^{114TH CONGRESS} 1ST SESSION **S. 1112**

To amend the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 to expand coverage under the Act, to increase protections for whistleblowers, to increase penalties for high gravity violations, to adjust penalties for inflation, to provide rights for victims or their family members, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 28, 2015

Mr. FRANKEN (for himself and Mrs. MURRAY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

- To amend the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 to expand coverage under the Act, to increase protections for whistleblowers, to increase penalties for high gravity violations, to adjust penalties for inflation, to provide rights for victims or their family members, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Protecting America's Workers Act".

1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. References.

TITLE I—COVERAGE OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES AND APPLICATION OF ACT

Sec. 101. Coverage of public employees.

Sec. 102. Application of Act.

TITLE II—INCREASING WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS

Sec. 201. Enhanced protections from retaliation.

TITLE III—IMPROVING REPORTING, INSPECTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 301. Employer duties.
- Sec. 302. Recording and reporting of occupational injuries and illnesses.
- Sec. 303. Posting of employee rights.
- Sec. 304. Employer reporting of work-related deaths and hospitalizations and prohibition on discouraging employee reports of injury or illness.
- Sec. 305. No loss of employee pay for inspections.
- Sec. 306. Investigations of fatalities and significant incidents.
- Sec. 307. Prohibition on unclassified citations.
- Sec. 308. Victims' rights.
- Sec. 309. Right to contest citations and penalties.
- Sec. 310. Correction of serious, willful, or repeated violations pending contest and procedures for a stay.
- Sec. 311. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 312. Civil penalties.
- Sec. 313. Criminal penalties.
- Sec. 314. Prejudgment interest.

TITLE IV—STATE PLANS

Sec. 401. Concurrent enforcement authority and review of State occupational safety and health plans.

TITLE V—NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

Sec. 501. Health hazard evaluations by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.

TITLE VI—EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 601. Effective date.

1 SEC. 2. REFERENCES.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in
this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms
of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a
section or other provision of the Occupational Safety and
Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.).

8 TITLE I—COVERAGE OF PUBLIC 9 EMPLOYEES AND APPLICA10 TION OF ACT

11 SEC. 101. COVERAGE OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3(5) (29 U.S.C. 652(5))
is amended by striking "but does not include" and all that
follows through the period at the end and inserting "including the United States, a State, or a political subdivision of a State.".

(b) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall be
construed to affect the application of section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
667).

21 SEC. 102. APPLICATION OF ACT.

22 Section 4(b) (29 U.S.C. 653(b)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and
(4) as paragraphs (5), (6), and (7), respectively; and
(2) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
following:

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1 "(1) If a Federal agency has promulgated and is en-2 forcing a standard or regulation affecting occupational 3 safety or health of some or all of the employees within 4 that agency's regulatory jurisdiction, and the Secretary 5 determines that such a standard or regulation as promulgated and the manner in which the standard or regulation 6 7 is being enforced provides protection to those employees 8 that is at least as effective as the protection provided to 9 those employees by this Act and the Secretary's enforce-10 ment of this Act, the Secretary may publish a certification notice in the Federal Register. The notice shall set forth 11 12 that determination and the reasons for the determination 13 and certify that the Secretary has ceded jurisdiction to 14 that Federal agency with respect to the specified standard 15 or regulation affecting occupational safety or health. In determining whether to cede jurisdiction to a Federal 16 17 agency, the Secretary shall seek to avoid duplication of, 18 and conflicts between, health and safety requirements. 19 Such certification shall remain in effect unless and until rescinded by the Secretary. 20

"(2) The Secretary shall, by regulation, establish procedures by which any person who may be adversely affected by a decision of the Secretary certifying that the
Secretary has ceded jurisdiction to another Federal agency
pursuant to paragraph (1) may petition the Secretary to

rescind a certification notice under paragraph (1). Upon
 receipt of such a petition, the Secretary shall investigate
 the matter involved and shall, within 90 days after receipt
 of the petition, publish a decision with respect to the peti tion in the Federal Register.

6 "(3) Any person who may be adversely affected by—
7 "(A) a decision of the Secretary certifying that
8 the Secretary has ceded jurisdiction to another Fed9 eral agency pursuant to paragraph (1); or

"(B) a decision of the Secretary denying a petition to rescind such a certification notice under
paragraph (1),

13 may, not later than 60 days after such decision is published in the Federal Register, file a petition challenging 14 15 such decision with the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such person resides or such person 16 has a principal place of business, for judicial review of 17 18 such decision. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith 19 transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The 20 Secretary's decision shall be set aside if found to be arbi-21 trary, capricious, an abuse of discretion, or otherwise not 22 in accordance with law.

"(4) Nothing in this Act shall apply to working conditions covered by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act
of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 801 et seq.).".

TITLE II—INCREASING WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS SEC. 201. ENHANCED PROTECTIONS FROM RETALIATION. (a) EMPLOYEE ACTIONS.—Section 11(c)(1) (29 U.S.C. 660(c)(1)) is amended— (1) by striking "(c)(1)" and inserting the following: "(c) EMPLOYEE ACTIONS.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—"; (2) by striking "discharge" and all that follows through "because such" and inserting the following: "discharge or cause to be discharged, or in any manner discriminate against or cause to be discriminated against, any employee because—

14 "(A) such";

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15 (3) by striking "this Act or has" and inserting16 the following: "this Act;

17 "(B) such employee has";

(4) by striking "in any such proceeding or because of the exercise" and inserting the following:
"before Congress or in any Federal or State proceeding related to safety or health;

22 "(C) such employee has refused to violate23 any provision of this Act; or

24 "(D) of the exercise"; and

1	(5) by inserting before the period at the end the
2	following: ", including the reporting of any injury,
3	illness, or unsafe condition to the employer, agent of
4	the employer, safety and health committee involved,
5	or employee safety and health representative in-
6	volved".
7	(b) Prohibition of Retaliation.—Section 11(c)
8	(29 U.S.C. 660(c)) is amended by striking paragraph (2)
9	and inserting the following:
10	"(2) Prohibition of retaliation.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—No person shall dis-
12	charge, or cause to be discharged, or in any
13	manner discriminate against, or cause to be dis-
14	criminated against, an employee for refusing to
15	perform the employee's duties if the employee
16	has a reasonable apprehension that performing
17	such duties would result in serious injury to, or
18	serious impairment of the health of, the em-
19	ployee or other employees.
20	"(B) CIRCUMSTANCES.—For purposes of
21	subparagraph (A), the circumstances causing
22	the employee's good-faith belief that performing
23	such duties would pose a safety or health haz-
24	ard shall be of such a nature that a reasonable
25	person, under the circumstances confronting the

