.—The Secretary concerned, acting through a responsible official, shall carry out fireshed management projects on land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned in fireshed management areas in accordance with this section, the applicable forest plan, and the laws (including regulations) applicable to the Secretary concerned.

1	fireshed management project carried out in a
2	fireshed management area:
3	(i) Section 220.4(b) of title 36, Code of
4	Federal Regulations (as in effect on April 9,
5	2025), with respect to land under the juris-
6	diction of the Secretary.
7	(ii) Section 46.150 of title 43, Code of
8	Federal Regulations (as in effect on April 9,
9	2025), with respect to land under the juris-
10	diction of the Secretary of the Interior.
11	(iii) Section 402.05 of title 50, Code of
12	Federal Regulations (as in effect on April 9,
13	2025).
14	(iv) Section 800.12 of title 36, Code of
15	Federal Regulations (as in effect on April 9,
16	2025), except that any reference contained
17	in that regulation to an "agency official"
18	shall be considered to be a reference to a re-
19	$sponsible\ official.$
20	(B) Determination of emergency.—
21	(i) In general.—A regulation re-
22	ferred to in subparagraph (A) shall not
23	apply pursuant to that subparagraph with
24	respect to a fireshed management project

1	unless, before carrying out the fireshed man-
2	agement project, a responsible official—
3	(I) determines, in accordance with
4	the regulation, that an emergency or
5	emergency circumstance exists;
6	(II) completes any documentation
7	or identification processes required
8	under such regulation; and
9	(III) provides public notice of the
10	determination of emergency and each
11	related fireshed management project
12	activity by publishing such determina-
13	tion on a website maintained by the
14	Secretary concerned.
15	(ii) Requirement.—In carrying out
16	a fireshed management project under a reg-
17	ulation referred to in subparagraph (A), a
18	responsible official shall ensure that such
19	fireshed management project is consistent
20	with the applicable forest plan and the laws
21	(including regulations) and policies appli-
22	cable to the Secretary concerned.
23	(C) Further clarification.—A regula-
24	tion referred to in subparagraph (A) shall not
25	apply to any fireshed management project unless

1	such fireshed management project will achieve a
2	land management goal described in section
3	604(c) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
4	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c(c)).
5	(D) Utilization of existing stream-
6	LINED AUTHORITIES IN FIRESHED MANAGEMENT
7	AREAS.—
8	(i) In general.—Not later than 2
9	years after the date of enactment of this Act,
10	with respect to each fireshed management
11	area that contains Federal land, the Sec-
12	retary concerned, acting through a respon-
13	sible official, shall use not fewer than 1 of
14	the following expedited authorities for envi-
15	ronmental review to carry out fireshed
16	management projects:
17	(I) Section 603(a) of the Healthy
18	Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16
19	$U.S.C. \ 6591b(a)).$
20	(II) Section 605(a) of the Healthy
21	Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16
22	$U.S.C.\ 6591d(a)).$
23	(III) Section 606(b) of the
24	Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
25	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591e(b)).

1	(IV) Section 40806(b) of the In-
2	frastructure Investment and Jobs Act
3	$(16\ U.S.C.\ 6592b(b)).$
4	(ii) Compliance with Nepa.—In ap-
5	plying expedited authorities for environ-
6	mental review to carry out fireshed manage-
7	ment projects under clause (i), the Secretary
8	concerned shall ensure—
9	(I) such project is carried out in
10	accordance with the statute estab-
11	lishing the categorical exclusion ap-
12	plied by the Secretary concerned;
13	(II) compliance with the National
14	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
15	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.); and
16	(III) such project is carried out in
17	accordance with the applicable forest
18	plan and the laws and policies appli-
19	cable to the Secretary concerned.
20	(iii) Additional Emergency Ac-
21	TIONS.—The Secretary may declare an
22	emergency pursuant to section 40807 of the
23	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (16
24	U.S.C. 6592c) for any fireshed management
25	project.

1	(iv) Fiscal responsibility act re-
2	Quirements.—In carrying out this section,
3	the Secretary concerned shall ensure compli-
4	ance with the amendments made to the Na-
5	tional Environmental Policy Act of 1969
6	(42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) by the Fiscal Re-
7	sponsibility Act of 2023 (Public Law 118–
8	5; 137 Stat. 38).
9	(v) Use of other authorities.—To
10	the maximum extent practicable, the Sec-
11	retary concerned shall use the authorities, if
12	applicable, provided under this section in
13	combination with other authorities to carry
14	out fireshed management projects, includ-
15	ing—
16	(I) good neighbor agreements
17	under section 8206 of the Agricultural
18	Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) (as
19	$amended\ by\ this\ Act);$
20	(II) stewardship contracting
21	projects entered into under section 604
22	of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act
23	of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c) (as amended
24	by this Act);

1	(III) self-determination contracts
2	and self-governance compact agree-
3	ments entered into under the Indian
4	Self-Determination and Education As-
5	sistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.);
6	and
7	(IV) agreements and contracts en-
8	tered into under the Tribal Forest Pro-
9	tection Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–
10	278; 118 Stat. 868).
11	(b) Expansion.—
12	(1) Healthy forests restoration act
13	AMENDMENTS.—
14	(A) Definitions.—Section 3 of the Healthy
15	Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6502)
16	is amended—
17	(i) in paragraph (2), by striking
18	"450b" and inserting "5304"; and
19	(ii) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(3) Local government.—The term local gov-
21	ernment' means—
22	$"(A) \ a \ county;$
23	"(B) a municipality; and
24	"(C) a special district.

1	"(4) Special district.—The term 'special dis-
2	trict' means a political subdivision of a State that—
3	"(A) has significant budgetary autonomy or
4	control;
5	"(B) was established by, or pursuant to, the
6	laws of the State for the purpose of performing
7	a limited and specific governmental or propri-
8	etary function primarily relating to forest, wa-
9	tershed, or rangeland management or water sup-
10	ply; and
11	"(C) is distinct from any other unit of local
12	government within the State.".
13	(B) Administrative review.—Section
14	603(c) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
15	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591b(c)) is amended—
16	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
17	"3000 acres" and inserting "10,000 acres";
18	and
19	(ii) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking
20	"Fire Regime Groups I, II, or III" and in-
21	serting "Fire Regime I, Fire Regime II,
22	Fire Regime III, or Fire Regime IV".
23	(C) Wildfire resilience projects.—
24	Section 605(c) of the Healthy Forests Restora-

1	tion Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591d(c)) is amend-
2	ed—
3	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
4	"3000 acres" and inserting "10,000 acres";
5	and
6	(ii) in paragraph (4), by striking
7	"code of Federal regulations (or successor
8	regulations)" and inserting "Code of Fed-
9	eral regulations (or a successor regulation)".
10	(D) Greater sage-grouse and mule
11	DEER HABITAT.—Section 606 of the Healthy
12	Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C.
13	6591e) is amended—
14	(i) in subsection (c), by striking "con-
15	currently for both greater sage-grouse and"
16	and inserting "for greater sage-grouse or";
17	and
18	(ii) in subsection $(g)(1)$, by striking
19	"4,500 acres" and inserting "7,500 acres".
20	(2) Infrastructure investment and jobs
21	ACT AMENDMENT.—Section 40806(d)(1) of the Infra-
22	structure Investment and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C.
23	6592b(d)(1)) is amended by striking "3,000 acres"
24	and inserting "10,000 acres".

1	SEC. 107. STUDY ON THE IMPACTS OF FIRESHED MANAGE-
2	MENT PROJECTS ON WILDFIRE RISK TO COM-
3	MUNITIES AND WILDLIFE HABITAT.
4	(a) Study Requirement.—Not later than 90 days
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in
6	consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall enter
7	into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences,
8	under which the National Academy of Sciences shall con-
9	duct 1 or more studies on the impacts of fireshed manage-
10	ment projects, including—
11	(1) an evaluation of select, regionally varied
12	fireshed management projects and approaches, includ-
13	ing—
14	(A) methodologies used to assess fireshed
15	management areas;
16	(B) the reduction in fuel hazards in fireshed
17	management areas;
18	(C) the status of, and trends in, watershed
19	conditions;
20	(D) the economic use of fireshed manage-
21	ment project byproducts;
22	(E) local jobs and labor income supported
23	by fireshed management projects; and
24	(F) coordinated approaches taken to plan
25	and implement fireshed management projects:

1	(2) changes to wildfire risk within fireshed man-
2	agement areas, and to resources of an Indian Tribe,
3	due to fireshed management projects;
4	(3)(A) a description of the cost of—
5	(i) the implementation of section 105; and
6	(ii) the development and implementation of
7	fireshed management projects; and
8	(B) an estimate of the amount of the damages
9	avoided as a result of that development and imple-
10	mentation;
11	(4) an evaluation of how fireshed management
12	projects affect—
13	(A) critical habitat areas designated under
14	the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C.
15	1531 et seq.); and
16	(B) the conservation and recovery of species
17	listed as threatened or endangered under the that
18	Act;
19	(5) an identification of fireshed management
20	project best practices for minimizing harm to critical
21	habitat areas described in paragraph (4)(A) and the
22	natural environment while reducing wildfire risk;
23	and

1	(6) recommendations for policy, regulatory, or
2	operational changes to improve fireshed management
3	projects.
4	(b) Engagement.—In conducting the 1 or more stud-
5	ies under subsection (a), the National Academy of Sciences
6	shall—
7	(1) consult with relevant Federal, State, and
8	Tribal agencies, including the United States Fish and
9	Wildlife Service and the National Marine Fisheries
10	Service; and
11	(2) provide an opportunity for public comment
12	and input during the 1 or more studies, including
13	from nonprofit organizations, institutions of higher
14	education, and other scientific bodies.
15	(c) Submission of Report.—As soon as practicable
16	after the conclusion of the 1 more studies under subsection
17	(a), but not later than 5 years after the date of enactment
18	of this Act, the National Academy of Sciences shall submit
19	to the relevant committees of Congress and the Secretaries
20	1 or more reports containing the results of the 1 or more
21	studies.
22	SEC. 108. SUNSET.
23	The authority under this subtitle terminates on the

- date that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	Subtitle B—Expanding Collabo-
2	rative Tools to Reduce Wildfire
3	Risk and Improve Forest Health
4	SEC. 111. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF CERTAIN REV-
5	ENUE AND PAYMENTS UNDER GOOD NEIGH-
6	BOR AGREEMENTS.
7	(a) Good Neighbor Authority.—Section 8206 of
8	the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) is amend-
9	ed—
10	(1) in subsection (a)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "either
12	the Secretary or a Governor or county" and in-
13	serting "the Secretary, a Governor, an Indian
14	tribe, a special district, or a county";
15	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking "Gov-
16	ernor or" and inserting "Governor, an Indian
17	tribe, a special district, or a";
18	(C) in paragraph (6), by striking "or In-
19	dian tribe"; and
20	(D) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(11) Special district.—The term 'special dis-
22	trict' means a political subdivision of a State that—
23	"(A) has significant budgetary autonomy or
24	control;

1	"(B) was established by, or pursuant to, the
2	laws of the State for the purpose of performing
3	a limited and specific governmental or propri-
4	etary function primarily relating to forest, wa-
5	tershed, or rangeland management or water sup-
6	ply; and
7	"(C) is distinct from any other unit of local
8	government within the State."; and
9	(2) in subsection (b)—
10	(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "or
11	county" and inserting ", an Indian tribe, a spe-
12	cial district, or a county";
13	(B) in paragraph $(2)(C)$ —
14	(i) in clause (i)—
15	(I) in the matter preceding sub-
16	clause (I), by inserting "special dis-
17	trict," after "Indian Tribe," each place
18	$it\ appears;$
19	(II) in subclause (I)—
20	(aa) by striking "on"; and
21	(bb) by striking "; and" and
22	$inserting\ a\ semicolon;$
23	(III) in subclause (II)—

1	(aa) in the matter preceding
2	item (aa), by striking "clause (i)"
3	and inserting "subclause (I)"; and
4	(bb) in item (bb), by striking
5	"the Good Neighbor Authority for
6	Recreation Act." and inserting
7	"section 351 of the EXPLORE
8	Act (16 U.S.C. 8571);"; and
9	(IV) by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(III) if there are funds remain-
12	ing after carrying out subclause (II)—
13	"(aa) to carry out authorized
14	restoration services under other
15	good neighbor agreements; and
16	"(bb) for the administration
17	of a good neighbor authority pro-
18	gram by a Governor, Indian tribe,
19	special district, or county."; and
20	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "2028"
21	and inserting "2030";
22	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking "or coun-
23	ty" and inserting ", an Indian tribe, a special
24	district, or a county"; and
25	(D) by striking paragraph (4).

1	(b) Technical Amendment.—
2	(1) In general.—Section 443 of division E of
3	Public Law 118–42 (138 Stat. 297) is amended, in
4	the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Ag-
5	riculture Act of 2014" and inserting "Agricultural
6	Act of 2014".
7	(2) Effective date.—The amendment made by
8	paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of enact-
9	ment of Public Law 118-42 (138 Stat. 25).
10	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by sub-
11	section (a) shall apply to any project initiated pursuant
12	to a good neighbor agreement (as defined in section 8206(a)
13	of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a(a)))—
14	(1) before the date of enactment of this Act, if the
15	project was initiated after the date of enactment of
16	the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Public
17	Law 115–334; 132 Stat. 4490); or
18	(2) on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
19	SEC. 112. FIXING STEWARDSHIP END RESULT CON-
20	TRACTING.
21	Section 604 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
22	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (b), by inserting ", including
24	retaining and expanding existing forest products in-
25	frastructure necessary to carry out an agreement or

1	contract under this subsection" before the period at
2	the end; and
3	(2) in subsection $(d)(3)(B)$, by striking "10
4	years" and inserting "20 years"; and
5	(3) in subsection (h), by adding at the end the
6	following:
7	"(4) Special rule for long-term steward-
8	SHIP CONTRACTS.—
9	"(A) Definition of multiyear con-
10	TRACT.—In this paragraph, the term 'multiyear
11	contract' means a contract entered into under
12	subsection (b) that—
13	"(i) has a term of longer than 5 years;
14	and
15	"(ii) is entered into on or after the
16	date of enactment of this paragraph.
17	"(B) Special rule.—A multiyear contract
18	entered into under subsection (b) by the Chief or
19	the Director with an entity shall provide that, in
20	the case of cancellation or termination of the
21	multiyear contract by the Chief or the Director,
22	the Chief or the Director, as applicable, shall
23	provide to the entity a cancellation or termi-
24	nation payment that is the lesser of—

1	"(i) an amount equal to 10 percent of
2	the multiyear contract; or
3	"(ii) the amount of unrecovered costs
4	that would have been recouped through am-
5	ortization over the full term of the contract
6	(including the term canceled).".
7	SEC. 113. FIRESHED MANAGEMENT PROJECT STRIKE
8	TEAMS.
9	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary concerned shall
10	establish strike teams to assist the Secretary concerned
11	with—
12	(1) any reviews, including analysis under the
13	National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
14	U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), consultations under division A
15	of subtitle III of title 54, United States Code (for-
16	merly known as the "National Historic Preservation
17	Act"), and consultations under the Endangered Spe-
18	cies Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), with the in-
19	tent to accelerate and streamline interagency con-
20	sultation processes;
21	(2) the implementation of any necessary site
22	preparation work in advance of, or as part of, a
23	fireshed management project;
24	(3) the implementation of fireshed management
25	projects; and

1	(4) any combination of purposes described in
2	paragraphs (1) through (3).
3	(b) Members.—
4	(1) In general.—The Secretary concerned may
5	appoint not more than 10 individuals to serve on a
6	strike team under this section, to be composed of—
7	(A) employees of the department under the
8	jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned;
9	(B) employees of a different Federal depart-
10	ment or agency, with the consent of the head of
11	that department or agency; and
12	(C) private contractors or volunteers from
13	any nonprofit organization, State government,
14	Indian Tribe, local government, quasi-govern-
15	mental agency, academic institution, or private
16	organization.
17	(2) Requirement.—In appointing individuals
18	under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall
19	appoint not fewer than 1 employee of the Federal
20	agency with jurisdiction over the applicable Federal
21	land.
22	(c) Review Responsibility.—The Secretary con-
23	cerned shall—
24	(1) determine the sufficiency of the documents
25	prepared by a strike team under this section: and

1	(2) retain responsibility for any authorizing de-
2	cision relating to such a document.
3	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi-
4	nates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment
5	of this Act.
6	SEC. 114. LOCALLY LED RESTORATION.
7	Section 14(d) of the National Forest Management Act
8	of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a(d)) is amended, in the first sen-
9	tence, by striking "\$10,000" and inserting "\$55,000".
10	SEC. 115. JOINT CHIEFS LANDSCAPE RESTORATION PART-
11	NERSHIP PROGRAM.
12	Section 40808 of the Infrastructure Investment and
13	Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 6592d) is amended—
14	(1) in subsection $(a)(2)$ —
15	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
16	at the end;
17	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
18	period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
19	(C) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(D) to recover from wildfire; or
21	"(E) to enhance soil, water, and related
22	natural resources.";
23	(2) in subsection $(d)(1)$ —
24	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "and
25	nost-wildfire impacts" after "wildfire risk": and

1	(B) in subparagraph (F), by inserting ", as
2	identified in the corresponding State forest ac-
3	tion plan, Tribal-integrated resource manage-
4	ment plan or Tribal forest management plan, or
5	similar priority plan (such as a State wildlife or
6	water plan)" before the semicolon;
7	(3) in subsection (g), by striking paragraph (2)
8	and inserting the following:
9	"(2) Additional reports.—For each of fiscal
10	years 2022 and 2023, and not less frequently than
11	once every 2 fiscal years thereafter, the Chiefs shall
12	submit a report describing projects for which funding
13	is provided under the Program, including the status
14	and outcomes of those projects, to—
15	"(A) in the Senate—
16	"(i) the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
17	trition, and Forestry;
18	"(ii) the Committee on Energy and
19	Natural Resources;
20	"(iii) the Committee on Appropria-
21	tions; and
22	"(iv) the Committee on Indian Affairs;
23	and
24	"(B) in the House of Representatives—
25	"(i) the Committee on Agriculture;

1	"(ii) the Committee on Natural Re-
2	sources; and
3	"(iii) the Committee on Appropria-
4	tions."; and
5	(4) in subsection (h)(1), by striking "and 2023"
6	and inserting "through 2031".
7	SEC. 116. COLLABORATIVE FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORA-
8	TION PROGRAM.
9	Section 4003 of the Omnibus Public Land Manage-
10	ment Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C. 7303) is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (b)—
12	(A) in paragraph $(2)(B)(ii)$, by striking
13	"500 note" and inserting "7125"; and
14	(B) in paragraph (3)—
15	(i) in subparagraph (D), by striking
16	"species;" and inserting "species or patho-
17	gens;";
18	(ii) in subparagraph (G), by striking
19	"and" at the end;
20	(iii) in subparagraph (H), by adding
21	"and" after the semicolon at the end; and
22	(iv) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(I) address standardized monitoring ques-
24	tions and indicators;";
25	(2) in subsection $(c)(3)(A)$ —

1	(A) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the
2	end;
3	(B) in clause (ii), by adding "and" at the
4	end; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(iii) include a Federal Government
7	staffing plan for providing support to
8	collaboratives established pursuant to sub-
9	section (b)(2);";
10	(3) in subsection (d)—
11	(A) in paragraph (2)—
12	(i) in subparagraph (E), by striking
13	"and" at the end;
14	(ii) in subparagraph (F), by striking
15	the period at the end and inserting a semi-
16	colon; and
17	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(G) proposals that seek to use innovative
20	implementation mechanisms, including conserva-
21	tion finance agreements, good neighbor agree-
22	ments entered into under section 8206 of the Ag-
23	ricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a), and
24	$similar\ implementation\ mechanisms;$

1	"(H) proposals that seek to reduce the risk
2	of uncharacteristic wildfire or increase ecological
3	restoration activities—
4	"(i) within areas across land owner-
5	ships, including State, Tribal, and private
6	land; and
7	"(ii) within the wildland-urban inter-
8	face (as defined in section 101 of the
9	Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16
10	U.S.C. 6511)); and
11	"(I) proposals that seek to enhance water-
12	shed health and drinking water sources."; and
13	(B) in paragraph (3)—
14	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
15	"10" and inserting "20"; and
16	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
17	"2" and inserting "4";
18	(4) in subsection (e)(3), by inserting "conflict
19	resolution or collaborative governance," before "and
20	woody"; and
21	(5) in subsection (f)—
22	(A) in paragraph $(4)(B)(ii)$, by striking
23	"\$4,000,000" and inserting "\$8,000,000"; and
24	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "2023"
25	and inserting "2034".

