

118TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 6570

To amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 to reform certain authorities and to provide greater transparency and oversight.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 4, 2023

Mr. BIGGS (for himself, Mr. NADLER, Mr. JORDAN, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. DAVIDSON, Ms. JACOBS, and Mr. FRY) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To amend the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 to reform certain authorities and to provide greater transparency and oversight.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Protect Liberty and  
5 End Warrantless Surveillance Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. QUERY PROCEDURE REFORM.**

7 (a) **LIMITATION ON ELIGIBILITY TO CONDUCT QUE-**  
8 **RIES.**—Section 702(f)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-

1 veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a(f)(1)) is amended  
2 by adding at the end the following:

3           “(D) LIMITATION ON ELIGIBILITY OF FBI  
4           PERSONNEL TO CONDUCT UNITED STATES PER-  
5           SON QUERIES.—The Attorney General shall en-  
6           sure that the procedures adopted under sub-  
7           paragraph (A) limit the authority to conduct  
8           queries such that—

9                   “(i) for each field office of the Federal  
10                  Bureau of Investigation, the most senior  
11                  official whose primary duty station is that  
12                  field office is authorized to designate not  
13                  more than five individuals whose primary  
14                  duty station is that field office who are eli-  
15                  gible to conduct a query using a United  
16                  States person query term; and

17                   “(ii) for the headquarters of the Fed-  
18                  eral Bureau of Investigation, the Director  
19                  of the Federal Bureau of Investigation is  
20                  authorized to designate not more than five  
21                  individuals whose primary duty station is  
22                  the Headquarters of the Federal Bureau of  
23                  Investigation who are eligible to conduct a  
24                  query using a United States person query  
25                  term.”.

1 (b) PROHIBITION ON WARRANTLESS QUERIES FOR  
2 THE COMMUNICATIONS OF UNITED STATES PERSONS  
3 AND PERSONS LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES.—Sec-  
4 tion 702(f) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of  
5 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a(f)), as amended by subsection (a),  
6 is further amended—

7 (1) in paragraph (1)—

8 (A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting  
9 “and the limitations and requirements in para-  
10 graph (2)” after “Constitution of the United  
11 States”; and

12 (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking  
13 “United States person query term used for a  
14 query” and inserting “term for a United States  
15 person or person reasonably believed to be in  
16 the United States used for a query as required  
17 by paragraph (3)”;

18 (2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-  
19 graph (6); and

20 (3) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the  
21 following:

22 “(2) PROHIBITION ON WARRANTLESS QUERIES  
23 FOR THE COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER INFORMA-  
24 TION OF UNITED STATES PERSONS AND PERSONS  
25 LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES.—

1           “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
2           subparagraphs (B) and (C), no officer or em-  
3           ployee of the United States may conduct a  
4           query of information acquired under this sec-  
5           tion in an effort to find communications or in-  
6           formation the compelled production of which  
7           would require a probable cause warrant if  
8           sought for law enforcement purposes in the  
9           United States, of or about 1 or more United  
10          States persons or persons reasonably believed to  
11          be located in the United States at the time of  
12          the query or the time of the communication or  
13          creation of the information.

14          “(B) EXCEPTIONS FOR CONCURRENT AU-  
15          THORIZATION, CONSENT, EMERGENCY SITUA-  
16          TIONS, AND CERTAIN DEFENSIVE CYBERSECU-  
17          RITY QUERIES.—

18                 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A)  
19                 shall not apply to a query related to a  
20                 United States person or person reasonably  
21                 believed to be located in the United States  
22                 at the time of the query or the time of the  
23                 communication or creation of the informa-  
24                 tion if—

1           “(I) such person is the subject of  
2           an order or emergency authorization  
3           authorizing electronic surveillance or  
4           physical search under section 105 or  
5           304 of this Act, or a warrant issued  
6           pursuant to the Federal Rules of  
7           Criminal Procedure by a court of  
8           competent jurisdiction covering the  
9           period of the query;

10           “(II)(aa) the officer or employee  
11           carrying out the query has a reason-  
12           able belief that—

13                   “(AA) an emergency exists  
14                   involving an imminent threat of  
15                   death or serious bodily harm; and

16                   “(BB) in order to prevent or  
17                   mitigate this threat, the query  
18                   must be conducted before author-  
19                   ization pursuant to subparagraph  
20                   (I) can, with due diligence, be ob-  
21                   tained; and

22                   “(bb) a description of the  
23                   query is provided to the Foreign  
24                   Intelligence Surveillance Court  
25                   and the congressional intelligence

1 committees and the Committees  
2 on the Judiciary of the House of  
3 Representatives and of the Sen-  
4 ate in a timely manner;

5 “(III) such person or, if such  
6 person is incapable of providing con-  
7 sent, a third party legally authorized  
8 to consent on behalf of such person,  
9 has provided consent to the query on  
10 a case-by-case basis; or

11 “(IV)(aa) the query uses a  
12 known cybersecurity threat signature  
13 as a query term;

14 “(bb) the query is conducted, and the results of the  
15 query are used, for the sole purpose of identifying targeted  
16 recipients of malicious software and preventing or miti-  
17 gating harm from such malicious software;

18 “(cc) no additional contents of communications re-  
19 trieved as a result of the query are accessed or reviewed;  
20 and

21 “(dd) all such queries are reported to the Foreign In-  
22 telligence Surveillance Court.

23 “(ii) LIMITATIONS.—

24 “(I) USE IN SUBSEQUENT PRO-  
25 CEEDINGS AND INVESTIGATIONS.—No

1 information retrieved pursuant to a  
2 query authorized by clause (i)(II) or  
3 information derived from such query  
4 may be used, received in evidence, or  
5 otherwise disseminated in any inves-  
6 tigation, trial, hearing, or other pro-  
7 ceeding in or before any court, grand  
8 jury, department, office, agency, regu-  
9 latory body, legislative committee, or  
10 other authority of the United States,  
11 a State, or political subdivision there-  
12 of, except in proceedings or investiga-  
13 tions that arise from the threat that  
14 prompted the query.

15 “(II) ASSESSMENT OF COMPLI-  
16 ANCE.—The Attorney General shall  
17 not less frequently than annually as-  
18 sess compliance with the requirements  
19 under subclause (I).

20 “(C) MATTERS RELATING TO EMERGENCY  
21 QUERIES.—

22 “(i) TREATMENT OF DENIALS.—In  
23 the event that a query for communications  
24 or information, the compelled production of  
25 which would require a probable cause war-

1           rant if sought for law enforcement pur-  
2           poses in the United States, of or about 1  
3           more United States persons or persons  
4           reasonably believed to be located in the  
5           United States at the time of the query or  
6           the time of the communication or creation  
7           of the information is conducted pursuant  
8           to an emergency authorization described in  
9           subparagraph (B)(i)(I) and the application  
10          for such emergency authorization is denied,  
11          or in any other case in which the query has  
12          been conducted and no order is issued ap-  
13          proving the query—

14                   “(I) no information obtained or  
15                   evidence derived from such query may  
16                   be used, received in evidence, or other-  
17                   wise disseminated in any investiga-  
18                   tion, trial, hearing, or other pro-  
19                   ceeding in or before any court, grand  
20                   jury, department, office, agency, regu-  
21                   latory body, legislative committee, or  
22                   other authority of the United States,  
23                   a State, or political subdivision there-  
24                   of; and



1                   “(II) no information concerning  
2                   any United States person or person  
3                   reasonably believed to be located in  
4                   the United States at the time of the  
5                   query or the time of the communica-  
6                   tion or the creation of the information  
7                   acquired from such query may subse-  
8                   quently be used or disclosed in any  
9                   other manner without the consent of  
10                  such person, except with the approval  
11                  of the Attorney General if the infor-  
12                  mation indicates a threat of death or  
13                  serious bodily harm to any person.

