118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

### S. 1088

#### AN ACT

To authorize the relinquishment and in lieu selection of land and minerals in the State of North Dakota, to restore land and minerals to Indian Tribes within the State of North Dakota, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "North Dakota Trust
3	Lands Completion Act of 2023".
4	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
5	In this Act:
6	(1) NORTH DAKOTA ENABLING ACT.—The term
7	"North Dakota Enabling Act" means the Act of
8	February 22, 1889 (25 Stat. 676, chapter 180).
9	(2) Reservation.—The term "reservation"
10	means any Indian reservation located wholly or par-
11	tially within the State of North Dakota and recog-
12	nized under United States treaty, Executive order,
13	or Act of Congress.
14	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
15	the Secretary of the Interior.
16	(4) STATE.—The term "State" means the State
17	of North Dakota, acting through the North Dakota
18	Board of University and School Lands and its agent,
19	the Department of Trust Lands.
20	(5) STATE LAND GRANT PARCEL.—The term
21	"State land grant parcel" means—
22	(A) a parcel of land granted to the State
23	of North Dakota by Congress—
24	(i) on statehood; or
25	(ii) through a grant pursuant to the
26	North Dakota Enabling Act;

1	(B) a section of land numbered 16 or 36
2	granted to the State of North Dakota by Con-
3	gress for school purposes;
4	(C) a parcel of land selected by the State
5	of North Dakota as indemnity for any section
6	of land numbered 16 or 36; and
7	(D) a parcel of land other than a parcel of
8	land described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C)
9	obtained by the State after statehood.
10	(6) Unappropriated federal land.—
11	(A) In general.—The term "unappropri-
12	ated Federal land" means public land adminis-
13	tered by the Bureau of Land Management lo-
14	cated within the State of North Dakota, includ-
15	ing public land that is mineral in character.
16	(B) Exclusions.—The term "unappropri-
17	ated Federal land" does not include—
18	(i) land (including an interest in land)
19	acquired by the Bureau of Land Manage-
20	ment;
21	(ii) any area of critical environmental
22	concern established pursuant to section
23	202(c)(3) of the Federal Land Policy and
24	Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
25	1712(e)(3); or

1	(iii) land that is—
2	(I) withdrawn from—
3	(aa) entry, appropriation, or
4	disposal under the public land
5	laws;
6	(bb) location, entry, and
7	patent under the mining laws; or
8	(cc) disposition under all
9	laws pertaining to mineral and
10	geothermal leasing or mineral
11	materials;
12	(II) located within a component
13	of the National Landscape Conserva-
14	tion System;
15	(III) designated as a Research
16	Natural Area;
17	(IV) located within any reserva-
18	tion;
19	(V) located within—
20	(aa) T. 147 N., R. 95 W.;
21	(bb) T. 148 N., R. 95 W.;
22	(cc) T. 148 N., R. 96 W.; or
23	(dd) T. 149 N., R. 95 W.;
24	(VI) located within a United
25	States military reservation; or

1	(VII) designated by Congress or
2	the President for conservation pur-
3	poses.
4	SEC. 3. RELINQUISHMENT AND SELECTION; CONVEYANCE
5	(a) Relinquishment and Selection.—
6	(1) In general.—Subject to valid existing
7	rights, if the State elects to relinquish all right, title
8	and interest of the State in and to a State land
9	grant parcel located wholly or partially within the
10	boundaries of any reservation, the Secretary shall
11	authorize the State to select in accordance with this
12	Act 1 or more parcels of unappropriated Federal
13	land of substantially equivalent value.
14	(2) APPROVAL.—Not later than 180 days after
15	the date on which the State makes a selection under
16	paragraph (1), the Secretary shall approve or reject
17	in whole or in part, the selection.
18	(3) Review.—Nothing in this subsection pre-
19	cludes the Secretary from conducting an environ-
20	mental review of any parcel proposed for relinquish-
21	ment under paragraph (1) if the Secretary deter-
22	mines that an environmental review is appropriate
23	(b) Conveyance.—
24	(1) Conveyance by secretary.—

1	(A) In general.—Not later than 60 days
2	after the date on which the Secretary approves
3	a State selection of unappropriated Federal
4	land under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary
5	shall initiate the actions necessary to convey to
6	the State the unappropriated Federal land.
7	(B) Requirements.—Conveyance of un-
8	appropriated Federal land by the Secretary
9	under this Act—
10	(i) shall be by patent or deed in a
11	form acceptable to the State and the Sec-
12	retary; and
13	(ii) shall not be considered a sale, ex-
14	change, or conveyance for purposes of sec-
15	tion 203, 205, 206, or 209 of the Federal
16	Land Policy and Management Act of 1976
17	(43 U.S.C. 1713, 1715, 1716, 1719).
18	(2) Relinquishment and conveyance by
19	STATE.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—As consideration for
21	the conveyance of unappropriated Federal land
22	under paragraph (1), on the date on which the
23	unappropriated Federal land is conveyed to the
24	State, the State shall concurrently relinquish
25	and convey to the Secretary all right, title, and