1	SEC. 117. UTILIZING GRAZING FOR WILDFIRE RISK REDUC-
2	TION.
3	(a) Strategy.—
4	(1) In general.—Not later than 18 months
5	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
6	concerned, in coordination with the holders of permits
7	to graze livestock on Federal land under the jurisdic-
8	tion of the Secretary concerned and in consultation
9	with other relevant stakeholders, shall develop a strat-
10	egy to utilize livestock grazing as a wildfire risk re-
11	duction tool on Federal land, consistent with the laws
12	applicable to the Secretary concerned.
13	(2) Inclusions.—The strategy under paragraph
14	(1) shall include—
15	(A) the completion of any reviews required
16	under the National Environmental Policy Act of
17	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) to allow permitted
18	grazing on vacant grazing allotments during in-
19	stances of drought, wildfire, or other natural dis-
20	asters that disrupt grazing on allotments already
21	permitted;
22	(B) the use of targeted grazing to reduce
23	hazardous fuels;
24	(C) an increased use of temporary permits
25	to promote targeted fuels reduction and reduc-
26	tion of invasive annual grasses;

1	(D) an increased use of livestock grazing—
2	(i) to eradicate invasive annual
3	grasses; and
4	(ii) as a post-fire restoration and re-
5	covery strategy, as appropriate;
6	(E) an integrated use of advanced tech-
7	nologies to dynamically adjust livestock place-
8	ment;
9	(F) an increased use of any authorities ap-
10	plicable to livestock grazing, including modifica-
11	tions to grazing permits or leases to allow
12	variances pursuant to paragraph (3);
13	(G) the utilization of grazing on Federal
14	land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary con-
15	cerned in a manner that—
16	(i) avoids conflicts with other uses of
17	that Federal land; and
18	(ii) is consistent with any applicable
19	land management plan; and
20	(H) the use of any other means determined
21	to be appropriate by the Secretary concerned.
22	(3) Variances.—
23	(A) In general.—At the request of an au-
24	thorized grazing permittee or lessee, the Sec-
25	retary concerned may allow a temporary vari-

1	ance to the terms and conditions of a grazing
2	permit or lease to address significant changes in
3	weather, forage production, the effects of fire or
4	drought, or other temporary circumstances that
5	impact resource conditions, to facilitate the long-
6	term ecological health of the Federal land.
7	(B) Variances.—In carrying out subpara-
8	graph (A), the Secretary concerned may author-
9	ize a temporary variance to the terms and condi-
10	tions of the applicable grazing permit or lease to
11	adjust the beginning date, the ending date, both
12	the beginning date and ending date, or water
13	transportation, as applicable, as specified in the
14	applicable grazing permit or lease, subject to—
15	(i) the requirement that, unless other-
16	wise specified in the appropriate allotment
17	management plan or any other activity
18	plan that is the functional equivalent to the
19	appropriate allotment management plan
20	under section 4120.2(a)(3) of title 43, Code
21	of Federal Regulations (or a successor regu-
22	lation), the applicable adjusted date of the
23	season of use—
24	(I) occurs—

1	(aa) not earlier than 21 days
2	before the beginning date specified
3	in the applicable grazing permit
4	or lease; or
5	(bb) not later than 21 days
6	after the ending date specified in
7	the applicable grazing permit or
8	lease; and
9	(II) would not result in forage re-
10	moval that exceeds the amount of ac-
11	tive use specified in the applicable
12	grazing permit or lease; and
13	(ii) the requirement that, in accord-
14	ance with applicable law (including regula-
15	tions) and the terms and conditions of the
16	applicable grazing permit or lease, an au-
17	thorized grazing permittee or lessee using a
18	variance under this paragraph shall develop
19	and use a monitoring plan determined to be
20	acceptable to the Secretary concerned as a
21	reasonable way to track the effects of the
22	variance on the long-term ecological health
23	of the allotment on which the variance is
24	used.

1	(b) Effect on Existing Grazing Programs.—
2	Nothing in this section affects—
3	(1) any livestock grazing program carried out by
4	the Secretary concerned as of the date of enactment
5	of this Act; or
6	(2) any statutory authority for any program de-
7	scribed in paragraph (1).
8	SEC. 118. WATER SOURCE PROTECTION PROGRAM.
9	Section 303 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
10	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6542) is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (a)—
12	(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1)
13	through (7) as paragraphs (2) through (8), re-
14	spectively;
15	(B) by inserting before paragraph (2) (as so
16	redesignated) the following:
17	"(1) Adjacent land.—The term 'adjacent land'
18	means non-Federal land, including State, local, Trib-
19	al, and private land, that is adjacent to, and within
20	the same watershed as, National Forest System land
21	on which a watershed protection and restoration
22	project is carried out under this section."; and
23	(C) in paragraph (2) (as so redesignated)—

1	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs (G)
2	and (H) as subparagraphs (K) and (L), re-
3	spectively; and
4	(ii) by inserting after subparagraph
5	(F) the following:
6	"(G) an acequia association;
7	"(H) a local, regional, or other public entity
8	that manages stormwater or wastewater re-
9	sources or other related water infrastructure;
10	"(I) a land-grant mercedes; and
11	"(J) a local, regional, or other private enti-
12	ty that has water delivery authority;";
13	(2) in subsection (b)—
14	(A) by inserting "and adjacent land" before
15	the period at the end;
16	(B) by striking "The Secretary" and insert-
17	ing the following:
18	"(1) In general.—The Secretary"; and
19	(C) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(2) Requirements.—A watershed protection
21	and restoration project under the Program shall be
22	designed—
23	"(A) to protect and restore watershed
24	health, water supply and quality, a municipal

1	or agricultural water supply system, and water-
2	$related\ infrastructure;$
3	"(B) to protect and restore forest health
4	from insect infestation and disease or wildfire;
5	or
6	"(C) to advance any combination of the
7	purposes described in subparagraphs (A) and
8	(B).
9	"(3) Priorities.—In selecting watershed protec-
10	tion and restoration projects under the Program, the
11	Secretary shall give priority to projects that would—
12	"(A) provide risk management benefits asso-
13	ciated with drought, wildfire, post-wildfire con-
14	ditions, extreme weather events, flooding, resil-
15	ience to climate change, and watershed and fire
16	resilience, including minimizing risks to water-
17	shed health, water supply and quality, and
18	water-related infrastructure, including munic-
19	ipal and agricultural water supply systems;
20	"(B) support aquatic restoration and con-
21	servation efforts that complement existing or
22	planned forest restoration or wildfire risk reduc-
23	tion efforts;
24	"(C) provide quantifiable benefits to water
25	supply or quality and include the use of nature-

1	based solutions, such as restoring wetland and
2	riparian ecosystems;
3	"(D) $include$ —
4	"(i) partners with demonstrated capac-
5	ity to, and success in, designing and imple-
6	menting ecological restoration projects,
7	wildfire risk-reduction efforts, or post-wild-
8	fire restoration projects; or
9	"(ii) in the case of communities that
10	have historically lacked access to adequate
11	resources, partners with a strong likelihood
12	of success in designing and implementing a
13	watershed protection and restoration
14	project; and
15	$``(E)\ include—$
16	"(i) a contribution of funds or in-kind
17	support from non-Federal partners in an
18	amount greater than the amount required
19	under subsection $(g)(2)$; or
20	"(ii) such other characteristics as the
21	Secretary determines to be appropriate.
22	"(4) Conditions for projects on adjacent
23	LAND.—
24	"(A) In general.—No project or activity
25	may be carried out under this section on adja-

1	cent land, unless the owner of the adjacent land
2	provides express support for, and is a willing
3	and engaged partner in, carrying out that
4	project or activity.
5	"(B) Effect.—Nothing in this section au-
6	thorizes any change in—
7	"(i) the ownership of adjacent land on
8	which a project or activity is carried out
9	under this section; or
10	"(ii) the management of adjacent land
11	on which a project or activity is carried out
12	under this section, except during the car-
13	rying out of that project or activity.";
14	(3) in subsection (c)—
15	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "agree-
16	ments with" and all that follows through the pe-
17	riod at the end and inserting the following:
18	"agreements with end water users to protect and
19	restore the condition of National Forest water-
20	sheds and adjacent land that provide water to—
21	"(A) end water users; or
22	"(B) end water users to protect and restore
23	the condition of National Forest watersheds and
24	adjacent land that provide water for the benefit
25	of another end water user.";

1	(B) in paragraph (2)—
2	(i) in subparagraph (C), by striking
3	"or" at the end;
4	(ii) by redesignating subparagraph (D)
5	as subparagraph (E); and
6	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
7	(C) the following:
8	"(D) in the case of an agreement with a
9	State, a county, or an Indian tribe for a project
10	carried out on National Forest System land—
11	"(i) a good neighbor agreement entered
12	into under section 8206 of the Agricultural
13	Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a); or
14	"(ii) an agreement or contract entered
15	into under the Tribal Forest Protection Act
16	of 2004 (Public Law 108–278; 118 Stat.
17	868); or''; and
18	(C) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(3) Cooperation with non-federal part-
20	NERS.—The Secretary shall cooperate, to the max-
21	imum extent practicable, with non-Federal partners
22	in carrying out assessments, planning, project design,
23	and project implementation under this section.";
24	(4) in subsection (d)—

1	(A) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting
2	$the\ following:$
3	"(2) Requirements.—A water source manage-
4	ment plan shall be—
5	"(A) designed to protect and restore ecologi-
6	cal integrity (as defined in section 219.19 of title
7	36, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on
8	the date of enactment of this subparagraph));
9	"(B) based on the best available scientific
10	information; and
11	"(C) conducted in a manner consistent with
12	the forest plan applicable to the National Forest
13	System land on which the watershed protection
14	and restoration project is carried out."; and
15	(B) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(4) Reducing redundancy.—An existing wa-
17	tershed plan, such as a watershed protection and res-
18	toration action plan developed under section
19	304(a)(3), or other applicable watershed planning
20	documents approved by the Secretary may be used as
21	the basis for a water source management plan under
22	this subsection.";
23	(5) in subsection (e)(1), by striking "purpose of"
24	in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and all
25	that follows through the period at the end and insert-

1	ing "purpose of advancing any of the purposes de-
2	scribed in subsection (b)(2)."; and
3	(6) in subsection (g)—
4	(A) in paragraph (2)—
5	(i) by striking "at least equal to" and
6	inserting "not less than 20 percent of";
7	(ii) by striking "The Secretary" and
8	inserting the following:
9	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
10	graph (B), the Secretary"; and
11	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(B) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive
14	the requirement under subparagraph (A) at the
15	discretion of the Secretary.";
16	(B) in paragraph (4)—
17	(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking
18	"fiscal years 2019 through 2023" and in-
19	serting "fiscal years 2025 through 2031";
20	(ii) by redesignating subparagraph (C)
21	as subparagraph (D); and
22	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
23	(B) the following:
24	"(C) Set-Aside for partner participa-
25	TION IN PLANNING AND CAPACITY.—Of the

1	amounts made available under subparagraphs
2	(A) and (B) to carry out this section for each fis-
3	cal year, the Secretary shall use not less than 10
4	percent for non-Federal partner technical assist-
5	ance participation and capacity-building efforts
6	in developing or implementing a water source
7	management plan under subsection (d)."; and
8	(C) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(5) In-kind contributions.—The Secretary
10	may include the value of forest restoration and water-
11	shed improvement work implemented on adjacent
12	land in the project area in determining in-kind con-
13	tributions to a project from non-Federal partners
14	$under\ paragraph\ (4)(A).$ ".
15	SEC. 119. WATERSHED CONDITION FRAMEWORK TECH-
16	NICAL CORRECTIONS.
17	Section 304(a) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act
18	of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6543(a)) is amended—
19	(1) in paragraph (3)(A), by inserting "protec-
20	tion and" before "restoration";
21	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at the
22	end;
23	(3) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
24	the end and inserting "; and"; and
25	(4) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(7) to ensure that management activities and
2	authorizations do not result in long-term degradation
3	of watershed health of any watershed in a National
4	Forest.".
5	SEC. 120. TRIBAL FOREST PROTECTION MANAGEMENT AC-
6	TIVITIES AND PROJECTS.
7	Section 8703 of the Agriculture Improvement Act of
8	2018 (25 U.S.C. 3115b) is amended—
9	(1) in the section heading, by striking "MAN-
10	AGEMENT DEMONSTRATION PROJECT" and in-
11	serting "PROTECTION MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES
12	AND PROJECTS";
13	(2) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection
14	(c);
15	(3) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) by striking "demonstration";
17	(B) by striking "federally recognized";
18	(C) by striking "programs of" and inserting
19	"activities and projects under";
20	(D) by inserting "or compacts" after "con-
21	tracts";
22	(E) by striking "5304 et seq." and inserting
23	"5301 et seq."; and

1	(F) by striking the subsection designation
2	and heading and all that follows through "and
3	the Secretary" and inserting the following:
4	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	"(1) Indian Tribe.—The term 'Indian Tribe'
6	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the In-
7	dian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
8	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
9	"(2) Tribal organization.—The term 'Tribal
10	organization' has the meaning given the term in sec-
11	tion 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
12	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
13	"(b) ACTIVITIES AND PROJECTS.—The Secretary and
14	the Secretary of the Interior";
15	(4) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated)—
16	(A) by striking "contract or project" each
17	place it appears and inserting "contract, com-
18	pact, or project";
19	(B) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
20	by striking "subsection (a)" and inserting "sub-
21	section (b)"; and
22	(C) in paragraph (1), by striking "5304 et
23	seq." and inserting "5301 et seq."; and
24	(5) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(d) Tort Claims Procedure.—For purposes of
2	chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code, an employee
3	of an Indian Tribe or Tribal organization that enters into
4	an agreement, contract, or compact under subsection (b)
5	shall be considered an employee of the Forest Service while
6	carrying out activities and projects on behalf of the Forest
7	Service pursuant to that agreement, contract, or compact.
8	"(e) Publication of Information.—The Secretary
9	and the Secretary of the Interior shall—
10	"(1) not later than 180 days after the date of en-
11	actment of this subsection, make available, in an eas-
12	ily accessible format and location, on the website of
13	the Department of Agriculture and the Department of
14	the Interior, respectively, a list of the types of activi-
15	ties and projects that Indian Tribes and Tribal orga-
16	nizations may enter into agreements, contracts, or
17	compacts to perform under subsection (b); and
18	"(2) update the list under paragraph (1) as nec-
19	essary.".
20	SEC. 121. ESTABLISHMENT OF REGIONAL WILDLAND FIRE
21	RESEARCH CENTERS.
22	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
23	(1) Appropriate committees of congress.—
24	The term "appropriate committees of Congress"
25	means—

1	(A) the Committee on Energy and Natural
2	Resources, the Committee on Agriculture, Nutri-
3	tion, and Forestry, and the Committee on Ap-
4	propriations of the Senate;
5	(B) the Committee on Natural Resources,
6	the Committee on Agriculture, and the Com-
7	mittee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-
8	resentatives; and
9	(C) any other committee of Congress with
10	the authority to facilitate the development of
11	wildland fire research.
12	(2) Career pathway.—The term "career path-
13	way" has the meaning given that term in section 3
14	of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29
15	U.S.C. 3102).
16	(3) Federal Science agency.—The term "Fed-
17	eral science agency" has the meaning given that term
18	in section 103(f) of the America COMPETES Reau-
19	thorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6623(f)).
20	(4) Institution of higher education.—The
21	term "institution of higher education" has the mean-
22	ing given that term in section 101(a) of the Higher
23	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
24	(5) Land-grant colleges and univer-
25	SITIES.—The term 'land-arant colleges and univer-

1	sities" has the meaning given that term in section
2	1404 of the National Agricultural Research, Exten-
3	sion, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C.
4	3103).
5	(6) Minority-serving institution.—The term
6	"minority-serving institution" means an institution
7	defined in any of paragraphs (1) through (7) of sec-
8	tion 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
9	$U.S.C.\ 1067q(a)).$
10	(7) REGIONAL CENTER.—The term "regional
11	center" means a regional wildland fire research center
12	$established\ under\ subsection\ (c)(1).$
13	(8) Tribal organization.—The term "Tribal
14	organization" has the meaning given that term in
15	section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
16	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
17	(9) WILDLAND FIRE.—The term "wildland fire"
18	means any non-structure fire that occurs in vegeta-
19	tion or natural fuels and includes wildfires origi-
20	nating from an unplanned ignition or prescribed fire.
21	(10) Wildland fire management agencies.—
22	The term "wildland fire management agencies"
23	means—
24	(A) the Forest Service;
25	(B) the Bureau of Land Management;

1	(C) the National Park Service;
2	(D) the United States Fish and Wildlife
3	Service; and
4	(E) the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
5	(11) WILDLAND FIRE RESEARCH.—The term
6	"wildland fire research" means research to better un-
7	derstand—
8	(A) the causes and consequences of wildland
9	fires, including antecedent and contemporaneous
10	factors that increase the risk of catastrophic
11	events;
12	(B) the spread and behavior of wildland
13	fires, including fires in the wildland-urban
14	interface;
15	(C) the efficacy of mitigation strategies for
16	wildland fires;
17	(D) the impact of wildland fires on public
18	health, safety, and the environment;
19	(E) the rehabilitation and restoration of af-
20	fected ecosystems after wildland fires; and
21	(F) the development of mitigation strategies
22	and techniques to improve the safety of wildland
23	fire managers and firefighters.
24	(b) Competitive Process.—The Secretaries shall es-
25	tablish a competitive process for the selection and establish

1	ment of regional wildland fire research centers in accord-
2	ance with subsection (c).
3	(c) Selection and Establishment of Regional
4	Centers.—
5	(1) In general.—The Secretaries shall select
6	not fewer than 8 institutions of higher education or
7	land-grant colleges and universities at which to estab-
8	lish, in accordance with the timeline described in
9	paragraph (2), regional centers to coordinate the de-
10	velopment of wildland fire research.
11	(2) Timeline.—In establishing regional centers
12	under paragraph (1), the Secretaries shall establish—
13	(A) as soon as practicable after the date of
14	enactment of this Act, subject to the availability
15	of appropriations, a pilot program under which
16	not fewer than 2 regional centers shall be estab-
17	lished; and
18	(B) not later than 2 years after the date on
19	which the pilot program is established under sub-
20	paragraph (A), the remaining regional centers.
21	(3) Criteria for selection.—
22	(A) In general.—In establishing a re-
23	gional center at an institution of higher edu-
24	cation or land-grant college or university under
25	this section, the Secretaries shall prioritize the

1	selection of institutions, colleges, or universities
2	that meet not fewer than one of the following cri-
3	teria:
4	(i) Have existing programs of record
5	in wildland fire research.
6	(ii) Have existing partnerships with
7	research institutions of the Federal Govern-
8	ment and other academic institutions and
9	entities relating to wildland fire research.
10	(iii) Participate in or lead a program
11	under the Joint Fire Science Program.
12	(iv) Are a minority-serving institution.
13	(B) Regions.—The Secretaries shall estab-
14	lish not fewer than one regional center in each
15	of the following regions of the United States, as
16	defined by the Secretaries:
17	(i) Alaska.
18	(ii) California.
19	(iii) The Pacific Northwest.
20	(iv) The Pacific Islands.
21	(v) The Plains and Northeast.
22	(vi) The Rockies.
23	(vii) The Southeast.
24	(viii) The Southwest.

1	(4) Purpose.—Each regional center, with re-
2	spect to the region covered by the regional center,
3	shall—
4	(A) to the extent practical, coordinate re-
5	search with other wildland fire research entities,
6	such as other academic institutions, the Environ-
7	mental Protection Agency, the National Oceanic
8	and Atmospheric Administration, the National
9	Science Foundation, the National Aeronautics
10	and Space Administration, the Department of
11	Energy, the research and development program
12	of the Forest Service, the National Laboratories,
13	the United States Geological Survey, and State
14	and regional research organizations;
15	(B) improve the understanding of wildland
16	fire through wildland fire research that can be
17	applied by wildland fire management agencies;
18	(C) develop technologies and other tools to
19	understand, monitor, and predict wildland fire,
20	including—
21	(i) models to predict fire potential and
22	the spread and behavior of wildland fire
23	and smoke;

1	(ii) models to predict how vegetation
2	will respond to changes in the environment
3	and wildland fire;
4	(iii) the integration of technologies to
5	predict the spread and behavior of wildland
6	fire and smoke in as near-real-time as pos-
7	sible; and
8	(iv) other innovations to be integrated
9	into operational decision support systems
10	relating to wildland fire, such as the
11	Wildland Fire Decision Support System
12	and the Interagency Fuel Treatment Deci-
13	sion Support System;
14	(D) develop technologies and other tools to
15	safely support land management activities to re-
16	duce the severity of wildland fire;
17	(E) leverage predictive capabilities to re-
18	duce the impact of smoke on communities and
19	wildfire incident management teams, including
20	wildland firefighters;
21	(F) improve the understanding of post-fire
22	risk to the landscape, including flash flooding
23	potential and watershed impacts;

1	(G) test and operate models to support land
2	management decision-making, including
3	through—
4	(i) operating models to support man
5	agement of wildland fire and vegetation;
6	(ii) the demonstration of integration
7	technologies to support management of
8	wildland fire in as near-real-time as pos
9	sible; and
10	(iii) the incorporation of decision
11	science and social science that examines th
12	perception and adoption of information re
13	lated to wildland fire risk;
14	(H) develop a career pathway training pro
15	gram with respect to carrying out wildland fire
16	research;
17	(I) develop data management protocols to
18	allow for full and open exchange of data pursu
19	ant to the principles of findability, accessibility
20	interoperability, and reusability (commonly re
21	ferred to as the "FAIR principles") and archiv
22	and access that data;
23	(I) develop training programs for pre
24	scribed fire implementation; and

1	(K) make its work and data fully and open-
2	ly available.
3	(d) Advisory Boards.—
4	(1) In general.—In accordance with chapter
5	10 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred
6	to as the "Federal Advisory Committee Act"), the Sec-
7	retary shall establish at each regional center an advi-
8	sory board, to be known as the "Regional Advisory
9	Board", to carry out the duties described in para-
10	graph (4).
11	(2) Composition.—
12	(A) In General.—Each Regional Advisory
13	Board shall consist of members, who shall be
14	from, or have responsibility covering, the region
15	covered by the relevant regional center, including
16	at minimum—
17	(i) one regional representative from
18	each wildland fire management agency, ap-
19	pointed by that agency;
20	(ii) one representative from a State
21	government agency from each State located
22	in that region with expertise in forestry and
23	wildland fire mitigation and management,
24	appointed by the Governor of that State;

1	(iii) one representative from an Indian
2	Tribe or Tribal organization from that re-
3	gion with expertise in forestry and wildland
4	fire mitigation and management on Tribal
5	or Federal land, appointed by the Secre-
6	taries; and
7	(iv) additional representatives elected
8	$under\ subparagraph\ (B)(ii).$
9	(B) Elected membership.—
10	(i) Subcommittee.—Each Regional
11	Advisory Board shall solicit and approve,
12	on at least an annual basis, nominations
13	for individuals with operational expertise
14	in wildland fire mitigation and manage-
15	ment to serve as a representative on a sub-
16	committee to the Regional Advisory Board
17	for the purposes of clause (ii), composed of
18	not more than 15 individuals, including
19	representatives from, as applicable—
20	(I) institutions of higher edu-
21	cation or land-grant colleges and uni-
22	versities;
23	(II) nongovernmental organiza-
24	tions;
25	(III) private industry;

1	(IV) the wildland firefighter com-
2	munity, including organizations that
3	represent the interests of wildland fire-
4	fighters; and
5	(V) Southwest Ecological Restora-
6	tion Institutes established under sec-
7	tion 5(a) of the Southwest Forest
8	Health and Wildfire Prevention Act of
9	2004 (16 U.S.C. 6704(a)).
10	(ii) Election.—The subcommittee de-
11	scribed in clause (i) for a Regional Advi-
12	sory Board may elect a member or members
13	of the subcommittee to serve as a member of
14	the Regional Advisory Board under sub-
15	paragraph $(A)(iv)$ for a 2-year term.
16	(3) Compensation.—Each member of a Re-
17	gional Advisory Board shall serve on a voluntary
18	basis without compensation.
19	(4) Duties.—Each Regional Advisory Board
20	shall—
21	(A) ensure and support the coordination of
22	wildland fire research between the relevant re-
23	gional center and Federal and State land man-
24	agement agencies in that region;

1	(B) communicate the operational needs of
2	Federal and State land management agencies
3	and wildland fire management agencies in that
4	region to the relevant regional center and to the
5	Board governing the Wildfire Intelligence Center
6	$appointed\ under\ section\ 102(f);$
7	(C) advise, in coordination with the rel-
8	evant regional center, on research goals and ob-
9	jectives; and
10	(D) assist the relevant regional center with
11	the dissemination of research outputs and data
12	to the Board governing the Wildfire Intelligence
13	Center appointed under section 102(f) and Fed-
14	eral and State land management agencies and
15	wildland fire management agencies in that re-
16	gion.
17	(5) Meetings.—Each Regional Advisory Board
18	shall meet quarterly.
19	(6) Term.—Unless specified otherwise, a member
20	of a Regional Advisory Board shall serve for a term
21	of 4 years.
22	(7) VACANCIES.—
23	(A) In general.—A vacancy on a Re-
24	gional Advisory Board—

1	(i) shall not affect the powers of the
2	Regional Advisory Board; and
3	(ii) shall be filled in the same manner
4	as the original appointment was made by
5	not later than 180 days after the date on
6	which the vacancy occurs.
7	(B) FILLING UNEXPIRED TERM.—An indi-
8	vidual chosen to fill a vacancy shall be ap-
9	pointed for the unexpired term of the member re-
10	placed.
11	(e) Report on Wildland Fire Research.—Not
12	later than each of 2 years and 4 years after the date of
13	enactment of this Act, the Secretaries, in consultation with
14	the Board governing the Wildfire Intelligence Center ap-
15	pointed under section 102(f), shall submit to the appro-
16	priate committees of Congress a report describing—
17	(1) the progress each regional center has made in
18	the development of wildland fire research; and
19	(2) recommendations to improve wildland fire
20	research.
21	(f) Consultation.—In carrying out the requirements
22	of this section, the Secretaries shall consult with—
23	(1) Federal science agencies; and
24	(2) the Office of Science and Technology Policy.