1 employee, would conclude that there is such a 2 hazard. In order to qualify for protection under 3 this paragraph, the employee, when practicable, 4 shall have communicated or attempted to com-5 municate the safety or health concern to the 6 employer and have not received from the em-7 ployer a response reasonably calculated to allay 8 such concern.". 9 (c) PROCEDURE.—Section 11(c) (29 U.S.C. 660(c)) is amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the 10 11 following: 12 "(3) COMPLAINT.—Any employee who believes 13 that the employee has been discharged, disciplined, 14 or otherwise discriminated against by any person in 15 violation of paragraph (1) or (2) may seek relief for 16 such violation by filing a complaint with the Sec-17 retary under paragraph (5). 18 "(4) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—An employee may take 19 20 the action permitted by paragraph (3) not later 21 than 180 days after the later of— 22 "(i) the date on which an alleged vio-23 lation of paragraph (1) or (2) occurs; or

"(ii) the date on which the employee 1 2 knows or should reasonably have known that such alleged violation occurred. 3 "(B) 4 REPEAT VIOLATION.—Except in 5 cases when the employee has been discharged, 6 a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) shall be con-7 sidered to have occurred on the last date an al-8 leged repeat violation occurred. "(5) INVESTIGATION.— 9 10 "(A) IN GENERAL.—An employee may, 11 within the time period required under para-12 graph (4), file a complaint with the Secretary 13 alleging a violation of paragraph (1) or (2). If 14 the complaint alleges a prima facie case, the 15 Secretary shall conduct an investigation of the 16 allegations in the complaint, which— 17 "(i) shall include— 18 "(I) interviewing the complain-19 ant; 20 "(II) providing the respondent an 21 opportunity to-"(aa) submit to the Sec-22 23 retary a written response to the 24 complaint; and

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1	"(bb) meet with the Sec-
2	retary to present statements from
3	witnesses or provide evidence;
4	and
5	"(III) providing the complainant
6	an opportunity to—
7	"(aa) receive any statements
8	or evidence provided to the Sec-
9	retary;
10	"(bb) meet with the Sec-
11	retary; and
12	"(cc) rebut any statements
13	or evidence; and
14	"(ii) may include issuing subpoenas
15	for the purposes of such investigation.
16	"(B) DECISION.—Not later than 90 days
17	after the filing of the complaint, the Secretary
18	shall—
19	"(i) determine whether reasonable
20	cause exists to believe that a violation of
21	paragraph (1) or (2) has occurred; and
22	"(ii) issue a decision granting or de-
23	nying relief.
24	"(6) Preliminary order following inves-
25	TIGATION.—If, after completion of an investigation

1	under paragraph (5)(A), the Secretary finds reason-
2	able cause to believe that a violation of paragraph
3	(1) or (2) has occurred, the Secretary shall issue a
4	preliminary order providing relief authorized under
5	paragraph (14) at the same time the Secretary
6	issues a decision under paragraph (5)(B). If a de
7	novo hearing is not requested within the time period
8	required under paragraph (7)(A)(i), such prelimi-
9	nary order shall be deemed a final order of the Sec-
10	retary and is not subject to judicial review.
11	"(7) Hearing.—
12	"(A) Request for hearing.—
13	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A de novo hearing
14	on the record before an administrative law
15	judge may be requested—
16	"(I) by the complainant or re-
17	spondent within 30 days after receiv-
18	ing notification of a decision granting
19	or denying relief issued under para-
20	graph (5)(B) or a preliminary order
21	under paragraph (6), respectively;
22	((II) by the complainant within
23	30 days after the date the complaint
24	is dismissed without investigation by
25	the Secretary under paragraph (5); or

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1	"(III) by the complainant within
2	120 days after the date of filing the
3	complaint, if the Secretary has not
4	issued a decision under paragraph
5	(5)(B).
6	"(ii) Reinstatement order.—The
7	request for a hearing shall not operate to
8	stay any preliminary reinstatement order
9	issued under paragraph (6).
10	"(B) Procedures.—
11	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A hearing re-
12	quested under this paragraph shall be con-
13	ducted expeditiously and in accordance
14	with rules established by the Secretary for
15	hearings conducted by administrative law
16	judges.
17	"(ii) SUBPOENAS; PRODUCTION OF
18	EVIDENCE.—In conducting any such hear-
19	ing, the administrative law judge may issue
20	subpoenas. The respondent or complainant
21	may request the issuance of subpoenas
22	that require the deposition of, or the at-
23	tendance and testimony of, witnesses and
24	the production of any evidence (including
25	any books, papers, documents, or record-

ings) relating to the matter under consideration.

"(iii) DECISION.—The administrative 3 4 law judge shall issue a decision not later 5 than 90 days after the date on which a 6 hearing was requested under this para-7 graph and promptly notify, in writing, the 8 parties and the Secretary of such decision, 9 including the findings of fact and conclusions of law. If the administrative law 10 11 judge finds that a violation of paragraph 12 (1) or (2) has occurred, the judge shall 13 issue an order for relief under paragraph 14 (14). If review under paragraph (8) is not 15 timely requested, such order shall be 16 deemed a final order of the Secretary that 17 is not subject to judicial review.

18 "(8) Administrative appeal.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30
days after the date of notification of a decision
and order issued by an administrative law judge
under paragraph (7), the complainant or respondent may file, with objections, an administrative appeal with an administrative review

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1	body designated by the Secretary (referred to in
2	this paragraph as the 'review board').
3	"(B) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—In review-
4	ing the decision and order of the administrative
5	law judge, the review board shall affirm the de-
6	cision and order if it is determined that the fac-
7	tual findings set forth therein are supported by
8	substantial evidence and the decision and order
9	are made in accordance with applicable law.
10	"(C) DECISIONS.—If the review board
11	grants an administrative appeal, the review
12	board shall issue a final decision and order af-
13	firming or reversing, in whole or in part, the
14	decision under review by not later than 90 days
15	after receipt of the administrative appeal. If it
16	is determined that a violation of paragraph (1)
17	or (2) has occurred, the review board shall issue
18	a final decision and order providing relief au-
19	thorized under paragraph (14). Such decision
20	and order shall constitute final agency action
21	with respect to the matter appealed.
22	"(9) SETTLEMENT IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE
23	PROCESS.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—At any time before
25	issuance of a final order, an investigation or

