

119TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 768

To require a study on Holocaust education efforts of States, local educational agencies, and public elementary and secondary schools, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 28, 2025

Mr. GOTTHEIMER (for himself, Mr. McCaul, Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Ms. STEVENS, Mrs. KIM, Ms. ANSARI, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mr. BACON, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. CARSON, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MC CORMICK, Mr. CISNEROS, Mr. COHEN, Mr. COSTA, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. DOGGETT, Mrs. FLETCHER, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Ms. FRIEDMAN, Mr. GARBARINO, Ms. GILLETT, Ms. HOULAHAN, Ms. HOYLE of Oregon, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. KEAN, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. LALOTA, Mr. LANDSMAN, Mr. LATIMER, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. MAGAZINER, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Ms. McBRIDE, Ms. MENG, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. NADLER, Mr. NORCROSS, Mr. PANETTA, Mr. PETERS, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. RYAN, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Ms. SCHRIER, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. SOTO, Mr. STANTON, Mr. SUOZZI, Ms. TENNEY, Ms. TITUS, Ms. TOKUDA, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. VALADAO, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. VEASEY, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. AMO, Ms. MORRISON, and Mr. PALLONE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Workforce

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## A BILL

To require a study on Holocaust education efforts of States, local educational agencies, and public elementary and secondary schools, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2   *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3   **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Holocaust Education  
5   and Antisemitism Lessons Act”.

6   **SEC. 2. STUDY AND REPORT ON HOLOCAUST EDUCATION.**

7       (a) STUDY.—Beginning not later than 180 days after  
8   the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the  
9   United States Holocaust Memorial Museum (referred to  
10   in this Act as the “Director”) shall conduct a study on  
11   Holocaust education efforts in States, local educational  
12   agencies, and public elementary schools and secondary  
13   schools. Such study shall include an examination of—

14           (1) all States;

15           (2) a nationally representative sample of local  
16    educational agencies; and

17           (3) a representative sample of public elementary  
18    and secondary schools served by the local edu-  
19    cational agencies being studied.

20       (b) ELEMENTS.—In conducting the study under sub-  
21    section (a), the Director shall—

22           (1) determine whether States and local edu-  
23    cational agencies being studied require Holocaust  
24    education as part of the curriculum taught in public  
25    elementary schools and secondary schools;

- 1                         (2) identify States and local educational agen-  
2                         cies being studied that have optional Holocaust edu-  
3                         cation as part of the curriculum taught in public ele-  
4                         mentary schools and secondary schools;
- 5                         (3) identify each State's standards and the re-  
6                         quirements of the local educational agencies being  
7                         studied relating to Holocaust education and summa-  
8                         rize the status of the implementation of such stand-  
9                         ards and requirements, including—
- 10                         (A) the existence of a centralized appa-  
11                         ratus at the State or local level that collects and  
12                         disseminates Holocaust education curricula and  
13                         materials;
- 14                         (B) the existence of Holocaust education  
15                         professional development opportunities for pre-  
16                         service and in-service teachers;
- 17                         (C) the involvement of informal edu-  
18                         cational organizations in implementing Holoc-  
19                         caust education, including museums and cul-  
20                         tural centers;
- 21                         (D) an assessment of the challenges or  
22                         gaps that may prevent educators from fulfilling  
23                         Holocaust education requirements;

(E) the identification of training and resources needed to support educators teaching about the Holocaust; and

(F) the adoption of United States Holocaust Memorial Museum resources by—

(i) entities at the State or local level that disseminate Holocaust education curricula; or

(ii) local Holocaust museums and centers;

(4) determine—

(A) the range of intended outcomes from a Holocaust education unit at the State and local educational agency level; and

(B) the methods teachers are using that result in successfully achieving intended learning outcomes which may include—

(j) in-class discussion:

(ii) educational activities conducted outside the classroom, including homework assignments and experiential learning involving State and local organizations, such as museums and cultural centers;

(iii) project based learning;

(iv) educational materials and activities that are developmentally appropriate and taught through a trauma-informed lens; and

(v) integration of lessons from the Holocaust across the curriculum and throughout the school year;

11 (6) identify—

12 (A) in what disciplines the Holocaust is  
13 being taught;

(B) the amount of time allotted in the required curriculum to teach about the Holocaust; and

1                         (7) identify the approaches used by public ele-  
2                         mentary schools and secondary schools to assess out-  
3                         comes using traditional and nontraditional assess-  
4                         ments, including assessments of—

5                             (A) students' knowledge of the Holocaust;  
6                         and

7                             (B) students' ability to identify and ana-  
8                         lyze antisemitism, bigotry, hate, and genocide in  
9                         historical and contemporary contexts.

10                         (c) REPORT.—

11                         (1) IN GENERAL.—Following the completion of  
12                         the study under subsection (a), the Director shall  
13                         prepare and submit to Congress a report on the re-  
14                         sults of the study.

15                         (2) DEADLINE FOR SUBMITTAL.—The report  
16                         under paragraph (1) shall be submitted not later  
17                         than the earlier of—

18                             (A) 180 days after the completion of the  
19                         study under subsection (a); or

20                             (B) 3 years after the date of enactment of  
21                         this Act.

22                         (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:

23                         (1) ESEA TERMS.—The terms “elementary  
24                         school”, “local educational agency”, “secondary  
25                         school”, and “State” have the meanings given those

1       terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and Sec-  
2       ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

3                 (2) HOLOCAUST.—The term “Holocaust” has  
4       the meaning given that term in section 3 of the  
5       Never Again Education Act (Public Law 116–141;  
6       36 U.S.C. 2301 note).

7                 (3) HOLOCAUST EDUCATION.—The term “Holo-  
8       caust education” means educational activities that  
9       are specifically intended—

10                         (A) to improve students’ awareness and  
11       understanding of the Holocaust;

12                         (B) to educate students on the lessons of  
13       the Holocaust as a means to raise awareness  
14       about the importance of preventing genocide,  
15       hate, and bigotry against any group of people;  
16       and

17                         (C) to study the history of antisemitism,  
18       its deep historical roots, the use of conspiracy  
19       theories and propaganda that target the Jewish  
20       people, and the shape-shifting nature of anti-  
21       semitism over time.

22                 (4) PROJECT BASED LEARNING.—The term  
23       “project based learning” means a teaching method

- 1      through which students learn by actively engaging in
- 2      real-world and personally meaningful projects.