1	SEC. 122. CONTRACTS, GRANTS, AND AGREEMENTS TO
2	CARRY OUT CERTAIN ECOSYSTEM RESTORA-
3	TION ACTIVITIES.
4	Section 40804 of the Infrastructure Investment and
5	Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 6592a) is amended by adding at the
6	end the following:
7	"(g) Contracts, Grants, and Agreements.—To
8	carry out the ecosystem restoration activities described in
9	subsection (b), the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through
10	the Chief of the Forest Service, may enter into contracts,
11	grants, or agreements, as appropriate, with State agencies,
12	Indian Tribes, institutions of higher education (as defined
13	in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
14	U.S.C. 1001(a))), and multistate coalitions—
15	"(1) for the collection and maintenance of native
16	plant materials, including material from managed
17	seed orchards; and
18	"(2) for the production of native plant materials
19	for revegetation.".
20	SEC. 123. REFORESTATION OF LAND DESTROYED BY HER-
21	MIT'S PEAK/CALF CANYON FIRE.
22	Section 104(d)(4) of the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon
23	Fire Assistance Act (division G of Public Law 117–180;
24	136 Stat. 2172) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:
26	"(D) Reforestation.—

1	$\it ``(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwith standing$
2	paragraph (1)(B), subject to clause (ii), a
3	claim that is paid for injury under this Act
4	may include damages resulting from the
5	Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire for other-
6	wise uncompensated resource losses for costs
7	of reasonable efforts, as determined by the
8	Administrator, incurred by the State of
9	New Mexico not later than December 31,
10	2030, to design and construct a center for
11	the purpose of researching, developing, and
12	generating native seedlings.
13	"(ii) Limitation.—The payment of a
14	claim under this Act may not include
15	amounts to design or construct a center de-
16	scribed in clause (i) until after all claims
17	by an injured person that are pending on
18	the date of enactment of this subparagraph
19	are paid or otherwise resolved.".
20	SEC. 124. CONTRACT PREFERENCE FOR LOCAL CONTRAC-
21	TORS FOR CERTAIN HAZARDOUS FUEL RE-
22	DUCTION PROJECTS.
23	(a) In General.—Title I of the Healthy Forests Res-
24	toration Act of 2003 is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating sections 107 and 108 (16
2	U.S.C. 6517, 6518) as sections 108 and 109, respec-
3	tively; and
4	(2) by inserting after section 106 (16 U.S.C.
5	6516) the following:
6	"SEC. 107. CONTRACT PREFERENCE FOR LOCAL CONTRAC-
7	TORS FOR CERTAIN HAZARDOUS FUEL RE-
8	DUCTION PROJECTS.
9	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
10	"(1) Appropriate local contractor.—The
11	term 'appropriate local contractor' means an entity
12	that carries out, pursuant to a contract or agreement,
13	1 or more authorized projects located—
14	"(A) in a State in which—
15	"(i) the entity has its principal place
16	of business, as certified by the entity or an
17	individual representing the entity; and
18	"(ii) not fewer than 26 percent of the
19	total workforce assigned to the applicable
20	contract or agreement (including sub-
21	contractors at any tier) will reside, as cer-
22	tified by the entity or an individual rep-
23	resenting the entity; or
24	"(B) within a 60-mile radius of the State
25	in which the entity is registered as a business or

1	has its principal place of business, as certified by
2	the entity or an individual representing the enti-
3	ty.
4	"(2) Authorized project.—The term 'author-
5	ized project' includes any activity carried out pursu-
6	ant to—
7	"(A) an authorized hazardous fuel reduction
8	project; or
9	"(B) a fireshed management project (as de-
10	fined in section 2 of the Fix Our Forests Act).
11	"(3) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means
12	the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief
13	of the Forest Service.
14	"(b) Contract Preference.—Effective beginning on
15	the date of enactment of the Fix Our Forests Act, the Sec-
16	retary shall give preference in awarding a contract to carry
17	out an authorized project in a State to an appropriate local
18	contractor, to the maximum extent practicable.
19	"(c) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
20	of enactment of the Fix Our Forests Act, and not less fre-
21	quently than annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit
22	to Congress a report that includes—
23	"(1) a quantitative analysis of the number and
24	percentage of contracts awarded to appropriate local
25	contractors, the total dollar value of those contracts.

1	and an assessment of the economic impact of the con-
2	tract preference under subsection (b) on local employ-
3	ment and contractor capacity;
4	"(2) a description of the reasons for awarding a
5	contract to carry out an authorized project in a State
6	to an individual or entity that is not an appropriate
7	local contractor; and
8	"(3) a description of the implementation by the
9	Secretary of this section.
10	"(d) Monitoring and Evaluation.—
11	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish
12	a monitoring and evaluation process—
13	"(A) to assess compliance with the require-
14	ments of this section, including the contract pref-
15	erence under subsection (b); and
16	"(B) to support the reports required under
17	subsection (c).
18	"(2) Participants.—The process described in
19	paragraph (1) may include participation by—
20	"(A) any cooperating governmental agen-
21	cies, including Tribal governments; and
22	"(B) any other interested groups or individ-
23	uals.".
24	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
25	contained in section 1(b) of the Healthy Forests Restoration

1	Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–148; 117 Stat. 1887) is
2	amended by striking the items relating to sections 107 and
3	108 and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 107. Contract preference for local contractors for certain hazardous fuel reduction projects. "Sec. 108. Effect of title. "Sec. 109. Authorization of appropriations.".
4	Subtitle C—Litigation Reform
5	SEC. 131. LITIGATION REFORM.
6	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	(1) AGENCY DOCUMENT.—The term "agency doc-
8	ument", with respect to a fireshed management
9	project, means a record of decision, decision memo-
10	randum, environmental document, or programmatic
11	$environmental\ document.$
12	(2) Covered agency action.—The term "cov-
13	ered agency action" means—
14	(A) the establishment of a fireshed manage-
15	ment project by an agency;
16	(B) the application of a categorical exclu-
17	sion to a fireshed management project;
18	(C) the preparation of any agency docu-
19	ment for a fireshed management project; and
20	(D) any other agency action as part of a
21	fireshed management project.
22	(3) NEPA TERMS.—The terms "categorical ex-
23	clusion", "environmental document", and "pro-

1	grammatic environmental document" have the mean-
2	ings given those terms in section 111 of the National
3	Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4336e).
4	(b) Limitations on Judicial Review.—
5	(1) Limitations on injunctive relief.—
6	(A) Temporary delay of covered agen-
7	CY ACTION.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
8	sion of law, in the case of a claim arising under
9	Federal law seeking judicial review of a covered
10	agency action, a court shall not issue a prelimi-
11	nary injunction against such covered agency ac-
12	tion unless the court determines that—
13	(i) subject to subparagraph (C), such
14	preliminary injunction is in the public in-
15	terest;
16	(ii) the balance of equities favors the
17	plaintiff;
18	(iii) the plaintiff is likely to succeed on
19	the merits; and
20	(iv) the plaintiff is likely to suffer ir-
21	reparable injury in the absence of prelimi-
22	nary relief.
23	(B) PERMANENT LIMIT ON AGENCY AC-
24	TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
25	law, in the case of a claim arising under Federal

1	law seeking judicial review of a covered agency
2	action, a court shall not issue a permanent in-
3	junction against such covered agency action, or
4	an order to otherwise permanently limit such
5	covered agency action, unless a court determines
6	that—
7	(i) subject to subparagraph (C), such
8	permanent injunction or order is in the
9	$public\ interest;$
10	(ii) the balance of equities favors the
11	plaintiff;
12	(iii) the plaintiff has suffered or will
13	suffer irreparable injury; and
14	(iv) no adequate remedy is available at
15	law.
16	(C) Public interest determination.—
17	(i) In GENERAL.—In determining
18	under subparagraphs (A) and (B) whether a
19	preliminary or permanent injunction
20	against, or other order with respect to, a
21	covered agency action is in the public inter-
22	est, the considerations of the court shall in-
23	clude—
24	(I) the purpose for which an agen-
25	cy is undertaking the fireshed manage-

1	ment project relating to such covered
2	agency action;
3	(II) the likelihood that the fireshed
4	management project will achieve the
5	stated purpose of the fireshed manage-
6	ment project; and
7	(III) the short- and long-term ef-
8	fects of proceeding with the covered
9	agency action, as compared to delaying
10	or limiting such covered agency action,
11	including the potential for significant
12	increases in wildfire risk or severity
13	and significant threats to the health of
14	$the\ ecosystem.$
15	(ii) Weight of public interest
16	FACTOR.—In determining whether to issue
17	any injunction or order under subpara-
18	graph (A) or (B), a court shall give signifi-
19	cant, but not necessarily dispositive, weight
20	to its consideration of whether such order is
21	in the public interest.
22	(2) Remand.—
23	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
24	other provision of law, in the case of a claim
25	arisina under Federal law seekina judicial re-

1	view of a covered agency action, if the court re-
2	mands the matter to the agency, the court shall
3	remand with instructions to carry out, during
4	the 180-day period beginning on the date of such
5	remand, such additional actions as may be nec-
6	essary to redress any cognizable harm giving rise
7	to such claim.
8	(B) Vacatur.—
9	(i) In General.—In remanding a
10	matter to an agency under subparagraph
11	(A), the court shall remand with vacatur
12	only if—
13	(I) the seriousness of any defi-
14	ciencies in the covered agency action
15	weigh in favor of vacatur; and
16	(II) the court determines that any
17	disruptive consequences of vacatur, in-
18	cluding the short- and long-term effects
19	of vacating the covered agency action
20	or any part of such covered agency ac-
21	tion, do not outweigh the justification
22	for vacatur.
23	(ii) Considerations.—In making the
24	determination described in clause (i)(II).

1	the court shall consider whether vacatur
2	would cause—
3	(I) any significant increases in
4	wildfire risk or severity, and
5	(II) any significant threats to the
6	health of the ecosystem.
7	(C) Effect of remand on agency.—In
8	the case of a covered agency action subject to re-
9	mand without vacatur, or with partial vacatur,
10	pursuant to this paragraph, the agency may—
11	(i) continue to carry out such covered
12	agency action, or such parts of the covered
13	agency action as are not vacated, to the ex-
14	tent that doing so does not interfere with
15	any additional actions required pursuant to
16	subparagraph (A); and
17	(ii) use any format, as appropriate, to
18	correct an agency document (including a
19	supplemental environmental document,
20	memorandum, or errata sheet), provided
21	that such format is appropriate to the na-
22	ture of the deficiency.
23	(3) Preservation of Authority.—Nothing in
24	this section alters, limits, or displaces the authority

1	of a court to review a covered agency action under
2	section 706(2) of title 5, United States Code.
3	(c) Limitations on Claims.—Notwithstanding any
4	other provision of law, a claim arising under Federal law
5	seeking judicial review of a covered agency action shall be
6	barred unless—
7	(1) with respect to an agency document or the
8	application of a categorical exclusion noticed in the
9	Federal Register, such claim is filed not later than
10	150 days after the date of publication of a notice in
11	the Federal Register of agency intent to carry out the
12	fireshed management project relating to such covered
13	agency document or application, unless a shorter pe-
14	riod is specified in such Federal law; or
15	(2) in the case of an agency document or the ap-
16	plication of a categorical exclusion not described in
17	paragraph (1), if such agency document or applica-
18	tion is otherwise published or noticed, such claim is
19	filed not later than 150 days after the date that is the
20	earlier of—
21	(A) the date on which such agency docu-
22	ment or application is published; and
23	(B) the date on which such agency docu-
24	ment or application is noticed.

1 SEC. 132. CONSULTATION ON FOREST PLANS.

2	(a) Forest Service Plans.—Section 6(d)(2) of the
3	Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act
4	of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604(d)(2)) is amended to read as fol-
5	lows:
6	"(2) No additional consultation required
7	UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.—Notwithstanding
8	any other provision of law, the Secretary shall not be
9	required to reinitiate consultation under section
10	7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16
11	U.S.C. 1536(a)(2)) or section 402.16 of title 50, Code
12	of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation), on
13	a land management plan approved, amended, or re-
14	vised under this section when—
15	"(A) a new species is listed or critical habi-
16	tat is designated under the Endangered Species
17	Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); or
18	"(B) new information reveals effects of the
19	land management plan that may affect a species
20	listed or critical habitat designated under that
21	Act in a manner or to an extent not previously
22	considered.".
23	(b) Bureau of Land Management Plans.—Section
24	202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of
25	1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712) is amended by adding at the end
26	the following:

1	"(g) No Additional Consultation Required
2	Under Certain Circumstances.—Notwithstanding any
3	other provision of law, the Secretary shall not be required
4	to reinitiate consultation under section 7(a)(2) of the En-
5	dangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536(a)(2)) or sec-
6	tion 402.16 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (or a
7	successor regulation), on a land use plan approved, amend-
8	ed, or revised under this section when—
9	"(1) a new species is listed or critical habitat is
10	designated under the Endangered Species Act of 1973
11	(16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); or
12	"(2) new information reveals effects of the land
13	use plan that may affect a species listed or critical
14	habitat designated under that Act in a manner or to
15	an extent not previously considered.".
16	Subtitle D—Prescribed Fire
17	SEC. 141. PRESCRIBED FIRE ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES, POLI-
18	CIES, AND PRACTICES.
19	(a) Definition of Prescribed Fire.—
20	(1) In general.—In this section, the term "pre-
21	scribed fire" means a fire deliberately ignited to burn
22	wildland fuels in a natural or modified state—
23	(A) under specified environmental condi-
24	tions that are intended to allow the fire—

1	(i) to be confined to a predetermined
2	area; and
3	(ii) to produce the fireline intensity
4	and rate of spread required to attain
5	planned resource management objectives;
6	and
7	(B) in accordance with applicable law (in-
8	cluding regulations).
9	(2) Exclusion.—In this section, the term "pre-
10	scribed fire" does not include a fire that is ignited for
11	the primary purpose of pile burning.
12	(3) CULTURAL BURNING.—In this section, the
13	term "prescribed fire" includes specified cultural
14	burning activities that an Indian Tribe designates for
15	treatment as prescribed fire for the purposes of this
16	section.
17	(b) Eligible Activities.—
18	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned may
19	carry out eligible activities described in paragraph
20	(2) for hazardous fuels management with respect to
21	land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary con-
22	cerned.
23	(2) Description of activities.—The activities
24	referred to in paragraph (1) are—

1	(A) with respect to prescribed fires on Fed-
2	eral land, or on non-Federal land if the Sec-
3	retary concerned determines that such activities
4	would benefit resources on Federal land—
5	(i) entering into procurement contracts
6	or cooperative agreements for prescribed fire
7	activities;
8	(ii) issuing grants from an existing
9	grant program to a State, Indian Tribe,
10	local government, prescribed fire council,
11	prescribed burn association, or nonprofit or-
12	ganization for the implementation of pre-
13	scribed fires, including—
14	(I) carrying out necessary envi-
15	$ronmental\ reviews;$
16	(II) carrying out any site prepa-
17	ration necessary for implementing pre-
18	scribed fires; and
19	(III) conducting any required
20	pre-ignition cultural and environ-
21	mental surveys; and
22	(iii) conducting outreach to the public,
23	Indian Tribes and beneficiaries, and adja-
24	$cent\ landowners;$

1	(B) implementing prescribed fires on non-
2	Federal land, if the Secretary concerned deter-
3	mines that the prescribed fire would benefit Fed-
4	eral land, including—
5	(i) carrying out necessary environ-
6	mental reviews;
7	(ii) carrying out any site preparation
8	necessary for implementing prescribed fires;
9	and
10	(iii) conducting any required pre-igni-
11	tion cultural and environmental surveys;
12	(C) providing training for prescribed fire
13	and basic smoke management practices to Fed-
14	eral employees and cooperators;
15	(D) conducting post-prescribed fire activi-
16	ties, such as monitoring for hazard trees or re-
17	ignitions and invasive species management; and
18	(E) providing technical or financial assist-
19	ance to a State, Indian Tribe, local government,
20	prescribed fire council, prescribed burn associa-
21	tion, or nonprofit organization for the purpose of
22	providing training for prescribed fire or basic
23	smoke management practices, consistent with
24	any standards developed by the National Wild-

1	fire Coordinating Group or State-prescribed fire
2	standards.
3	(3) Prioritization.—
4	(A) In general.—Subject to subparagraph
5	(B), the Secretary concerned shall coordinate
6	with the other Secretary concerned, State and
7	local government agencies, Indian Tribes, and
8	applicable nongovernmental organizations to es-
9	tablish prioritization criteria for carrying out
10	the activities described in paragraph (2).
11	(B) Requirement.—In establishing cri-
12	teria under subparagraph (A), the Secretary con-
13	cerned shall give priority to a project that is—
14	(i) implemented across a large contig-
15	uous area;
16	(ii) cross-boundary in nature;
17	(iii) located in an area that is—
18	(I) within or adjacent to the
19	wildland-urban interface and identi-
20	fied as a priority area in a statewide
21	forest action plan, fireshed assessment,
22	or community wildfire protection plan;
23	or
24	(II) identified by the Secretary of
25	the Interior, in consultation with the

1	appropriate Indian Tribe, as impor-
2	tant to the protection of a Tribal trust
3	resource or the reserved or treaty rights
4	of an Indian Tribe identified by the
5	Secretary concerned, in consultation
6	with the appropriate Indian Tribe;
7	(iv) on land that is at high or very
8	high risk of experiencing a wildfire that
9	would be difficult to suppress;
10	(v) in an area that is designated as
11	critical habitat and in need of ecological
12	restoration or enhancement that can be
13	achieved with the aid of prescribed fire; or
14	(vi) supportive of potential operational
15	delineations or strategic response zones.
16	(c) Policies and Practices.—The Secretary con-
17	cerned, in coordination with State and local governments
18	and Indian Tribes, shall develop a prescribed fire oper-
19	ational strategy for each region of the National Forest Sys-
20	tem or the Department of the Interior, as applicable, that
21	describes—
22	(1) the fire deficit, by region; and
23	(2) staffing and funding needs to address the fire
24	deficit described in paragraph (1).