14                  “(ii) ASSESSMENT OF COMPLIANCE.—  
15                  The Attorney General shall not less fre-  
16                  quently than annually assess compliance  
17                  with the requirements under clause (i).

18                  “(D) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE PURPOSE.—  
19                  Except as provided in subparagraph (B)(i), no  
20                  officer or employee of the United States may  
21                  conduct a query of information acquired under  
22                  this section in an effort to find information of  
23                  or about 1 or more United States persons or  
24                  persons reasonably believed to be located in the  
25                  United States at the time of the query or the

1 time of the communication or creation of the in-  
2 formation unless the query is reasonably likely  
3 to retrieve foreign intelligence information.

4 “(3) DOCUMENTATION.—No officer or employee  
5 of the United States may conduct a query of infor-  
6 mation acquired under this section in an effort to  
7 find information of or about 1 or more United  
8 States persons or persons reasonably believed to be  
9 located in the United States at the time of query or  
10 the time of the communication or the creation of the  
11 information, unless first an electronic record is cre-  
12 ated, and a system, mechanism, or business practice  
13 is in place to maintain such record, that includes the  
14 following:

15 “(A) Each term used for the conduct of  
16 the query.

17 “(B) The date of the query.

18 “(C) The identifier of the officer or em-  
19 ployee.

20 “(D) A statement of facts showing that the  
21 use of each query term included under subpara-  
22 graph (A) is—

23 “(i) reasonably likely to retrieve for-  
24 eign intelligence information; or

1                   “(ii) in furtherance of the exceptions  
2                   described in paragraph (2)(B)(i).

3                   “(4) PROHIBITION ON RESULTS OF METADATA  
4                   QUERY AS A BASIS FOR ACCESS TO COMMUNICA-  
5                   TIONS AND OTHER PROTECTED INFORMATION.—If a  
6                   query of information acquired under this section is  
7                   conducted in an effort to find communications  
8                   metadata of 1 or more United States persons or per-  
9                   sons reasonably believed to be located in the United  
10                  States at the time of the query or communication  
11                  and the query returns such metadata, the results of  
12                  the query shall not be used as a basis for reviewing  
13                  communications or information a query for which is  
14                  otherwise prohibited under this section.

15                  “(5) FEDERATED DATASETS.—The prohibitions  
16                  and requirements in this section shall apply to que-  
17                  ries of federated and mixed datasets that include in-  
18                  formation acquired under this section, unless a  
19                  mechanism exists to limit the query to information  
20                  not acquired under this section.”.

1 **SEC. 3. LIMITATION ON USE OF INFORMATION OBTAINED**  
2 **UNDER SECTION 702 OF THE FOREIGN INTEL-**  
3 **LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978 RELAT-**  
4 **ING TO UNITED STATES PERSONS AND PER-**  
5 **SONS LOCATED IN THE UNITED STATES IN**  
6 **CRIMINAL, CIVIL, AND ADMINISTRATIVE AC-**  
7 **TIONS.**

8 Paragraph (2) of section 706(a) of the Foreign Intel-  
9 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881e(a)) is  
10 amended to read as follows:

11 “(2) LIMITATION ON USE IN CRIMINAL, CIVIL,  
12 AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS AND INVES-  
13 TIGATIONS.—No information acquired pursuant to  
14 section 702(f) of or about a United States person or  
15 person reasonably believed to be located in the  
16 United States at the time of acquisition or commu-  
17 nication may be introduced as evidence against such  
18 person in any criminal, civil, or administrative pro-  
19 ceeding or used as part of any criminal, civil, or ad-  
20 ministrative investigation, except—

21 “(A) with the prior approval of the Attor-  
22 ney General; and

23 “(B) in a proceeding or investigation in  
24 which the information is directly related to and  
25 necessary to address a specific threat of—

1           “(i) the commission of a Federal  
2 crime of terrorism under any of clauses (i)  
3 through (iii) of section 2332b(g)(5)(B) of  
4 title 18, United States Code;

5           “(ii) actions necessitating counter-  
6 intelligence (as defined in section 3 of the  
7 National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.  
8 3003));

9           “(iii) the proliferation or the use of a  
10 weapon of mass destruction (as defined in  
11 section 2332a(e) of title 18, United States  
12 Code);

13           “(iv) a cybersecurity breach or attack  
14 from a foreign country;

15           “(v) incapacitation or destruction of  
16 critical infrastructure (as defined in section  
17 1016(e) of the Uniting and Strengthening  
18 America by Providing Appropriate Tools  
19 Required to Intercept and Obstruct Ter-  
20 rorism (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2001  
21 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e));

22           “(vi) an attack against the armed  
23 forces of the United States or an ally of  
24 the United States or to other personnel of

1 the United States Government or a govern-  
2 ment of an ally of the United States; or  
3 “(vii) international narcotics traf-  
4 ficking.”.

5 **SEC. 4. REPEAL OF AUTHORITY FOR THE RESUMPTION OF**  
6 **ABOUTS COLLECTION.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 702(b)(5) of the Foreign  
8 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.  
9 1881a(b)(5)) is amended by striking “, except as provided  
10 under section 103(b) of the FISA Amendments Reauthor-  
11 ization Act of 2017”.

12 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

13 (1) FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE  
14 ACT OF 1978.—Section 702(m) of the Foreign Intel-  
15 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.  
16 1881a(m)) is amended—

17 (A) in the subsection heading, by striking  
18 “REVIEWS, AND REPORTING” and inserting  
19 “AND REVIEWS”; and

20 (B) by striking paragraph (4).

21 (2) FISA AMENDMENTS REAUTHORIZATION ACT  
22 OF 2017.—Section 103 of the FISA Amendments Re-  
23 authorization Act of 2017 (Public Law 115–118; 50  
24 U.S.C. 1881a note) is amended—

25 (A) by striking subsection (b); and

1 (B) by striking “(a) IN GENERAL.—”.

2 **SEC. 5. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT**  
3 **REFORM.**

4 (a) REQUIREMENT FOR SAME JUDGE TO HEAR RE-  
5 NEWAL APPLICATIONS.—Section 103(a)(1) of the Foreign  
6 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.  
7 1803(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
8 lowing: “To the extent practicable, no judge designated  
9 under this subsection shall hear a renewal application for  
10 electronic surveillance under this Act, which application  
11 was previously granted by another judge designated under  
12 this subsection, unless the term of the judge who granted  
13 the application has expired, or that judge is otherwise no  
14 longer serving on the court.”.