- interest of the State in and to the State land grant parcel identified for relinquishment under subsection (a)(1).
  - (B) TITLE.—The State shall convey to the Secretary title, free of any financial claims, liabilities, or other financial encumbrances, to all parcels relinquished under subparagraph (A).
  - (C) LIMITATION.—Relinquishment and conveyance by the State of a State land grant parcel under this Act shall not be considered an exchange or acquisition for purposes of section 205 or 206 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1715, 1716).
- 15 (c) Succession to Rights and Obligations.—
  16 Each party to which land is conveyed under this Act shall,
  17 to the fullest extent allowable under Federal and State
  18 law, succeed to the rights and obligations of the conveying
  19 party with respect to any lease, right-of-way, permit, or
  20 other valid existing right to which the land is subject.
- 21 (d) Management After Relinquishment.—
- 22 (1) RESERVATION.—If a State land grant par-23 cel relinquished by the State and conveyed to the 24 Secretary under this Act is located wholly or par-25 tially within the boundaries of any reservation, on

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- request of the applicable Indian Tribe, the portion of the State land grant parcel located within the boundaries of the reservation shall be—
- 4 (A) taken into trust by the Secretary on 5 behalf of, and for the benefit of, the Indian 6 Tribe on the date of the conveyance; and
  - (B) considered to be a part of the reservation of the Indian Tribe.
    - (2) Consultation required.—Prior to the conveyance of a State land grant parcel located wholly or partially within the boundaries of any reservation, the State and the Secretary shall consult with affected Indian Tribes, including the Indian Tribe the land of which is subject to conveyance in accordance with Executive Order 13175 (25 U.S.C. 5301 note; relating to consultation and coordination with Indian tribal governments) and other applicable laws.

#### (e) Withdrawal.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to valid rights in existence on the date of enactment of this Act, all unappropriated Federal land selected by the State for conveyance under this Act, effective beginning on the date on which the State makes the selection and

1	ending on the date described in paragraph (2), is
2	withdrawn from all forms of—
3	(A) entry, appropriation, or disposal under
4	the public land laws;
5	(B) location, entry, and patent under the
6	mining laws; and
7	(C) disposition under all laws pertaining to
8	mineral and geothermal leasing or mineral ma-
9	terials.
10	(2) Date described.—The date referred to in
11	paragraph (1) is the date on which, as applicable—
12	(A) the unappropriated Federal land is
13	conveyed by the Secretary to the State;
14	(B) the Secretary rejects the selection
15	under subsection (a)(2); or
16	(C) the State withdraws the selection.
17	SEC. 4. VALUATION.
18	(a) Equal Value.—With respect to a State land
19	grant parcel conveyed under this Act in consideration for
20	a parcel of unappropriated Federal land selected in ac-
21	cordance with this Act—
22	(1) the overall value of the State land grant
23	parcel and the overall value of the parcel of unap-
24	propriated Federal land shall be substantially equal;
25	or

1	(2) subject to subsection (c), if the overall value
2	of the parcels is not equal, the party conveying the
3	parcel of lesser value shall—
4	(A) equalize the value by the payment of
5	funds to the other party; or
6	(B) enter the imbalance in value on a ledg-
7	er account in accordance with subsection (e).
8	(b) Appraisal Required.—
9	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sub-
10	section (d), the value of the unappropriated Federal
11	land selected in accordance with this Act and the
12	value of a State land grant parcel conveyed under
13	this Act shall be determined by appraisals conducted
14	by 1 or more independent appraisers selected jointly
15	by the Secretary and the State.
16	(2) Requirements.—An appraisal under para-
17	graph (1) shall be completed in accordance with—
18	(A) the Uniform Appraisal Standards for
19	Federal Land Acquisitions; or
20	(B) subject to subsection (d)(1), the Uni-
21	form Standards for Professional Appraisal
22	Practice.
23	(c) EQUALIZATION.—With respect to a conveyance to
24	the Secretary of a State land grant parcel of lesser value
25	than the parcel of unappropriated Federal land to be con-

veyed to the State under this Act, the total value of the equalization payment described in subsection (a)(2)(A) or 3 the ledger entry described in subsection (e), as applicable, 4 may not exceed 25 percent of the total value of the parcel 5 of unappropriated Federal land. 6 (d) Low Value Parcels.— 7 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, with the con-8 sent of the State, may use mass appraisals, a sum-9 mary appraisal, or a statement of value made by a 10 qualified appraiser carried out in accordance with 11 the Uniform Standards for Professional Appraisal 12 Practice to determine the value of a State land 13 grant parcel or a parcel of unappropriated Federal 14 land to be conveyed under this Act instead of an ap-15 praisal that complies with the Uniform Appraisal 16 Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions if the 17 State and the Secretary agree that market value of 18 the State land grant parcel or parcel of unappropri-19 ated Federal land, as applicable, is— 20 (A) less than \$500,000; and 21 (B) less than \$500 per acre. 22 (2) Division.—A State land grant parcel or a 23 parcel of unappropriated Federal land may not be