1 SEC. 142. HUMAN RESOURCES.

2	(a) Competencies for Firefighters.—The Secre-
3	taries, in coordination with the Fire Executive Council,
4	shall task the National Wildfire Coordinating Group with
5	the duty to adjust training requirements to obtain a certifi-
6	cation to serve in a supervisory role for a prescribed fire
7	and any other positions determined to be necessary by the
8	Secretaries—
9	(1) in order to reduce the time required to obtain
10	such a certification; and
11	(2) such that significant experience, gained ex-
12	clusively during a prescribed fire, is required to ob-
13	tain such a certification.
14	(b) Enhancing Interoperability Between Fed-
15	ERAL AND NON-FEDERAL PRACTITIONERS.—
16	(1) Qualification databases and dispatch
17	Systems.—The Secretaries shall establish, to the ex-
18	tent practicable, a collaborative process to create
19	mechanisms for non-Federal fire practitioners to be
20	included in prescribed fire and wildfire resource or-
21	dering and reimbursement processes.
22	(2) Partnership agreements.—The Secre-
23	taries may—
24	(A) develop partnership agreements for pre-
25	scribed fire with all relevant State, Federal,
26	Tribal, university, and nongovernmental entities

1	that choose to be included in resource ordering
2	and reimbursement processes under paragraph
3	(1);
4	(B) create agreements and structures nec-
5	essary to include non-Federal and other non-
6	traditional partners in direct work with Federal
7	agencies to address prescribed fires; and
8	(C) treat any prescribed fire practitioner
9	meeting the National Wildfire Coordinating
10	Group standards as eligible to be included in
11	statewide participating agreements.
12	SEC. 143. LIABILITY OF PRESCRIBED FIRE MANAGERS.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	(1) Covered activity.—The term "covered ac-
15	tivity" means an activity carried out on Federal land
16	directly related to a wildland fire, prescribed fire, or
17	prescribed fire with cultural objectives in the course of
18	executing a Federal action.
19	(2) Covered enti-
20	ty" means a non-Federal entity that—
21	(A) carries out a covered activity; and
22	(B) is acting—
23	(i) under the direct supervision of a
24	Federal employee; and

1	(ii) within the scope of a contract or
2	agreement in carrying out that covered ac-
3	tivity.
4	(b) Indemnity of Federal and Tribal Employ-
5	EES.—The Secretaries, in coordination with the Attorney
6	General, shall develop a voluntary training course for em-
7	ployees involved in covered activities describing—
8	(1) liability protections afforded to those employ-
9	ees when acting within the scope of their employment;
10	(2) the limits on any liability protections under
11	paragraph (1); and
12	(3) reimbursements available for qualified em-
13	ployees for professional liability insurance under sec-
14	tion 636 of division A of Public Law 104–208 (5
15	U.S.C. prec. 5941 note).
16	(c) Indemnity of Other Cooperators.—
17	(1) In General.—Effective beginning on the
18	date of enactment of this Act, a covered entity shall
19	be considered to be an employee of the Federal Gov-
20	ernment for purposes of chapter 171 of title 28,
21	United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal
22	Tort Claims Act"), while that covered entity carries
23	out any covered activity.
24	(2) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year after the
25	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries, in con-

1	sultation with the Attorney General, shall issue guid-
2	ance regarding the necessary provisions of, and im-
3	plementation requirements for, contracts or agree-
4	ments that would extend liability protection to cov-
5	ered entities pursuant to paragraph (1).
6	(3) Reimbursement.—Beginning in the first
7	fiscal year that begins after the date of enactment of
8	this Act, the Secretaries shall request, through annual
9	appropriations, funds sufficient to reimburse the
10	Treasury for any claims paid during the preceding
11	fiscal year pursuant to paragraph (1).
12	(d) Effect.—Nothing in this section limits or other-
13	wise affects the application of—
14	(1) any statutory or judicial immunity to any
15	$Federal\ employee;$
16	(2) chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code
17	(commonly known as the "Federal Tort Claims Act"),
18	to any Federal employee; or
19	(3) section 314 of Public Law 101-512 (25
20	U.S.C. 5321 note).
21	SEC. 144. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.
22	(a) Smoke Management Agencies.—
23	(1) Policy.—The Secretaries shall ensure that
24	policies, training, and programs of the Secretaries are
25	consistent with this subsection—

1	(A) to facilitate greater use of prescribed
2	fire in a safe and responsible manner, with ap-
3	propriate monitoring to prevent prescribed fires
4	from exceeding containment;
5	(B) to address public health and safety, in-
6	cluding impacts from smoke from wildfires and
7	prescribed fires; and
8	(C) to improve and leverage smoke modeling
9	and smoke monitoring using existing systems
10	and programs, including the Interagency
11	Wildland Fire Air Quality Response Program
12	established under section 1114(f) of the John D.
13	Dingell, Jr. Conservation, Management, and
14	Recreation Act (43 U.S.C. 1748b-1(f)), to pro-
15	vide consistent forecasts on air quality impacts
16	from wildfire and prescribed fire.
17	(2) Coordination among federal, tribal,
18	AND STATE AIR QUALITY AGENCIES AND FEDERAL,
19	TRIBAL, AND STATE LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCIES.—
20	To facilitate the use of prescribed fire on Federal,
21	State, Tribal, and private land, the Executive Direc-
22	tor, in cooperation with the Environmental Protec-
23	tion Agency, Federal and State land management

24 agencies, shall coordinate with State, Tribal, and

1	local air quality agencies that regulate smoke under
2	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.)—
3	(A) to the maximum extent practicable, to
4	provide State, Tribal, and local air quality
5	agencies with guidance, data, imagery, or mod-
6	eling to support the development of exceptional
7	event demonstrations for prescribed fire in ac-
8	cordance with sections 50.14 and 51.930 of title
9	40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor
10	regulations);
11	(B) to develop archives and automated tools
12	to provide State, Tribal, and local air quality
13	agencies with the data, imagery, and modeling
14	under subparagraph (A);
15	(C) to provide technical assistance, best
16	practices, or templates to States, Indian Tribes,
17	and local governments for the use of the State,
18	Indian Tribe, or local government in approving
19	the use of prescribed fire under a State, Tribal,
20	or local government smoke management pro-
21	gram;
22	(D)(i) to promote basic smoke management
23	practices and other best practices to protect the
24	public from wildfire smoke;

1	(ii) to disseminate information about basic
2	smoke management practices;
3	(iii) to educate landowners that use pre-
4	scribed fire about the importance of—
5	(I) using basic smoke management
6	practices; and
7	(II) including basic smoke manage-
8	ment practices as a component of a pre-
9	scribed fire plan;
10	(iv) to share with the public information, in
11	coordination with other State and local agencies
12	with responsibility for smoke monitoring or reg-
13	ulation, about measures that individuals can
14	take to protect themselves from wildfire smoke;
15	and
16	(v) to promote further development of
17	smoke-ready efforts to allow communities to be
18	prepared for smoke, including promotion of
19	smoke planning in community wildfire protec-
20	tion plans; and
21	(E) to develop guidance and tools to stream-
22	line the demonstration of a clear causal relation-
23	ship between prescribed fire smoke and a related
24	exceedance or contribution to an exceedance of a
25	national ambient air quality standard.

1	(3) Programs and research.—To address the
2	public health and safety concerns of the expanded use
3	of prescribed fire under this subtitle, the Secretaries,
4	in coordination with the Administrator of the Envi-
5	ronmental Protection Agency and the Director of the
6	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall con-
7	duct research to improve or develop—
8	(A) wildfire smoke prediction models;
9	(B) smoke impact display tools for the pub-
10	lic and decisionmakers, including for health im-
11	pacts and transportation safety;
12	(C) appropriate, cost-effective, and con-
13	sistent communications strategies to mitigate the
14	impacts of smoke from prescribed fire on nearby
15	communities;
16	(D) consistent nationally and scientifically
17	supported messages regarding personal protec-
18	tion equipment for the public;
19	(E) prescribed fire activity tracking and
20	emission inventory systems for planning and
21	post-treatment accountability; and
22	(F) air quality and atmospheric deposition
23	monitoring to understand smoke impacts of
24	wildland fires.

1	(b) Development of Landscape-scale Federal
2	Prescribed Fire Plans.—
3	(1) Inclusion of Landscape-scale pre-
4	SCRIBED FIRE PLANS.—The Secretary concerned, with
5	respect to units of the National Forest System and
6	Bureau of Land Management districts with existing
7	prescribed fire programs—
8	(A) not later than 1 year after the date of
9	enactment of this Act, shall determine which of
10	those units or districts have landscape-scale pre-
11	scribed fire plans;
12	(B) not later than 2 years after the date of
13	enactment of this Act, shall—
14	(i) determine whether each plan de-
15	scribed in subparagraph (A) requires revi-
16	sion; and
17	(ii) establish a schedule for the revision
18	of each plan described in subparagraph (A)
19	that requires revision; and
20	(C) may develop landscape-scale prescribed
21	fire plans for any units or districts that do not
22	have landscape-scale prescribed fire plans, as de-
23	termined appropriate by the Secretary con-
24	cerned.

1	(2) Environmental compliance.—In carrying
2	out paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall—
3	(A) comply with—
4	(i) the National Environmental Policy
5	Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);
6	(ii) the Endangered Species Act of
7	1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
8	(iii) division A of subtitle III of title
9	54, United States Code; and
10	(iv) any other applicable laws; and
11	(B) consider the site-specific environmental
12	consequences of the landscape-scale prescribed
13	fire decisions under this subsection.
14	(3) Collaborative Development.—In car-
15	rying out paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned
16	shall collaborate with diverse actors from academia,
17	the Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management
18	research and development offices, nongovernmental or-
19	ganizations, Indian Tribes, and other entities, as de-
20	termined appropriate by the Secretary concerned.
21	(4) Reports.—Not later than 1 year after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, and annually there-
23	after, the Secretary concerned shall submit to Con-
24	gress a report describing the progress of the Secretary
25	concerned in carrying out this subsection.

1	SEC. 145. COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS
2	FOR PRESCRIBED FIRE.
3	(a) AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS.—
4	(1) Definition of eligible entity.—In this
5	subsection, the term "eligible entity" means a State,
6	an Indian Tribe, a unit of local government, a fire
7	district, a nongovernmental organization, and a pri-
8	vate entity.
9	(2) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretaries may each
10	enter into a cooperative agreement or contract with
11	an eligible entity, for a period of not longer than 10
12	years, that authorizes the eligible entity—
13	(A) to coordinate, plan, or conduct a pre-
14	scribed fire on Federal land; or
15	(B) to conduct a prescribed fire training
16	event.
17	(3) Subcontracts.—A State, Indian Tribe,
18	county, or eligible entity that enters into a coopera-
19	tive agreement or contract under paragraph (1) may
20	enter into a subcontract, in accordance with applica-
21	ble employment and contracting laws and procedures
22	of the State, Indian Tribe, county, or eligible entity—
23	(A) to conduct a prescribed fire on Federal
24	land: or

1	(B) to conduct a prescribed fire training
2	event pursuant to that cooperative agreement or
3	contract.
4	(4) APPLICABLE LAW.—A prescribed fire con-
5	ducted pursuant to this subsection shall be carried out
6	on a project-by-project basis under—
7	(A) existing authorities of the applicable
8	Federal agency responsible for the management
9	of the applicable Federal land; and
10	(B) the employment and contracting laws of
11	an Indian Tribe in accordance with paragraph
12	(3), as applicable.
13	(5) Preservation of Decision Authority.—
14	An eligible entity may not carry out a project under
15	this subsection pursuant to a cooperative agreement
16	or contract without the prior written approval of each
17	Secretary that entered into the cooperative agreement
18	or contract.
19	(b) Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004
20	Amendments.—The Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004
21	(Public Law 108–278; 118 Stat. 868) is amended by adding
22	at the end the following:

1	"SEC. 4. TRIBAL PRESCRIBED BURN DEMONSTRATION
2	PROJECT.
3	"(a) In General.—The Secretary may enter into a
4	contract or agreement with an Indian Tribe under this Act
5	that provides for prescribed burns on Federal land pursuant
6	to this section.
7	"(b) Scope.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
8	law, a contract or agreement entered into under this section
9	may—
10	"(1) use a burn plan that, on approval by the
11	Secretary, allows multiple prescribed burns to be con-
12	ducted in accordance with the burn plan to eliminate
13	the need for individual burn plans for each prescribed
14	burn and enable forest managers to have the flexi-
15	bility to conduct prescribed burns when conditions
16	allow; and
17	"(2) include terms that—
18	"(A) the Secretary may authorize an In-
19	dian Tribe to plan, coordinate, and execute pre-
20	scribed burns on the behalf of the Secretary with-
21	in the scope of the burn plan including applying
22	the National Wildfire Coordinating Group
23	standards for prescribed fire planning and im-
24	plementation, to the extent authorized by Federal
25	law;

1	"(B) any applicable Federal standard that
2	requires a certain number of personnel to be on-
3	hand during prescribed burns may be satisfied
4	by regional Federal, State, or Tribal resources
5	and personnel; and
6	"(C) where appropriate, the Secretary shall
7	work with other Federal agencies and Tribal,
8	State, and local governments to coordinate and
9	communicate the shared objectives of the pre-
10	scribed burn and ensure activities comply with
11	applicable law and regulations.".
12	(c) Cooperative Funds and Deposits Act Amend-
13	MENTS.—Public Law 94–148 (commonly known as the "Co-
14	operative Funds and Deposits Act") is amended—
15	(1) in the first sentence of the first section (16
16	U.S.C. 565a-1), by inserting "prescribed fire and
17	prescribed fire training events," after "including fire
18	protection,"; and
19	(2) in section 2 (16 U.S.C. 565a-2), by inserting
20	", section 4 of the Tribal Forest Protection Act of
21	2004 (Public Law 108–278; 118 Stat. 868), or section
22	145(a) of the Fix Our Forests Act" after "authorized
23	by section 1".

1	SEC. 146. FACILITATING RESPONSIBLE USE OF PRE-
2	SCRIBED FIRE.
3	The Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest
4	Service, shall—
5	(1) use all available resources to ensure pre-
6	scribed burns conducted by the Forest Service are ex-
7	tinguished; and
8	(2) update the prescribed burn policies of the
9	Forest Service to reflect the findings and rec-
10	ommendations included in the report of the Forest
11	Service entitled "National Prescribed Fire Program
12	Review" and dated September 2022.
13	TITLE II—PROTECTING
14	COMMUNITIES AT RISK
15	Subtitle A—Community Wildfire
16	Risk Reduction
17	SEC. 201. COMMUNITY WILDFIRE RISK REDUCTION PRO-
18	GRAM.
19	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 120 days after
20	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries and the
21	Secretary of Homeland Security, acting through the Ad-
22	ministrator of the United States Fire Administration, shall
23	jointly establish an interagency program, to be known as
24	the "Community Wildfire Risk Reduction Program" (re-
25	ferred to in this section as the "Program"), which shall con-
26	sist of at least 1 representative from each of the following:

1	(1) The Office of Wildland Fire of the Depart-
2	ment of the Interior.
3	(2) The National Park Service.
4	(3) The Bureau of Land Management.
5	(4) The United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
6	(5) The Bureau of Indian Affairs.
7	(6) The Forest Service.
8	(7) The Federal Emergency Management Agency.
9	(8) The United States Fire Administration.
10	(9) The National Institute of Standards and
11	Technology.
12	(10) The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
13	ministration.
14	(11) The National Wildfire Coordinating Group.
15	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Program is to sup-
16	port interagency coordination in reducing the risk of, and
17	the damages resulting from, wildland fires in communities
18	(including Tribal communities) in the wildland-urban
19	interface through—
20	(1) advancing research and science in wildland
21	fire resilience, land management, and risk reduction
22	in the built environment, including support for non-
23	Federal research partnerships;
24	(2) using current programming already avail-
25	able to Federal agencies;

- (3) supporting the development of fire-resistant building methods, codes, and standards for commu-nity wildland fire risk reduction, including by promoting ignition-resistant construction, defensible space, and other measures demonstrated to effectively reduce wildland fire risks, as informed by the best available science;
 - (4) supporting adoption by Indian Tribes and local governmental entities of fire-resistant building methods, codes, and standards;
 - (5) supporting efforts by Indian Tribes and local governmental entities to address the effects of wildland fire on those communities, including property damages, air quality, and water quality;
 - (6) encouraging public-private partnerships to conduct hazardous fuels management activities near and within the wildland-urban interface, including creating or improving defensible space around structures;
 - (7) providing technical and financial assistance targeted towards communities (including Tribal communities) through streamlined and unified technical assistance and grant management mechanisms, including the portal and uniform grant application established under subsection (c)—

1	(A) to encourage critical risk-reduction
2	measures on private property with high wildland
3	fire risk exposure in those communities; and
4	(B) to mitigate costs for, and improve ca-
5	pacity among, those communities;
6	(8) reducing risk in the built environment by en-
7	couraging increased mitigation measures, such as the
8	use of ignition-resistant construction and retrofitting
9	materials;
10	(9) coordinating budgets among the agencies de-
11	scribed in subsection (a) to identify gaps and reduce
12	overlap;
13	(10) supporting the integration of wildland fire
14	risk reduction measure and technical assistance into
15	existing Federal programs, where practicable; and
16	(11) advancing the development of early wildfire
17	detection and warning systems for rapid response and
18	community alerts.
19	(c) Portal and Uniform Grant Application.—
20	(1) In General.—As part of the Program, the
21	Secretaries and the Administrator of the Federal
22	Emergency Management Agency shall establish a por-
23	tal through which a person may submit a single, uni-
24	form application for any of the following:

1	(A) A community wildfire defense grant
2	under section 40803(f) of the Infrastructure In-
3	vestment and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 6592(f)).
4	(B) An emergency management perform-
5	ance grant under section 662 of the Post-Katrina
6	Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006 (6
7	U.S.C. 762).
8	(C) A grant under section 33 of the Federal
9	Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15
10	U.S.C. 2229).
11	(D) A grant under section 34 of the Federal
12	Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15
13	$U.S.C.\ 2229a).$
14	(E) Financial or technical assistance or a
15	grant under section 203, 205, 404, 406, or 420
16	of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
17	Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5133,
18	5135, 5170c, 5172, 5187).
19	(2) Simplification of application.—In estab-
20	lishing the portal and application under paragraph
21	(1), the Secretaries and the Administrator of the Fed-
22	eral Emergency Management Agency shall seek to re-
23	duce the complexity and length of the application
24	process for the forms of assistance described in para-
25	graph (1).

1	(3) Technical assistance.—The Secretaries
2	shall provide technical assistance to communities or
3	persons seeking to apply for financial assistance
4	through the portal using the application established
5	under paragraph (1).
6	(d) Duties.—In carrying out this section, the rep-
7	resentatives described in subsection (a) shall—
8	(1) meet not less frequently than once per year;
9	(2) ensure coordination, as appropriate, with
10	other Federal agencies not identified in that sub-
11	section; and
12	(3) seek to gather feedback, as appropriate, from
13	States, Indian Tribes, local governments, academic or
14	research institutions, private entities, and such other
15	entities as the Secretaries and the Secretary of Home-
16	land Security, acting through the Administrator of
17	the United States Fire Administration, determine to
18	be appropriate, to improve the function and operation
19	of the Program.
20	(e) Coordination.—The Secretaries and the Sec-
21	retary of Homeland Security, acting through the Adminis-
22	$trator\ of\ the\ United\ States\ Fire\ Administration,\ shall\ seek$
23	to ensure that States and Indian Tribes are invited and
24	represented in meetings and other activities under this sec-
25	tion.

1	(f) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date of
2	enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than once
3	every 2 years thereafter, the Program, acting through the
4	representatives described in subsection (a), shall submit to
5	the relevant committees of Congress a report that—
6	(1) describes the activities carried out under the
7	Program during the 2 preceding years;
8	(2) assesses the management, coordination, im-
9	plementation, and effectiveness of Program activities;
10	(3) suggests improvements for the coordination
11	and engagement of the Program with States, Indian
12	Tribes, units of local government, and at-risk commu-
13	nities;
14	(4) assesses trends and developments in science
15	and engineering relating to wildfire risk reduction in
16	the built environment, land-use planning, and vegeta-
17	tion management that could be used to improve the
18	effectiveness or efficiency of the Program;
19	(5) provides recommendations, to the maximum
20	extent practicable—
21	(A) to improve the Program, including the
22	ability of the Program to provide financial or
23	technical assistance to States, Indian Tribes,
24	units of local government, and at-risk commu-
25	nities; and

1	(B) to modify existing requirements for
2	Federal assistance or programs that support
3	community wildfire risk reduction to improve
4	the delivery, effectiveness, or availability of such
5	assistance or programs;
6	(6) describes and itemizes the total amount of
7	funding relating to community wildfire risk reduction
8	that was obligated during the 2 preceding fiscal years
9	by the agencies described in subsection (a); and
10	(7) describes any feedback incorporated from
11	non-Federal stakeholders to improve the function and
12	operation of the Program.
13	(g) Sunset.—The Program terminates on the date
14	that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
15	SEC. 202. COMMUNITY WILDFIRE DEFENSE RESEARCH PRO-
16	GRAM.
17	(a) In General.—The Secretaries, acting jointly,
18	shall expand the Joint Fire Science Program to include a
19	performance-driven research and development program, to
20	be known as the "Community Wildfire Defense Research
21	Program" (referred to in this section as the "Program"),
22	for the purpose of testing and advancing innovative designs
23	to establish or improve the wildfire resistance of structures
24	and communities.

