

119TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 2510

To enhance counterterrorism and maritime security cooperation and training within the “3+1” structure between the United States, Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 31, 2025

Ms. MALLIOTAKIS (for herself, Mr. KEAN, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, and Mr. GOLDMAN of New York) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To enhance counterterrorism and maritime security cooperation and training within the “3+1” structure between the United States, Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “American-Hellenic-
5 Israeli Eastern Mediterranean Counterterrorism and Mar-
6 itime Security Partnership Act of 2025”.

1 **SEC. 2. PURPOSE.**

2 The purpose of this Act is to enhance counterter-
3 rorism and maritime security cooperation and training
4 within the “3+1” structure between the United States,
5 Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus.

6 **SEC. 3. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) Israel has been designated as a Major Non-
9 NATO Ally under U.S. law since 1987 and its part-
10 nership with the U.S. is critical to the protection of
11 U.S. interests in the Eastern Mediterranean and the
12 surrounding regions.

13 (2) The Department of State describes Israel as
14 “a great partner to the United States” with an “un-
15 breakable bond” that “has never been stronger.”

16 (3) The longstanding strength of the relation-
17 ship between the U.S. and Israel is demonstrated by
18 the historic significance of the United States being
19 the first country to officially recognize Israel as a
20 state in 1948 and being the first country to recog-
21 nize Jerusalem as its capital in 2017.

22 (4) The United States remains in solidarity
23 with Israel following the October 7, 2023, terrorist
24 attack committed by Hamas, described by the De-
25 partment of State as “the deadliest terrorist attack
26 in its 75-year history” which included the deaths of

1 more than forty-four Americans, the most killed in
2 a terrorist attack since the events of September 11,
3 2001, and the capture of twelve other Americans as
4 hostages.

5 (5) The Department of State holds that “sup-
6 port for Israel’s security has been a cornerstone of
7 American foreign policy,” as demonstrated by the
8 longstanding support provided to Israel by the U.S.

9 (6) The United States and Israel have defense
10 cooperation agreements including a Mutual Defense
11 Assistance Agreement (1952); a General Security of
12 Information Agreement (1982); a Mutual Logistics
13 Support Agreement (1991); and a Status of Forces
14 Agreement (1994).

15 (7) The United States has participated in mili-
16 tary exercises with Israel, including Juniper Oak
17 and Juniper Falcon.

18 (8) The United States and Israel have engaged
19 in strategic dialogue involving counterterrorism co-
20 ordination.

21 (9) Greece is a North Atlantic Treaty Organiza-
22 tion (NATO) Ally that consistently exceeds its obli-
23 gation of spending 2% of its gross domestic product
24 (GDP) on defense annually. In 2021, Greece spent
25 a higher percentage of its real GDP on defense than

1 any other NATO country. In 2024, Greece spent
2 3.08% of its real GDP on defense and accordingly
3 continues to rank amongst the highest of all NATO
4 countries. Its significant contributions to the Alli-
5 ance, including hosting the NATO Missile Firing In-
6 stallation (NAMFI), the NATO Maritime Interdic-
7 tion Operations Training Center (NMIOTC), the
8 NATO Integrated Air and Missile Defense (NATO
9 IAMD) Centre of Excellence, have led to it being
10 designated as a “key NATO Ally” by the Depart-
11 ment of State.

12 (10) Greece continues to support U.S. maritime
13 security through hosting the U.S. Navy installation
14 Naval Support Activity Souda Bay on the island of
15 Crete, and Souda Bay provides the only deep-water
16 port in the Mediterranean able to service the largest
17 types of aircraft carriers operated by the U.S.

18 (11) The Department of State describes Greece
19 as “a leader in the region” and “an important part-
20 ner to the United States in promoting regional secu-
21 rity, stability” with a significant “location at the
22 crossroads of the Western Balkans, North Africa,
23 the Middle East, and NATO’s southeastern flank,”
24 making “Greece a particularly important strategic
25 ally.”

1 (12) The Department of State has declared
2 that Greece “shares a deep and abiding security
3 partnership” with the United States.