15 (b) USE OF AMICI CURIAE IN FOREIGN INTEL-  
16 LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT PROCEEDINGS.—

17 (1) EXPANSION OF APPOINTMENT AUTHOR-  
18 ITY.—

19 (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 103(i)(2) of the  
20 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978  
21 (50 U.S.C. 1803(i)(2)) is amended—

22 (i) by striking subparagraph (A) and  
23 inserting the following:

24 “(A) shall, unless the court issues a find-  
25 ing that appointment is not appropriate, ap-

1 point 1 or more individuals who have been des-  
2 ignated under paragraph (1), not fewer than 1  
3 of whom possesses privacy and civil liberties ex-  
4 pertise, unless the court finds that such a quali-  
5 fication is inappropriate, to serve as amicus cu-  
6 riae to assist the court in the consideration of  
7 any application or motion for an order or review  
8 that, in the opinion of the court—

9 “(i) presents a novel or significant in-  
10 terpretation of the law;

11 “(ii) presents significant concerns  
12 with respect to the activities of a United  
13 States person that are protected by the  
14 first amendment to the Constitution of the  
15 United States;

16 “(iii) presents or involves a sensitive  
17 investigative matter;

18 “(iv) presents a request for approval  
19 of a new program, a new technology, or a  
20 new use of existing technology;

21 “(v) presents a request for reauthor-  
22 ization of programmatic surveillance;

23 “(vi) otherwise presents novel or sig-  
24 nificant civil liberties issues; or



1 “(vii) otherwise involves the activities  
2 of a United States person; and”;

3 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking  
4 “an individual or organization” each place  
5 the term appears and inserting “1 or more  
6 individuals or organizations”.

7 (B) DEFINITION OF SENSITIVE INVESTIGA-  
8 TIVE MATTER.—Section 103(i) of the Foreign  
9 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
10 U.S.C. 1803(i)) is amended by adding at the  
11 end the following:

12 “(12) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the  
13 term ‘sensitive investigative matter’ means—

14 “(A) an investigative matter involving the  
15 activities of—

16 “(i) a domestic public official or polit-  
17 ical candidate, or an individual serving on  
18 the staff of such an official or candidate;

19 “(ii) a domestic religious or political  
20 organization, or a known or suspected  
21 United States person prominent in such an  
22 organization; or

23 “(iii) the domestic news media; or

24 “(B) any other investigative matter involv-  
25 ing a domestic entity or a known or suspected

1 United States person that, in the judgment of  
2 the applicable court established under sub-  
3 section (a) or (b), is as sensitive as an inves-  
4 tigative matter described in subparagraph  
5 (A).”.

6 (2) AUTHORITY TO SEEK REVIEW.—Section  
7 103(i) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of  
8 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(i)), as amended by subsection  
9 (a) of this section, is amended—

10 (A) in paragraph (4)—

11 (i) in the paragraph heading, by in-  
12 serting “; AUTHORITY” after “DUTIES”;

13 (ii) by redesignating subparagraphs  
14 (A), (B), and (C) as clauses (i), (ii), and  
15 (iii), respectively, and adjusting the mar-  
16 gins accordingly;

17 (iii) in the matter preceding clause (i),  
18 as so redesignated, by striking “the amicus  
19 curiae shall” and inserting the following:  
20 “the amicus curiae—

21 “(A) shall”;

22 (iv) in subparagraph (A)(i), as so re-  
23 designated, by inserting before the semi-  
24 colon at the end the following: “, including  
25 legal arguments regarding any privacy or

1 civil liberties interest of any United States  
2 person that would be significantly im-  
3 pacted by the application or motion”; and

4 (v) by striking the period at the end  
5 and inserting the following: “; and

6 “(B) may seek leave to raise any novel or  
7 significant privacy or civil liberties issue rel-  
8 evant to the application or motion or other  
9 issue directly impacting the legality of the pro-  
10 posed electronic surveillance with the court, re-  
11 gardless of whether the court has requested as-  
12 sistance on that issue.”;

13 (B) by redesignating paragraphs (7)  
14 through (12) as paragraphs (8) through (13),  
15 respectively; and

16 (C) by inserting after paragraph (6) the  
17 following:

18 “(7) AUTHORITY TO SEEK REVIEW OF DECI-  
19 SIONS.—

20 “(A) FISA COURT DECISIONS.—

21 “(i) PETITION.—Following issuance of  
22 an order under this Act by the Foreign In-  
23 telligence Surveillance Court, an amicus  
24 curiae appointed under paragraph (2) may  
25 petition the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-

1           lance Court to certify for review to the  
2           Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of  
3           Review a question of law pursuant to sub-  
4           section (j).

5           “(ii) WRITTEN STATEMENT OF REA-  
6           SONS.—If the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-  
7           lance Court denies a petition under this  
8           subparagraph, the Foreign Intelligence  
9           Surveillance Court shall provide for the  
10          record a written statement of the reasons  
11          for the denial.

12          “(iii) APPOINTMENT.—Upon certifi-  
13          cation of any question of law pursuant to  
14          this subparagraph, the Court of Review  
15          shall appoint the amicus curiae to assist  
16          the Court of Review in its consideration of  
17          the certified question, unless the Court of  
18          Review issues a finding that such appoint-  
19          ment is not appropriate.

20          “(B) FISA COURT OF REVIEW DECI-  
21          SIONS.—An amicus curiae appointed under  
22          paragraph (2) may petition the Foreign Intel-  
23          ligence Surveillance Court of Review to certify  
24          for review to the Supreme Court of the United

1 States any question of law pursuant to section  
2 1254(2) of title 28, United States Code.

3 “(C) DECLASSIFICATION OF REFER-  
4 RALS.—For purposes of section 602, a petition  
5 filed under subparagraph (A) or (B) of this  
6 paragraph and all of its content shall be consid-  
7 ered a decision, order, or opinion issued by the  
8 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court or the  
9 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Re-  
10 view described in paragraph (2) of section  
11 602(a).”.

12 (3) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—

13 (A) APPLICATION AND MATERIALS.—Sec-  
14 tion 103(i)(6) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-  
15 veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(i)(6)) is  
16 amended by striking subparagraph (A) and in-  
17 serting the following:

18 “(A) IN GENERAL.—

19 “(i) RIGHT OF AMICUS.—If a court  
20 established under subsection (a) or (b) ap-  
21 points an amicus curiae under paragraph  
22 (2), the amicus curiae—

23 “(I) shall have access, to the ex-  
24 tent such information is available to  
25 the Government, to—

1           “(aa) the application, certifi-  
2 cation, petition, motion, and  
3 other information and supporting  
4 materials, including any informa-  
5 tion described in section 901,  
6 submitted to the Foreign Intel-  
7 ligence Surveillance Court in con-  
8 nection with the matter in which  
9 the amicus curiae has been ap-  
10 pointed, including access to any  
11 relevant legal precedent (includ-  
12 ing any such precedent that is  
13 cited by the Government, includ-  
14 ing in such an application);

15           “(bb) an unredacted copy of  
16 each relevant decision made by  
17 the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-  
18 lance Court or the Foreign Intel-  
19 ligence Surveillance Court of Re-  
20 view in which the court decides a  
21 question of law, without regard  
22 to whether the decision is classi-  
23 fied; and

24           “(cc) any other information  
25 or materials that the court deter-

1 mines are relevant to the duties  
2 of the amicus curiae; and

3 “(II) may make a submission to  
4 the court requesting access to any  
5 other particular materials or informa-  
6 tion (or category of materials or infor-  
7 mation) that the amicus curiae be-  
8 lieves to be relevant to the duties of  
9 the amicus curiae.