1	(b) Program Priorities.—In carrying out the Pro-
2	gram, the Secretaries shall evaluate efforts and opportuni-
3	ties on or after the date of enactment of this Act to establish
4	wildfire-resistant structures and communities through—
5	(1) different affordable building materials, in-
6	cluding mass timber;
7	(2) home hardening, including policies to
8	incentivize and incorporate defensible space;
9	(3) preparation for wildland fire smoke;
10	(4) subdivision design and other land-use plan-
11	ning and design;
12	(5) landscape architecture; and
13	(6) other wildfire-resistant designs, as deter-
14	mined by the Secretaries.
15	(c) Community Wildfire Defense Innovation
16	Prize.—
17	(1) In general.—In carrying out the Program,
18	the Secretaries shall carry out a competition through
19	which a person may submit to the Secretaries innova-
20	tive designs for the establishment or improvement of
21	an ignition-resistant structure or fire-adapted com-
22	munity.
23	(2) Prize.—Subject to the availability of appro-
24	priations made in advance for that purpose, the Sec-
25	retaries may award a prize under the competition de-

1	scribed in paragraph (1), based on criteria established
2	by the Secretaries and in accordance with paragraph
3	(3).
4	(3) Scale.—In awarding a prize under para-
5	graph (2), the Secretaries shall prioritize for an
6	award designs with the greatest potential to scale to
7	existing infrastructure.
8	(d) Collaboration and Nonduplication.—In car-
9	rying out the Program, the Secretaries shall ensure collabo-
10	ration and nonduplication of activities with the Building
11	Technologies Office of the Department of Energy.
12	(e) Coordination.—In carrying out the Program, the
13	Secretaries shall coordinate with the Administrator of the
14	United States Fire Administration.
15	(f) Sunset.—The Program terminates on the date
16	that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
17	SEC. 203. COMMUNITY WILDFIRE DEFENSE GRANT PRO-
18	GRAM IMPROVEMENTS.
19	Section 40803(f) of the Infrastructure Investment and
20	Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 6592(f)) is amended—
21	(1) by striking paragraph (1)(B), and inserting
22	$the\ following:$
23	"(B) to carry out projects, including—
24	"(i) landscape and hazardous fuels re-
25	$duction\ treatments;$

1	"(ii) the retrofit, modification, or
2	maintenance of a structure to improve re-
3	sistance to fire;
4	"(iii) creating defensible space around
5	structures to improve resistance to fire;
6	"(iv) hardening infrastructure, includ-
7	ing evacuation routes, to improve resistance
8	$to\ fire;$
9	"(v) any other project described in a
10	community wildfire protection plan that is
11	not more than 10 years old; and
12	"(vi) deployment of wildfire tech-
13	nologies determined to be successful under
14	section 303 of the Fix Our Forests Act.";
15	(2) in paragraph (2)—
16	(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or"
17	at the end;
18	(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the
19	period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(D) located in a fireshed management area
22	(as defined in section 2 of the Fix Our Forests
23	Act)."; and
24	(3) in paragraph (3)—

1	(A) in subparagraph $(C)(i)$, by striking
2	"continental"; and
3	(B) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(D) Limitation on administrative ex-
5	PENSES.—Not more than 7 percent of funds obli-
6	gated under this subsection may be used for ad-
7	ministrative expenses incurred by the Secretary
8	$of\ Agriculture.$ ".
9	SEC. 204. UPDATED DEFINITION OF AT-RISK COMMUNITY.
10	Section 101 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of
11	2003 (16 U.S.C. 6511) is amended by striking paragraph
12	(1) and inserting the following:
13	"(1) At-risk community.—The term 'at-risk
14	community' means an area that is composed of—
15	"(A) an interface community (as defined in
16	the notice entitled Wildland Urban Interface
17	Communities Within the Vicinity of Federal
18	Lands That Are at High Risk From Wildfire'
19	(66 Fed. Reg. 753 (January 4, 2001)) issued by
20	the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of
21	the Interior in accordance with title IV of the
22	Department of the Interior and Related Agencies
23	Appropriations Act, 2001 (114 Stat. 1009));
24	"(B) a group of homes and other structures
25	with basic infrastructure and services (such as

1	utilities and collectively maintained transpor-
2	tation routes) at risk from wildfire, as recognized
3	in a fireshed, State, Tribal, local, regional, terri-
4	torial, or national wildfire risk assessment; or
5	"(C) a group of homes and other structures
6	with basic infrastructure and services (such as
7	utilities and collectively maintained transpor-
8	tation routes), as determined by the Secretary of
9	Agriculture.".
10	Subtitle B—Vegetation Manage-
11	ment, Reforestation, and Local
12	Fire Risk Mitigation
13	SEC. 211. VEGETATION MANAGEMENT, FACILITY INSPEC-
14	TION, AND OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
15	RELATING TO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AND
16	DISTRIBUTION FACILITY RIGHTS-OF-WAY.
17	(a) Hazard Trees Within 150 Feet of Electric
18	Power Line.—Section 512(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Land
19	Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
20	1772(a)(1)(B)) is amended—
21	(1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by strik-
22	ing "likely to—" and inserting "likely—";
23	(2) in clause (i), by inserting "to" after the
24	clause designation; and

1	(3) in clause (ii), by striking "come within 10"
2	and inserting "to come within 150".
3	(b) Consultation With Private Landowners.—
4	Section 512(c)(3)(E) of the Federal Land Policy and Man-
5	agement Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772(c)(3)(E)) is amend-
6	ed—
7	(1) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end;
8	(2) in clause (ii), by striking the period and in-
9	serting "; and"; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(iii) consulting with a private land-
12	owner with respect to any hazard trees
13	identified for removal from land owned by
14	the private landowner.".
15	(c) Review and Approval Process.—Section
16	512(c)(4)(A) of the Federal Land Policy and Management
17	Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772(c)(4)(A)) is amended by strik-
18	ing clause (iv) and inserting the following:
19	"(iv) ensures that—
20	"(I) a plan submitted without a
21	modification under clause (iii) shall be
22	automatically approved by the date
23	that is 120 days after the date of sub-
24	mission; and

1	"(II) for a plan submitted with a
2	modification under clause (iii), if the
3	plan is not approved by the date that
4	is 120 days after the date of submis-
5	sion, the Secretary concerned shall de-
6	velop and submit to the owner and op-
7	erator a letter describing—
8	"(aa) a detailed timeline (to
9	conclude by the date that is 165
10	days after the date of submission
11	of the plan) for completing review
12	of the plan;
13	"(bb) any identified defi-
14	ciencies in the plan and specific
15	opportunities for the owner or op-
16	erator to address each deficiency;
17	and
18	"(cc) any other relevant in-
19	formation, as determined by the
20	Secretary concerned.".
21	(d) Technical Corrections.—Section 512 of the
22	Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43
23	U.S.C. 1772) is amended—

1	(1) in the section heading, by striking
2	"MANAGMENT" and inserting "MANAGEMENT";
3	and
4	(2) in subsection (c)(4)(A)(ii), by striking "and"
5	at the end.
6	(e) Vegetation Management Plan Review.—Not
7	later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
8	the Secretaries shall submit to the relevant committees of
9	Congress a report describing, with respect to vegetation
10	management plans submitted under section 512 of the Fed-
11	eral Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
12	1772)—
13	(1) the extent to which those vegetation manage-
14	ment plans under are reviewed and approved within
15	the 120-day period required under subsection
16	(c)(4)(A)(iv) of that section;
17	(2) for any vegetation management plan not re-
18	viewed and approved by the applicable deadline de-
19	scribed in paragraph (1), the reason for any delay in
20	review or approval; and
21	(3) for any vegetation management plan sub-
22	mitted for review and approval for which the Sec-
23	retary concerned requested a modification, the
24	timeline for reviewing the modification on resubmis-
25	sion.

1	SEC. 212. FIRE-SAFE ELECTRICAL CORRIDORS.
2	Section 512 of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-
3	ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1772) is amended—
4	(1) by redesignating subsections (j) and (k) as
5	subsections (k) and (l), respectively; and
6	(2) by inserting after subsection (i) the following:
7	"(j) Permits and Agreements With Owners and
8	Operators of Electric Transmission or Distribu-
9	TION FACILITIES.—
10	"(1) In general.—In any special use permit or
11	easement on National Forest System land or land
12	under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Manage-
13	ment provided to the owner or operator of an electric
14	transmission or distribution facility, the Secretary
15	concerned may provide permission to cut and remove
16	trees or other vegetation from within striking distance
17	of the electric transmission or distribution facility
18	without requiring a separate timber sale, if that cut-
19	ting and removal is consistent with—
20	"(A) the applicable plan;
21	"(B) the applicable land and resource man-
22	agement plan or land use plan; and
23	"(C) other applicable environmental laws
24	(including regulations).
25	"(2) Use of proceeds.—A special use permit

or easement that includes permission for cutting and

26

1	removal described in paragraph (1) shall include a
2	requirement that, if the owner or operator of the elec-
3	tric transmission or distribution facility sells any
4	portion of the material removed under the permit or
5	easement, the owner or operator shall provide to the
6	Secretary concerned any proceeds received from the
7	sale, less any costs incurred in 1 or both of the fol-
8	lowing activities:
9	"(A) Carrying out the project.
10	"(B) Maintenance within the vicinity of the
11	electric transmission or distribution facility that
12	reduces fire risk.
13	"(3) Effect.—Nothing in paragraph (2) shall
14	require the sale of any material removed under a per-
15	mit or easement that includes permission for cutting
16	and removal described in paragraph (1).".
17	SEC. 213. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR HIGH-PRIORITY
18	HAZARD TREES.
19	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
20	(1) High-priority hazard tree.—The term
21	"high-priority hazard tree" means a standing tree
22	that—
23	(A) presents a visible hazard to people or
24	property due to conditions such as deterioration
25	of, or damage to, the root system, trunk, stem, or

1	limbs of the tree, or the direction or lean of the
2	tree, as determined by the Secretary;
3	(B) is determined by the Secretary to be
4	highly likely to fail and, on failure, would be
5	highly likely to cause injury to people or damage
6	to Federal property; and
7	(C) is located—
8	(i) within 300 feet of a National Forest
9	System road with a maintenance level of 3,
10	4, or 5;
11	(ii) along a National Forest System
12	trail; or
13	(iii) in a developed recreation site on
14	National Forest System land that is oper-
15	ated and maintained by the Secretary.
16	(2) High-priority hazard tree activity.—
17	(A) In General.—The term "high-priority
18	hazard tree activity" means a forest manage-
19	ment activity that mitigates the risks associated
20	with high-priority hazard trees, including prun-
21	ing, felling, and disposal of a high-priority haz-
22	ard tree.
23	(B) Exclusions.—The term 'high-priority
24	hazard tree activity" does not include any activ-
25	ity—

1	(i) conducted in a wilderness area or
2	wilderness study area;
3	(ii) for the construction of a perma-
4	nent road or permanent trail;
5	(iii) conducted on Federal land on
6	which, by Act of Congress or Presidential
7	proclamation, the removal of vegetation is
8	restricted or prohibited;
9	(iv) conducted in an area in which ac-
10	tivities described in subparagraph (A)
11	would be inconsistent with the applicable
12	land and resource management plan; or
13	(v) conducted in an inventoried
14	roadless area.
15	(b) Categorical Exclusion.—
16	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
17	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
18	develop a categorical exclusion (as defined in 111 of
19	the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42
20	U.S.C. 4336e)) for high-priority hazard tree activi-
21	ties.
22	(2) Administration.—In developing and ad-
23	ministering the categorical exclusion under para-
24	graph (1), the Secretary shall—

1	(A) comply with the National Environ-
2	mental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et
3	seq.); and
4	(B) apply the extraordinary circumstances
5	procedures under section 220.6 of title 36, Code
6	of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations),
7	in determining whether to use the categorical ex-
8	clusion.
9	(3) Project size limitation.—A project car-
10	ried out using the categorical exclusion developed
11	under paragraph (1) may not exceed 6,000 acres.
12	SEC. 214. SEEDS OF SUCCESS STRATEGY.
13	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year after the
14	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries shall jointly
15	develop and implement a strategy, which may be an update
16	to or expansion of existing efforts, to be known as the "Seeds
17	of Success strategy", to enhance the domestic supply chain
18	of seeds, which may include herbaceous and tree seeds.
19	(b) Elements.—The strategy developed under sub-
20	section (a) shall include a plan for each of the following:
21	(1) Facilitating sustained interagency coordina-
22	tion in, and a comprehensive approach to, native
23	plant materials development and restoration.

- 1 (2) Promoting the re-seeding of native or fire-re-2 sistant vegetation post-wildfire, particularly in the 3 wildland-urban interface.
 - (3) Creating and consolidating information relating to native or fire-resistant vegetation and sharing that information with Indian Tribes and State and local governments.
 - (4) Building regional programs and partnerships to promote the development of materials made from plants native to the United States and restore those plants to their respective, native habitats within the United States, giving priority to the building of those programs and partnerships in regions of the Bureau of Land Management where the partnerships and programs do not exist on the date of enactment of this Act.
 - (5) Expanding workforce and infrastructure capacity to locally collect, process, and store seed as necessary to implement revegetation and reforestation projects on priority land (as defined in section 215(b)(1)).
 - (6) Expanding warehouse systems of the Secretaries, particularly the cold storage capacity of the systems.

1	(7) Shortening the timeline for the approval of
2	permits to collect seeds on public land managed by
3	the Bureau of Land Management.
4	(8) Coordinating with the other Federal agencies,
5	States, Indian Tribes, and private entities, as appro-
6	priate, for the purpose of seed collection.
7	(c) Report.—The Secretaries shall submit to the rel-
8	evant committees of Congress the strategy developed under
9	subsection (a).
10	(d) Coordination.—In implementing the strategy de-
11	veloped under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Interior,
12	acting through the Director of the Bureau of Land Manage-
13	ment, shall coordinate with the heads of other applicable
14	Federal agencies, including the Department of Defense, for
15	the purpose of collecting seeds from land under the jurisdic-
16	tion under those Federal agencies.
17	SEC. 215. PROGRAM TO SUPPORT PRIORITY REFOREST-
18	ATION AND RESTORATION PROJECTS.
19	(a) Reforestation Reports Submitted to Addi-
20	Tional Committees.—Section 70303 of the Infrastructure
21	Investment and Jobs Act (16 U.S.C. 1601 note; Public Law
22	117–58) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph
23	(1), by striking inserting ", the Committee on Energy and
24	Natural Resources of the Senate, the Committee on Natural
25	Resources of the House of Representatives," after "Senate".

1	(b) Interior Reforestation Program.—
2	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
3	(A) Covered institution of higher
4	EDUCATION.—The term "covered institution of
5	higher education" means a land-grant college or
6	university, including—
7	(i) an 1862 Institution (as defined in
8	section 2 of the Agricultural Research, Ex-
9	tension, and Education Reform Act of 1998
10	(7 U.S.C. 7601));
11	(ii) an 1890 Institution (as defined in
12	$that\ section);$
13	(iii) an institution that is eligible to
14	receive funding under Public Law 87–788
15	(commonly known as the "McIntire-Stennis
16	Act of 1962"); and
17	(iv) a 1994 Institution (as defined in
18	section 532 of the Equity in Educational
19	Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C.
20	301 note; Public Law 103-382)).
21	(B) Natural regeneration; reforest-
22	ATION; UNPLANNED EVENT.—The terms "natural
23	regeneration", "reforestation", and "unplanned
24	event" have the meanings given those terms in
25	section $3(e)(4)(A)$ of the Forest and Rangeland

1	Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16	
2	$U.S.C.\ 1601(e)(4)(A)).$	
3	(C) Priority Land.—The term "priority	
4	land" means historically forested land under the	
5	jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned that, due	
6	to an unplanned event—	
7	(i) requires reforestation to meet the	
8	objectives described in an applicable land	
9	use plan; and	
10	(ii) is unlikely to experience natural	
11	regeneration.	
12	(2) Program establishment.—Not later than	
13	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-	
14	retary of the Interior shall establish a program to im-	
15	plement reforestation projects on priority land identi-	
16	fied under paragraph (4)(A), in accordance with this	
17	section.	
18	(3) Support.—In carrying out the program es-	
19	tablished under paragraph (2), the Secretary of the	
20	Interior may enter into—	
21	(A) cooperative agreements in accordance	
22	with processes established by the Secretary of the	
23	Interior; and	
24	(B) contracts, including contracts entered	
25	into pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination	

1	and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5301
2	$et \ seq.$).
3	(4) Annual identification of priority
4	PROJECTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
5	enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the
6	Secretary of the Interior shall—
7	(A) identify priority land within the
8	United States;
9	(B) establish a list of reforestation projects
10	on priority land for the upcoming year, which
11	may include activities to ensure adequate and
12	appropriate seed and seedling availability to fur-
13	ther the objectives of other priority projects; and
14	(C) estimate the costs necessary to imple-
15	ment the list established under subparagraph
16	(B).
17	(5) Consultation.—In carrying out the pro-
18	gram under this subsection, the Secretary of the Inte-
19	rior shall consult or coordinate with, as appro-
20	priate—
21	(A) applicable State and local governments;
22	(B) applicable Indian Tribes;
23	(C) covered institutions of higher education;
24	(D) Federal agencies that administer Fed-
25	eral land that adjoins, or is adjacent to land

1	that is the subject of a project identified under
2	paragraph (4)(B); and
3	(E) other stakeholders, at the discretion of
4	the Secretary of the Interior.
5	(6) Annual report.—Not later than 1 year
6	after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually
7	thereafter for each of the following 6 years, the Sec-
8	retary of the Interior shall submit to the relevant
9	committees of Congress, the Committee on Appropria-
10	tions of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropria-
11	tions of the House of Representatives a report that in-
12	cludes the following, with respect to the period covered
13	by the report:
14	(A) An accounting of all priority land.
15	(B) A list of projects identified under para-
16	$graph\ (4)(B).$
17	(C) An accounting of any progress made on
18	projects identified in any previous report under
19	this paragraph.
20	(D) An accounting of each contract and co-
21	operative agreement established under the pro-
22	gram under this subsection.
23	(E) The amounts necessary to be appro-
24	priated, in addition to amounts available from
25	other sources, to implement reforestation projects

1	on all priority land by not later than 10 years
2	after the date of submission of the report.
3	(7) Funding source report.—Not later than 1
4	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
5	retary of the Interior shall submit to the relevant
6	committees of Congress, the Committee on Appropria-
7	tions of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropria-
8	tions of the House of Representatives a report that de-
9	scribes options for dedicated Federal funding other
10	than annual appropriations to support existing and
11	anticipated reforestation needs, including seed and
12	seedling availability.
13	(8) Nonduplication.—In carrying out this sec-
14	tion, the Secretary of the Interior shall collaborate
15	with the Secretary and the Secretary of Defense to en-
16	sure the nonduplication of activities carried out
17	under section 214.
18	SEC. 216. REFORESTATION, NURSERIES, AND GENETIC RE-
19	SOURCES SUPPORT.
20	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
21	(1) Eligible recipient.—The term "eligible re-
22	cipient" means—
23	(A) a State forestry agency;
24	(B) an Indian Tribe; and

1	(C) a private nursery or seed orchard that	
2	has experience, as determined by the Secretary,	
3	in growing high-quality native trees or seeds of	
4	appropriate genetic sources in bareroot or con-	
5	tainer stocktypes specific for reforestation, res-	
6	toration, or conservation, including native	
7	plants and seeds that are of cultural significance	
8	to Indian Tribes.	
9	(2) Nursery.—The term "nursery" means a	
10	tree or native plant nursery.	
11	(3) Seed orchard.—The term "seed orchard"	
12	means a tree or native plant seed orchard.	
13	(b) Partnerships, Collaboration, and Other As-	
14	SISTANCE IN SUPPORT OF NURSERIES AND SEED OR	
15	CHARDS.—The Secretary, acting through the Chief of the	
16	Forest Service, shall—	
17	(1) partner with Federal and State agencies, In-	
18	dian Tribes, institutions of higher education, non-	
19	profit organizations, and private nurseries to provide	
20	training, technical assistance, and research to nursery	
21	and tree establishment programs that support natural	
22	regeneration, reforestation, agroforestry, and	
23	afforestation;	
24	(2) promote information-sharing to improve	
25	technical knowledge and practices and understand re-	

1	forestation needs and demands for seed or seedlings,	
2	climate change impacts, tree genetics for resistance to	
3	pathogens and drought, and other issues as necessary	
4	to address all facets of the reforestation supply chain;	
5	(3) provide technical and financial assistance to	
6	international nursery and tree establishment pro	
7	grams through the Forest Service International Pro	
8	grams, the Institute of Pacific Islands Forestry, and	
9	$the\ International\ Institute\ of\ Tropical\ Forestry;$	
10	(4) collaborate with other relevant Federal de-	
11	partments and agencies, including the Foreign Agri-	
12	cultural Service, the United States Agency for Inter-	
13	national Development, and the United States Fish	
14	and Wildlife Service, and international organizations,	
15	including the Food and Agriculture Organization of	
16	the United Nations, to provide technical and finan-	
17	cial assistance relating to nurseries and reforestation;	
18	(5) coordinate the efforts of the Department of	
19	Agriculture—	
20	(A) to address the challenges associated with	
21	the reforestation supply chain, including work-	
22	force development; and	
23	(B) to leverage economic development assist-	
24	ance for work with private nurseries:	

1	(6) expand reforestation supply chains through	
2	science and research, seed collection and storage,	
3	workforce development, and nursery infrastructure	
4	and operations; and	
5	(7) shorten the timeline for the approval of per-	
6	mits to collect seeds on National Forest System land	
7	(c) Nursery and Seed Orchard Grants.—	
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after	
9	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall	
10	establish or expand an existing program to provide	
11	grants to eligible recipients to support nurseries and	
12	seed orchards.	
13	(2) Eligible projects.—An eligible recipient	
14	that receives a grant under paragraph (1) shall carry	
15	out a project that comprises 1 or more of the following	
16	activities:	
17	(A) The development, expansion, enhance-	
18	ment, or improvement of nursery production ca-	
19	pacity or other infrastructure—	
20	(i) to improve seed collection and stor-	
21	age;	
22	(ii) to increase seedling production,	
23	storage, and distribution; or	
24	(iii) to enhance seedling survival and	
25	properly manage tree genetic resources.	

1	(B) The establishment or expansion of a
2	nursery or seed orchard, including by acquiring
3	equipment for a nursery or seed orchard.
4	(C) The development or implementation of
5	quality control measures at nurseries or seed or-
6	chards.
7	(D) The promotion of workforce develop-
8	ment within any facet of the reforestation supply
9	chain.
10	(E) Such other activities as the Secretary
11	determines to be appropriate.
12	SEC. 217. FIRE DEPARTMENT REPAYMENT.
13	(a) Establishment of Standard Operating Pro-
14	CEDURES.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
15	ment of this Act, the Secretaries shall—
16	(1) establish standard operating procedures re-
17	lating to payment timelines for fire suppression cost-
18	share agreements established under section 2 of the
19	Act of May 27, 1955 (42 U.S.C. 1856a) (commonly
20	known as the "Reciprocal Fire Protection Act"); and
21	(2) with respect to each fire suppression cost-
22	share agreement in operation on that date—
23	(A) review the agreement; and

1	(B) modify the agreement as necessary to
2	comply with the standard operating procedures
3	established under paragraph (1).
4	(b) Alignment of Agreements.—The standard op-
5	erating procedures under subsection (a)(1) shall include a
6	requirement that each fire suppression cost-share agreement
7	shall be aligned with each cooperative fire protection agree-
8	ment applicable to the entity subject to the fire suppression
9	cost-share agreement.
10	(c) Payments.—With respect to payments made pur-
11	suant to a fire suppression cost-share agreement, the stand-
12	ard operating procedures under subsection (a)(1) shall re-
13	quire that the paying entity shall reimburse a local fire de-
14	partment or a State wildland firefighter agency if that enti-
15	ty submits to the paying entity an invoice in accordance
16	with applicable cost settlement procedures.
17	(d) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress
18	that the Secretaries should carry out reciprocal fire suppres-
19	sion cost-share agreement repayments to local fire suppres-
20	sion organizations and State wildland firefighting agencies
21	as soon as practicable, but not later than 1 year, after the

22 date on which the applicable fire suppression occurs.