4 (13) The United States and Greece have de-
5 fense cooperation agreements including The General
6 Security of Military Information Agreement
7 (GSOMIA) of 1986; the Defense Industrial Coopera-
8 tion Agreement (DICA) of 1986; the NATO Status
9 of Forces Agreement (SOFA) of 1951; the Com-
10 prehensive Technical Agreement (CTA) of 2001; and
11 the Mutual Defense Cooperation Agreement
12 (MDCA) of 1990 (updated in 2019 and in 2021).

13 (14) Greece has participated in multiple bilat-
14 eral and multilateral military exercises with the
15 United States, including Thracian Cooperation, Sto-
16 len Cerberus, Trojan Footprint, Poseidon’s Rage,
17 Orion, Iniochos, Defender Europe, and Alexander
18 the Great. According to the Department of State,
19 each year the Armed Forces of the United States
20 and Greece jointly participate in more than 15
21 major military exercises.

22 (15) The United States and Greece have en-
23 gaged in strategic dialogue involving counterter-
24 rorism coordination.

1 (16) The Republic of Cyprus (ROC) has been
2 described by the Department of State “as an impor-
3 tant partner for regional stability, security, and
4 prosperity” to the United States, with an important
5 “geostrategic position.” In 2025, the Department of
6 State declared that “Cooperation between the
7 United States and the ROC is at a historic high.”

8 (17) The Department of State declared that the
9 United States “works closely with the ROC to ad-
10 vance shared security priorities in the Eastern Medi-
11 terranean region.”

12 (18) The United States and the Republic of Cy-
13 prus have agreed to a Statement of Intent on bilat-
14 eral security cooperation in 2018 and a Defense Co-
15 operation Roadmap for 2024–2029 “directed to-
16 wards promoting stability, security, and prosperity
17 in the region.”

18 (19) The United States and the Republic of Cy-
19 prus have engaged in strategic dialogue involving
20 counterterrorism coordination.

21 (20) In addition to the strong bilateral relation-
22 ships between the United States and Israel, the
23 United States and Greece, and the United States
24 and the Republic of Cyprus, all four countries share
25 a multilateral relationship under the “3+1” struc-

1 ture established through Eastern Mediterranean Se-
2 curity and Energy Partnership Act of 2019 section
3 of the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of
4 2020 and the United States-Greece Defense and
5 Interparliamentary Partnership Act of 2021 section
6 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
7 Year 2022.

8 (21) Together, the United States, Israel,
9 Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus share the mu-
10 tual goal of ensuring the Eastern Mediterranean is
11 protected from threats of terrorism.

12 (22) The United States and Israel have a his-
13 tory of strong counterterrorism cooperation. The De-
14 partment of State has described Israel as “a com-
15 mitted counterterrorism partner, closely coordinating
16 with the United States on a range of counterter-
17 rorism initiatives.” This includes previous annual
18 meetings of the Joint Counterterrorism Group be-
19 tween the two countries.

20 (23) The United States and Greece have a his-
21 tory of strong counterterrorism cooperation. The De-
22 partment of State has described Greece as “a stead-
23 fast and reliable counterterrorism partner.” This has
24 been demonstrated recently through “improved in-
25 formation exchanges and CT cooperation with the

1 United States through the Joint Security Program
2 pilot.”

3 (24) The United States and the Republic of Cy-
4 prus have a history of strong counterterrorism co-
5 operation. The Department of State has described
6 the Republic of Cyprus as a partner that has “col-
7 laborated closely with the United States bilaterally
8 and as a member of the EU, as well as with other
9 countries on international counterterrorism efforts.”

10 (25) The Department of State reported that
11 “ROC authorities have taken enhanced security
12 measures to prevent terrorist actions following
13 Hamas’s October 7 attack on Israel. The Cyprus
14 National Police conducted increased patrols at air-
15 ports, harbors, marinas, and ports; assessed high-
16 threat targets—mostly of Israeli and U.S. inter-
17 ests—and provided frequent patrols; provided a po-
18 lice presence at all synagogues in Larnaca, Limassol,
19 and Paphos; increased police coverage at the Israeli
20 Embassy.” Additionally, the Republic of Cyprus has
21 been threatened by Iran-backed terrorist organiza-
22 tions, including Hezbollah.