10 “(ii) SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION  
11 REGARDING ACCURACY.—The Foreign In-  
12 telligence Surveillance Court, upon the mo-  
13 tion of an amicus curiae appointed under  
14 paragraph (2) or upon its own motion,  
15 may require the Government to make  
16 available the supporting documentation de-  
17 scribed in section 902.”.

18 (B) CLARIFICATION OF ACCESS TO CER-  
19 TAIN INFORMATION.—Section 103(i)(6) of the  
20 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978  
21 (50 U.S.C. 1803(i)(6)) is amended—

22 (i) in subparagraph (B), by striking  
23 “may” and inserting “shall”; and

24 (ii) by striking subparagraph (C) and  
25 inserting the following:

1           “(C) CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—An ami-  
2           cus curiae designated or appointed by the court  
3           shall have access, to the extent such informa-  
4           tion is available to the Government, to  
5           unredacted copies of each opinion, order, tran-  
6           script, pleading, or other document of the For-  
7           eign Intelligence Surveillance Court and the  
8           Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Re-  
9           view, including, if the individual is eligible for  
10          access to classified information, any classified  
11          documents, information, and other materials or  
12          proceedings.”.

13          (4) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made  
14          by this section shall take effect on the date of enact-  
15          ment of this Act and shall apply with respect to pro-  
16          ceedings under the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
17          Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) that take place  
18          on or after, or are pending on, that date.

19 **SEC. 6. APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER APPROVING ELEC-**  
20 **TRONIC SURVEILLANCE.**

21          (a) DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT.—Section 104(a) of  
22          the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
23          U.S.C. 1804(a)) is amended—



1           (1) in paragraph (6)(E)(ii), by inserting before  
2 the semicolon at the end “(and a description of such  
3 techniques)”;

4           (2) in paragraph (8), by striking “and” at the  
5 end;

6           (3) in paragraph (9), by striking the period at  
7 the end and inserting a semicolon; and

8           (4) by inserting after paragraph (9) the fol-  
9 lowing:

10           “(10) all information material to the applica-  
11 tion, including any information that tends to  
12 rebut—

13                   “(A) any allegation set forth in the appli-  
14 cation; or

15                   “(B) the existence of probable cause to be-  
16 lieve that—

17                           “(i) the target of the electronic sur-  
18 veillance is a foreign power or an agent of  
19 a foreign power; and

20                           “(ii) each of the facilities or places at  
21 which the electronic surveillance is directed  
22 is being used, or is about to be used, by a  
23 foreign power or an agent of a foreign  
24 power; and

1           “(11) an affidavit executed by each Federal em-  
2           ployee who contributed to the drafting of the appli-  
3           cation attesting to the accuracy of the application.”.

4           (b) PROHIBITION ON USE OF CERTAIN INFORMA-  
5           TION.—Section 104 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-  
6           lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1804) is amended by adding  
7           at the end the following:

8           “(e) The statement of facts and circumstances under  
9           subsection (a)(3) may only include information obtained  
10          from the content of a media source or information gath-  
11          ered by a political campaign if—

12           “(1) such information is disclosed in the appli-  
13          cation as having been so obtained or gathered; and

14           “(2) such information is not the sole source of  
15          the information used to justify the applicant’s belief  
16          described in subsection (a)(3).”.

17          (c) LIMITATION ON ISSUANCE OF ORDER.—Section  
18          105(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of  
19          1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805(a)) is amended—

20           (1) in paragraph (3), by striking “; and” and  
21          inserting a semicolon;

22           (2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and  
23          inserting “; and”; and

24           (3) by adding at the end the following:

1           “(5) the statement of facts and circumstances  
2           under subsection (a)(3) may only include informa-  
3           tion obtained from the content of a media source or  
4           information gathered by a political campaign if—

5                   “(A) such information is disclosed in the  
6                   application as having been so obtained or gath-  
7                   ered; and

8                   “(B) such information is not the sole  
9                   source of the information used to justify the ap-  
10                  plicant’s belief described in subsection (a)(3).”.

11 **SEC. 7. PUBLIC DISCLOSURE AND DECLASSIFICATION OF**  
12 **CERTAIN DOCUMENTS.**

13           (a) **SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.**—Section 601(c)(1)  
14 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
15 U.S.C. 1871(c)) is amended by inserting “, including de-  
16 classified copies that have undergone review under section  
17 602” before “; and”.

18           (b) **TIMELINE FOR DECLASSIFICATION REVIEW.**—  
19 Section 602(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
20 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1872(a)) is amended—

21                   (1) by inserting after “shall conduct a declas-  
22                   sification review” the following: “, to be concluded  
23                   not later than 45 days after the commencement of  
24                   such review,”; and

1           (2) by inserting after “a significant construc-  
2           tion or interpretation of any provision of law” the  
3           following: “or results in a change of application of  
4           any provision of this Act or a novel application of  
5           any provision of this Act”.

6 **SEC. 8. TRANSCRIPTIONS OF PROCEEDINGS; ATTENDANCE**  
7                           **OF CERTAIN CONGRESSIONAL OFFICIALS AT**  
8                           **CERTAIN PROCEEDINGS.**

9           Section 103(c) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-  
10          lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1803(c)) is amended—

11           (1) by striking “Proceedings under this Act”  
12           and inserting the following: “(1) Proceedings under  
13           this Act”;

14           (2) by striking “including applications made  
15           and orders granted” and inserting “including appli-  
16           cations made, orders granted, and transcriptions of  
17           proceedings,”; and

18           (3) by adding at the end:

19           “(2) The chair and ranking minority member of each  
20          of the congressional intelligence committees and of the  
21          Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-  
22          tives and of the Senate shall be entitled to attend any pro-  
23          ceeding of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court or  
24          any proceeding of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
25          Court of Review. Each person entitled to attend a pro-

1 ceeding pursuant to this paragraph may designate not  
2 more than 2 Members of Congress and not more than 2  
3 staff members of such committee to attend on their behalf,  
4 pursuant to such procedures as the Attorney General, in  
5 consultation with the Director of National Intelligence  
6 may establish. Not later than 45 days after any such pro-  
7 ceeding, a copy of any application made, order granted,  
8 or transcription of the proceeding shall be made available  
9 for review to each person who is entitled to attend a pro-  
10 ceeding pursuant to this paragraph or who is designated  
11 under this paragraph. Terms used in this paragraph have  
12 the meanings given such terms in section 701(b).”.