1	1 TITLE III—TRANSPAR	RENCY,
2	2 TECHNOLOGY, AND PAR	TNER-
3	3 SHIPS	
4	4 Subtitle A—Transparency	and
5	5 Technology	
6	6 SEC. 301. BIOCHAR INNOVATIONS AND OPPO	PRTUNITIES
7	7 FOR CONSERVATION, HEALTH,	AND AD-
8	8 VANCEMENTS IN RESEARCH.	
9	9 (a) Definitions.—In this section:	
10	0 (1) BIOCHAR.—The term "biochar"	means car-
11	1 bonized biomass produced by converting	g feedstock
12	2 through reductive thermal processing for	a nonfuel
13	3 use.	
14	4 (2) Eligible entity.—The term "ed	ligible enti-
15	5 ty" means—	
16	6 (A) a unit of State or local gov	vernment or
17	7 Indian Tribe;	
18	8 (B) a special district;	
19	9 (C) an eligible institution;	
20	(D) a public, private, or cooper	ative entity
21	1 or organization;	
22	2 (E) a National Laboratory (as	defined in
23	3 section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of	of 2005 (42
24	4 U.S.C. 15801)); and	

1	(F) a partnership or consortium of 2 or	
2	more entities described in subparagraphs (A)	
3	through (E).	
4	(3) Eligible institution.—The term "eligible	
5	institution" means a land-grant college or university,	
6	including—	
7	(A) an 1862 Institution (as defined in sec-	
8	tion 2 of the Agricultural Research, Extension,	
9	and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C.	
10	7601));	
11	(B) an 1890 Institution (as defined in that	
12	section);	
13	(C) an institution that is eligible to receive	
14	funding under Public Law 87–788 (commonly	
15	known as the "McIntire-Stennis Act of 1962");	
16	and	
17	(D) a 1994 Institution (as defined in sec-	
18	tion 532 of the Equity in Educational Land-	
19	Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note;	
20	Public Law 103–382)).	
21	(4) FEEDSTOCK.—The term "feedstock" means	
22	excess biomass in the form of plant matter or mate-	
23	rials that serves as the raw material for the produc-	
24	tion of biochar.	

1	(5) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries"
2	means—
3	(A) the Secretary, acting through the Chief
4	of the Forest Service;
5	(B) the Secretary of the Interior, acting
6	through the Director of the Bureau of Land
7	Management; and
8	(C) the Secretary of Energy, acting through
9	the Director of the Office of Science.
10	(b) Demonstration Projects.—
11	(1) Establishment.—
12	(A) In general.—Subject to the avail-
13	ability of appropriations made in advance for
14	that purpose, not later than 2 years after the
15	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries
16	shall establish a program under which the Secre-
17	taries shall enter into partnerships with eligible
18	entities to carry out demonstration projects to
19	support the development and commercialization
20	of biochar in accordance with this subsection.
21	(B) Location.—In carrying out the pro-
22	gram established under subparagraph (A), the
23	Secretaries shall, to the maximum extent prac-
24	ticable, enter into partnerships with eligible enti-
25	ties in a manner that ensures that—

1	(i) at least 1 demonstration project is
2	carried out in each region of the Forest
3	Service; and
4	(ii) at least 1 demonstration project is
5	carried out in each region of the Bureau of
6	$Land\ Management.$
7	(2) Proposals.—To be eligible to enter into a
8	partnership under paragraph (1)(A), an eligible enti-
9	ty shall submit to the Secretaries a proposal at such
10	time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
11	tion as the Secretaries may require.
12	(3) Priority.—In selecting proposals under
13	paragraph (2), the Secretaries shall give priority to
14	entering into partnerships with eligible entities that
15	submit proposals to carry out biochar demonstration
16	projects that—
17	(A) have the most potential to improve for-
18	est health and resiliency;
19	(B) have the most potential to create new
20	jobs and contribute to local economies, particu-
21	larly in rural areas;
22	(C) have the most potential to dem-
23	onstrate—
24	(i) new and innovative uses of biochar;

1	(ii) market viability for cost-effective
2	biochar-based products;
3	(iii) the restorative benefits of biochar
4	with respect to forest health and resiliency,
5	including forest soils and watersheds; or
6	(iv) any combination of the purposes
7	described in clauses (i) through (iii);
8	(D) are located in areas that have a high
9	need for biochar production, as determined by
10	the Secretaries, due to—
11	(i) nearby land identified as having
12	high, very high, or extreme risk of wildfire;
13	(ii) availability of sufficient quantities
14	$of\ feeds tocks;\ or$
15	(iii) a high level of demand for biochar
16	or other commercial byproducts of biochar;
17	or
18	(E) satisfy any combination of the purposes
19	described in subparagraphs (A) through (D).
20	(4) Use of funds.—In carrying out the pro-
21	gram established under paragraph (1)(A), the Secre-
22	taries may enter into partnerships and provide fund-
23	ing to the partnerships to carry out demonstration
24	projects—

1	(A) to acquire and test various feedstocks
2	and the efficacy of those feedstocks;
3	(B) to develop and optimize commercially
4	and technologically viable biochar production
5	units, including mobile and permanent units;
6	(C) to demonstrate—
7	(i) the production of biochar from for-
8	est residue; and
9	(ii) the use of biochar to restore forest
10	health and resiliency;
11	(D) to build, expand, or establish biochar
12	facilities;
13	(E) to conduct research relating to new and
14	innovative uses of biochar;
15	(F) to demonstrate cost-effective market op-
16	portunities for biochar and biochar-based prod-
17	ucts;
18	(G) to carry out any other activities the
19	Secretaries determine to be appropriate; or
20	(H) to achieve any combination of the pur-
21	poses described in subparagraphs (A) through
22	(G).
23	(5) FEEDSTOCK REQUIREMENTS.—To the max-
24	imum extent practicable, an eligible entity that car-
25	ries out a biochar demonstration project under this

1	subsection shall derive not less than 50 percent of the
2	feedstock used under the project from forest thinning
3	and management activities, including mill residues,
4	conducted on National Forest System land or public
5	land.
6	(6) Review.—
7	(A) In General.—The Secretaries shall
8	conduct regionally specific research, including
9	economic analyses and lifecycle assessments, re-
10	lating to any biochar produced from a dem-
11	onstration project carried out under the program
12	$established\ under\ paragraph\ (1)(A),\ including$
13	(i) the effects of that biochar on—
14	(I) forest health and resiliency;
15	(II) carbon sequestration, includ-
16	ing increasing soil carbon in the short-
17	$term\ and\ long-term;$
18	(III) productivity, reduced input
19	costs, and water retention in agricul-
20	$tural\ practices;$
21	(IV) the health of soil and grass-
22	lands used for grazing activities, in-
23	cluding grazing activities on National
24	Forest System land and public land;
25	and

1	(V) environmental remediation
2	activities, including abandoned mine
3	$land\ remediation;$
4	(ii) the effectiveness of biochar as a co-
5	product of biofuels or in biochemicals; and
6	(iii) the effectiveness of other potential
7	uses of biochar to determine if any such use
8	is technologically and commercially viable.
9	(B) Coordination.—The Secretaries, to the
10	maximum extent practicable, shall provide data,
11	analyses, and other relevant information col-
12	lected under subparagraph (A) to recipients of
13	grants under subsection (c).
14	(7) Limitation on funding for establishing
15	BIOCHAR FACILITIES.—The amount provided by the
16	Secretaries under this subsection to an eligible entity
17	for establishing a biochar facility may not exceed 35
18	percent of the total capital cost of establishing that fa-
19	cility.
20	(c) Biochar Research and Development Grant
21	Program.—
22	(1) Establishment.—The Secretary of the Inte-
23	rior, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy,
24	shall establish, or expand an existing, applied biochar
25	research and development grant program to provide

1	to eligible institutions grants, on a competitive basis,
2	to carry out the activities described in paragraph (3).
3	(2) Applications.—To be eligible to receive a
4	grant under this subsection, an eligible institution
5	shall submit to the Secretary of the Interior a pro-
6	posal at such time, in such manner, and containing
7	such information as the Secretary of the Interior may
8	require.
9	(3) Use of funds.—An eligible institution that
10	receives a grant under this subsection shall use the
11	grant funds to conduct applied research relating to—
12	(A) the effect of biochar on forest health and
13	resiliency, taking into account variations in
14	biochar, soil, climate, and other factors;
15	(B) the effect of biochar on soil health,
16	water retention, and air quality emissions, tak-
17	ing into account variations in biochar, soil, cli-
18	mate, and other factors;
19	(C) the long-term carbon sequestration po-
20	tential of biochar;
21	(D) best management practices with respect
22	to biochar and biochar-based products that maxi-
23	mize—
24	(i) carbon sequestration benefits; and

1	(ii) the commercial viability and ap-
2	plication of those products in forestry, agri-
3	culture, environmental remediation, water
4	quality improvement, and any other similar
5	uses, as determined by the Secretary of the
6	Interior;
7	(E) the regional uses of biochar to increase
8	productivity and profitability, including—
9	(i) uses in agriculture and environ-
10	mental remediation; and
11	(ii) use as a coproduct in fuel produc-
12	tion;
13	(F) new and innovative uses for biochar by-
14	products; and
15	(G) opportunities to expand markets for
16	biochar and create related jobs, particularly in
17	rural areas.
18	(d) Reports.—
19	(1) Report to congress.—Not later than 2
20	years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
21	retaries shall submit to Congress a report that—
22	(A) includes policy and program rec-
23	ommendations to improve the widespread use of
24	biochar;

1	(B) identifies any area of research needed to
2	advance biochar commercialization; and
3	(C) identifies barriers to advancing biochar
4	commercialization, including permitting and
5	siting considerations.
6	(2) Materials submitted in support of
7	PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—Beginning with the second
8	fiscal year that begins after the date of enactment of
9	this Act, and annually thereafter until the date de-
10	scribed in subsection (e), the Secretaries shall include
11	in the materials submitted to Congress in support of
12	the President's budget pursuant to section 1105 of
13	title 31, United States Code, a report describing, for
14	the fiscal year covered by the report, the status of—
15	(A) each demonstration project carried out
16	under subsection (b); and
17	(B) each research and development grant
18	provided under subsection (c).
19	(e) Sunset.—The authority to carry out this section
20	terminates on the date that is 7 years after the date of en-
21	actment of this Act.
22	SEC. 302. ACCURATE HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION RE-
23	PORTS.
24	(a) Definitions.—In this section:

1	(1) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land"
2	means any land under the jurisdiction of—
3	(A) the Secretary; or
4	(B) the Secretary of the Interior.
5	(2) Hazardous fuels reduction activity.—
6	(A) In General.—The term "hazardous
7	fuels reduction activity" means any vegetation
8	management activity to reduce the risk of wild-
9	fire, including mechanical treatments, grazing,
10	and prescribed burning.
11	(B) Exclusion.—The term "hazardous
12	fuels reduction activity" does not include the
13	awarding of a contract to conduct an activity
14	described in subparagraph (A).
15	(b) Materials Submitted in Support of Presi-
16	DENT'S BUDGET.—
17	(1) In General.—Beginning with the first fiscal
18	year that begins after the date of enactment of this
19	Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary concerned
20	shall include in the materials submitted to Congress
21	in support of the President's budget pursuant to sec-
22	tion 1105 of title 31, United States Code, a report de-
23	scribing the number of acres of Federal land on which
24	the Secretary concerned carried out hazardous fuels

1	reduction activities during the preceding fiscal year,
2	as determined using—
3	(A) the methodology of the Secretary con-
4	cerned in effect on the day before the date of en-
5	actment of this Act; and
6	(B) the methodology described in paragraph
7	(2).
8	(2) Requirements.—For purposes of a report
9	required under paragraph (1), the Secretary con-
10	cerned shall—
11	(A) in determining the number of acres of
12	Federal land on which the Secretary concerned
13	carried out hazardous fuels reduction activities
14	during the period covered by the report—
15	(i) record acres of Federal land on
16	which hazardous fuels reduction activities
17	were completed during that period; and
18	(ii) record each acre described in
19	clause (i) once in the report, regardless of
20	whether multiple hazardous fuels reduction
21	activities were carried out on that acre dur-
22	ing the applicable period; and
23	(B) with respect to the acres of Federal land
24	recorded in the report, include information relat-
25	ing to—

1	(i) which acres are located in the
2	$wild land \hbox{-} urban \ interface;$
3	(ii) the level of hazard potential of the
4	acres on the first and last day of the period
5	covered by the report;
6	(iii) the types of hazardous fuels reduc-
7	tion activities completed with respect to the
8	acres, including a description of whether
9	those hazardous fuels reduction activities
10	were conducted—
11	(I) in a wildfire managed for re-
12	source benefits; or
13	(II) through a planned hazardous
14	fuels reduction project;
15	(iv) the cost per-acre of the hazardous
16	fuels reduction activities carried out during
17	the period covered by the report;
18	(v) the region or System unit in which
19	the acres are located; and
20	(vi) the effectiveness of the hazardous
21	fuels reduction activities with respect to re-
22	ducing the risk of wildfire.
23	(3) Transparency.—The Secretary concerned
24	shall make each report submitted under paragraph
25	(1) publicly available on the website of the Depart-

1	ment of Agriculture or the Department of the Interior,
2	as applicable.
3	(c) Accurate Data Collection.—
4	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary con-
6	cerned shall implement standardized procedures for
7	tracking data relating to hazardous fuels reduction
8	activities carried out by the Secretary concerned.
9	(2) Elements.—The standardized procedures
10	required under paragraph (1) shall include—
11	(A) regular, standardized data reviews of
12	the accuracy and timely input of data used to
13	track hazardous fuels reduction activities;
14	(B) verification methods that validate
15	whether those data accurately correlate to the
16	hazardous fuels reduction activities carried out
17	by the Secretary concerned;
18	(C) an analysis of the short- and long-term
19	effectiveness of the hazardous fuels reduction ac-
20	tivities on reducing the risk of wildfire; and
21	(D) for hazardous fuels reduction activities
22	that occur partially within the wildland-urban
23	interface, methods to distinguish which acres are
24	located within the wildland-urban interface and

1	which acres are located outside the wildland-
2	urban interface.
3	(3) Report.—Not later than 45 days after im-
4	plementing the standardized procedures required
5	under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall
6	submit to Congress a report that describes—
7	(A) the standardized procedures; and
8	(B) any programmatic or policy rec-
9	ommendations to Congress to address limitations
10	in tracking data relating to hazardous fuels re-
11	duction activities under this subsection.
12	(d) GAO STUDY.—Not later than 2 years after the date
13	of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the
14	United States shall—
15	(1) conduct a study regarding the implementa-
16	tion of this section, including any limitations with
17	respect to—
18	(A) reporting hazardous fuels reduction ac-
19	tivities under subsection (b); or
20	(B) tracking data relating to hazardous
21	fuels reduction activities under subsection (c);
22	and
23	(2) submit to Congress a report that describes the
24	results of the study under paragraph (1).
25	(e) No Additional Funds Authorized.—

1	(1) In general.—No additional funds are au-
2	thorized to carry out this section.
3	(2) Subject to appropriations.—The activi-
4	ties authorized by this section are subject to the avail-
5	ability of appropriations made in advance for those
6	purposes.
7	SEC. 303. PUBLIC-PRIVATE WILDFIRE TECHNOLOGY DE-
8	PLOYMENT AND DEMONSTRATION PARTNER-
9	SHIP.
10	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
11	(1) Covered agen-
12	cy" means—
13	(A) each Federal land management agency
14	(as defined in section 802 of the Federal Lands
15	Recreation Enhancement Act (16 U.S.C. 6801));
16	(B) the Department of Defense;
17	(C) the Bureau of Indian Affairs;
18	(D) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
19	Administration;
20	(E) the Federal Emergency Management
21	Agency;
22	(F) the National Aeronautics and Space
23	Administration;
24	(G) the United States Fire Administration;
25	(H) the General Services Administration;

1	(I) a State, Tribal, county, or municipal
2	fire department, fire district, land management
3	agency, natural resources agency, or equivalent
4	agency operating through the United States Fire
5	Administration or pursuant to an agreement
6	with a Federal agency; and
7	(J) any other Federal agency involved in
8	wildfire response.
9	(2) Covered enti-
10	ty" means—
11	(A) a private entity;
12	(B) a nonprofit organization; and
13	(C) an institution of higher education (as
14	defined in section 101 of the Higher Education
15	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)).
16	(3) PILOT PROGRAM.—The term "Pilot Pro-
17	gram" means the deployment and demonstration pilot
18	program established under subsection (b).
19	(b) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year after the
20	date of enactment of this Act, the Executive Director shall
21	establish a deployment and demonstration pilot program
22	for new and innovative wildfire prevention, detection, com-
23	munication, response, and mitigation technologies.
24	(c) Functions.—In carrying out the Pilot Program,
25	the Executive Director shall—

1	(1) consult with the National Wildfire Coordi-
2	nating Group;
3	(2) in consultation with the heads of the covered
4	agencies, identify and advance the demonstration and
5	deployment of key technology priority areas, includ-
6	ing for mature and commercially available tech-
7	nologies, with respect to the deployment of wildfire
8	prevention, detection, communication, and mitigation
9	technologies, including—
10	(A) innovations in hazardous fuels reduc-
11	tion activities or treatments, including the use of
12	prescribed or cultural fire;
13	(B) spatial planning for unplanned human-
14	caused ignitions;
15	(C) wildfire modeling and effectiveness algo-
16	rithms;
17	$(D)\ dispatch\ communications;$
18	(E) remote sensing, detection, and tracking;
19	$(F)\ safety\ equipment;$
20	(G) common operating pictures or oper-
21	$ational\ dashboards;$
22	$(H)\ interoperable\ commercial\ data;$
23	(I) autonomous suppression systems;
24	$(J) \ grid \ resilience;$

1	(K) community resilience and home hard-
2	ening; and
3	(L) prioritization and decision support
4	tools;
5	(3) connect each covered entity selected to par-
6	ticipate in the Pilot Program with the appropriate
7	covered agency to coordinate real-time and on-the-
8	ground testing of technology during wildfire mitiga-
9	tion activities and training;
10	(4) define clear criteria for evaluating the success
11	of technologies (including mature and commercially
12	available technologies) demonstrated under the Pilot
13	Program, focusing on effectiveness, scalability, and
14	cost-efficiency; and
15	(5) coordinate with covered agencies to ensure
16	the efficient deployment of scaled technologies, includ-
17	ing through expanded public-private partnerships,
18	multiagency contracting for procurement, and author-
19	ization of covered agency staff with technological pro-
20	curement expertise to assist other covered agencies in
21	need of that expertise.
22	(d) Applications.—To be eligible to participate in
23	the Pilot Program, a covered entity shall submit to the Ex-
24	ecutive Director an application at such time, in such man-
25	ner, and containing such information as the Executive Di-

- rector may require, including a proposal to demonstrate
- technologies specific to key technology priority areas identi-
- fied under subsection (c)(2).

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- 4 (e) Existing Partnerships.—
- (1) In General.—A covered agency may submit 5 6 a statement to the Executive Director describing the 7 effectiveness, scalability, and cost-efficiency of an ex-8 isting partnership, pilot project, or contract a covered 9 entity providing a technology described in subsection (c)(2).
- 11 (2) Successfulness.—The Executive Director 12 may deem a technology described in a statement sub-13 mitted under paragraph (1) to be a successful tech-14 nology for purposes of this section.
- 15 (f) Outreach.—The Executive Director, in coordination with the heads of the covered agencies, shall make pub-16 licly available the key technology priority areas identified 17 under subsection (c)(2) and invite covered entities to apply 18 under subsection (d) to deploy and demonstrate technologies 19
- (g) Reports and Recommendations.—Not later 21 than 180 days after the date of establishment of the Pilot Program, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Pilot Program, the Executive Director shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of

to address those priority areas.

1	the Senate, the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
2	nology of the House of Representatives, and the relevant
3	committees of Congress a report that includes the following
4	with respect to the Pilot Program:
5	(1) A brief description of potential technologies
6	deployed and demonstrated.
7	(2) An estimate of the cost of acquiring each such
8	technology and applying the technology at scale.
9	(3) Outreach efforts by covered agencies to cov-
10	ered entities developing wildfire technologies.
11	(4) Assessments of, and recommendations relat-
12	ing to, new technologies with potential adoption and
13	application at-scale in the wildfire prevention, detec-
14	tion, communication, and mitigation efforts of Fed-
15	eral land management agencies (as defined in section
16	802 of the Federal Lands Recreation Enhancement
17	Act (16 U.S.C. 6801)).
18	(5) A description of the relationship and coordi-
19	nation between the Pilot Program and the activities
20	of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-
21	tion, including the Fire Weather Testbed.
22	(6) Barriers and solutions for procurement of
23	technologies by covered agencies.
24	(h) Sunset.—The Pilot Program terminates on the

date that is 7 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 304. GAO STUDY ON FOREST SERVICE POLICIES.
2	Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of
3	this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
4	shall—
5	(1) conduct a study evaluating—
6	(A) the effectiveness of Forest Service
7	wildland firefighting operations;
8	(B) transparency and accountability meas-
9	ures in the budget and accounting process of the
10	Forest Service; and
11	(C) the suitability and feasibility of estab-
12	lishing a new Federal agency with responsibility
13	for responding to, and suppressing, wildfires on
14	Federal land; and
15	(2) submit to Congress a report that describes the
16	results of the study under paragraph (1).
17	SEC. 305. KEEPING FOREST PLANS CURRENT AND MON
18	ITORED.
19	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall—
20	(1) to the maximum extent practicable and sub-
21	ject to the availability of appropriations—
22	(A) ensure that each forest plan for a unit
23	of the National Forest System is in compliance
24	with the applicable requirements of section

6(f)(5)(A) of the Forest and Rangeland Renew-

25

1	able Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C.
2	$1604(f)(5)(A)); \ and$
3	(B) prioritize revising any forest plan not
4	in compliance with that section;
5	(2) not be considered to be in violation of section
6	6(f)(5)(A) of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable
7	Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C.
8	1604(f)(5)(A)) solely because more than 15 years have
9	passed without revision of the plan for a unit of the
10	National Forest System;
11	(3) not later than 120 days after the date of en-
12	actment of this Act, submit to the relevant committees
13	of Congress a notice describing the date on which each
14	forest plan referred to in paragraph (1)(A) was most
15	recently revised, amended, or otherwise modified;
16	(4) seek to publish a new, complete version of
17	any forest plan that the Secretary has been directed
18	by court order to amend, revise, or modify by not
19	later than 60 days after the date of the amendment,
20	revision, or modification, subject to the availability of
21	appropriations made in advance for that purpose;
22	and
23	(5) maintain a central, publicly accessible
24	website with links to—

1	(A) the most recently available forest plan
2	adopted, amended, or modified by a court order
3	as a single document; and
4	(B) the most recently published forest plan
5	monitoring report for the administrative unit.
6	(b) Good Faith Updates.—If the Secretary fails to
7	act expeditiously and in good faith using available funding
8	to revise, amend, or modify a plan for a unit of the Na-
9	tional Forest System as required by an applicable law or
10	court order—
11	(1) subsection (a) shall be void with respect to
12	the plan; and
13	(2) a court of competent jurisdiction may order
14	completion of the plan on an accelerated basis.
15	(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
16	enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the rel-
17	evant committees of Congress a report summarizing the im-
18	plementation of this section.
19	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi-
20	nates on September 30, 2031.
21	SEC. 306. CONTAINER AERIAL FIREFIGHTING SYSTEM.
22	(a) EVALUATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, the Secretaries, in consultation
24	with the National Interagency Aviation Committee and the
25	Interagency Airtanker Board, shall jointly conduct an eval-