1	proceeding under this subsection may be termi-
2	nated on the basis of a settlement agreement
3	entered into by the parties.
4	"(B) PUBLIC POLICY CONSIDERATIONS.—
5	Neither the Secretary, an administrative law
6	judge, nor the review board conducting a hear-
7	ing under this subsection shall accept a settle-
8	ment that contains conditions conflicting with
9	the rights protected under this Act or that are
10	contrary to public policy, including a restriction
11	on a complainant's right to future employment
12	with employers other than the specific employ-
13	ers named in a complaint.
14	"(10) INACTION BY THE REVIEW BOARD OR AD-
15	MINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The complainant may
17	bring a de novo action described in subpara-
18	graph (B) if—
19	"(i) an administrative law judge has
20	not issued a decision and order within the
21	90-day time period required under para-
22	graph $(7)(B)(iii)$; or
23	"(ii) the review board has not issued
24	a decision and order within the 90-day

1time period required under paragraph2(8)(C).

"(B) DE NOVO ACTION.—Such de novo ac-3 4 tion may be brought at law or equity in the 5 United States district court for the district 6 where a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) allegedly occurred or where the complainant resided 7 8 on the date of such alleged violation. The court 9 shall have jurisdiction over such action without 10 regard to the amount in controversy and to 11 order appropriate relief under paragraph (14). 12 Such action shall, at the request of either party 13 to such action, be tried by the court with a 14 jury.

15 "(11) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

"(A) TIMELY APPEAL TO THE COURT OF 16 17 APPEALS.—Any party adversely affected or ag-18 grieved by a final decision and order issued 19 under this subsection may obtain review of such 20 decision and order in the United States Court 21 of Appeals for the circuit where the violation, 22 with respect to which such final decision and 23 order was issued, allegedly occurred or where 24 the complainant resided on the date of such al-25 leged violation. To obtain such review, a party shall file a petition for review not later than 60 days after the final decision and order was issued. Such review shall conform to chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code. The commencement of proceedings under this subparagraph shall not, unless ordered by the court, operate as a stay of the final decision and order.

8 "(B) LIMITATION ON COLLATERAL AT-9 TACK.—An order and decision with respect to 10 which review may be obtained under subpara-11 graph (A) shall not be subject to judicial review 12 in any criminal or other civil proceeding.

13 "(12) ENFORCEMENT OF ORDER.—If a re-14 spondent fails to comply with an order issued under 15 this subsection, the Secretary or the complainant on 16 whose behalf the order was issued may file a civil ac-17 tion for enforcement in the United States district 18 court for the district in which the violation was 19 found to occur to enforce such order. If both the 20 Secretary and the complainant file such action, the 21 action of the Secretary shall take precedence. The 22 district court shall have jurisdiction to grant all ap-23 propriate relief described in paragraph (14).

24 "(13) BURDENS OF PROOF.—

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"(A) CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION.—In 1 2 making a determination or adjudicating a complaint pursuant to this subsection, the Sec-3 4 retary or an administrative law judge, review 5 board, or court may determine that a violation 6 of paragraph (1) or (2) has occurred only if the 7 complainant demonstrates that any conduct de-8 scribed in paragraph (1) or (2) with respect to 9 the complainant was a contributing factor in 10 the adverse action alleged in the complaint.

11 "(B) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding sub-12 paragraph (A), a decision or order that is favor-13 able to the complainant shall not be issued in 14 any administrative or judicial action pursuant 15 to this subsection if the respondent dem-16 onstrates by clear and convincing evidence that 17 the respondent would have taken the same ad-18 verse action in the absence of such conduct.

19 "(14) Relief.—

"(A) ORDER FOR RELIEF.—If the Secretary or an administrative law judge, review
board, or court determines that a violation of
paragraph (1) or (2) has occurred, the Secretary, administrative law judge, review board,
or court, respectively, shall have jurisdiction to

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1	order all appropriate relief, including injunctive
2	relief and compensatory and exemplary dam-
3	ages, including—
4	"(i) affirmative action to abate the
5	violation;
6	"(ii) reinstatement without loss of po-
7	sition or seniority, and restoration of the
8	terms, rights, conditions, and privileges as-
9	sociated with the complainant's employ-
10	ment, including opportunities for pro-
11	motions to positions with equivalent or bet-
12	ter compensation for which the complain-
13	ant is qualified;
14	"(iii) compensatory and consequential
15	damages sufficient to make the complain-
16	ant whole (including back pay, prejudg-
17	ment interest, and other damages); and
18	"(iv) expungement of all warnings,
19	reprimands, or derogatory references that
20	have been placed in paper or electronic
21	records or databases of any type relating
22	to the actions by the complainant that
23	gave rise to the unfavorable personnel ac-
24	tion, and, at the complainant's direction,
25	transmission of a copy of the decision on

1	the complaint to any person whom the
2	complainant reasonably believes may have
3	received such unfavorable information.
4	"(B) ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS.—If
5	the Secretary, administrative law judge, review
6	board, or court grants an order for relief under
7	subparagraph (A), the Secretary, administrative
8	law judge, review board, or court, respectively,
9	shall assess, at the request of the employee
10	against the employer—
11	"(i) reasonable attorneys' fees; and
12	"(ii) costs (including expert witness
13	fees) reasonably incurred, as determined
14	by the Secretary, administrative law judge,
15	review board, or court, respectively, in con-
16	nection with bringing the complaint upon
17	which the order was issued.
18	"(15) PROCEDURAL RIGHTS.—The rights and
19	remedies provided for in this subsection may not be
20	waived by any agreement, policy, form, or condition
21	of employment, including by any pre-dispute arbitra-
22	tion agreement or collective bargaining agreement.
23	"(16) SAVINGS.—Nothing in this subsection
24	shall be construed to diminish the rights, privileges,
25	or remedies of any employee who exercises rights

