THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 2304 Session of 2024

INTRODUCED BY HOWARD, VENKAT, KINKEAD, STURLA, KINSEY, SCHLOSSBERG, SHUSTERMAN, DONAHUE, SANCHEZ, HILL-EVANS, PROBST, PIELLI, HOHENSTEIN, O'MARA, SAPPEY, CEPEDA-FREYTIZ, DALEY, KHAN, DELLOSO, CERRATO, BOROWSKI, FLEMING, KRAJEWSKI, MAYES, WAXMAN, ROZZI, ISAACSON, OTTEN, KENYATTA, HANBIDGE, SIEGEL, BRIGGS AND T. DAVIS, MAY 20, 2024

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, MAY 20, 2024

AN ACT

Amending Titles 18 (Crimes and Offenses), 35 (Health and Safety) and 40 (Insurance) of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes, in provisions relating to abortion, repealing provisions 3 relating to short title of chapter and to legislative intent, 4 further providing for definitions, repealing provisions 5 relating to medical consultation and judgment, to informed 7 consent, to parental consent, to abortion facilities, to printed information, to Commonwealth interference prohibited, 8 to spousal notice, to determination of gestational age, to 9 abortion on unborn child of 24 or more weeks gestational age, 10 to infanticide, to prohibited acts and to reporting, further 11 providing for publicly owned facilities, public officials and 12 public funds and for fetal experimentation and repealing 13 provisions relating to civil penalties, to criminal 14 penalties, to State Board of Medicine and State Board of 15 16 Osteopathic Medicine and to construction; providing for reproductive rights; repealing provisions relating to 17 compliance with Federal health care legislation as to 18 19 regulation of insurers and related persons generally; 20 imposing penalties; and making an editorial change. 21 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 22 hereby enacts as follows: 23 Section 1. Chapter 32 heading of Title 18 of the 24 Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes is amended to read: 25 CHAPTER 32

1	[ABORTION]
2	REPRODUCTIVE OFFENSES
3	Section 2. Sections 3201 and 3202 of Title 18 are repealed:
4	[§ 3201. Short title of chapter.
5	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Abortion
6	Control Act."
7	§ 3202. Legislative intent.
8	(a) Rights and interests It is the intention of the
9	General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to protect
10	hereby the life and health of the woman subject to abortion and
11	to protect the life and health of the child subject to abortion.
12	It is the further intention of the General Assembly to foster
13	the development of standards of professional conduct in a
14	critical area of medical practice, to provide for development of
15	statistical data and to protect the right of the minor woman
16	voluntarily to decide to submit to abortion or to carry her
17	child to term. The General Assembly finds as fact that the
18	rights and interests furthered by this chapter are not secure in
19	the context in which abortion is presently performed.
20	(b) Conclusions Reliable and convincing evidence has
21	compelled the General Assembly to conclude and the General
22	Assembly does hereby solemnly declare and find that:
23	(1) Many women now seek or are encouraged to undergo

- 2 24 abortions without full knowledge of the development of the 25 unborn child or of alternatives to abortion.
- 26 The gestational age at which viability of an unborn 27 child occurs has been lowering substantially and steadily as 28 advances in neonatal medical care continue to be made.
- (3) A significant number of late-term abortions result 29 30 in live births, or in delivery of children who could survive