23 (26) Israel and Greece have a history of strong
24 counterterrorism cooperation and participate “in re-
25 gional and multinational counterterrorism exercises”

1 between the two countries, as described by the De-
2 partment of State.

3 (27) Israel and the Republic of Cyprus have a
4 history of strong counterterrorism cooperation and
5 participate “in regional and multinational counter-
6 terrorism exercises” between the two countries, as
7 described by the Department of State.

8 (28) Greece and the Republic of Cyprus have a
9 history of strong counterterrorism cooperation and
10 participate “in regional and multinational counter-
11 terrorism exercises” between the two countries, as
12 described by the Department of State.

13 (29) Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus
14 have a history of strong trilateral counterterrorism
15 cooperation reflected through multiple types of en-
16 gagement.

17 (30) The foreign ministers of Israel, Greece,
18 and the Republic of Cyprus, and the United States
19 Secretary of State, have collectively met multiple
20 times to discuss multilateral security issues.

21 (31) The Cyprus Center for Land, Open-seas,
22 and Port Security (C.Y.C.L.O.P.S.), initially funded
23 by the United States State Department’s Export
24 Control and Related Border Security (EXBS) pro-
25 gram through a Memorandum of Understanding be-

1 tween the Republic of Cyprus and the USA, signed
2 on September 12, 2020, has served as an important
3 training center for the United States. The United
4 States has conducted multiple security cooperation
5 initiatives utilizing C.Y.C.L.O.P.S. including the
6 U.S. Department of State’s Office of Weapons of
7 Mass Destruction Terrorism “Saharan Fox” work-
8 shop.

9 (32) Together, the United States, Israel,
10 Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus share the mu-
11 tual goal of ensuring the Eastern Mediterranean is
12 protected from breaches of maritime security.

13 (33) Souda Bay, Crete, has served as an impor-
14 tant location for the United States to conduct mari-
15 time security initiatives since 1969 and has long
16 been considered the most essential location for sup-
17 porting U.S. naval activity in the Mediterranean. In
18 addition to providing the only port in the region able
19 to sustain the largest aircraft carriers operated by
20 the United States, it’s location at the junction be-
21 tween Europe, Africa, and Asia make it a location
22 of great geostrategic value.

23 **SEC. 4. STATEMENT OF POLICY.**

24 It is the policy of the United States—

1 (1) to establish a security subcomponent of the
2 “3+1” structure between the United States, Israel,
3 Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus;

4 (2) to expand official strategic engagement with
5 Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus regarding
6 counterterrorism and maritime security;

7 (3) to increase support for joint counterter-
8 rorism and maritime security exercises among Israel,
9 Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus;

10 (4) to increase participation in multilateral dia-
11 logues on counterterrorism and maritime security
12 conducted among the United States, Israel, Greece
13 and the Republic of Cyprus;

14 (5) to increase support for the participation of
15 Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus in the
16 Combating Terrorism Fellowship Program;

17 (6) to expand United States support for
18 counterterrorism initiatives at C.Y.C.L.O.P.S. (Cy-
19 prus Center for Land, Open-seas, and Port Security)
20 in the Republic of Cyprus and develop deeper co-
21 operation with the latter regarding counterterrorism
22 and maritime security;

23 (7) to expand United States support for mari-
24 time security initiatives at the Greek Souda Naval
25 Base in Greece and develop deeper cooperation with

1 the latter regarding counterterrorism and maritime
2 security;

3 (8) to further support a robust International
4 Military Education and Training (IMET) program-
5 ming with Israel, Greece and the Republic of Cy-
6 prus, which will increase interoperability with the
7 United States;

8 (9) to encourage counterterrorism, border and
9 maritime security investments in Israel, Greece, and
10 the Republic of Cyprus; and

11 (10) to increase counterterrorism intelligence
12 sharing and maritime domain awareness cooperation
13 with Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus.

14 **SEC. 5. ELIMINATION OF SCHEDULED TERMINATION OF CY-**
15 **PRUS, GREECE, ISRAEL, AND THE UNITED**
16 **STATES 3+1 INTERPARLIAMENTARY GROUP.**

17 Section 1316 of the National Defense Authorization
18 Act for Fiscal Year 2022 is amended by striking sub-
19 section (e).