1	under any Federal or State law or common law, or
2	under any collective bargaining agreement.
3	"(17) Election of venue.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An employee of an
5	employer who is located in a State that has a
6	State plan approved under section 18 may file
7	a complaint alleging a violation of paragraph
8	(1) or (2) by such employer with—
9	"(i) the Secretary under paragraph
10	(5); or
11	"(ii) a State plan administrator in
12	such State.
13	"(B) Referrals.—If—
13 14	"(B) REFERRALS.—If— "(i) the Secretary receives a complaint
14	"(i) the Secretary receives a complaint
14 15	"(i) the Secretary receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Sec-
14 15 16	"(i) the Secretary receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Sec- retary shall not refer such complaint to a
14 15 16 17	"(i) the Secretary receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Sec- retary shall not refer such complaint to a State plan administrator for resolution; or
14 15 16 17 18	"(i) the Secretary receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Sec- retary shall not refer such complaint to a State plan administrator for resolution; or "(ii) a State plan administrator re-
14 15 16 17 18 19	 "(i) the Secretary receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Sec- retary shall not refer such complaint to a State plan administrator for resolution; or "(ii) a State plan administrator re- ceives a complaint pursuant to subpara-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 "(i) the Secretary receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary shall not refer such complaint to a State plan administrator for resolution; or "(ii) a State plan administrator receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii), the State plan administrator
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 "(i) the Secretary receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary shall not refer such complaint to a State plan administrator for resolution; or "(ii) a State plan administrator receives a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii), the State plan administrator shall not refer such complaint to the Sec-

riod the following: ", including the history of violations
 under section 11(c)".

3 TITLE III—IMPROVING REPORT4 ING, INSPECTION, AND EN5 FORCEMENT

6 SEC. 301. EMPLOYER DUTIES.

7 Section 5(a)(1) (29 U.S.C. 654(a)(1)) is amended to8 read as follows:

9 "(1) shall furnish employment and a place of 10 employment which are free from recognized hazards 11 that are causing or are likely to cause death or seri-12 ous physical harm to each employee of the employer 13 or any other individual performing work at the place 14 of employment; and".

15 SEC. 302. RECORDING AND REPORTING OF OCCUPATIONAL

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INJURIES AND ILLNESSES.

17 Section 8(c)(2) (29 U.S.C. 657(c)(2)) is amended—

18 (1) by striking "The Secretary," and inserting

19 "(A) The Secretary,"; and

20 (2) by adding at the end the following:

"(B) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Protecting America's Workers Act, the Secretary shall revise the regulations in part 1904 of title 29,
Code of Federal Regulations, concerning the recording
and reporting of occupational injuries and illnesses under

1 this Act, to require site-controlling employers to keep a
2 site log for all recordable injuries and illnesses occurring
3 among all employees on the particular site, including em4 ployees of the site-controlling employer or others who are
5 performing work at the particular site (including inde6 pendent contractors).

7 "(C) As used in this paragraph, the term 'site-con8 trolling employer' means the employer that has primary
9 control over a worksite at which employees of more than
10 one employer work, such as by hiring or coordinating the
11 work of other employers working at the site.".

12 SEC. 303. POSTING OF EMPLOYEE RIGHTS.

Section 8(c)(1) (29 U.S.C. 657(c)(1)) is amended by
adding at the end the following new sentence: "Such regulations shall include provisions requiring employers to post
for employees information on the protections afforded
under section 11(c).".

18 SEC. 304. EMPLOYER REPORTING OF WORK-RELATED
19 DEATHS AND HOSPITALIZATIONS AND PROHI20 BITION ON DISCOURAGING EMPLOYEE RE21 PORTS OF INJURY OR ILLNESS.

Section 8(c)(2) (29 U.S.C. 657(c)(2)) is amended by
adding at the end the following new sentences: "Such regulations shall require employers to promptly notify the
Secretary of any work-related death or work-related injury

or illness that results in the in-patient hospitalization of 1 2 an employee for medical treatment. Such regulations shall 3 also prohibit the employer from adopting or implementing 4 policies or practices by the employer that have the effect 5 of discouraging accurate recordkeeping and the reporting 6 of work-related injuries or illnesses by any employee or 7 in any manner discriminate or provide for adverse action 8 against any employee for reporting a work-related injury or illness.". 9

10 SEC. 305. NO LOSS OF EMPLOYEE PAY FOR INSPECTIONS.

11 Section 8(e) (29 U.S.C. 657(e)) is amended by insert-12 ing after the first sentence the following: "Time spent by 13 an employee participating in or aiding any such inspection 14 shall be deemed to be hours worked and no employee shall 15 suffer any loss of wages, benefits, or other terms and con-16 ditions of employment for having participated in or aided 17 any such inspection.".

18 SEC. 306. INVESTIGATIONS OF FATALITIES AND SIGNIFI-

19 CANT INCIDENTS.

20 Section 8 (29 U.S.C. 657) is amended by adding at 21 the end the following:

22 "(i) INVESTIGATION OF FATALITIES AND SERIOUS23 INCIDENTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall investigate
 any significant incident, or any incident resulting in death,
 that occurs in a place of employment.

4 "(2) APPROPRIATE MEASURES.—If a significant inci-5 dent or an incident resulting in death occurs in a place of employment, the employer shall promptly notify the 6 7 Secretary of the incident involved and shall take appro-8 priate measures to prevent the destruction or alteration 9 of any evidence that would assist in investigating the inci-10 dent. The appropriate measures required by this paragraph do not prevent an employer from taking action on 11 12 a worksite to prevent injury to employees or substantial 13 damage to property or to avoid disruption of essential 14 services necessary to public safety. If an employer takes 15 such action, the employer shall notify the Secretary of the action in a timely fashion. 16

17 "(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

18 "(A) INCIDENT RESULTING IN DEATH.—The
19 term 'incident resulting in death' means an incident
20 that results in the death of an employee.

21 "(B) SIGNIFICANT INCIDENT.—The term 'sig22 nificant incident' means an incident that results in
23 the in-patient hospitalization of 2 or more employees
24 for medical treatment.".

1 SEC. 307. PROHIBITION ON UNCLASSIFIED CITATIONS.

2 Section 9 (29 U.S.C. 658) is amended by adding at
3 the end the following:

4 "(d) No citation for a violation of this Act may be
5 issued, modified, or settled under this section without a
6 designation enumerated in section 17 with respect to such
7 violation.".

8 SEC. 308. VICTIMS' RIGHTS.

9 The Act is amended by inserting after section 9 (2910 U.S.C. 658) the following:

11 "SEC. 9A. VICTIMS' RIGHTS.