- 1 uation of the container aerial firefighting system to assess
- 2 the use of that system to mitigate and suppress wildfires.
- 3 (b) Report.—Not later than 30 days after the date
- 4 of completion of the evaluation under subsection (a), the
- 5 Secretaries, in consultation with the National Interagency
- 6 Aviation Committee and the Interagency Airtanker Board,
- 7 shall jointly submit to the relevant committees of Congress
- 8 a report that describes the results of the evaluation under
- 9 subsection (a).
- 10 SEC. 307. STUDY ON PINE BEETLE INFESTATION.
- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of
- 12 this Act, the Secretary, acting through the Chief of the For-
- 13 est Service, shall—
- 14 (1) carry out a study relating to the causes and
- 15 effects of, and solutions for, the infestation of pine
- beetles in the Northeastern region of the United
- 17 States; and
- 18 (2) submit to the relevant committees of Congress
- 19 a report that describes the results of the study under
- 20 paragraph (1).
- 21 SEC. 308. STUDY ON WILDFIRE SMOKE.
- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of
- 23 this Act, the Secretaries, in coordination with the Adminis-
- 24 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall con-
- 25 duct and publish a study—

1	(1) reviewing the 2 most recent international ar-
2	rangements between the Secretaries and the Depart-
3	ment of Natural Resources of Canada concerning the
4	exchange of wildland fire management resources;
5	(2) describing the wildland fire management re-
6	sources exchanged under the international arrange-
7	ments described in paragraph (1);
8	(3) evaluating the effectiveness of the inter-
9	national arrangements described in paragraph (1) in
10	reducing wildfire smoke in the United States; and
11	(4) making recommendations on best practices to
12	be used in international arrangements to reduce
13	international wildfire smoke.
14	Subtitle B—White Oak Resilience
15	SEC. 311. WHITE OAK RESTORATION INITIATIVE COALI-
	SEC. 311. WHITE OAK RESTORATION INITIATIVE COALITION.
15	
15 16 17	TION.
15 16 17	TION. (a) In General.—There is established a coalition, to
15 16 17 18	TION. (a) In General.—There is established a coalition, to be known as the "White Oak Restoration Initiative Coali-
15 16 17 18 19	TION. (a) In General.—There is established a coalition, to be known as the "White Oak Restoration Initiative Coalition" (referred to in this section as the "Coalition")—
15 16 17 18 19 20	TION. (a) In General.—There is established a coalition, to be known as the "White Oak Restoration Initiative Coalition" (referred to in this section as the "Coalition")— (1) as a voluntary collaborative group of Fed-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TION. (a) In General.—There is established a coalition, to be known as the "White Oak Restoration Initiative Coalition" (referred to in this section as the "Coalition")— (1) as a voluntary collaborative group of Federal, State, and local governments, Indian Tribes,

1	(2) in accordance with the charter entitled
2	"White Oak Initiative Coalition Charter" adopted by
3	the White Oak Initiative Board of Directors on March
4	21, 2023 (or a successor charter).
5	(b) Duties.—In addition to the duties specified in the
6	charter referred to in subsection (a)(2), the duties of the Co-
7	alition are—
8	(1) to coordinate Federal, State, Tribal, local,
9	private, and nongovernmental activities for the res-
10	toration of white oak trees and forests that support
11	white oak trees in the United States; and
12	(2) to make program and policy recommenda-
13	tions, consistent with applicable forest management
14	plans, with respect to—
15	(A) changes necessary to address Federal
16	and State policies that impede activities to im-
17	prove the health, resiliency, and natural regen-
18	eration of white oak trees;
19	(B) adopting or modifying Federal and
20	State policies to increase the pace and scale of
21	white oak regeneration and the resiliency of
22	white oak trees;
23	(C) options to enhance communication, co-
24	ordination, and collaboration among forest land
25	owners, particularly with respect to cross-bound-

1	ary projects, to improve the health, resiliency,
2	and natural regeneration of white oak trees;
3	(D) research gaps that should be addressed
4	to improve the best available science on white
5	oaks;
6	(E) outreach to forest landowners the land
7	of which possesses white oak trees or white oak
8	regeneration potential, as determined by the Co-
9	alition; and
10	(F) options and policies necessary to im-
11	prove the quality and quantity of white oak trees
12	in tree nurseries.
13	(c) Administrative, Staffing, and Technical Sup-
14	PORT.—The Secretaries shall make available to the Coali-
15	tion such personnel for administrative support, technical
16	services, and the development and dissemination of edu-
17	cational materials as those Secretaries determine to be nec-
18	essary to carry out this section.
19	(d) Private Funding.—Subject to the availability of
20	appropriations made in advance for that purpose, the Sec-
21	retary may make funds available to the Coalition to carry
22	out this section from the account established pursuant to
23	section 1241(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C.
24	3841(f)).

1 SEC. 312. FOREST SERVICE PILOT PROGRAM.

2	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
3	Chief of the Forest Service, shall establish and carry out
4	5 pilot projects in units of the National Forest System to
5	restore white oak trees in those units through white oak res-
6	toration and natural regeneration practices that are con-
7	sistent with applicable forest management plans.
8	(b) Requirement.—Of the pilot projects carried out
9	under subsection (a), not fewer than 3 shall be carried out
10	on units of the National Forest System that are reserved
11	or withdrawn from the public domain.
12	(c) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary may
13	enter into cooperative agreements to carry out the pilot
14	projects under this section.
15	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi-
16	nates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment
17	$of\ this\ Act.$
18	SEC. 313. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR WHITE OAK RE-
19	VIEW AND RESTORATION.
20	(a) Assessment.—
21	(1) In General.—The Secretary of the Interior
22	shall carry out an assessment of land under the ad-
23	ministrative jurisdiction of the Department of the In-
24	terior, including fish and wildlife refuges and aban-
25	doned mine land, to evaluate—

1	(A) whether white oak trees are present on
2	the land; and
3	(B) the potential to restore white oak forests
4	on the land.
5	(2) Use of information.—In carrying out the
6	assessment under paragraph (1), the Secretary of the
7	Interior may use information from sources other than
8	the Department of the Interior, including the White
9	Oak Initiative and the Forest Service.
10	(3) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the In-
12	terior shall submit to Congress, and make publicly
13	available on the website of the Department of the In-
14	terior, a report describing the results of the assessment
15	carried out under this subsection.
16	(b) Pilot Projects.—After the date of submission of
17	the report under subsection (a)(3), the Secretary of the Inte-
18	rior shall establish and carry out 5 pilot projects in dif-
19	ferent areas of land described in subsection (a)(1) to restore
20	and naturally regenerate white oak trees.
21	(c) Cooperative Agreements.—The Secretary of the
22	Interior may enter into cooperative agreements to carry out
23	the pilot projects under subsection (b).

1	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi-
2	nates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment
3	of this Act.
4	SEC. 314. WHITE OAK REGENERATION AND UPLAND OAK
5	HABITAT.
6	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall estab-
8	lish a nonregulatory program, to be known as the "White
9	Oak and Upland Oak Habitat Regeneration Program" (re-
10	ferred to in this section as the "Program").
11	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Program shall in-
12	clude—
13	(1) coordinating restoration and conservation ac-
14	tivities among Federal, State, and local entities, In-
15	dian Tribes, and conservation partners to address
16	white oak restoration priorities;
17	(2) improving and regenerating white oak and
18	upland oak forests and the wildlife habitat such for-
19	$ests\ provide;$
20	(3) carrying out coordinated restoration and
21	conservation activities that lead to the increased
22	growth of species of white oak in native white oak re-
23	gions:

1	(4) facilitating strategic planning to maximize
2	the resilience of white oak systems and habitats under
3	$changing\ climate\ conditions;$
4	(5) engaging the public through outreach, edu-
5	cation, and citizen involvement to increase capacity
6	and support for coordinated restoration and conserva-
7	tion activities for species of white oak; and
8	(6) increasing scientific capacity to support the
9	planning, monitoring, and research activities nec-
10	essary to carry out such coordinated restoration and
11	conservation activities.
12	(c) Consultation.—In establishing the Program, the
13	Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service,
14	shall consult with—
15	(1) the heads of Federal agencies, including—
16	(A) the Director of the United States Fish
17	and Wildlife Service; and
18	(B) the Chief of the Natural Resources Con-
19	servation Service;
20	(2) the Governor of each State in which restora-
21	tion efforts will be carried out pursuant to the Pro-
22	gram; and
23	(3) Indian Tribes.
24	(d) Duties.—In carrying out the Program, the Sec-
25	retary shall—

1	(1) draw on the best available science and man-
2	agement plans for species of white oak to identify,
3	prioritize, and implement restoration and conserva-
4	tion activities that will improve the growth of white
5	oak trees in the United States;
6	(2) collaborate and coordinate with the White
7	Oak Restoration Initiative Coalition established by
8	section 311(a) to prioritize white oak restoration ini-
9	tiatives;
10	(3) adopt a white oak restoration strategy that—
11	(A) supports the implementation of a
12	shared set of science-based restoration and con-
13	servation activities developed in accordance with
14	paragraph (1);
15	(B) targets cost-effective projects with meas-
16	urable results; and
17	(C) maximizes restoration outcomes with no
18	net gain of Federal full-time equivalent employ-
19	ees; and
20	(4) establish voluntary grant and technical as-
21	sistance programs in accordance with subsection (e).
22	(e) Grants and Assistance.—
23	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:

1	(A) FOUNDATION.—The term "Foundation"
2	means the National Fish and Wildlife Founda-
3	tion.
4	(B) Grant program.—The term "grant
5	program" means the voluntary grant and tech-
6	nical assistance program established under para-
7	graph (2).
8	(2) Establishment.—To the extent that funds
9	are available to carry out this section, the Secretary
10	shall establish a voluntary grant and technical assist-
11	ance program to achieve the purposes of the Program
12	described in subsection (b).
13	(3) Administration.—
14	(A) In General.—The Secretary shall offer
15	to enter into a cooperative agreement with the
16	Foundation to manage and administer the grant
17	program.
18	(B) Funding.—Subject to the availability
19	of appropriations made in advance for that pur-
20	pose, on entering into a cooperative agreement
21	with the Foundation under subparagraph (A),
22	the Secretary shall pay to the Foundation to
23	carry out this subsection for each fiscal year an
24	advance payment of the entire amount for the
25	applicable fiscal year—

1	(i) on October 1 of that fiscal year; or
2	(ii) as soon as practicable thereafter.
3	(4) Application of national fish and wild-
4	LIFE FOUNDATION ESTABLISHMENT ACT.—Amounts
5	received by the Foundation to carry out the grant
6	program shall be subject to the National Fish and
7	Wildlife Foundation Establishment Act (16 U.S.C.
8	3701 et seq.), excluding section 10(a) of that Act (16
9	$U.S.C. \ 3709(a)).$
10	(f) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi-
11	nates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment
12	$of\ this\ Act.$
13	SEC. 315. TREE NURSERY SHORTAGES.
14	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date
15	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, acting through the
16	Chief of the Forest Service, shall—
17	(1) develop and implement a national strategy to
18	increase the capacity of Federal, State, and private
19	tree nurseries and tree nurseries of Indian Tribes to
20	address the nationwide shortage of tree seedlings; and
21	(2) coordinate the strategy under paragraph (1)
22	with—
23	(A) the national reforestation strategy of the
24	Forest Service; and

1	(B) each regional implementation plan for
2	National Forests.
3	(b) Elements.—The strategy required under sub-
4	section (a) shall—
5	(1) be based on the best available science and
6	data, including the consideration of Indigenous
7	knowledge; and
8	(2) identify and address—
9	(A) regional seedling shortages of bareroot
10	and container tree seedlings;
11	(B) regional reforestation opportunities and
12	the seedling supply necessary to fulfill those op-
13	portunities;
14	(C) opportunities to enhance seedling diver-
15	sity, improve quality, quantity, genetic re-
16	sources, and availability, and close gaps in seed
17	inventories; and
18	(D) barriers to expanding, enhancing, or
19	creating new infrastructure to increase nursery
20	capacity.
21	SEC. 316. WHITE OAK RESEARCH.
22	(a) Definition of Eligible Institution.—In this
23	section, the term "eligible institution" means an institution
24	of higher education, including an 1862 Institution, an 1890
25	Institution, and a 1994 Institution (as those terms are de-

1	fined in section 2 of the Agricultural Research, Extension,
2	and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7601)).
3	(b) Research.—The Secretary may enter into a
4	memorandum of understanding with an Indian Tribe or
5	an eligible institution to collaboratively conduct research re-
6	lating to—
7	(1) white oak genes with resistance or tolerance
8	to stress;
9	(2) white oak trees that exhibit heritable vigor
10	for the purpose of increasing survival and growth;
11	(3) establishing a genetically diverse white oak
12	seed bank capable of responding to stressors;
13	(4) providing a sustainable supply of white oak
14	seedlings and genetic resources;
15	(5) improved methods for aligning seed sources
16	with the future climate at planting sites;
17	(6) reforestation of white oak trees through nat-
18	ural and artificial regeneration;
19	(7) improved methods for retaining and increas-
20	ing white oak trees in forests;
21	(8) improved methods for reforesting abandoned
22	mine land sites; and
23	(9) economic and social aspects of white oak for-
24	est management across land ownerships.

1	(c) Consultation.—In carrying out research under
2	subsection (b), an Indian Tribe or eligible institution may
3	consult with such States, nonprofit organizations, and other
4	institutions of higher education and scientific entities as
5	the Indian Tribe or eligible institution determines to be ap-
6	propriate.
7	(d) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi-
8	nates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment
9	of this Act.
10	SEC. 317. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF FOOD AND AGRI-
11	CULTURE.
12	(a) Partnerships.—
13	(1) In General.—The Secretary, acting through
14	the Director of the National Institute of Food and Ag-
15	riculture, shall enter into a partnership with an eligi-
16	ble entity described in paragraph (2) to conduct re-
17	search on improving white oak species resiliency,
18	health, and preservation, including research on—
19	(A) population-scale sequencing;
20	(B) stress response traits;
21	(C) seedling physiology and performance;
22	and
23	(D) white oak product development.
24	(2) Eligible entity.—

1	(A) In General.—An eligible entity re-
2	ferred to in paragraph (1) is a land-grant college
3	or university described in subparagraph (B) that
4	has demonstrated—
5	(i) scientific expertise relating to white
6	oak;
7	(ii) the ability to rapidly transfer tech-
8	nologies to the stave industry;
9	(iii) geographic proximity to con-
10	centrated areas of white oak; and
11	(iv) support for regional economic de-
12	velopment.
13	(B) Land-grant colleges and univer-
14	SITIES.—A land-grant college or university re-
15	ferred to in subparagraph (A) is—
16	(i) an 1862 Institution (as defined in
17	section 2 of the Agricultural Research, Ex-
18	tension, and Education Reform Act of 1998
19	(7 U.S.C. 7601));
20	(ii) an 1890 Institution (as defined in
21	that section); or
22	(iii) a 1994 Institution (as defined in
23	section 532 of the Equity in Educational
24	Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C.
25	301 note; Public Law 103-382)).

1	(b) Priorities.—The Secretary, acting through the
2	Director of the National Institute of Food and Agriculture,
3	shall prioritize research relating to the resistance of white
4	oak to disease, pest, heat, and drought in cultivated, new,
5	and old-growth white oak timber stands.
6	SEC. 318. USDA FORMAL INITIATIVE.
7	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
8	Chief of the Natural Resources Conservation Service and
9	in coordination with the Chief of the Forest Service, shall
10	establish a formal initiative on white oak trees—
11	(1) to reestablish white oak forests where appro-
12	priate;
13	(2) to improve the management of existing white
14	oak forests to foster natural regeneration of white oak
15	trees;
16	(3) to provide technical assistance to private
17	landowners to reestablish, improve the management
18	of, and naturally regenerate white oak trees;
19	(4) to improve and expand white oak nursery
20	stock; and
21	(5) to adapt and improve white oak seedlings.
22	(b) Sunset.—The authority under this section termi-
23	nates on the date that is 7 years after the date of enactment
24	of this Act.

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1	SEC. 319. USE OF AUTHORITIES.
2	To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretaries
3	shall use the authorities provided under this title in com-
4	bination with other authorities to carry out projects, includ-
5	ing—
6	(1) good neighbor agreements entered into under
7	section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16
8	U.S.C. 2113a) (as amended by this Act); and
9	(2) stewardship contracting projects entered into
10	under section 604 of the Healthy Forests Restoration
11	Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c) (as amended by this
12	Act).
13	TITLE IV—ENSURING CASUALTY
14	ASSISTANCE FOR FIREFIGHTERS
15	SEC. 401. WILDLAND FIRE MANAGEMENT CASUALTY ASSIST-
16	ANCE PROGRAM.
17	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
18	(1) Next-of-kin.—The term "next-of-kin", with
19	respect to an individual, means a person in the high-
20	est category of priority in relation to that individual,
21	as determined in accordance with the following (in
22	descending order of priority):
23	(A) A legal spouse of the individual.
24	(B) A child (whether by current or prior

marriage) aged 18 years or older of the indi-

vidual, in descending order of precedence by age.

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1	(C) The father or mother of the individual,
2	unless custody has been vested by court order in
3	another individual, with an adoptive parent tak-
4	ing precedence over a natural parent.
5	(D) A sibling (whether whole or half) aged
6	18 years or older of the individual, in descending
7	order of precedence by age.
8	(E) A grandfather or grandmother of the in-
9	dividual.
10	(F) Any other relative of the individual,
11	with the order of precedence to be determined in
12	accordance with the civil laws of descent of the
13	State of domicile of the individual at time of
14	death.
15	(2) Program.—The term "program" means the
16	Wildland Fire Management Casualty Assistance Pro-
17	gram established under subsection (b).
18	(b) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days after
19	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Inte-
20	rior shall establish a program, to be known as the
21	"Wildland Fire Management Casualty Assistance Pro-
22	gram", to provide assistance to the next-of-kin of—
23	(1) firefighters who, while in the line of duty—
24	(A) are killed;

1	(B) require hospitalization or treatment at
2	a medical facility due to a critical injury; or
3	(C) suffer illness as a result of an exposure
4	or incident occurring during that line of duty;
5	and
6	(2) wildland fire support personnel who are
7	killed or require hospitalization or treatment at a
8	medical facility due to a critical injury in the line
9	$of\ duty.$
10	(c) Elements.—The program shall address each of the
11	following:
12	(1) The initial, and any subsequent, notification
13	to the next-of-kin of firefighters or wildland fire sup-
14	port personnel who—
15	(A) are killed in the line of duty; or
16	(B) require hospitalization or treatment at
17	a medical facility due to a critical injury or ill-
18	ness in the line of duty.
19	(2) The reimbursement of next-of-kin for expenses
20	associated with travel to visit firefighters or wildland
21	fire support personnel who—
22	(A) are killed in the line of duty; or
23	(B) require hospitalization or treatment at
24	a medical facility due to a critical injury or ill-
25	ness in the line of duty.

1	(3) The qualifications, assignment, training, du-
2	ties, supervision, and accountability for the perform-
3	ance of casualty assistance responsibilities.
4	(4) The relief or transfer of casualty assistance
5	officers, including notification to survivors of critical
6	injury or illness in the line of duty of the reassign-
7	ment of those officers to other duties.
8	(5) Centralized short-term and long-term case
9	management procedures for casualty assistance, in-
10	cluding rapid access to expert case managers and
11	counselors by—
12	(A) survivors of firefighters or wildland fire
13	support personnel; and
14	(B) casualty assistance officers.
15	(6) The provision, through a computer-accessible
16	website and other means and at no cost to survivors
17	or next-of-kin of firefighters or wildland fire support
18	personnel, of personalized, integrated information re-
19	lating to Federal benefits and Federal financial as-
20	sistance available to those survivors and next-of-kin.
21	(7) The provision to survivors and next-of-kin of
22	firefighters or wildland fire support personnel of in-
23	formation relating to mechanisms for registering com-
24	plaints about, or requests for, additional assistance

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related to casualty assistance.

1	(8) Liaison with the Department of Agriculture,
2	the Department of Justice, and the Social Security
3	Administration to ensure prompt and accurate reso-
4	lution of issues relating to benefits administered by
5	those agencies for survivors of firefighters or wildland
6	fire support personnel.
7	(9) Data collection, in consultation with the
8	United States Fire Administration and the National
9	Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, regard-
10	ing the incidence and quality of casualty assistance
11	provided to survivors and next-of-kin of firefighters or
12	wildland fire support personnel.
13	(d) No Effect on Other Line-of-duty Death
14	Benefits.—The program shall not affect any existing au-
15	thority for line-of-duty death benefits for Federal fire-
16	fighters or wildland fire support personnel.
17	TITLE V—OTHER MATTERS
18	SEC. 501. USE OF FUNDS FROM COOPERATIVE FUNDS
19	AGREEMENTS.
20	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
21	(1) Cooperative funds agreement.—The
22	term "cooperative funds agreement" means an agree-
23	ment under—

1	(A) the Act of June 30, 1914 (commonly
2	known as the "Cooperative Funds Act") (16
3	U.S.C. 498); or
4	(B) section 1 of the Act of March 3, 1925
5	(16 U.S.C. 572).
6	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
7	the Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest
8	Service.
9	(b) Treatment.—
10	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
11	graph (2), notwithstanding any other provision of
12	law, regulation, or agency decision, the Secretary
13	shall fulfill the obligations of the Federal Government
14	with respect to each cooperative funds agreement in
15	effect on or after the date of enactment of this Act.
16	(2) Exceptions.—The Secretary may waive the
17	applicability of paragraph (1) to a cooperative funds
18	agreement if—
19	(A) the Secretary determines that 1 or more
20	parties to the cooperative funds agreement have
21	not fulfilled the obligations of the parties under
22	the cooperative funds agreement; or
23	(B) fulfilling the obligations of the Federal
24	Government with respect to the cooperative funds

1	agreement would violate section 1341 of title 31,
2	United States Code.
3	(c) Limitations.—
4	(1) Federal employees.—A Federal employee
5	(including seasonal, permanent seasonal, and tem-
6	porary employees) hired using funds provided under
7	a cooperative funds agreement shall not, for the dura-
8	tion of the cooperative funds agreement, be subject
9	to—
10	(A) any limitation on hiring (commonly re-
11	ferred to as a "hiring freeze");
12	(B) any reduction in force; or
13	(C) any deferred resignation or voluntary
14	early retirement program.
15	(2) Non-federal funds.—The non-federal
16	funds provided to the Secretary pursuant to a cooper-
17	ative funds agreement shall not be subject to any lim-
18	itation on spending.
19	SEC. 502. EMERGENCY FOREST WATERSHED PROGRAM.
20	(a) Funding and Administration.—Section 404(b)
21	of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2204(b))
22	is amended by inserting "to carry out section 401" after
23	"for a fiscal year".