- if measures were taken to bring about breathing. Some
- 2 physicians have been allowing these children to die or have
- been failing to induce breathing.
- 4 (4) Because the Commonwealth places a supreme value upon
- 5 protecting human life, it is necessary that those physicians
- which it permits to practice medicine be held to precise
- 7 standards of care in cases where their actions do or may
- 8 result in the death of an unborn child.
- 9 (5) A reasonable waiting period, as contained in this
- 10 chapter, is critical to the assurance that a woman elect to
- 11 undergo an abortion procedure only after having the fullest
- opportunity to give her informed consent thereto.
- (c) Construction. -- In every relevant civil or criminal
- 14 proceeding in which it is possible to do so without violating
- 15 the Federal Constitution, the common and statutory law of
- 16 Pennsylvania shall be construed so as to extend to the unborn
- 17 the equal protection of the laws and to further the public
- 18 policy of this Commonwealth encouraging childbirth over
- 19 abortion.
- 20 (d) Right of conscience. -- It is the further public policy of
- 21 the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to respect and protect the
- 22 right of conscience of all persons who refuse to obtain,
- 23 receive, subsidize, accept or provide abortions including those
- 24 persons who are engaged in the delivery of medical services and
- 25 medical care whether acting individually, corporately or in
- 26 association with other persons; and to prohibit all forms of
- 27 discrimination, disqualification, coercion, disability or
- 28 imposition of liability or financial burden upon such persons or
- 29 entities by reason of their refusing to act contrary to their
- 30 conscience or conscientious convictions in refusing to obtain,

- 1 receive, subsidize, accept or provide abortions.]
- 2 Section 3. Section 3203 of Title 18 is amended to read:
- 3 § 3203. Definitions.
- 4 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
- 5 shall have, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the
- 6 meanings given to them in this section:
- 7 "Abortion." [The use of any means to terminate the
- 8 clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a woman with knowledge that
- 9 the termination by those means will, with reasonable likelihood,
- 10 cause the death of the unborn child except that, for the
- 11 purposes of this chapter, abortion shall not mean the use of an
- 12 intrauterine device or birth control pill to inhibit or prevent
- 13 ovulation, fertilization or the implantation of a fertilized
- 14 ovum within the uterus.] A medical treatment that is intended to
- 15 terminate a diagnosable intrauterine pregnancy for a purpose
- 16 other than to produce a live birth. The term does not include:
- 17 <u>(1) medical treatment to remove a dead fetus or embryo</u>
- 18 whose death was the result of a spontaneous abortion; or
- 19 (2) the use or prescription of a drug or device that
- 20 prevents pregnancy.
- 21 "Born alive." When used with regard to a human being, means
- 22 that the human being was completely expelled or extracted from
- 23 her or his mother and after such separation breathed or showed
- 24 evidence of any of the following: beating of the heart,
- 25 pulsation of the umbilical cord, definite movement of voluntary
- 26 muscles or any brain-wave activity.
- 27 ["Complication." Includes but is not limited to hemorrhage,
- 28 infection, uterine perforation, cervical laceration and retained
- 29 products. The department may further define complication.
- "Conscience." A sincerely held set of moral convictions

- 1 arising from belief in and relation to a deity or which, though
- 2 not so derived, obtains from a place in the life of its
- 3 possessor parallel to that filled by a deity among adherents to
- 4 religious faiths.]
- 5 "Department." The Department of Health of the Commonwealth
- 6 of Pennsylvania.
- 7 ["Facility" or "medical facility." Any public or private
- 8 hospital, clinic, center, medical school, medical training
- 9 institution, health care facility, physician's office,
- 10 infirmary, dispensary, ambulatory surgical treatment center or
- 11 other institution or location wherein medical care is provided
- 12 to any person.]
- "Fertilization" and "conception." Each term shall mean the
- 14 fusion of a human spermatozoon with a human ovum.
- 15 ["First trimester." The first 12 weeks of gestation.
- "Gestational age." The age of the unborn child as calculated
- 17 from the first day of the last menstrual period of the pregnant
- 18 woman.
- "Hospital." An institution licensed pursuant to the
- 20 provisions of the law of this Commonwealth.
- "In vitro fertilization." The purposeful fertilization of a
- 22 human ovum outside the body of a living human female.
- "Medical emergency." That condition which, on the basis of
- 24 the physician's good faith clinical judgment, so complicates the
- 25 medical condition of a pregnant woman as to necessitate the
- 26 immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or for
- 27 which a delay will create serious risk of substantial and
- 28 irreversible impairment of major bodily function.
- "Medical personnel." Any nurse, nurse's aide, medical school
- 30 student, professional or any other person who furnishes, or