"(a) RIGHTS BEFORE THE SECRETARY.—A victim,
or the representative of a victim, shall be afforded the
right, with respect to an inspection or investigation conducted under section 8, to—

- "(1) meet with the Secretary regarding the inspection or investigation conducted under such section before the Secretary's decision to issue a citation or take no action;
- "(2) receive, at no cost, a copy of any citation
 or report, issued as a result of such inspection or investigation, at the same time as the employer receives such citation or report;
- 24 "(3) be informed of any notice of contest or ad25 dition of parties to the proceedings filed under sec26 tion 10(c); and

"(4) be provided notification of the date and 1 2 time or any proceedings, service of pleadings, and 3 other relevant documents, and an explanation of the 4 rights of the employer, employee and employee rep-5 resentative, and victim to participate in proceedings 6 conducted under section 10(c). "(b) RIGHTS BEFORE THE COMMISSION.—Upon re-7 8 quest, a victim or representative of a victim shall be af-9 forded the right with respect to a work-related bodily in-10 jury or death to— "(1) be notified of the time and date of any 11 12 proceeding before the Commission; "(2) receive pleadings and any decisions relat-13 14 ing to the proceedings; and "(3) be provided an opportunity to appear and 15 16 make a statement in accordance with the rules pre-17 scribed by the Commission. 18 "(c) MODIFICATION OF CITATION.—Before entering into an agreement to withdraw or modify a citation issued 19 20 as a result of an inspection or investigation of an incident 21 under section 8, the Secretary shall notify a victim or rep-22 resentative of a victim and provide the victim or represent-23 ative of a victim with an opportunity to appear and make 24 a statement before the parties conducting settlement nego-25 tiations. In lieu of an appearance, the victim or represent-

ative of the victim may elect to submit a letter to the Sec-1 2 retary and the parties. 3 "(d) SECRETARY PROCEDURES.—The Secretary shall 4 establish procedures— "(1) to inform victims of their rights under this 5 6 section; and 7 "(2) for the informal review of any claim of a 8 denial of such a right. "(e) Commission Procedures and Consider-9 ATIONS.—The Commission shall— 10 "(1) establish procedures relating to the rights 11 12 of victims to be heard in proceedings before the 13 Commission; and 14 "(2) in rendering any decision, provide due con-15 sideration to any statement or information provided 16 by any victim before the Commission. 17 "(f) FAMILY LIAISONS.—The Secretary shall designate at least 1 employee at each area office of the Occu-18 pational Safety and Health Administration to serve as a 19 family liaison to— 20 "(1) keep victims informed of the status of in-21 22 vestigations, enforcement actions, and settlement ne-23 gotiations; and "(2) assist victims in asserting their rights 24 25 under this section.

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1	"(g) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'victim'
2	means—
3	"(1) an employee, including a former employee,
4	who has sustained a work-related injury or illness
5	that is the subject of an inspection or investigation
6	conducted under section 8; or
7	((2) a family member (as further defined by
8	the Secretary) of a victim described in paragraph
9	(1), if—
10	"(A) the victim dies as a result of an inci-
11	dent that is the subject of an inspection or in-
12	vestigation conducted under section 8; or
13	"(B) the victim sustains a work-related in-
14	jury or illness that is the subject of an inspec-
15	tion or investigation conducted under section 8,
16	and the victim because of incapacity cannot rea-
17	sonably exercise the rights under this section.".
18	SEC. 309. RIGHT TO CONTEST CITATIONS AND PENALTIES.
19	Section 10(c) (29 U.S.C. 659(c)) is amended—
20	(1) in the first sentence—
21	(A) by inserting after "that he intends to
22	contest a citation issued under section $(9)(a)$ "
23	the following: "(or a modification of a citation
24	issued under this section)";

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1	(B) by inserting after "the issuance of a
2	citation under section 9(a)" the following: "(in-
3	cluding a modification of a citation issued
4	under this section)"; and
5	(C) by inserting after "files a notice with
6	the Secretary alleging" the following: "that the
7	citation fails properly to designate the violation
8	as serious, willful, or repeated, that the pro-
9	posed penalty is not adequate, or";
10	(2) by inserting after the first sentence, the fol-
11	lowing: "The pendency of a contest before the Com-
12	mission shall not bar the Secretary from inspecting
13	a place of employment or from issuing a citation
14	under section 9."; and
15	(3) by amending the last sentence—
16	(A) by inserting "employers and" after
16 17	(A) by inserting "employers and" after"Commission shall provide"; and
17	"Commission shall provide"; and
17 18	"Commission shall provide"; and (B) by inserting before the period at the
17 18 19	"Commission shall provide"; and (B) by inserting before the period at the end ", and notification of any modification of a
17 18 19 20	"Commission shall provide"; and (B) by inserting before the period at the end ", and notification of any modification of a citation".
 17 18 19 20 21 	 "Commission shall provide"; and (B) by inserting before the period at the end ", and notification of any modification of a citation". SEC. 310. CORRECTION OF SERIOUS, WILLFUL, OR RE-
 17 18 19 20 21 22 	 "Commission shall provide"; and (B) by inserting before the period at the end ", and notification of any modification of a citation". SEC. 310. CORRECTION OF SERIOUS, WILLFUL, OR RE-PEATED VIOLATIONS PENDING CONTEST AND

1	"(d) Correction of Serious, Willful, or Re-
2	PEATED VIOLATIONS PENDING CONTEST AND PROCE-
3	DURES FOR A STAY.—
4	"(1) Period permitted for correction of
5	SERIOUS, WILLFUL, OR REPEATED VIOLATIONS
6	For each violation which the Secretary designates as
7	serious, willful, or repeated, the period permitted for
8	the correction of the violation shall begin to run
9	upon receipt of the citation.
10	"(2) FILING OF A MOTION OF CONTEST.—The
11	filing of a notice of contest by an employer—
12	"(A) shall not operate as a stay of the pe-
13	riod for correction of a violation designated as
14	serious, willful, or repeated; and
15	"(B) may operate as a stay of the period
16	for correction of a violation not designated by
17	the Secretary as serious, willful, or repeated.
18	"(3) Criteria and rules of procedure for
19	STAYS.—
20	"(A) MOTION FOR A STAY.—An employer
21	that receives a citation alleging a violation des-
22	ignated as serious, willful, or repeated and that
23	files a notice of contest to the citation asserting
24	that the time set for abatement of the alleged
25	violation is unreasonable or challenging the ex-