13 **SEC. 9. ANNUAL AUDIT OF FISA COMPLIANCE BY INSPEC-**  
14 **TOR GENERAL.**

15 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Title VI of the Foreign In-  
16 telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871 et  
17 seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

18 **“SEC. 605. ANNUAL AUDIT OF FISA COMPLIANCE BY IN-**  
19 **SPECTOR GENERAL.**

20 “Beginning with the first calendar year that begins  
21 after the effective date of this section, by not later than  
22 June 30th of that year and each year thereafter, the In-  
23 spector General of the Department of Justice shall con-  
24 duct an audit on alleged violations and failures to comply  
25 with the requirements of this Act and any procedures es-

1 tablished pursuant to this Act, and submit a report there-  
 2 on to the congressional intelligence committees and the  
 3 Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-  
 4 tives and of the Senate.”.

5 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents  
 6 for the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
 7 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end  
 8 the following:

“605. Annual audit of FISA compliance by Inspector General.”.

9 **SEC. 10. REPORTING ON ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS**  
 10 **OF APPLICATIONS.**

11 Section 603 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
 12 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1873) is amended—

13 (1) in subsection (a)(1)—

14 (A) by redesignating subparagraphs (B)  
 15 through (F) as subparagraphs (C) through (G)  
 16 respectively; and

17 (B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)  
 18 the following:

19 “(B) an analysis of the accuracy and com-  
 20 pleteness of such applications and certifications  
 21 submitted;”; and

22 (2) in subsection (a)(2), by striking “subpara-  
 23 graph (F)” and inserting “subparagraph (G)”.

1 **SEC. 11. ANNUAL REPORT OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF IN-**  
2 **VESTIGATION.**

3 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Title VI of the Foreign In-  
4 telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871 et  
5 seq.), as amended by this Act, is further amended by add-  
6 ing at the end the following:

7 **“SEC. 606. ANNUAL REPORT OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF**  
8 **INVESTIGATION.**

9 “Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment  
10 of this section, and annually thereafter, the Director of  
11 the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit to the  
12 congressional intelligence committees and the Committees  
13 on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and of  
14 the Senate—

15 “(1) a report on disciplinary activities taken by  
16 the Director to address violations of the require-  
17 ments of law or the procedures established under  
18 this Act, including a comprehensive account of dis-  
19 ciplinary investigations, including—

20 “(A) all such investigations ongoing as of  
21 the date the report is submitted;

22 “(B) the adjudications of such investiga-  
23 tions when concluded; and

24 “(C) disciplinary actions taken as a result  
25 of such adjudications; and

1           “(2) a report on the conduct of queries con-  
2           ducted under section 702 for the preceding year  
3           using a United States person query term, includ-  
4           ing—

5                   “(A) the number of such queries con-  
6                   ducted;

7                   “(B) what terms were used;

8                   “(C) the number of warrants issued and  
9                   denied under section 702(f)(1); and

10                   “(D) the number of times exceptions were  
11                   alleged under 702(f)(2).”.

12           (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents  
13 for the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
14 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as amended by this Act, is further  
15 amended by adding at the end the following:

“606. Annual report of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.”.

16 **SEC. 12. EXTENSION OF TITLE VII OF FISA; EXPIRATION OF**  
17 **FISA AUTHORITIES; EFFECTIVE DATES.**

18           (a) EFFECTIVE DATES.—Section 403(b) of the FISA  
19 Amendments Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–261; 122 Stat.  
20 2474) is amended—

21                   (1) in paragraph (1)—

22                           (A) by striking “December 31, 2023” and  
23                           inserting “December 31, 2026”; and

24                           (B) by striking “, as amended by section  
25                   101 and by the FISA Amendments Reauthor-



1           ization Act of 2017,” and inserting “, as most  
2           recently amended,”; and

3           (2) in paragraph (2) in the matter preceding  
4           subparagraph (A), by striking “December 31, 2023”  
5           and inserting “December 31, 2026”.

6           (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 404(b) of  
7           the FISA Amendments Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–261;  
8           122 Stat. 2476), is amended—

9           (1) in paragraph (1)—

10           (A) in the heading, by striking “DECEM-  
11           BER 31, 2023” and inserting “DECEMBER 31,  
12           2026”; and

13           (B) by striking “, as amended by section  
14           101(a) and by the FISA Amendments Reau-  
15           thorization Act of 2017,” and inserting “, as  
16           most recently amended,”;

17           (2) in paragraph (2), by striking “, as amended  
18           by section 101(a) and by the FISA Amendments Re-  
19           authorization Act of 2017,” and inserting “, as most  
20           recently amended,”; and

21           (3) in paragraph (4)—

22           (A) by striking “, as added by section  
23           101(a) and amended by the FISA Amendments  
24           Reauthorization Act of 2017,” both places it

1 appears and inserting “, as added by section  
2 101(a) and as most recently amended,”; and

3 (B) by striking “, as amended by section  
4 101(a) and by the FISA Amendments Reau-  
5 thorization Act of 2017,” and inserting “, as  
6 most recently amended,” both places it appears.

7 **SEC. 13. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF FISA.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 109 of the Foreign Intel-  
9 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1809) is  
10 amended as follows:

11 (1) ADDITIONAL OFFENSES.—In subsection  
12 (a)—

13 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),  
14 by striking “intentionally”;

15 (B) in paragraph (1)—

16 (i) by inserting “intentionally” before  
17 “engages in”; and

18 (ii) by striking “or” at the end;

19 (C) in paragraph (2)—

20 (i) by inserting “intentionally” before  
21 “discloses or uses”; and

22 (ii) by striking the period at the end  
23 and inserting a semicolon; and

24 (D) by adding at the end the following: .

1           “(3) knowingly submits any document to or  
2           makes any false statement before the Foreign Intel-  
3           ligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign Intel-  
4           ligence Surveillance Court of Review, knowing such  
5           document or statement to contain—

6                     “(A) a false material declaration; or

7                     “(B) a material omission; or

8           “(4) knowingly discloses the existence of an ap-  
9           plication for an order authorizing surveillance under  
10          this title, or any information contained therein, to  
11          any person not authorized to receive such informa-  
12          tion.”.

13           (2) ENHANCED PENALTIES.—In subsection (c),  
14          is amended to read as follows:

15          “(c) PENALTIES.—In the case of an offense under  
16          any of paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (a), the  
17          offense is punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000  
18          or imprisonment for not more than 8 years, or both.”.

19          (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This Act and the  
20          amendments made by this Act may not be construed to  
21          interfere with the enforcement of section 798 of title 18,  
22          United States Code, or any other provision of law regard-  
23          ing the unlawful disclosure of classified information.

1 **SEC. 14. CONTEMPT POWER OF FISC AND FISC-R.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 21 of title 18, United  
3 States Code, is amended—

4 (1) in section 402, by inserting after “any dis-  
5 trict court of the United States” the following: “,  
6 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court, the For-  
7 eign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review,”; and

8 (2) by adding at the end the following:

9 **“§ 404. Definitions**

10 “For purposes of this chapter—

11 “(1) the term ‘court of the United States’ in-  
12 cludes the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court or  
13 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Re-  
14 view; and

15 “(2) the terms ‘Foreign Intelligence Surveil-  
16 lance Court’ and ‘Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
17 Court of Review’ have the meanings given such  
18 terms in section 601(e) of the Foreign Intelligence  
19 Surveillance Act of 1978.”.

20 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections  
21 for such chapter is amended by inserting after the item  
22 pertaining to section 403 the following:

“404. Definitions.”.

