118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 2706

AN ACT

To prohibit discrimination on the basis of mental or physical disability in cases of organ transplants.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Charlotte Woodward					
3	Organ Transplant Discrimination Prevention Act".					
4	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.					
5	In this Act:					
6	(1) AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES.—The term					
7	"auxiliary aids and services" has the meaning give					
8	the term in section 4 of the Americans with Disabil					
9	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12103).					
10	(2) Covered entity.—The term "covered en-					
11	tity" means any licensed provider of health care					
12	services (including licensed health care practitioners,					
13	hospitals, nursing facilities, laboratories, inter-					
14	mediate care facilities, psychiatric residential treat-					
15	ment facilities, institutions for individuals with intel-					
16	lectual or developmental disabilities, and prison					
17	health centers), and any transplant hospital (as de-					
18	fined in section 121.2 of title 42, Code of Federal					
19	Regulations or a successor regulation), that—					
20	(A) is in interstate commerce; or					
21	(B) provides health care services in a man-					
22	ner that—					
23	(i) substantially affects or has a sub-					
24	stantial relation to interstate commerce: or					

1	(ii) includes use of an instrument (in-
2	cluding an instrument of transportation or
3	communication) of interstate commerce.
4	(3) DISABILITY.—The term "disability" has the
5	meaning given the term in section 3 of the Ameri-
6	cans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
7	12102).
8	(4) Human organ.—The term "human organ"
9	has the meaning given the term in section 301(c) of
10	the National Organ Transplant Act (42 U.S.C.
11	274e(c)).
12	(5) Organ transplant.—The term "organ
13	transplant" means the transplantation or trans-
14	fusion of a donated human organ into the body of
15	another human for the purpose of treating a medical
16	condition.
17	(6) Qualified individual.—The term "quali-
18	fied individual" means an individual who, with or
19	without a support network, provision of auxiliary
20	aids and services, or reasonable modifications to
21	policies or practices, meets eligibility requirements
22	for the receipt of a human organ.
23	(7) Reasonable modifications to policies
24	OR PRACTICES.—The term "reasonable modifications

to policies or practices" includes—

- (A) communication with persons responsible for supporting a qualified individual with postsurgical or other care following an organ transplant or related services, including support with medication;
 - (B) consideration, in determining whether a qualified individual will be able to comply with health requirements following an organ transplant or receipt of related services, of support networks available to the qualified individual, including family, friends, and providers of home and community-based services, including home and community-based services funded through the Medicare or Medicaid program under title XVIII or XIX, respectively, of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq., 1396 et seq.), another health plan in which the qualified individual is enrolled, or any program or source of funding available to the qualified individual; and
 - (C) the use of supported decision-making, when needed, by a qualified individual.
 - (8) Related Services.—The term "related services" means services related to an organ transplant that consist of—

1	(A) evaluation;					
2	(B) counseling;					
3	(C) treatment, including postoperative					
4	treatment, and care;					
5	(D) provision of information; and					
6	(E) any other service recommended or r					
7	quired by a physician.					
8	(9) Supported Decision-Making.—The term					
9	"supported decision-making" means the use of					
10	support person to assist a qualified individual i					
11	making health care decisions, communicate informa					
12	tion to the qualified individual, or ascertain a qual					
13	fied individual's wishes. Such term includes—					
14	(A) the inclusion of the individual's attor-					
15	ney-in-fact or health care proxy, or any perso					
16	of the individual's choice, in communications					
17	about the individual's health care;					
18	(B) permitting the individual to designate					
19	a person of the individual's choice for the pur-					
20	poses of supporting that individual in commu-					
21	nicating, processing information, or making					
22	health care decisions;					
23	(C) providing auxiliary aids and services to					
24	facilitate the individual's ability to communicate					
25	and process health-related information, includ-					

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ing providing use of assistive communication

2	technology;
3	(D) providing health information to per
4	sons designated by the individual, consisten
5	with the regulations promulgated under section
6	264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and
7	Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d-
8	2 note) and other applicable laws and regula
9	tions governing disclosure of health informa
10	tion;
11	(E) providing health information in a for
12	mat that is readily understandable by the indi
13	vidual; and
14	(F) working with a court-appointed guard
15	ian or other person responsible for making
16	health care decisions on behalf of the individual
17	to ensure that the individual is included in deci
18	sions involving the health care of the individua
19	and that health care decisions are in accordance
20	with the individual's own expressed interests.
21	(10) Support Network.—The term "suppor
22	network" means, with respect to a qualified indi
23	vidual, one or more people who are—
24	(A) selected by the qualified individual or
25	by the qualified individual and the guardian o