artificially divided in order to qualify for a summary

1	appraisal, mass appraisal, or statement of value
2	under paragraph (1).
3	(e) Ledger Accounts.—
4	(1) In general.—With respect to a State land
5	grant parcel conveyed under this Act in consider-
6	ation for a parcel of unappropriated Federal land, it
7	the overall value of the parcels is not equal, the Sec-
8	retary and the State may agree to use a ledger ac-
9	count to make equal the value.
10	(2) Imbalances.—A ledger account described
11	in paragraph (1) shall reflect imbalances in value to
12	be reconciled in a subsequent transaction.
13	(3) ACCOUNT BALANCING.—Each ledger ac-
14	count described in paragraph (1) shall be—
15	(A) balanced not later than 3 years after
16	the date on which the ledger account is estab-
17	lished; and
18	(B) closed not later than 5 years after the
19	date of the last conveyance of land under this
20	Act.
21	(4) Costs.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary or the
23	State may assume costs or other responsibilities
24	or requirements for conveying land under this

1 Act that ordinarily are borne by the other 2 party.

- (B) ADJUSTMENT.—If the Secretary or the State assume costs or other responsibilities under subparagraph (A), the Secretary or the State shall make adjustments to the value of the unappropriated Federal land conveyed to the State to compensate the Secretary or the State, as applicable, for assuming the costs or other responsibilities.
- (5) MINERAL LAND.—If value is attributed to any parcel of unappropriated Federal land that has been selected by the State because of the presence of minerals under a lease entered into under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) that is in a producing or producible status, and the lease is to be conveyed under this Act, the value of the parcel shall be reduced by the amount that represents the likely Federal revenue sharing obligation under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) with the State, but the adjustment shall not be considered as reflecting a property right of the State.

1	SEC. 5. MISCELLANEOUS.
2	(a) In General.—Land or minerals conveyed under
3	this Act shall be subject to all applicable Federal, State
4	and Tribal law.
5	(b) Protection of Indian Rights.—
6	(1) Treaty rights.—Nothing in this Act
7	modifies, limits, expands, or otherwise affects any
8	treaty-reserved right or other right of any Indian
9	Tribe recognized by any other means, including trea-
10	ties or agreements with the United States, Executive
11	orders, statutes, regulations, or case law.
12	(2) Land or minerals held in trust.—
13	Nothing in this Act affects—
14	(A) land or minerals held in trust by the
15	United States as of the date of enactment of
16	this Act on behalf of, and for the benefit of, any
17	Indian Tribe; or
18	(B) any individual Indian allotment.
19	(c) Hazardous Materials.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the State
21	shall make available for review and inspection any
22	record relating to hazardous materials on land to be
23	conveyed under this Act.
24	(2) Certification.—
25	(A) In general.—Prior to completing a

conveyance of unappropriated Federal land

under this Act, the Secretary shall complete an inspection and a hazardous materials certification of the land to be conveyed.

(B) STATE LAND GRANT PARCELS.—Prior to completing a conveyance of a State land grant parcel under this Act, the State shall complete an inspection and a hazardous materials certification of the land to be conveyed.

#### (d) Grazing Permits.—

(1) In General.—If land conveyed under this Act is subject to a lease, permit, or contract for the grazing of domestic livestock in effect on the date of the conveyance, the Secretary or the State, as applicable, shall allow the grazing to continue for the remainder of the term of the lease, permit, or contract, subject to the related terms and conditions of the user agreements, including permitted stocking rates, grazing fee levels, access, and ownership and use of range improvements.

#### (2) Cancellation.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act prevents the Secretary or the State from canceling or modifying a grazing permit, lease, or contract if the land subject to the permit, lease,

- or contract is sold, conveyed, transferred, or leased for nongrazing purposes.
  - (B) Base properties.—If land conveyed by the State under this Act is used by a grazing permittee or lessee to meet the base property requirements for a Federal grazing permit or lease, the land shall continue to qualify as a base property for the remaining term of the lease or permit and the term of any renewal or extension of the lease or permit.
  - (C) Range improvements.—Nothing in this Act prohibits a holder of a grazing lease, permit, or contract from being compensated for range improvements pursuant to the terms of the lease, permit, or contract under existing Federal or State laws.

#### 17 SEC. 6. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

Nothing in this Act applies to or affects litigation or 19 disputes pending on the date of enactment of this Act re-

- 1 garding the ownership of any land or mineral resources
- 2 located within the State of North Dakota.

Passed the Senate December 18 (legislative day, December 16), 2024.

Attest:

Secretary.

# 118TH CONGRESS S. 1088

## AN ACT

To authorize the relinquishment and in lieu selection of land and minerals in the State of North Dakota, to restore land and minerals to Indian Tribes within the State of North Dakota, and for other purposes.