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1	istence of the alleged violation may file with the
2	Commission a motion to stay the period for the
3	abatement of the violation.
4	"(B) CRITERIA.—In determining whether
5	a stay should be issued on the basis of a motion
6	filed under subparagraph (A), the Commission
7	may grant a stay only if the employer has dem-
8	onstrated—
9	"(i) a substantial likelihood of success
10	on the areas contested under subparagraph
11	(A); and
12	"(ii) that a stay will not adversely af-
13	fect the health and safety of workers.
14	"(C) RULES OF PROCEDURE.—The Com-
15	mission shall develop rules of procedure for con-
16	ducting a hearing on a motion filed under sub-
17	paragraph (A) on an expedited basis. At a min-
18	imum, such rules shall provide the following:
19	"(i) That a hearing before an admin-
20	istrative law judge shall occur not later
21	than 15 days following the filing of the
22	motion for a stay (unless extended at the
23	request of the employer), and shall provide
24	for a decision on the motion not later than

1	15 days following the hearing (unless ex-
2	tended at the request of the employer).
3	"(ii) That a decision of an administra-
4	tive law judge on a motion for stay is ren-
5	dered on a timely basis.
6	"(iii) That if a party is aggrieved by
7	a decision issued by an administrative law
8	judge regarding the stay, such party has
9	the right to file an objection with the Com-
10	mission not later than 5 days after receipt
11	of the administrative law judge's decision.
12	Within 10 days after receipt of the objec-
13	tion, a Commissioner, if a quorum is seat-
14	ed pursuant to section 12(f), shall decide
15	whether to grant review of the objection.
16	If, within 10 days after receipt of the ob-
17	jection, no decision is made on whether to
18	review the decision of the administrative
19	law judge, the Commission declines to re-
20	view such decision, or no quorum is seated,
21	the decision of the administrative law
22	judge shall become a final order of the
23	Commission. If the Commission grants re-
24	view of the objection, the Commission shall
25	issue a decision regarding the stay not

1 later than 30 days after receipt of the ob-2 jection. If the Commission fails to issue 3 such decision within 30 days, the decision 4 of the administrative law judge shall be-5 come a final order of the Commission. 6 "(iv) For notification to employees or 7 representatives of affected employees of re-8 quests for such hearings and an oppor-9 tunity for affected employees or represent-10 atives of affected employees to participate 11 as parties to such hearings.". 12 SEC. 311. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. 13 (a) VIOLATIONS DESIGNATED AS SERIOUS, WILL-14 FUL, OR REPEATED.—The first sentence of section 10(b) 15 (29 U.S.C. 659(b)) is amended by inserting ", with the exception of violations designated as serious, willful, or re-16 17 peated," after "(which period shall not begin to run". 18 (b) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The first sentence of section 19 11(a) (29 U.S.C. 660(a)) is amended— 20(1) by inserting "(or the failure of the Commis-21 sion, including an administrative law judge, to make 22 a timely decision on a request for a stay under section 10(d))" after "an order of the Commission"; 23 24 (2) by striking "subsection (c)" and inserting "subsection (c) or (d)"; and 25

(3) by inserting "(or in the case of a petition
 from a final Commission order regarding a stay
 under section 10(d), 15 days)" after "sixty days".

4 (c) FAILURE TO CORRECT VIOLATIONS.—Section 5 17(d) (29 U.S.C. 666(d)) is amended to read as follows: 6 "(d) Any employer who fails to correct a violation 7 designated by the Secretary as serious, willful, or repeated 8 and for which a citation has been issued under section 9(a)9 within the period permitted for its correction (and a stay 10 has not been issued by the Commission under section 10(d)) may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than 11 12 \$7,000 for each day during which such failure or violation 13 continues. Any employer who fails to correct any other violation for which a citation has been issued under section 14 15 9(a) within the period permitted for its correction (which period shall not begin to run until the date of the final 16 17 order of the Commission in the case of any review pro-18 ceeding under section 10 initiated by the employer in good 19 faith and not solely for delay of avoidance of penalties) 20 may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$7,000 21 for each day during which such failure or violation con-22 tinues.".

23 SEC. 312. CIVIL PENALTIES.

24 (a) IN GENERAL; REPEATED VIOLATIONS.—Section
25 17 (29 U.S.C. 666) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)—
2	(A) by striking "\$70,000" and inserting
3	``\$120,000'';
4	(B) by striking "\$5,000" and inserting
5	"\$8,000"; and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following: "In
7	determining whether a violation is repeated, the
8	Secretary or the Commission shall consider the
9	employer's history of violations under this Act
10	and under State occupational safety and health
11	plans established under section 18. For the pur-
12	poses of this subsection, a violation is repeated
13	if the employer who has received the violation
14	has also received a citation for a violation of the
15	same, or a substantially similar, standard, regu-
16	lation, rule, or order, at any other facility in
17	any State, without regard to whether the stand-
18	ard, regulation, rule, or order is enforced by the
19	Secretary or by the State pursuant to section
20	18. If such a willful or repeated violation
21	caused or contributed to the death of an em-
22	ployee, such civil penalty amounts shall be in-
23	creased to not more than $$250,000$ for each
24	such violation, but not less than \$50,000 for
25	each such violation, except that for an employer

1	with 25 or fewer employees such penalty shall
2	not be less than \$25,000 for each such viola-
3	tion.";
4	(2) in subsection (b)—
5	(A) by striking "\$7,000" and inserting
6	"\$12,000"; and
7	(B) by adding at the end the following: "If
8	such a violation caused or contributed to the
9	death of an employee, such civil penalty
10	amounts shall be increased to not more than
11	\$50,000 for each such violation, but not less
12	than $$20,000$ for each such violation, except
13	that for an employer with 25 or fewer employ-
14	ees such penalty shall not be less than \$10,000
15	for each such violation.";
16	(3) in subsection (c), by striking "\$7,000" and
17	inserting ''\$12,000'';
18	(4) in subsection (d), as amended by section
19	311(c), by striking "\$7,000" each place it occurs
20	and inserting "\$12,000";
21	(5) by redesignating subsections (e) through (i)
22	and (j) through (l) , as subsections (f) through (j)
23	and (l) through (n), respectively; and
24	(6) in subsection (j) (as so redesignated) by
25	striking "\$7,000" and inserting "\$12,000".

(b) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—Section 17 (29
 U.S.C. 666) is further amended by inserting after sub 3 section (d) the following:

4 "(e) Amounts provided under this section for civil
5 penalties shall be adjusted by the Secretary at least once
6 during each 4-year period beginning January 1, 2015, to
7 account for the percentage increase or decrease in the
8 Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers during
9 such period.".