- 1 assists in the furnishing of, medical care.
- Physician." Any person licensed to practice medicine in
- 3 this Commonwealth. The term includes medical doctors and doctors
- 4 of osteopathy.
- 5 "Pregnancy" and "pregnant." Each term shall mean that female
- 6 reproductive condition of having a developing fetus in the body
- 7 and commences with fertilization.
- 8 "Probable gestational age of the unborn child." What, in the
- 9 judgment of the attending physician, will with reasonable
- 10 probability be the gestational age of the unborn child at the
- 11 time the abortion is planned to be performed.]
- 12 "Unborn child" and "fetus." [Each term shall mean an
- 13 individual organism of the species homo sapiens from
- 14 fertilization until live birth.] A fertilized human embryo or
- 15 <u>fetus developing after implantation in a human uterus until</u>
- 16 birth.
- 17 ["Viability." That stage of fetal development when, in the
- 18 judgment of the physician based on the particular facts of the
- 19 case before him and in light of the most advanced medical
- 20 technology and information available to him, there is a
- 21 reasonable likelihood of sustained survival of the unborn child
- 22 outside the body of his or her mother, with or without
- 23 artificial support.]
- 24 Section 4. Sections 3204, 3205, 3206, 3207, 3208, 3208.1,
- 25 3209, 3210, 3211, 3212, 3213 and 3214 of Title 18 are repealed:
- 26 [§ 3204. Medical consultation and judgment.
- 27 (a) Abortion prohibited; exceptions. -- No abortion shall be
- 28 performed except by a physician after either:
- (1) he determines that, in his best clinical judgment,
- 30 the abortion is necessary; or

- 1 (2) he receives what he reasonably believes to be a
- written statement signed by another physician, hereinafter
- 3 called the "referring physician," certifying that in this
- 4 referring physician's best clinical judgment the abortion is
- 5 necessary.
- 6 (b) Requirements.--Except in a medical emergency where there
- 7 is insufficient time before the abortion is performed, the woman
- 8 upon whom the abortion is to be performed shall have a private
- 9 medical consultation either with the physician who is to perform
- 10 the abortion or with the referring physician. The consultation
- 11 will be in a place, at a time and of a duration reasonably
- 12 sufficient to enable the physician to determine whether, based
- on his best clinical judgment, the abortion is necessary.
- 14 (c) Factors. -- In determining in accordance with subsection
- 15 (a) or (b) whether an abortion is necessary, a physician's best
- 16 clinical judgment may be exercised in the light of all factors
- 17 (physical, emotional, psychological, familial and the woman's
- 18 age) relevant to the well-being of the woman. No abortion which
- 19 is sought solely because of the sex of the unborn child shall be
- 20 deemed a necessary abortion.
- 21 (d) Penalty. -- Any person who intentionally, knowingly or
- 22 recklessly violates the provisions of this section commits a
- 23 felony of the third degree, and any physician who violates the
- 24 provisions of this section is quilty of "unprofessional conduct"
- and his license for the practice of medicine and surgery shall
- 26 be subject to suspension or revocation in accordance with
- 27 procedures provided under the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109,
- 28 No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the act
- 29 of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical
- 30 Practice Act of 1985, or their successor acts.

- 1 § 3205. Informed consent.
- 2 (a) General rule. -- No abortion shall be performed or induced
- 3 except with the voluntary and informed consent of the woman upon
- 4 whom the abortion is to be performed or induced. Except in the
- 5 case of a medical emergency, consent to an abortion is voluntary
- 6 and informed if and only if:
- 7 (1) At least 24 hours prior to the abortion, the 8 physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring
- 9 physician has orally informed the woman of:
- (i) The nature of the proposed procedure or
 treatment and of those risks and alternatives to the
 procedure or treatment that a reasonable patient would
 consider material to the decision of whether or not to
 undergo the abortion.
 - (ii) The probable gestational age of the unborn child at the time the abortion is to be performed.
- (iii) The medical risks associated with carrying her child to term.
- 19 (2) At least 24 hours prior to the abortion, the
 20 physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring
 21 physician, or a qualified physician assistant, health care
 22 practitioner, technician or social worker to whom the
 23 responsibility has been delegated by either physician, has
 24 informed the pregnant woman that:
 - (i) The department publishes printed materials which describe the unborn child and list agencies which offer alternatives to abortion and that she has a right to review the printed materials and that a copy will be provided to her free of charge if she chooses to review it.