23 (c) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date  
24 of enactment, and annually thereafter the Foreign Intel-  
25 ligence Surveillance Court and the Foreign Intelligence

1 Surveillance Court of Review (as such terms are defined  
2 in section 601(e) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
3 Act of 1978) shall jointly submit to Congress a report on  
4 the exercise of authority under chapter 21 of title 18,  
5 United States Code, by such courts during the previous  
6 year.

7 **SEC. 15. INCREASED PENALTIES FOR CIVIL ACTIONS.**

8 (a) INCREASED PENALTIES.—Section 110(a) of the  
9 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.  
10 1810(a)) is amended to read as follows:

11 “(a) actual damages, but not less than liq-  
12 uidated damages equal to the greater of—

13 “(1) if the aggrieved person is a United  
14 States person, \$10,000 or \$1,000 per day for  
15 each day of violation; or

16 “(2) for any other aggrieved person,  
17 \$1,000 or \$100 per day for each day of viola-  
18 tion;”.

19 (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Title I of the For-  
20 eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 is amended by  
21 inserting after section 110 the following:

22 **“SEC. 110A. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR CIVIL AC-  
23 TIONS.**

24 “(a) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—If a court finds that  
25 a person has violated this Act in a civil action under sec-

1 tion 110, the head of the agency that employs that person  
2 shall report to Congress on the administrative action  
3 taken against that person pursuant to section 607 or any  
4 other provision of law.

5 “(b) FISC.—If a court finds that a person has vio-  
6 lated this Act in a civil action under section 110, the head  
7 of the agency that employs that person shall report the  
8 name of such person to the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-  
9 lance Court. The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court  
10 shall maintain a list of each person about whom it received  
11 a report under this subsection.”.

12 **SEC. 16. ACCOUNTABILITY PROCEDURES FOR INCIDENTS**  
13 **RELATING TO QUERIES CONDUCTED BY THE**  
14 **FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the Foreign Intel-  
16 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881 et seq.)  
17 is amended by adding at the end the following:

18 **“SEC. 709. ACCOUNTABILITY PROCEDURES FOR INCIDENTS**  
19 **RELATING TO QUERIES CONDUCTED BY THE**  
20 **FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.**

21 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Federal Bu-  
22 reau of Investigation shall establish procedures to hold  
23 employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation account-  
24 able for violations of law, guidance, and procedure gov-

1 urning queries of information acquired pursuant to section  
2 702.

3 “(b) ELEMENTS.—The procedures established under  
4 subsection (a) shall include the following:

5 “(1) Centralized tracking of individual employee  
6 performance incidents involving negligent violations  
7 of law, guidance, and procedure described in sub-  
8 section (a), over time.

9 “(2) Escalating consequences for such inci-  
10 dents, including—

11 “(A) consequences for initial incidents, in-  
12 cluding, at a minimum—

13 “(i) suspension of access to informa-  
14 tion acquired under this Act; and

15 “(ii) documentation of the incident in  
16 the personnel file of each employee respon-  
17 sible for the violation; and

18 “(B) consequences for subsequent inci-  
19 dents, including, at a minimum—

20 “(i) possible indefinite suspension of  
21 access to information acquired under this  
22 Act;

23 “(ii) reassignment of each employee  
24 responsible for the violation; and

1                   “(iii) referral of the incident to the  
2                   Inspection Division of the Federal Bureau  
3                   of Investigation for review of potentially  
4                   reckless conduct.

5                   “(3) Clarification of requirements for referring  
6                   intentional misconduct and reckless conduct to the  
7                   Inspection Division of the Federal Bureau of Inves-  
8                   tigation for investigation and disciplinary action by  
9                   the Office of Professional Responsibility of the Fed-  
10                  eral Bureau of Investigation.”.

11                  (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents  
12 for such Act is amended by inserting after the item relat-  
13 ing to section 708 the following:

                  “709. Accountability procedures for incidents relating to queries conducted by  
                  the Federal Bureau of Investigation.”.

14                  (c) REPORT REQUIRED.—

15                   (1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days  
16 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Di-  
17 rector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall  
18 submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the  
19 House of Representatives and of the Senate and to  
20 the congressional intelligence committees (as such  
21 term is defined in section 801 of the Foreign Intel-  
22 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1885))  
23 a report detailing the procedures established under



1 section 709 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
2 Act of 1978, as added by subsection (a).

3 (2) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year  
4 after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually  
5 thereafter, the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall  
6 submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the  
7 House of Representatives and of the Senate and to  
8 the congressional intelligence committees (as such  
9 term is defined in section 801 of the Foreign Intel-  
10 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1885))  
11 a report on any disciplinary actions taken pursuant  
12 to the procedures established under section 709 of  
13 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978, as  
14 added by subsection (a), including a description of  
15 the circumstances surrounding each such discipli-  
16 nary action, and the results of each such disciplinary  
17 action.

18 (3) FORM.—The reports required under para-  
19 graphs (1) and (2) shall be submitted in unclassified  
20 form, but may include a classified annex to the ex-  
21 tent necessary to protect sources and methods.

22 **SEC. 17. AGENCY PROCEDURES TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE.**

23 (a) AGENCY PROCEDURES TO ENSURE COMPLI-  
24 ANCE.—Title VI of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
25 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871 et seq.), as amended by this

1 Act, is further amended by adding at the end the fol-  
2 lowing:

3 **“SEC. 607. AGENCY PROCEDURES TO ENSURE COMPLI-**  
4 **ANCE.**

5 “The head of each Federal department or agency au-  
6 thorized to acquire foreign intelligence information under  
7 this Act shall establish procedures—

8 “(1) setting forth clear rules on what con-  
9 stitutes a violation of this Act by an officer or em-  
10 ployee of that department or agency; and

11 “(2) for taking appropriate adverse personnel  
12 action against any officer or employee of the depart-  
13 ment or agency who engages in such a violation, in-  
14 cluding more severe adverse actions for any subse-  
15 quent violation.”.

16 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents  
17 for the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
18 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), as amended by this Act, is further  
19 amended by adding at the end the following:

“607. Agency procedures to ensure compliance.”.

20 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 3 months after the date  
21 of enactment of this Act, the head of each Federal depart-  
22 ment or agency that is required to establish procedures  
23 under section 607 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
24 Act of 1978 shall report to Congress on such procedures.