1	(b) Emergency Forest Watershed Program.—
2	Title IV of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
3	2201 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following.
4	"SEC. 408. EMERGENCY FOREST WATERSHED PROGRAM.
5	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
6	"(1) Emergency watershed protection
7	MEASURES.—The term 'emergency watershed protec-
8	tion measures' means measures that—
9	"(A) are necessary to address runoff, soil
10	erosion, and flooding caused by a natural dis-
11	aster or any other natural occurrence that has
12	caused a sudden impairment to natural re-
13	sources on National Forest System land, and the
14	damage, if not treated—
15	"(i) would significantly impair or en-
16	danger the natural resources on the Na-
17	tional Forest System land; and
18	"(ii) would pose an immediate risk to
19	water resources or loss of life or property in
20	connection to a sudden impairment of a
21	National Forest System watershed or down-
22	stream of the National Forest System land
23	or waterways; and

1	"(B) would maintain or restore forest health
2	and forest-related resources on the National For-
3	est System land.
4	"(2) Natural disaster.—The term 'natural
5	disaster' has the meaning given the term in section
6	407(a).
7	"(3) Sponsor.—The term 'sponsor' means—
8	"(A) a State or local government;
9	"(B) an Indian Tribe (as defined in section
10	4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
11	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)); and
12	"(C) a water district, water conservation
13	district, water utility, or special district.
14	"(b) Authorization.—The Secretary, acting through
15	a sponsor, is authorized to undertake emergency watershed
16	protection measures on National Forest System land.
17	"(c) AGREEMENTS; PAYMENTS.—
18	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding chapter 63
19	of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary may
20	enter into an agreement with a sponsor and make
21	payments to the sponsor, on request of the sponsor, to
22	carry out emergency watershed protection measures.
23	"(2) Requirements.—
24	"(A) Project timelines.—

1	"(i) In general.—Following a nat-
2	ural disaster or natural occurrence that ne-
3	cessitates the carrying out of emergency wa-
4	tershed protection measures, the Secretary
5	shall execute agreements under paragraph
6	(1) as expeditiously as possible.
7	"(ii) Timeline.—Each agreement
8	under paragraph (1) shall include a
9	timeline by which the sponsor shall complete
10	all emergency watershed protection meas-
11	ures during the 2-year period following the
12	conclusion of the applicable natural disaster
13	or natural occurrence, as determined by the
14	Secretary, that necessitated the carrying out
15	of those measures.
16	"(iii) Continued monitoring.—A
17	sponsor that has entered into an agreement
18	under paragraph (1) may monitor, main-
19	tain, repair, or replace emergency water-
20	shed protection measures for a period of not
21	more than 3 years following the conclusion
22	of the natural disaster or natural occur-
23	rence, as determined by the Secretary, that

necessitated the carrying out of those meas-

ures when failure to do so would result in

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1	unacceptable risk to National Forest System
2	land or downstream water users.
3	"(B) Payments.—The Secretary, in accord-
4	ance with an agreement entered into under para-
5	graph (1)—
6	"(i) may make partial payments prior
7	to completion of the applicable project; and
8	"(ii) shall make final payment for the
9	project not later than 30 days after the date
10	on which the project is completed.
11	"(d) Waived Matching Requirements.—The Sec-
12	retary shall waive any matching requirements for payments
13	$made\ under\ subsection\ (c)(1).$
14	"(e) Liability.—
15	"(1) In general.—A sponsor that carries out
16	emergency watershed protection measures pursuant to
17	an agreement under subsection $(c)(1)$ shall not be re-
18	quired to indemnify the United States for any liabil-
19	ity resulting from carrying out emergency watershed
20	protection measures pursuant to that agreement.
21	"(2) Savings provision.—Nothing in this sub-
22	section precludes liability for damages or costs relat-
23	ing to the carrying out of emergency watershed pro-
24	tection measures by a sponsor pursuant to an agree-
25	ment entered into under subsection $(c)(1)$ if the spon-

1	sor acted with willful or wanton negligence or reckless
2	conduct in carrying out those measures.
3	"(f) Assumption of Risk.—A sponsor that carries
4	out emergency watershed protection measures prior to en-
5	tering into an agreement under subsection (c)(1) shall as-
6	sume the risk of incurring any cost or liability resulting
7	from carrying out those measures.".
8	SEC. 503. IMPROVING THE EMERGENCY CONSERVATION
9	PROGRAM.
10	Section 401 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16
11	U.S.C. 2201) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (b)—
13	(A) in the subsection heading, by inserting
14	"AND OTHER EMERGENCY CONSERVATION MEAS-
15	URES" after "Fencing";
16	(B) in paragraph (1)—
17	(i) by inserting "or for other emer-
18	gency measures to replace or restore farm-
19	land or conservation structures requiring an
20	immediate response (as determined by the
21	Secretary)," after "replacement of fencing,";
22	and
23	(ii) by striking "option of receiving"
24	and all that follows through the period at
25	the end and inserting the following: "option

1	of receiving, before the agricultural producer
2	carries out the repair, replacement, or res-
3	toration—
4	"(A) with respect to a payment to the agri-
5	cultural producer for a replacement, 75 percent
6	of the cost of the replacement, as determined by
7	the Secretary; and
8	"(B) with respect to a payment to the agri-
9	cultural producer for a repair or restoration, 50
10	percent of the cost of the repair or restoration, as
11	determined by the Secretary."; and
12	(C) in paragraph (2), by striking "60-day"
13	and inserting "180-day"; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(c) Wildfire Determination.—A wildfire that
16	causes damage eligible for a payment under subsection (a)
17	includes—
18	"(1) a wildfire that is not caused naturally, if
19	the damage is caused by the spread of the wildfire due
20	to natural causes; and
21	"(2) a wildfire that is caused by the Federal
22	Government.".

1	SEC. 504. IMPROVING THE EMERGENCY FOREST RESTORA-
2	TION PROGRAM.
3	Section 407 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16
4	U.S.C. 2206) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "wildfires,"
6	and inserting "wildfires (including a wildfire that is
7	not caused naturally, if the damage is caused by the
8	spread of the wildfire due to natural causes, and a
9	wildfire that is caused by the Federal Government),";
10	(2) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection
11	(f); and
12	(3) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(e) Advance Payments.—
15	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall give an
16	owner of nonindustrial private forest land the option
17	of receiving, before the owner carries out emergency
18	measures under this section, not more than 75 percent
19	of the cost of the emergency measures, as determined
20	by the Secretary.
21	"(2) Return of funds.—If the funds provided
22	under paragraph (1) are not expended by the end of
23	the 180-day period beginning on the date on which
24	the owner of nonindustrial private forest land receives
25	those funds, the funds shall be returned within a rea-
26	sonable timeframe, as determined by the Secretary.".

1	SEC. 505. ESTABLISHMENT OF A UNIFIED DISASTER ASSIST
2	ANCE INTAKE PROCESS AND SYSTEM.
3	The Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
4	Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) is amended by add
5	ing at the end the following:
6	"SEC. 707. ESTABLISHMENT OF A UNIFIED DISASTER AS
7	SISTANCE INTAKE PROCESS AND SYSTEM.
8	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
9	"(1) Administrator.—The term 'Adminis
10	trator' means the Administrator of the Federal Emer-
11	gency Management Agency.
12	"(2) APPLICANT.—The term 'applicant' means—
13	"(A) an individual, business, or organiza
14	tion that applies for disaster assistance from a
15	$disaster\ assistance\ program;$
16	"(B) an individual, business, or organiza
17	tion on behalf of which an individual described
18	in subparagraph (A) applies for disaster assist
19	ance from a disaster assistance program; and
20	"(C) an individual, business, or organiza
21	tion that seeks assistance as a beneficiary of a
22	State, local government, or Indian tribal govern
23	ment that received assistance under a disaster
24	$assistance\ program.$
25	"(3) DISASTER ASSISTANCE AGENCY.—The term
26	'disaster assistance agency' means—

1	"(A) the Federal Emergency Management
2	Agency; and
3	"(B) any Federal agency that provides dis-
4	aster assistance to individuals, businesses, orga-
5	nizations, States, local governments, Indian trib-
6	al governments, communities, or organizations
7	that the Administrator certifies as a disaster as-
8	sistance agency in accordance with subsection (f)
9	to carry out the purposes of a disaster assistance
10	program.
11	"(4) Disaster assistance information.—The
12	term 'disaster assistance information' includes any
13	personal, biographical, demographic, geographical, fi-
14	nancial, application decision, or other information
15	that a disaster assistance agency, or a recipient of a
16	Federal block grant from a disaster assistance agency,
17	is authorized to collect, maintain, disclose, or use to—
18	"(A) process an application for disaster as-
19	sistance from a disaster assistance program; or
20	"(B) otherwise carry out the purpose of a
21	disaster assistance program.
22	"(5) DISASTER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—The
23	term 'disaster assistance program' means—
24	"(A) a program that provides disaster as-
25	sistance to individuals and households under

1	title IV or V in accordance with sections 408 and
2	502; or
3	"(B) any other assistance program author-
4	ized by a Federal statute or funded with Federal
5	appropriations under which a disaster assistance
6	agency awards or distributes disaster assistance
7	to an individual, household, or organization, or
8	provides a Federal block grant for these purposes,
9	that arises from a major disaster or emergency
10	declared under section 401 or 501, respectively,
11	including—
12	$\it ``(i)\ disaster\ assistance;$
13	"(ii) long-term disaster recovery assist-
14	ance;
15	"(iii) the post-disaster restoration of
16	infrastructure and housing;
17	"(iv) post-disaster economic revitaliza-
18	tion;
19	"(v) a loan authorized under section
20	7(b) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.
21	636(b)); and
22	"(vi) food benefit allotments under sec-
23	tion 412 of this Act and section 5(h) of the
24	Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C.
25	2014(h)).

1	"(6) Record.—The term 'record' has the mean-
2	ing given the term in section 552a of title 5, United
3	States Code.
4	"(b) Unified Disaster Assistance Intake Proc-
5	ESS AND SYSTEM.—
6	"(1) In general.—Not later than 360 days
7	after the date of enactment of this section, the Admin-
8	istrator shall, in consultation with appropriate Fed-
9	eral, State, local, and Indian tribal governments and
10	entities, develop and establish a unified intake process
11	and system for applicants for disaster assistance pro-
12	vided by a disaster assistance agency to—
13	"(A) facilitate a consolidated application
14	for any form of disaster assistance provided by
15	a disaster assistance agency when appropriate to
16	support the nature and purposes of the assist-
17	ance;
18	"(B) carry out the purposes of disaster as-
19	sistance programs swiftly, efficiently, equitably,
20	and in accordance with applicable laws and pri-
21	vacy and data protections; and
22	"(C) support the detection, prevention, and
23	investigation of waste, fraud, abuse, or discrimi-
24	nation in the administration of disaster assist-
25	ance programs.

1	"(2) Capabilities of the consolidated ap-
2	PLICATION SYSTEM.—The unified intake process and
3	system established under paragraph (1) shall—
4	"(A) accept applications for disaster assist-
5	ance programs;
6	"(B) allow for applicants to receive status
7	updates on applications for disaster assistance
8	programs;
9	"(C) allow for applicants to update disaster
10	assistance information throughout the recovery
11	journeys of those applicants;
12	"(D) allow for the distribution of informa-
13	tion on additional recovery resources to disaster
14	survivors that may be available in a disaster-
15	stricken jurisdiction, in coordination with ap-
16	propriate Federal, State, local, and Tribal part-
17	ners;
18	"(E) provide disaster survivors with infor-
19	mation and documentation on the applications
20	of those disaster survivors for a disaster assist-
21	ance program;
22	"(F) allow for the distribution of applica-
23	tion data to support faster and more effective
24	distribution of Federal disaster assistance, in-

1	cluding block grant assistance, for disaster recov-
2	ery;
3	"(G) allow for disaster assistance agencies
4	to communicate directly with disaster survivors;
5	and
6	"(H) contain other capabilities determined
7	necessary by the heads of disaster assistance
8	agencies.
9	"(3) UPDATES.—Not later than 30 days after the
10	date on which the Administrator receives a request
11	from a disaster assistance agency to update questions
12	in the consolidated application described in para-
13	graph (1) needed to administer the disaster assistance
14	programs of the disaster assistance agency, the Ad-
15	ministrator shall make those updates.
16	"(c) Authorities of Administrator.—The Admin-
17	istrator may—
18	"(1) collect, maintain, disclose, and use disaster
19	assistance information, including such information
20	received from any disaster assistance agency, with
21	any other disaster assistance agency for purposes of
22	$subsection (b)(1); \ and$
23	"(2) subject to subsection (d), authorize the col-
24	lection, maintenance, disclosure, and use of disaster
25	assistance information collected on or after the date

1	of enactment of this section by publishing a notice on
2	a public website that—
3	"(A) includes a detailed description of—
4	"(i) the specific disaster assistance in-
5	formation authorized to be collected, main-
6	tained, disclosed, and used;
7	"(ii) why the collection, maintenance,
8	disclosure, or use of the disaster assistance
9	information is necessary to carry out the
10	purpose of a disaster assistance program;
11	"(iii) how the collection, maintenance,
12	disclosure, and use of disaster assistance in-
13	formation incorporates fair information
14	practices; and
15	"(iv) the disaster assistance agencies
16	that will be granted access to the disaster
17	assistance information to carry out the pur-
18	pose of any disaster assistance program;
19	and
20	"(B) provides that the submission of an ap-
21	plication through a unified disaster application
22	constitutes prior written consent to disclose dis-
23	aster assistance information to disaster assist-
24	ance agencies for the purpose of section 552a(b)
25	of title 5, United States Code.

1 "(d) Collection and Sharing of Records and In-2 formation.—

"(1) EFFECT OF PUBLICATION OF NOTICE ON PUBLIC WEBSITE.—The publication of a notice by the Administrator on a public website of a revision to the system of records of the unified intake process and system established under subsection (b)(1) prior to any new collection, maintenance, disclosure, or use of records to carry out the purposes of a disaster assistance program with respect to a major disaster or emergency declared by the President under section 401 or 501, respectively, of this Act shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and publication requirements of section 552a(e)(4) of title 5, United States Code, for the entire period of performance for any assistance provided under a disaster assistance program.

"(2) Paperwork reduction act waiver.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon the declaration of a major disaster or emergency pursuant to section 401 or 501, respectively, of this Act, the Administrator may waive the requirements of subchapter I of chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Paperwork Reduction Act'), with respect to the voluntary collection of information specific to the declared

1	major disaster or emergency needed to carry out
2	the purposes of a disaster assistance program.
3	"(B) Duration.—A waiver described in
4	subparagraph (A) shall be in effect for the entire
5	period of performance for any assistance pro-
6	vided under a disaster assistance program with
7	respect to a declared major disaster or emer-
8	gency.
9	"(C) Transparency.—If the Administrator
10	waives the requirements described in subpara-
11	graph (A), the Administrator shall—
12	"(i) promptly post on a public
13	website—
14	"(I) a brief justification for the
15	waiver; and
16	"(II) the agencies and offices to
17	which the waiver shall apply;
18	"(ii) update the information posted
19	under clause (i), as applicable; and
20	"(iii) comply with the requirements of
21	subchapter I of chapter 35 of title 44,
22	United States Code (commonly known as
23	the 'Paperwork Reduction Act') upon the
24	expiration of the period of performance of
25	any assistance provided under a disaster

1	assistance program if the collection of infor-
2	mation may be utilized for the purposes of
3	supporting the disaster assistance program
4	in future major disaster or emergency dec-
5	larations.
6	"(D) Effectiveness of Waiver.—Any
7	waiver under subparagraph (A) shall take effect
8	on the date on which the Administrator posts in-
9	formation on the internet website as provided for
10	under subparagraph (C).
11	"(e) Data Security.—The Administrator shall facili-
12	tate the collection of disaster assistance information into
13	a unified application only after—
14	"(1) the Administrator certifies that the unified
15	application substantially complies with the data secu-
16	rity standards established pursuant to subchapter II
17	of chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, and any
18	other applicable Federal information security policy;
19	"(2) the Secretary of Homeland Security pub-
20	lishes a privacy impact assessment for the unified ap-
21	plication that is similar to the privacy assessment
22	conducted under section $208(b)(1)(B)$ of the E-Gov-
23	ernment Act of 2002 (44 U.S.C. 3501 note); and
24	"(3) the Administrator, in consultation with dis-
25	aster assistance agencies, publishes standard rules of

1	behavior for disaster assistance agencies and per-
2	sonnel granted access to disaster assistance informa-
3	tion to protect such information from improper dis-
4	closure.
5	"(f) Certification of Disaster Assistance Agen-
6	CIES.—
7	"(1) In general.—The Administrator may cer-
8	tify a Federal agency as a disaster assistance agency
9	only after posting an agreement between the Adminis-
10	trator and the Federal agency on a public website
11	that contains the detailed terms of the agreement.
12	"(2) Contents of agreement.—An agreement
13	between the Administrator and a Federal agency de-
14	scribed in paragraph (1) shall state that the Federal
15	Emergency Management Agency and the Federal
16	agency will—
17	"(A) collect, disclose, maintain, and use dis-
18	aster assistance information in accordance
19	with—
20	"(i) this section; and
21	"(ii) subject to subsection (i)(2), any
22	existing policies of the Federal Emergency
23	Management Agency and the Federal agen-
24	cy for information protection and use;

1	"(B) train any personnel granted access to
2	disaster assistance information on the rules of
3	behavior established by the Administrator under
4	subsection (e)(3);
5	"(C) in the event of any unauthorized dis-
6	closure of disaster assistance information—
7	"(i) not later than 24 hours after dis-
8	covering the unauthorized disclosure—
9	"(I) in the case of an unauthor-
10	ized disclosure by the Federal agency,
11	notify the Administrator of the disclo-
12	sure; and
13	"(II) in the case of an unauthor-
14	ized disclosure by the Federal Emer-
15	gency Management Agency, notify dis-
16	aster assistance agencies of the disclo-
17	sure;
18	"(ii) cooperate fully with the Adminis-
19	trator and disaster assistance agencies in
20	the investigation and remediation of the
21	disclosure; and
22	"(iii) cooperate fully in the prosecution
23	of a person responsible for the disclosure;
24	and

1	"(D) assume responsibility for any com-
2	pensation, civil liability, or other remediation
3	measure awarded by a judgment of a court or
4	agreed upon as a compromise of any potential
5	claim by or on behalf of an applicant, including
6	by obtaining credit monitoring and remediation
7	services, for an improper disclosure of disaster
8	assistance information that is—
9	"(i) caused, directly or indirectly, by
10	the acts or omissions of an officer, employee,
11	or contractor of the Federal agency; or
12	"(ii) from any electronic system of
13	records that was created or maintained by
14	the Federal agency pursuant to section
15	552a(e) of title 5, United States Code.
16	"(3) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this
17	subsection shall be construed to require a Federal
18	agency to sign an agreement described in paragraph
19	(2) if the head of that Federal agency determines that
20	the inclusion of the assistance program of that Fed-
21	eral agency in the unified intake process and system
22	established under this section is not appropriate to
23	support the nature and purposes of the assistance pro-
24	grams under the jurisdiction of that Federal agency.
25	"(a) Reports.—

1	"(1) FEMA.—Not later than 1 year after the
2	date of enactment of this section, and every year
3	thereafter for 2 years, the Administrator, in coordina-
4	tion with the heads of disaster assistance agencies,
5	shall submit to Congress a report on the implementa-
6	tion of this section, including—
7	"(A) how disaster assistance agencies are
8	working together to implement the requirements
9	under this section;
10	"(B) the effect of this section on disaster
11	survivor burden and the speed and efficiency of
12	delivering disaster assistance; and
13	"(C) a description of any other challenges
14	that require further legislative action.
15	"(2) GAO.—Not later than 3 years after the date
16	of enactment of this section, the Comptroller General
17	of the United States shall submit to Congress a report
18	on how the implementation of this section has affected
19	the disaster survivor experience, and any rec-
20	ommendations for improvements to the requirements
21	under this section.
22	"(h) Briefings.—Not later than 90 days after the
23	date of enactment of this section, and again not later than
24	180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Ad-
25	ministrator shall brief Congress on—

1	"(1) the status of the implementation of the re-
2	quirements under this section; and
3	"(2) how disaster assistance agencies are work-
4	ing together to implement the requirements under this
5	section.
6	"(i) Rules of Construction.—
7	"(1) Inapplicability of matching program
8	PROVISIONS.—The disclosure and use of disaster as-
9	sistance information subject to the requirements of
10	section 552a of title 5, United States Code, among
11	disaster assistance agencies or with State, local, or
12	Tribal governments carrying out disaster assistance
13	programs shall not—
14	"(A) be construed as a matching program
15	for the purpose of section 552a(a)(8) of title 5,
16	United States Code; or
17	"(B) be subject to subsection (e)(12), (o),
18	(p)(1)(A)(ii), (q), (r), or (u) of section 552a of
19	title 5, United States Code.
20	"(2) Authorities in other laws.—Nothing in
21	this section shall be construed to affect the authority
22	of an entity to share disaster assistance information
23	regarding programs funded or facilitated by the enti-
24	ty in accordance with any other law or agency policy.

1	"(3) Applying to multiple programs.—Noth-
2	ing in this section shall be construed to require an
3	applicant to apply to more than 1 disaster assistance
4	program.".

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119TH CONGRESS S. 1462

A BILL

To improve forest management activities on National Forest System land, public land under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, and Tribal land to return resilience to overgrown, fire-prone forested land, and for other purposes.

OCTOBER 27, 2025 Reported with an amendment