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(ii) Medical assistance benefits may be available 1 2 for prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care, and that 3 more detailed information on the availability of such assistance is contained in the printed materials 4 published by the department. 5 The father of the unborn child is liable to 6 (iii) 7 assist in the support of her child, even in instances 8 where he has offered to pay for the abortion. In the case 9 of rape, this information may be omitted. 10 (3) A copy of the printed materials has been provided to the pregnant woman if she chooses to view these materials. 11 (4) The pregnant woman certifies in writing, prior to 12 the abortion, that the information required to be provided 13 under paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) has been provided. 14 (b) Emergency. -- Where a medical emergency compels the 15 performance of an abortion, the physician shall inform the 16 woman, prior to the abortion if possible, of the medical 17 18 indications supporting his judgment that an abortion is 19 necessary to avert her death or to avert substantial and 20 irreversible impairment of major bodily function. 21 (c) Penalty. -- Any physician who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of "unprofessional conduct" and his 22 23 license for the practice of medicine and surgery shall be 24 subject to suspension or revocation in accordance with 25 procedures provided under the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the act 26

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certification required by subsection (a) (4) or with knowledge or

Practice Act of 1985, or their successor acts. Any physician who

of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical

performs or induces an abortion without first obtaining the

- 1 reason to know that the informed consent of the woman has not
- 2 been obtained shall for the first offense be quilty of a summary
- 3 offense and for each subsequent offense be quilty of a
- 4 misdemeanor of the third degree. No physician shall be guilty of
- 5 violating this section for failure to furnish the information
- 6 required by subsection (a) if he or she can demonstrate, by a
- 7 preponderance of the evidence, that he or she reasonably
- 8 believed that furnishing the information would have resulted in
- 9 a severely adverse effect on the physical or mental health of
- 10 the patient.
- 11 (d) Limitation on civil liability. -- Any physician who
- 12 complies with the provisions of this section may not be held
- 13 civilly liable to his patient for failure to obtain informed
- 14 consent to the abortion within the meaning of that term as
- defined by the act of October 15, 1975 (P.L.390, No.111), known
- 16 as the Health Care Services Malpractice Act.
- 17 § 3206. Parental consent.
- 18 (a) General rule. -- Except in the case of a medical
- 19 emergency, or except as provided in this section, if a pregnant
- 20 woman is less than 18 years of age and not emancipated, or if
- 21 she has been adjudged an incapacitated person under 20 Pa.C.S. §
- 22 5511 (relating to petition and hearing; independent evaluation),
- 23 a physician shall not perform an abortion upon her unless, in
- 24 the case of a woman who is less than 18 years of age, he first
- 25 obtains the informed consent both of the pregnant woman and of
- 26 one of her parents; or, in the case of a woman who is an
- 27 incapacitated person, he first obtains the informed consent of
- 28 her guardian. In deciding whether to grant such consent, a
- 29 pregnant woman's parent or guardian shall consider only their
- 30 child's or ward's best interests. In the case of a pregnancy