20 **SEC. 6. ISRAEL, GREECE, CYPRUS, AND THE UNITED**
21 **STATES INTERPARLIAMENTARY EASTERN**
22 **MEDITERRANEAN SECURITY COOPERATION**
23 **GROUP.**

24 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a group,
25 to be known as the “Israel, Greece, Cyprus, and the

1 United States Interparliamentary Eastern Mediterranean
2 Security Cooperation Group” to serve as a security fo-
3 cused legislative subcomponent to the 3+1 inter-
4 parliamentary group established in Section 1316 of the
5 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022.

6 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The group established under
7 subsection (a) shall include a group of not more than 6
8 Members of the United States Senate and 6 Members of
9 the United States House of Representatives, who shall be
10 appointed jointly by the majority leader and the minority
11 leader of the Senate and the speaker and the minority
12 leader of the House of Representatives, respectively. Mem-
13 bership shall include 2 Members of Congress who serve
14 on an appropriate congressional committee.

15 (c) MEETINGS.—Not less frequently than twice each
16 year, the United States Interparliamentary Eastern Medi-
17 terranean Security Cooperation Group shall meet with
18 Israeli, Cypriot, and Greek parliamentary counterpart
19 members to discuss issues on the agenda of the legislative
20 branch of the Governments of Israel, Greece, the Republic
21 of Cyprus, and the United States regarding counterter-
22 rorism and maritime security.

1 **SEC. 7. ISRAEL, GREECE, CYPRUS, AND UNITED STATES**
2 **INTEREXECUTIVE EASTERN MEDITERRA-**
3 **NEAN SECURITY COOPERATION GROUP.**

4 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a group,
5 to be known as the “Israel, Greece, Cyprus, and United
6 States Interexecutive Eastern Mediterranean Security Co-
7 operation Group” to serve as a security focused executive
8 component to the “3+1” structure.

9 (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Israel, Greece, Cyprus, and
10 the United States Interexecutive Eastern Mediterranean
11 Security Cooperation Group shall include a designated of-
12 ficer from:

13 (1) The United States Department of State, ap-
14 pointed by the United States Secretary of State.

15 (A) The responsibilities of this designated
16 officer as established in Sec. 7. may be assigned
17 to an existing officer within the Department of
18 State to fulfil the requirements of Sec. 7.

19 (2) The United States Department of Defense,
20 appointed by the United States Secretary of De-
21 fense.

22 (A) The responsibilities of this designated
23 officer as established in Sec. 7. may be assigned
24 to an existing officer within the Department of
25 Defense to fulfil the requirements of Sec. 7.

1 (3) The United States Department of Home-
2 land Security, appointed by the United States Sec-
3 retary of Homeland Security.

4 (A) The responsibilities of this designated
5 officer as established in Sec. 7. may be assigned
6 to an existing officer within the Department of
7 Homeland Security to fulfil the requirements of
8 Sec. 7.

9 (c) MEETINGS.—Not less frequently than twice each
10 year, the United States Interexecutive Eastern Mediterra-
11 nean Security Cooperation Group shall meet with Israeli,
12 Cypriot, and Greek executive counterpart members to dis-
13 cuss issues on the agenda of the executive branch of the
14 Governments of Israel, Greece, the Republic of Cyprus,
15 and the United States regarding counterterrorism and
16 maritime security.

17 **SEC. 8. 3+1 COUNTERTERRORISM COOPERATION TRAINING**
18 **STRUCTURE.**

19 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense, in
20 coordination with the Secretary of State, shall establish
21 a counterterrorism training program, to be known as the
22 “Counterterrorism Education for Readiness Building in
23 the East-Mediterranean Region to Unify Security Pro-
24 gram” or “CERBERUS”, which shall—

1 (1) be used at the Cyprus Center for Land,
2 Open-seas, and Port Security, provided that the
3 Government of the Republic of Cyprus agrees so,
4 with the purpose of increasing counterterrorism co-
5 operation and interoperability between the United
6 States, Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus;
7 and

8 (2) be available to ministry, agency, and head-
9 quarters level organizations for such countries.

10 (b) ADDITIONAL REQUIRED ELEMENTS OF TRAIN-
11 ING.—The training program established under subsection
12 (a) shall promote respect for legitimate civilian authority
13 within the country to which the assistance is provided.