10 SEC. 313. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 17 (29 U.S.C. 666) (as
amended by section 312) is further amended—

13 (1) by amending subsection (f) (as redesignated
14 by section 312(a)(5)) to read as follows:

15 (f)(1) Any employer who knowingly violates any standard, rule, or order promulgated under section 6 of 16 this Act, or of any regulation prescribed under this Act, 17 18 and that violation caused or significantly contributed to the death of any employee, shall, upon conviction, be pun-19 20 ished by a fine in accordance with title 18, United States 21 Code, or by imprisonment for not more than 10 years, or 22 both, except that if the conviction is for a violation com-23 mitted after a first conviction of such person under this 24 subsection or subsection (j), punishment shall be by a fine

in accordance with title 18, United States Code, or by im prisonment for not more than 20 years, or by both.

3 "(2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'em4 ployer' means, in addition to the definition contained in
5 section 3 of this Act, any officer or director.";

6 (2) by amending subsection (g) (as redesignated
7 by section 312(a)(5)) to read as follows:

8 "(g) Unless otherwise authorized by this Act, any 9 person that knowingly gives, causes to give, or attempts 10 to give or cause to give, advance notice of any inspection 11 conducted under this Act with the intention of impeding, 12 interfering with, or adversely affecting the results of such 13 inspection, shall be fined under title 18, United States 14 Code, imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both.";

(3) in subsection (h) (as redesignated by section
312(a)(5)), by striking "fine of not more than
\$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than six
months," and inserting "fine in accordance with title
18, United States Code, or by imprisonment for not
more than 5 years,"; and

21 (4) by inserting after subsection (j) (as redesig22 nated by section 312(a)(5)) the following:

23 "(k)(1) Any employer who knowingly violates any
24 standard, rule, or order promulgated under section 6, or
25 any regulation prescribed under this Act, and that viola-

tion caused or significantly contributed to serious bodily 1 2 harm to any employee but does not cause death to any 3 employee, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine in 4 accordance with title 18, United States Code, or by impris-5 onment for not more than 5 years, or by both, except that 6 if the conviction is for a violation committed after a first 7 conviction of such person under this subsection or sub-8 section (f), punishment shall be by a fine in accordance 9 with title 18, United States Code, or by imprisonment for 10 not more than 10 years, or by both.

"(2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term 'employer' means, in addition to the definition contained in
section 3 of this Act, any officer or director.

14 "(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'seri15 ous bodily harm' means bodily injury or illness that in16 volves—

17 "(A) a substantial risk of death;

18 "(B) protracted unconsciousness;

19 "(C) protracted and obvious physical disfigure-20 ment; or

21 "(D) protracted loss or impairment, either tem22 porary or permanent, of the function of a bodily
23 member, organ, or mental faculty.".

(b) JURISDICTION FOR PROSECUTION UNDER STATE
 AND LOCAL CRIMINAL LAWS.—Section 17 is further
 amended by adding at the end the following:

4 "(o) Nothing in this Act shall preclude a State or
5 local law enforcement agency from conducting criminal
6 prosecutions in accordance with the laws of such State or
7 locality.".

8 SEC. 314. PREJUDGMENT INTEREST.

9 Section 17(n) (29 U.S.C. 666(n)) (as redesignated by 10 section 312(a)(5) is amended by adding at the end the following: "Pre-final order interest on such penalties shall 11 12 begin to accrue on the date the party contests a citation 13 issued under this Act, and shall end upon the issuance of the final order. Such pre-final order interest shall be 14 15 calculated at the current underpayment rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 6621 16 17 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and shall be compounded daily. Post-final order interest shall begin to ac-18 19 crue 30 days after the date a final order of the Commis-20 sion or the court is issued, and shall be charged at the 21 rate of 8 percent per year.".

1	TITLE IV—STATE PLANS
2	SEC. 401. CONCURRENT ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY AND
3	REVIEW OF STATE OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY
4	AND HEALTH PLANS.
5	Section 18 (29 U.S.C. 667) is amended—
6	(1) by amending subsection (f) to read as fol-
7	lows:
8	((f)(1) The Secretary shall, on the basis of reports
9	submitted by the State agency and the Secretary's own
10	inspections, make a continuing evaluation of the manner
11	in which each State that has a plan approved under this

1 1 12 section is carrying out such plan. Such evaluation shall 13 include an assessment of whether the State continues to 14 meet the requirements of subsection (c) of this section and any other criteria or indices of effectiveness specified by 15 the Secretary in regulations. Whenever the Secretary 16 finds, on the basis of such evaluation, that in the adminis-17 tration of the State plan there is a failure to comply sub-18 19 stantially with any provision of the State plan (or any assurance contained therein), the Secretary shall make an 20 21initial determination of whether the failure is of such a 22 nature that the plan should be withdrawn or whether the failure is of such a nature that the State should be given 23 24 the opportunity to remedy the deficiencies, and provide no-25 tice of the Secretary's findings and initial determination.

1 "(2) If the Secretary makes an initial determination 2 to reassert and exercise concurrent enforcement authority 3 while the State is given an opportunity to remedy the defi-4 ciencies, the Secretary shall afford the State an oppor-5 tunity for a public hearing within 15 days of such request, 6 provided that such request is made not later than 10 days 7 after Secretary's notice to the State. The Secretary shall 8 review and consider the testimony, evidence, or written 9 comments, and not later than 30 days following such hear-10 ing, make a determination to affirm, reverse, or modify the Secretary's initial determination to reassert and exer-11 cise concurrent enforcement authority under sections 8, 9, 12 13 10, 13, and 17 with respect to standards promulgated 14 under section 6 and obligations under section 5(a). Fol-15 lowing such a determination by the Secretary, or in the event that the State does not request a hearing within the 16 17 time frame set forth in this paragraph, the Secretary may reassert and exercise such concurrent enforcement author-18 19 ity, while a final determination is pending under paragraph (3) or until the Secretary has determined that the 20 21 State has remedied the deficiencies as provided under 22 paragraph (4). Such determination shall be published in 23 the Federal Register. The procedures set forth in subsection (g) shall not apply to a determination by the Sec-24

retary to reassert and exercise such concurrent enforce ment authority.

