

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 5283

To award a Congressional Gold Medal to Robert M. Gates, in recognition of his service to the United States as an intelligence professional, Secretary of Defense, and educator and leader for young people of the United States.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 25, 2024

Mr. MORAN (for himself, Mr. CARPER, Mr. THUNE, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. WICKER, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. ROMNEY, Mr. Kaine, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. COTTON, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. KING, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. KENNEDY, Ms. COLLINS, Mrs. BRITT, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. DURBIN, Mrs. CAPITO, Ms. ERNST, and Mrs. MURRAY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

To award a Congressional Gold Medal to Robert M. Gates, in recognition of his service to the United States as an intelligence professional, Secretary of Defense, and educator and leader for young people of the United States.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Robert M. Gates Con-
5 gressional Gold Medal Act”.

1 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) Robert “Bob” M. Gates was born on Sep-
4 tember 25, 1943, in Wichita, Kansas. He stated in
5 2007, “Kansas imparts to its children three charac-
6 teristics that have been a source of strength to me
7 over the years: a rejection of cynicism, and enduring
8 optimism and idealism.”.

9 (2) Bob Gates joined the Boy Scouts of Amer-
10 ica and attained the rank of Eagle Scout.

11 (3) Graduating from Wichita East High School,
12 Bob Gates matriculated at the College of William &
13 Mary before completing graduate studies at Indiana
14 University and a doctorate at Georgetown Univer-
15 sity.

16 (4) Bob Gates was recruited to the Central In-
17 telligence Agency in 1966, beginning a life of contin-
18 uous public service for the next 27 years. In this
19 span, Bob Gates worked for 6 Presidents of both
20 parties and 8 Directors of Central Intelligence.

21 (5) In January 1967, Bob Gates took leave
22 from the Central Intelligence Agency and was com-
23 missioned as a second lieutenant in the United
24 States Air Force, serving for 1 year as an intel-
25 ligence officer at Whiteman Air Force Base in Mis-
26 souri.

1 (6) Returning to the Central Intelligence Agency
2 in January 1968, Bob Gates began his career as
3 an analyst specializing in the Soviet Union in Au-
4 gust of that year. Thus began his rise to become the
5 Deputy Director for Intelligence, Deputy Director of
6 Central Intelligence, including 6 months as Acting
7 Director, and finally the first analyst to serve as Di-
8 rector of Central Intelligence.

9 (7) Bob Gates served on the National Security
10 Council under 4 presidents beginning with President
11 Richard Nixon. He likewise served on the Council
12 under Presidents Gerald Ford, Jimmy Carter, and
13 George H.W. Bush.

14 (8) As Deputy National Security Advisor to Na-
15 tional Security Advisor Brent Scowcroft under Presi-
16 dent George H.W. Bush, Bob Gates was integral to
17 restoring a national security process damaged in the
18 wake of the Iran-Contra scandal.

19 (9) Bob Gates was appointed by Scowcroft as
20 “Assistant to the President” and chaired the Depu-
21 ties Committee of the National Security Council,
22 which became, in the words of political scientist Bar-
23 tholomew Sparrow, “the Bush administration’s
24 workhorse for making national security policy”.

8 (11) Bob Gates served as the 22nd Secretary of
9 Defense of the United States, leading the military of
10 the United States for 4 ½ years and was the first
11 to serve in this position under Presidents of both po-
12 litical parties.

(13) Prioritizing the well-being of the service members of the United States, Bob Gates fast-tracked the acquisition of armored vehicles to ensure more men and women in uniform returned home alive, and, in the words of then-Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Admiral Mike Mullen, “[H]e demanded when they did come home, they were given all the respect and the dignity and the care and the support they needed to get on with their lives.”

(14) Bob Gates, again in the words of Admiral Mullen, spurred the Pentagon “to find new efficiencies and new business practices” making the Department of Defense “a better steward of taxpayer dollars”.

(15) Outside of government service, Bob Gates
has been committed to the youth and young adults
in the United States.

1 (19) Multiple Presidents of the United States
2 have specially honored Bob Gates for his distin-
3 guished career of public service.