1 **SEC. 18. PROTECTION OF RECORDS HELD BY DATA BRO-**  
2 **KERS.**

3 Section 2702 of title 18, United States Code, is  
4 amended by adding at the end the following:

5 “(e) PROHIBITION ON OBTAINING IN EXCHANGE FOR  
6 ANYTHING OF VALUE CERTAIN RECORDS AND INFORMA-  
7 TION BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AND INTELLIGENCE AGEN-  
8 CIES.—

9 “(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—

10 “(A) the term ‘covered customer or sub-  
11 scriber record’ means a covered record that is—

12 “(i) disclosed to a third party by—

13 “(I) a provider of an electronic  
14 communication service to the public or  
15 a provider of a remote computing  
16 service of which the covered person  
17 with respect to the covered record is a  
18 subscriber or customer; or

19 “(II) an intermediary service pro-  
20 vider that delivers, stores, or proc-  
21 esses communications of such covered  
22 person;

23 “(ii) collected by a third party from  
24 an online account of a covered person; or

1 “(iii) collected by a third party from  
2 or about an electronic device of a covered  
3 person;

4 “(B) the term ‘covered person’ means—

5 “(i) a person who is located inside the  
6 United States; or

7 “(ii) a person—

8 “(I) who is located outside the  
9 United States or whose location can-  
10 not be determined; and

11 “(II) who is a United States per-  
12 son, as defined in section 101 of the  
13 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act  
14 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801);

15 “(C) the term ‘covered record’ means a  
16 record or other information that—

17 “(i) pertains to a covered person; and

18 “(ii) is—

19 “(I) a record or other informa-  
20 tion described in the matter preceding  
21 paragraph (1) of subsection (c);

22 “(II) the contents of a commu-  
23 nication; or

24 “(III) location information;

1           “(D) the term ‘electronic device’ has the  
2 meaning given the term ‘computer’ in section  
3 1030(e);

4           “(E) the term ‘illegitimately obtained in-  
5 formation’ means a covered record that—

6                   “(i) was obtained—

7                           “(I) from a provider of an elec-  
8 tronic communication service to the  
9 public or a provider of a remote com-  
10 puting service in a manner that—

11                                   “(aa) violates the service  
12 agreement between the provider  
13 and customers or subscribers of  
14 the provider; or

15                                   “(bb) is inconsistent with  
16 the privacy policy of the provider;

17                                   “(II) by deceiving the covered  
18 person whose covered record was ob-  
19 tained; or

20                                   “(III) through the unauthorized  
21 accessing of an electronic device or  
22 online account; or

23                   “(ii) was—

24                           “(I) obtained from a provider of  
25 an electronic communication service to

1 the public, a provider of a remote  
2 computing service, or an intermediary  
3 service provider; and

4 “(II) collected, processed, or  
5 shared in violation of a contract relat-  
6 ing to the covered record;

7 “(F) the term ‘intelligence community’ has  
8 the meaning given that term in section 3 of the  
9 National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C.  
10 3003);

11 “(G) the term ‘location information’ means  
12 information derived or otherwise calculated  
13 from the transmission or reception of a radio  
14 signal that reveals the approximate or actual  
15 geographic location of a customer, subscriber,  
16 or device;

17 “(H) the term ‘obtain in exchange for any-  
18 thing of value’ means to obtain by purchasing,  
19 to receive in connection with services being pro-  
20 vided for consideration, or to otherwise obtain  
21 in exchange for consideration, including an ac-  
22 cess fee, service fee, maintenance fee, or licens-  
23 ing fee;

24 “(I) the term ‘online account’ means an  
25 online account with an electronic communica-

1           tion service to the public or remote computing  
2           service;

3           “(J) the term ‘pertain’, with respect to a  
4           person, means—

5                   “(i) information that is linked to the  
6                   identity of a person; or

7                   “(ii) information—

8                           “(I) that has been anonymized to  
9                           remove links to the identity of a per-  
10                          son; and

11                           “(II) that, if combined with other  
12                           information, could be used to identify  
13                          a person; and

14           “(K) the term ‘third party’ means a person  
15           who—

16                   “(i) is not a governmental entity; and

17                   “(ii) in connection with the collection,  
18                   disclosure, obtaining, processing, or shar-  
19                   ing of the covered record at issue, was not  
20                   acting as—

21                           “(I) a provider of an electronic  
22                           communication service to the public;  
23                          or

24                           “(II) a provider of a remote com-  
25                          puting service.

1           “(2) LIMITATION.—

2                   “(A) IN GENERAL.—A law enforcement  
3 agency of a governmental entity and an element  
4 of the intelligence community may not obtain  
5 from a third party in exchange for anything of  
6 value a covered customer or subscriber record  
7 or any illegitimately obtained information.

8                   “(B) INDIRECTLY ACQUIRED RECORDS  
9 AND INFORMATION.—The limitation under sub-  
10 paragraph (A) shall apply without regard to  
11 whether the third party possessing the covered  
12 customer or subscriber record or illegitimately  
13 obtained information is the third party that ini-  
14 tially obtained or collected, or is the third party  
15 that initially received the disclosure of, the cov-  
16 ered customer or subscriber record or illegiti-  
17 mately obtained information.

18                   “(3) LIMIT ON SHARING BETWEEN AGEN-  
19 CIES.—An agency of a governmental entity that is  
20 not a law enforcement agency or an element of the  
21 intelligence community may not provide to a law en-  
22 forcement agency of a governmental entity or an ele-  
23 ment of the intelligence community a covered cus-  
24 tomer or subscriber record or illegitimately obtained



1 information that was obtained from a third party in  
2 exchange for anything of value.

3 “(4) PROHIBITION ON USE AS EVIDENCE.—A  
4 covered customer or subscriber record or illegit-  
5 imately obtained information obtained by or pro-  
6 vided to a law enforcement agency of a governmental  
7 entity or an element of the intelligence community in  
8 violation of paragraph (2) or (3), and any evidence  
9 derived therefrom, may not be received in evidence  
10 in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or be-  
11 fore any court, grand jury, department, officer,  
12 agency, regulatory body, legislative committee, or  
13 other authority of the United States, a State, or a  
14 political subdivision thereof.

15 “(5) MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES.—

16 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General  
17 shall adopt specific procedures that are reason-  
18 ably designed to minimize the acquisition and  
19 retention, and prohibit the dissemination, of in-  
20 formation pertaining to a covered person that is  
21 acquired in violation of paragraph (2) or (3).

22 “(B) USE BY AGENCIES.—If a law enforce-  
23 ment agency of a governmental entity or ele-  
24 ment of the intelligence community acquires in-  
25 formation pertaining to a covered person in vio-

1           lation of paragraph (2) or (3), the law enforce-  
2           ment agency of a governmental entity or ele-  
3           ment of the intelligence community shall mini-  
4           mize the acquisition and retention, and prohibit  
5           the dissemination, of the information in accord-  
6           ance with the procedures adopted under sub-  
7           paragraph (A).”.

8   **SEC. 19. REQUIRED DISCLOSURE.**

9           Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, is  
10          amended by adding at the end the following:

11          “(i) COVERED CUSTOMER OR SUBSCRIBER RECORDS  
12          AND ILLEGITIMATELY OBTAINED INFORMATION.—

13                 “(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the  
14                 terms ‘covered customer or subscriber record’, ‘ille-  
15                 gitimately obtained information’, and ‘third party’  
16                 have the meanings given such terms in section  
17                 2702(e).

18                 “(2) LIMITATION.—Unless a governmental enti-  
19                 ty obtains an order in accordance with paragraph  
20                 (3), the governmental entity may not require a third  
21                 party to disclose a covered customer or subscriber  
22                 record or any illegitimately obtained information if a  
23                 court order would be required for the governmental  
24                 entity to require a provider of remote computing  
25                 service or a provider of electronic communication

1 service to the public to disclose such a covered cus-  
2 tomer or subscriber record or illegitimately obtained  
3 information that is a record of a customer or sub-  
4 scriber of the provider.