3 "(3) If the Secretary makes an initial determination 4 that the plan should be withdrawn, the Secretary shall 5 provide due notice and the opportunity for a hearing. If based on the evaluation, comments, and evidence, the Sec-6 7 retary makes a final determination that there is a failure 8 to comply substantially with any provision of the State 9 plan (or any assurance contained therein), the Secretary 10 shall notify the State agency of the withdrawal of approval of such plan and upon receipt of such notice such plan 11 12 shall cease to be in effect, but the State may retain juris-13 diction in any case commenced before the withdrawal of the plan in order to enforce standards under the plan 14 15 whenever the issues involved do not relate to the reasons for the withdrawal of the plan. 16

17 "(4) If the Secretary makes a determination that the State should be provided the opportunity to remedy the 18 19 deficiencies, the Secretary shall provide the State an op-20 portunity to respond to the Secretary's findings and the 21 opportunity to remedy such deficiencies within a time pe-22 riod established by the Secretary, not to exceed 1 year. 23 The Secretary may extend and revise the time period to 24 remedy such deficiencies, if the State's legislature is not 25 in session during this 1-year time period, or if the State

demonstrates that it is not feasible to correct the defi-1 2 ciencies in the time period set by the Secretary, and the 3 State has a plan to correct the deficiencies within a rea-4 sonable time period. If the Secretary finds that the State 5 agency has failed to remedy such deficiencies within the time period specified by the Secretary and that the State 6 7 plan continues to fail to comply substantially with a provi-8 sion of the State plan, the Secretary shall withdraw the 9 State plan as provided for in paragraph (3)."; and

10 (2) by adding at the end the following:

11 "(i) Not later than 18 months after the date of enact-12 ment of this subsection, and again 5 years thereafter, the 13 Comptroller General of the United States shall complete 14 and issue a review of the effectiveness of State plans to 15 develop and enforce safety and health standards to determine if they are at least as effective as the Federal pro-16 17 gram and to evaluate whether the Secretary's oversight 18 of State plans is effective. The Comptroller General's eval-19 uation shall assess—

20 "(1) the effectiveness of the Secretary's over21 sight of State plans, including the indices of effec22 tiveness used by the Secretary;

23 "(2) whether the Secretary's investigations in
24 response to Complaints About State Plan Adminis25 tration (CASPA) are adequate, whether significant

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1	policy issues have been identified by headquarters,
2	and whether corrective actions are fully implemented
3	by each State;
4	((3) whether the formula for the distribution of
5	funds described in section 23(g) to State programs
6	is fair and adequate; and
7	((4) whether State plans are as effective as the
8	Federal program in preventing occupational injuries,
9	illnesses, and deaths, and investigating discrimina-
10	tion complaints, through an evaluation of at least 20
11	percent of approved State plans, and which shall
12	cover—
13	"(A) enforcement effectiveness, including
14	handling of fatalities, serious incidents and
15	complaints, compliance with inspection proce-
16	dures, hazard recognition, verification of abate-
17	ment, violation classification, citation and pen-
18	alty issuance, including appropriate use of will-
19	ful and repeat citations, and employee involve-
20	ment;
21	"(B) inspections, the number of pro-
22	grammed health and safety inspections at pri-
23	vate and public sector establishments, and
24	whether the State targets the highest hazard

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private sector worksites and facilities in that State;

"(C) budget and staffing, including whether the State is providing adequate budget resources to hire, train and retain sufficient numbers of qualified staff, including timely filling of vacancies;

8 "(D) administrative review, including the 9 quality of decisions, consistency with Federal 10 precedence, transparency of proceedings, avail-11 ability of decisions and records to the public, 12 adequacy of State defense, and whether the 13 State appropriately appeals adverse decisions;

14 "(E) anti-discrimination, including whether 15 discrimination complaints are processed in a 16 timely manner, whether supervisors and inves-17 tigators are properly trained to investigate dis-18 crimination complaints, whether a case file re-19 view indicates merit cases are properly identi-20 fied consistent with Federal policy and proce-21 dure, whether employees are notified of their 22 rights, and whether there is an effective process 23 for employees to appeal the dismissal of a com-24 plaint;

48 "(F) program administration, including whether the State's standards and policies are at least as effective as the Federal program and are updated in a timely manner, and whether National Emphasis Programs that are applicable in such States are adopted and implemented

ble in such States are adopted and implemented in a manner that is at least as effective as the Federal program;

9 "(G) whether the State plan satisfies the 10 requirements for approval set forth in this sec-11 tion and its implementing regulations; and

"(H) other such factors identified by the
Comptroller General, or as requested by the
Committee on Education and the Workforce of
the House of Representatives or the Committee
on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of
the Senate.".

18 TITLE V—NATIONAL INSTITUTE

19 FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY 20 AND HEALTH

21 SEC. 501. HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATIONS BY THE NA22 TIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL
23 SAFETY AND HEALTH.

24 Section 20(a)(6) (29 U.S.C. 669(a)(6)) is amended 25 by striking the second sentence and inserting the fol-

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lowing: "The Secretary shall determine following a written 1 2 request by any employer, authorized representative of cur-3 rent or former employees, physician, other Federal agency, 4 or State or local health department, specifying with rea-5 sonable particularity the grounds on which the request is made, whether any substance normally found in the place 6 7 of employment has potentially toxic effects in such con-8 centrations as used or found or whether any physical 9 agents, equipment, or working condition found or used has 10 potentially hazardous effects, and shall submit such determination both to employers and affected employees as 11 12 soon as possible.".

13 TITLE VI—EFFECTIVE DATE

14 SEC. 601. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Except as provided for in subsection (b), this Act and the amendments made by this
Act shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment
of this Act.

(b) EXCEPTION FOR STATES AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.—The following are exceptions to the effective
date described in subsection (a):

(1) A State that has a State plan approved
under section 18 of the Occupational Safety and
Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 667) shall amend its
State plan to conform with the requirements of this

1 Act and the amendments made by this Act not later 2 than 12 months after the date of the enactment of 3 this Act. The Secretary of Labor may extend the pe-4 riod for a State to make such amendments to its 5 State plan by not more than 12 months, if the 6 State's legislature is not in session during the 12-7 month period beginning with the date of the enact-8 ment of this Act. Such amendments to the State 9 plan shall take effect not later than 90 days after 10 the adoption of such amendments by such State.

(2) This Act and the amendments made by this
Act shall take effect not later than 36 months after
the date of the enactment of this Act with respect
to a workplace of a State, or a political subdivision
of a State, that does not have a State plan approved
under such section 18 (29 U.S.C. 667).

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