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1	the qualified individual, to provide assistance to						
2	the qualified individual or guidance to that						
3	qualified individual in understanding issues						
4	making plans for the future, or making complex						
5	decisions; and						
6	(B) who may include the family members						
7	friends, unpaid supporters, members of the reli-						
8	gious congregation, and appropriate personne						
9	at a community center, of or serving the quali-						
10	fied individual.						
11	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATORY POLICY.						
12	The board of directors described in section						
13	372(b)(1)(B) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C						
14	274(b)(1)(B)) shall not issue policies, recommendations						
15	or other memoranda that would prohibit, or otherwise						
16	hinder, a qualified individual's access to an organ trans-						
17	plant solely on the basis of that individual's disability.						
18	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION.						
19	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), a cov-						
20	ered entity may not, solely on the basis of a qualified indi-						
21	vidual's disability—						
22	(1) determine that the individual is ineligible to						

- receive an organ transplant or related services;
- (2) deny the individual an organ transplant or
 related services;

- 1 (3) refuse to refer the individual to an organ 2 transplant center or other related specialist for the 3 purpose of receipt of an organ transplant or other 4 related services; or
 - (4) refuse to place the individual on an organ transplant waiting list.

(b) Exception.—

(1) In General.—

- (A) Medically significant disability.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), a covered entity may take a qualified individual's disability into account when making a health care treatment or coverage recommendation or decision, solely to the extent that the disability has been found by a physician, following an individualized evaluation of the potential recipient, to be medically significant to the receipt of the organ transplant or related services, as the case may be.
- (B) Construction.—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to require a referral or recommendation for, or the performance of, a medically inappropriate organ transplant or medically inappropriate related services.

1 (2) CLARIFICATION.—If a qualified individual 2 has the necessary support network to provide a rea-3 sonable assurance that the qualified individual will be able to comply with health requirements following 5 an organ transplant or receipt of related services, as 6 the case may be, the qualified individual's inability 7 to independently comply with those requirements 8 may not be construed to be medically significant for 9 purposes of paragraph (1).

10 (c) Reasonable Modifications.—A covered entity
11 shall make reasonable modifications to policies or practices
12 (including procedures) of such entity if such modifications
13 are necessary to make an organ transplant or related serv14 ices available to qualified individuals with disabilities, un15 less the entity can demonstrate that making such modi16 fications would fundamentally alter the nature of such
17 policies or practices.

(d) Clarifications.—

(1) No denial of services because of absence of auxiliary aids and services.—For purposes of this section, a covered entity shall take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that a qualified individual with a disability is not denied a procedure associated with the receipt of an organ transplant or related services, because of the absence

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- of auxiliary aids and services, unless the covered entity can demonstrate that taking such steps would fundamentally alter the nature of the procedure being offered or would result in an undue burden on the entity.
 - (2) Compliance with other law.—Nothing in this section shall be construed—
 - (A) to prevent a covered entity from providing organ transplants or related services at a level that is greater than the level that is required by this section; or
 - (B) to limit the rights of an individual with a disability under, or to replace or limit the scope of obligations imposed by, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) including the provisions added to such Act by the ADA Amendments Act of 2008, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), section 1557 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18116), or any other applicable law.

(e) Enforcement.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Any individual who alleges that a qualified individual was subject to a violation of this section by a covered entity may bring a claim

- regarding the allegation to the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and Human Services, for expedited resolution, as appropriate.
- 4 (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this 5 subsection is intended to limit or replace available 6 remedies under the Americans with Disabilities Act 7 of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) or any other ap-8 plicable law.

9 SEC. 5. APPLICATION TO EACH PART OF PROCESS.

- The provisions of this Act—
- 11 (1) that apply to an organ transplant, also 12 apply to the evaluation and listing of a qualified in-13 dividual, and to the organ transplant and post-14 organ-transplant treatment of such an individual; 15 and
- 16 (2) that apply to related services, also apply to
 17 the process for receipt of related services by such an
 18 individual.
- 19 SEC. 6. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
- Nothing in this Act shall be construed to supersede any provision of any State or local law that provides great-

- 1 er rights to qualified individuals with respect to organ
- 2 $\,$ transplants than the rights established under this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives September 23, 2024.

Attest:

Clerk.

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