5 “(3) ORDERS.—

6 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A court may only  
7 issue an order requiring a third party to dis-  
8 close a covered customer or subscriber record or  
9 any illegitimately obtained information on the  
10 same basis and subject to the same limitations  
11 as would apply to a court order to require dis-  
12 closure by a provider of remote computing serv-  
13 ice or a provider of electronic communication  
14 service to the public of a record of a customer  
15 or subscriber of the provider.

16 “(B) STANDARD.—For purposes of sub-  
17 paragraph (A), a court shall apply the most  
18 stringent standard under Federal statute or the  
19 Constitution of the United States that would be  
20 applicable to a request for a court order to re-  
21 quire a comparable disclosure by a provider of  
22 remote computing service or a provider of elec-  
23 tronic communication service to the public of a  
24 record of a customer or subscriber of the pro-  
25 vider.”.

1 **SEC. 20. INTERMEDIARY SERVICE PROVIDERS.**

2 (a) DEFINITION.—Section 2711 of title 18, United  
3 States Code, is amended—

4 (1) in paragraph (3), by striking “and” at the  
5 end;

6 (2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at  
7 the end and inserting “; and”; and

8 (3) by adding at the end the following:

9 “(5) the term ‘intermediary service provider’  
10 means an entity or facilities owner or operator that  
11 directly or indirectly delivers, stores, or processes  
12 communications for or on behalf of a provider of  
13 electronic communication service to the public or a  
14 provider of remote computing service.”.

15 (b) PROHIBITION.—Section 2702(a) of title 18,  
16 United States Code, is amended—

17 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the  
18 end;

19 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking “and” at the  
20 end;

21 (3) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at  
22 the end and inserting “; and”; and

23 (4) by adding at the end the following:

24 “(4) an intermediary service provider shall not  
25 knowingly divulge—

1           “(A) to any person or entity the contents  
2 of a communication while in electronic storage  
3 by that provider; or

4           “(B) to any governmental entity a record  
5 or other information pertaining to a subscriber  
6 to or customer of, a recipient of a communica-  
7 tion from a subscriber to or customer of, or the  
8 sender of a communication to a subscriber to or  
9 customer of, the provider of electronic commu-  
10 nication service to the public or the provider of  
11 remote computing service for, or on behalf of,  
12 which the intermediary service provider directly  
13 or indirectly delivers, transmits, stores, or proc-  
14 esses communications.”.

15 **SEC. 21. LIMITS ON SURVEILLANCE CONDUCTED FOR FOR-**  
16 **EIGN INTELLIGENCE PURPOSES OTHER**  
17 **THAN UNDER THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE**  
18 **SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.**

19       (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2511(2)(f) of title 18,  
20 United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

21       “(f)(i)(A) Nothing contained in this chapter, chapter  
22 121 or 206 of this title, or section 705 of the Communica-  
23 tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) shall be deemed  
24 to affect an acquisition or activity described in clause (B)  
25 that is carried out utilizing a means other than electronic

1 surveillance, as defined in section 101 of the Foreign In-  
2 telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801).

3 “(B) An acquisition or activity described in this  
4 clause is—

5 “(I) an acquisition by the United States Gov-  
6 ernment of foreign intelligence information from  
7 international or foreign communications that—

8 “(aa) is acquired pursuant to express stat-  
9 utory authority; or

10 “(bb) only includes information of persons  
11 who are not United States persons and are lo-  
12 cated outside the United States; or

13 “(II) a foreign intelligence activity involving a  
14 foreign electronic communications system that—

15 “(aa) is conducted pursuant to express  
16 statutory authority; or

17 “(bb) only involves the acquisition by the  
18 United States Government of information of  
19 persons who are not United States persons and  
20 are located outside the United States.

21 “(ii) The procedures in this chapter, chapter 121,  
22 and the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50  
23 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) shall be the exclusive means by which  
24 electronic surveillance, as defined in section 101 of such

1 Act, and the interception of domestic wire, oral, and elec-  
2 tronic communications may be conducted.”.

3 (b) EXCLUSIVE MEANS RELATED TO COMMUNICA-  
4 TIONS RECORDS.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance  
5 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.) shall be the exclusive  
6 means by which electronic communications transactions  
7 records, call detail records, or other information from com-  
8 munications of United States persons or persons inside the  
9 United States are acquired for foreign intelligence pur-  
10 poses inside the United States or from a person or entity  
11 located in the United States that provides telecommuni-  
12 cations, electronic communication, or remote computing  
13 services.

14 (c) EXCLUSIVE MEANS RELATED TO LOCATION IN-  
15 FORMATION, WEB BROWSING HISTORY, AND INTERNET  
16 SEARCH HISTORY.—

17 (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term  
18 “location information” has the meaning given that  
19 term in subsection (e) of section 2702 of title 18,  
20 United States Code, as added by section 2 of this  
21 Act.

22 (2) EXCLUSIVE MEANS.—Title I and sections  
23 303, 304, 703, 704, and 705 of the Foreign Intel-  
24 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et  
25 seq., 1823, 1824, 1881b, 1881c, 1881d) shall be the

1 exclusive means by which location information, web  
2 browsing history, and internet search history of  
3 United States persons or persons inside the United  
4 States are acquired for foreign intelligence purposes  
5 inside the United States or from a person or entity  
6 located in the United States.

7 (d) EXCLUSIVE MEANS RELATED TO FOURTH  
8 AMENDMENT-PROTECTED INFORMATION.—Title I and  
9 sections 303, 304, 703, 704, and 705 of the Foreign Intel-  
10 ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.,  
11 1823, 1824, 1881b, 1881c, 1881d) shall be the exclusive  
12 means by which any information, records, data, or tangible  
13 things are acquired for foreign intelligence purposes from  
14 a person or entity located in the United States if the com-  
15 pelled production of such information, records, data, or  
16 tangible things would require a warrant for law enforce-  
17 ment purposes.

18 (e) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “United  
19 States person” has the meaning given that term in section  
20 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978  
21 (50 U.S.C. 1801).



1 **SEC. 22. LIMIT ON CIVIL IMMUNITY FOR PROVIDING INFOR-**  
2 **MATION, FACILITIES, OR TECHNICAL ASSIST-**  
3 **ANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT ABSENT A**  
4 **COURT ORDER.**

5 Section 2511(2)(a) of title 18, United States Code,  
6 is amended—

7 (1) in subparagraph (ii), by striking clause (B)  
8 and inserting the following:

9 “(B) a certification in writing—

10 “(I) by a person specified in section  
11 2518(7) or the Attorney General of the United  
12 States;

13 “(II) that the requirements for an emer-  
14 gency authorization to intercept a wire, oral, or  
15 electronic communication under section 2518(7)  
16 have been met; and

17 “(III) that the specified assistance is re-  
18 quired,”; and

19 (2) by striking subparagraph (iii) and inserting  
20 the following:

21 “(iii) For assistance provided pursuant to a certifi-  
22 cation under subparagraph (ii)(B), the limitation on  
23 causes of action under the last sentence of the matter fol-  
24 lowing subparagraph (ii)(B) shall only apply to the extent  
25 that the assistance ceased at the earliest of the time the  
26 application for a court order was denied, the time the com-

1 munication sought was obtained, or 48 hours after the  
2 interception began.”.

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