14 (c) REPORTS AND BRIEFINGS.—

15 (1) IMPLEMENTATION REPORT.—Not later than
16 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
17 and every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary of De-
18 fense, in consultation with the Secretary of State,
19 shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
20 mittees a report on the status of the creation and
21 implementation of the training program established
22 under subsection (a) until the Secretary of Defense,
23 in consultation with the Secretary of State, deter-
24 mines the training has been established and made

1 available to the United States, Israel, Greece, and
2 the Republic of Cyprus.

3 (2) TRAINING STRUCTURE REPORT.—Not later
4 than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary
5 of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of
6 State, determines such training program has been
7 established and made available to the United States,
8 Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus, they
9 shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
10 mittees a report on the training structure they have
11 created.

12 (3) TRAINING BRIEFING.—Following the sub-
13 mission of the report required by paragraph (2), the
14 Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Sec-
15 retary of State, shall provide to the appropriate con-
16 gressional committees an annual briefing on the re-
17 sults of such training program.

18 **SEC. 9. ESTABLISHING A 3+1 MARITIME SECURITY CO-**
19 **OPERATION TRAINING STRUCTURE.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in co-
21 ordination with the Secretary of State, shall—

22 (1) create a training program to be used at the
23 Greek Souda Naval Base, provided that the Govern-
24 ment of Greece agrees, with the purpose of increas-
25 ing maritime security cooperation and interoper-

1 ability between the United States, Israel, Greece,
2 and the Republic of Cyprus; and

3 (2) make available such training to ministry,
4 agency, and headquarters level organizations for
5 such countries.

6 (b) DESIGNATION.—The provision of assistance and
7 training under this section may be referred to as “Train-
8 ing and Readiness Initiative for Regional East-Mediterra-
9 nean Maritime-Security Enforcement” or “TRIREME”.

10 (c) REQUIRED ELEMENTS OF TRAINING.—Training
11 provided under subsection (b) shall include elements that
12 promote respect for legitimate civilian authority within the
13 country to which the assistance is provided.

14 (d) REPORTS AND BRIEFINGS.—

15 (1) IMPLEMENTATION REPORT.—Not later than
16 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
17 and every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary of De-
18 fense, in consultation with the Secretary of State,
19 shall submit to the appropriate committees of Con-
20 gress a report on the status of the creation and im-
21 plementation of the training established in Sec. 9.
22 until the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with
23 the Secretary of State, determines the training has
24 been established and made available to the United
25 States, Israel, Greece, and the Republic of Cyprus.

1 (2) TRAINING STRUCTURE REPORT.—Not later
2 than 90 days after which the Secretary of Defense,
3 in consultation with the Secretary of State, deter-
4 mines the training has been established and made
5 available to the United States, Israel, Greece, and
6 the Republic of Cyprus, they shall submit to the ap-
7 propriate committees of Congress a report on the
8 training structure they have created.

9 (3) TRAINING BRIEFING.—Following the sub-
10 mission of the report required by Sec. 9(5)(A)(i), on
11 an annual basis the Secretary of Defense, in con-
12 sultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit
13 provide a briefing on the results of the training es-
14 tablished through Sec. 9. to the appropriate commit-
15 tees of Congress.

16 **SEC. 10. REPORTS.**

17 (a) STRATEGY ON COUNTERTERROISM COOPERATION
18 IN THE 3+1 STRUCTURE.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
20 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
21 retary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary
22 of State, shall submit to the appropriate congres-
23 sional committees a strategy on enhanced counter-
24 terrorism cooperation with Israel, Greece, and the
25 Republic of Cyprus.

1 (2) FORM.—The report required under sub-
 2 section (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form,
 3 but may contain a classified annex.

4 (b) STRATEGY ON MARITIME SECURITY COOPERA-
 5 TION IN THE 3+1 STRUCTURE.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
 7 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
 8 retary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary
 9 of State, shall submit to the appropriate congres-
 10 sional committees a strategy on enhanced maritime
 11 security cooperation with Israel, Greece, and the Re-
 12 public of Cyprus.

13 (2) FORM.—The report required under sub-
 14 section (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form,
 15 but may contain a classified annex.