4 (20) President George H.W. Bush awarded Bob
5 Gates the second highest civilian award in the
6 United States, the Presidential Citizens Medal, in
7 1992, declaring, “Robert Gates has dedicated him-
8 self to the national security and national interest. As
9 Deputy National Security Advisor, he chaired a
10 small group of senior officials around the clock to
11 resolve the Gulf crisis, and ably managed the inter-
12 agency coordination central to the vindication of fun-
13 damental principles of peace. His great skill was in-
14 dispensable to our historic accomplishments in the
15 Gulf.”.

16 (21) President Barack Obama presented Bob
17 Gates with the Presidential Medal of Freedom, the
18 highest civilian award in the United States, in 2011.
19 The citation declares Bob Gates ‘has selflessly dedi-
20 cated his life to ensuring the security of the Amer-
21 ican people. He has served eight Presidents of both
22 parties with unwavering patriotism. . . . The United
23 States honors Robert M. Gates for his extraordinary
24 leadership and for a lifetime of service and devotion
25 to our nation.”.

1 (22) Bob Gates has received numerous other
2 honors from the Federal Government, including the
3 National Security Medal, the National Intelligence
4 Distinguished Service Medal, Distinguished Intel-
5 ligence Medal, the United States Army Decoration
6 for Exceptional Civilian Service, the United States
7 Navy Distinguished Public Service Award, and the
8 United States Air Force Decoration for Exceptional
9 Civilian Service.

10 (23) Among other honors, 12 different univer-
11 sities have bestowed Bob Gates with an honorary
12 doctorate and the Boy Scouts of America granted
13 him the Distinguished Service Award, the Silver
14 Buffalo Award, and the Vigil Honor. In 2011, after
15 his departure from the Pentagon and public service,
16 Foreign Policy magazine named Bob Gates “Amer-
17 ica’s last bipartisan figure”.

18 (24) In a tribute to Bob Gates, President
19 Barack Obama said, “I believe the life of Bob Gates
20 is a lesson, especially to young Americans, a lesson
21 that public service is an honorable calling; that we
22 can pass our country, better and stronger, to those
23 who follow. . . . In his willingness to become the first
24 Secretary of Defense to serve under Presidents of
25 both parties, the integrity of Bob Gates is also a re-

1 minder, especially to folks here in Washington, that
2 civility and respectful discourse, and citizenship over
3 partisanship are not quaint relics of a bygone era;
4 they are the timeless virtues that we need now more
5 than ever. For whatever differences of party or ide-
6 ology we may have, we can only keep America strong
7 if we remember what keeps America great—our abil-
8 ity to come together to work together, as Americans,
9 for a common purpose.”.

10 (25) By virtue of his career in public and pri-
11 vate life, Bob Gates has exemplified commitment to
12 the security and well-being of the United States, and
13 has earned the respect of people of the United
14 States throughout the country.

15 **SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.**

16 (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of
17 the House of Representatives and the President pro tem-
18 pore of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements
19 for the presentation, on behalf of Congress, of a gold
20 medal of appropriate design to Robert M. Gates, in rec-
21 ognition for his service to the United States as an intel-
22 ligence professional, Secretary of Defense, and educator
23 and leader for young people of the United States.

24 (b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For purposes of the
25 presentation described in subsection (a), the Secretary of

1 the Treasury (referred to in this Act as the “Secretary”)
2 shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices,
3 and inscriptions to be determined by the Secretary.

4 **SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS.**

5 The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in
6 bronze of the gold medal struck under section 3 at a price
7 sufficient to cover the costs of the medals, including labor,
8 materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses.

9 **SEC. 5. STATUS OF MEDALS.**

10 (a) **NATIONAL MEDALS.**—Medals struck under this
11 Act are national medals for purposes of chapter 51 of title
12 31, United States Code.

13 (b) **NUMISMATIC ITEMS.**—For purposes of section
14 5134 and section 5136 of title 31, United States Code,
15 all medals struck under this Act shall be considered to
16 be numismatic items.

17 **SEC. 6. AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS; PROCEEDS OF
18 SALE.**

19 (a) **AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.**—There is
20 authorized to be charged against the United States Mint
21 Public Enterprise Fund such amounts as may be nec-
22 essary to pay for the costs of the medals struck under
23 this Act.

24 (b) **PROCEEDS OF SALE.**—Amounts received from the
25 sale of duplicate bronze medals authorized under section

1 4 shall be deposited into the United States Mint Public
2 Enterprise Fund.