16 **SEC. 11. ELIMINATING CERTAIN LIMITATIONS AND EXCLU-**
 17 **SIONS REGARDING DEFENSE ARTICLES AND**
 18 **REQUIREMENTS REGARDING SECURITY AS-**
 19 **SISTANCE AND SALES WITH RESPECT TO THE**
 20 **REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS.**

21 (a) ELIMINATION OF LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS
 22 REGARDING DEFENSE ARTICLES.—Section 1250A of the
 23 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020
 24 (22 U.S.C. 2373 note) is amended—

1 (1) in the heading, by striking “**REPEAL OF**
 2 **PROHIBITION ON**” and inserting “**SENSE OF**
 3 **CONGRESS REGARDING**”;

4 (2) in subsection (a), by striking “(a) SENSE
 5 OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that”
 6 and inserting the following: “It is the sense of Con-
 7 gress that—”; and

8 (3) by striking subsections (b), (c), and (d).

9 (b) **ELIMINATION OF REQUIREMENTS REGARDING**
 10 **SECURITY ASSISTANCE AND CERTAIN SALES.**—Section
 11 620C of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
 12 2373) is amended by striking subsections (d) and (e).

13 **SEC. 12. AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

14 (a) **AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.**—

15 (1) There are authorized to be appropriated to
 16 the Department of Defense \$5,000,000 to create
 17 new facilities at, and acquire new equipment for, the
 18 Cyprus Center for Land, Open-seas, and Port Secu-
 19 rity, in coordination with Minister of Defence of the
 20 Republic of Cyprus, for the purposes of counterter-
 21 rorism cooperation training which can be used to
 22 carry out the requirements of section (9).

23 (2) Following the creation of facilities and ac-
 24 quisition of equipment by the Department of De-
 25 fense for the purposes specified in paragraph (1),

1 such facilities and equipment is authorized to be
2 made available to the Government of the Republic of
3 Cyprus.

4 (3) There are authorized to be made available
5 to the Government of the Republic of Cyprus
6 \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through
7 2029 for annual general support of the Cyprus Cen-
8 ter for Land, Open-seas, and Port Security.

9 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
10 are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of
11 Defense \$1,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through
12 2029 for the creation and implementation of the training
13 program in section (8).

14 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
15 are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of
16 Defense \$1,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through
17 2029 for the creation and implementation of the training
18 program in section (9).

19 (d) IMET COOPERATION WITH ISRAEL, GREECE,
20 AND THE REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS.—There are authorized
21 to be appropriated for each of fiscal years 2026 through
22 2029, to enhance interoperability and capabilities for joint
23 operations and for counterterrorism and maritime security
24 education—

1 (1) \$1,000,000 for International Military Edu-
2 cation and Training (IMET) assistance for Israel;

3 (2) \$250,000 for International Military Edu-
4 cation and Training (IMET) assistance for Greece;
5 and

6 (3) \$250,000 for International Military Edu-
7 cation and Training (IMET) assistance for the Re-
8 public of Cyprus.

9 (e) EXPANDING MARITIME SECURITY TRAINING
10 FUNCTIONS OF THE GREEK SOUDA NAVY BASE.—There
11 is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of De-
12 fense \$5,000,000 to create new facilities at, and acquire
13 new equipment for, the Greek Souda Naval Base, in co-
14 ordination with Minister of Defence of Greece, for the pur-
15 poses of maritime security training which can be used to
16 carry out section (9).

17 (1) Following the creation of facilities and ac-
18 quisition of equipment by the Department of De-
19 fense for the purposes specified in Sec 11 (1) (A),
20 such facilities and equipment is authorized to be
21 made available to the Government of Greece.

22 (f) GENERAL SUPPORT.—There is authorized to be
23 made available to the Government of Greece \$2,000,000
24 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2029 for annual gen-
25 eral support of the facilities created through section (10).

1 **SEC. 13. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE DE-**
2 **FINED.**

3 In this Act, the term “appropriate congressional com-
4 mittee” means—

5 (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the
6 Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee
7 on Homeland Security of the House of Representa-
8 tives; and

9 (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the
10 Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee
11 on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of
12 the Senate.

○