- 1 that is the result of incest where the father is a party to the
- 2 incestuous act, the pregnant woman need only obtain the consent
- 3 of her mother.
- 4 (b) Unavailability of parent or guardian. -- If both parents
- 5 have died or are otherwise unavailable to the physician within a
- 6 reasonable time and in a reasonable manner, consent of the
- 7 pregnant woman's quardian or quardians shall be sufficient. If
- 8 the pregnant woman's parents are divorced, consent of the parent
- 9 having custody shall be sufficient. If neither any parent nor a
- 10 legal guardian is available to the physician within a reasonable
- 11 time and in a reasonable manner, consent of any adult person
- 12 standing in loco parentis shall be sufficient.
- (c) Petition to court for consent.--If both of the parents
- 14 or guardians of the pregnant woman refuse to consent to the
- 15 performance of an abortion or if she elects not to seek the
- 16 consent of either of her parents or of her guardian, the court
- 17 of common pleas of the judicial district in which the applicant
- 18 resides or in which the abortion is sought shall, upon petition
- 19 or motion, after an appropriate hearing, authorize a physician
- 20 to perform the abortion if the court determines that the
- 21 pregnant woman is mature and capable of giving informed consent
- 22 to the proposed abortion, and has, in fact, given such consent.
- 23 (d) Court order.--If the court determines that the pregnant
- 24 woman is not mature and capable of giving informed consent or if
- 25 the pregnant woman does not claim to be mature and capable of
- 26 giving informed consent, the court shall determine whether the
- 27 performance of an abortion upon her would be in her best
- 28 interests. If the court determines that the performance of an
- 29 abortion would be in the best interests of the woman, it shall
- 30 authorize a physician to perform the abortion.

1 (e) Representation in proceedings. -- The pregnant woman may

2 participate in proceedings in the court on her own behalf and

the court may appoint a quardian ad litem to assist her. The 3

court shall, however, advise her that she has a right to court 4

5 appointed counsel, and shall provide her with such counsel

unless she wishes to appear with private counsel or has 6

7 knowingly and intelligently waived representation by counsel.

Proceedings. --

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- (1) Court proceedings under this section shall be confidential and shall be given such precedence over other pending matters as will ensure that the court may reach a decision promptly and without delay in order to serve the best interests of the pregnant woman. In no case shall the court of common pleas fail to rule within three business days of the date of application. A court of common pleas which conducts proceedings under this section shall make in writing specific factual findings and legal conclusions supporting its decision and shall, upon the initial filing of the minor's petition for judicial authorization of an abortion, order a sealed record of the petition, pleadings, submissions, transcripts, exhibits, orders, evidence and any other written material to be maintained which shall include its own findings and conclusions.
 - The application to the court of common pleas shall be accompanied by a non-notarized verification stating that the information therein is true and correct to the best of the applicant's knowledge, and the application shall set forth the following facts:
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- 29 (i) The initials of the pregnant woman.
- The age of the pregnant woman. 30 (ii)

1	(iii) The names and addresses of each parent,
2	guardian or, if the minor's parents are deceased and no
3	guardian has been appointed, any other person standing in
4	loco parentis to the minor.
5	(iv) That the pregnant woman has been fully informed
6	of the risks and consequences of the abortion.
7	(v) Whether the pregnant woman is of sound mind and
8	has sufficient intellectual capacity to consent to the
9	abortion.
10	(vi) A prayer for relief asking the court to either
11	grant the pregnant woman full capacity for the purpose of
12	personal consent to the abortion, or to give judicial
13	consent to the abortion under subsection (d) based upon a
14	finding that the abortion is in the best interest of the
15	pregnant woman.
16	(vii) That the pregnant woman is aware that any
17	false statements made in the application are punishable
18	by law.
19	(viii) The signature of the pregnant woman. Where
20	necessary to serve the interest of justice, the orphans'
21	court division, or, in Philadelphia, the family court
22	division, shall refer the pregnant woman to the
23	appropriate personnel for assistance in preparing the
24	application.
25	(3) The name of the pregnant woman shall not be entered
26	on any docket which is subject to public inspection. All
27	persons shall be excluded from hearings under this section
28	except the applicant and such other persons whose presence is
29	specifically requested by the applicant or her guardian.
30	(4) At the hearing, the court shall hear evidence

- 1 relating to the emotional development, maturity, intellect
- and understanding of the pregnant woman, the fact and
- duration of her pregnancy, the nature, possible consequences
- 4 and alternatives to the abortion and any other evidence that
- 5 the court may find useful in determining whether the pregnant
- 6 woman should be granted full capacity for the purpose of
- 7 consenting to the abortion or whether the abortion is in the
- 8 best interest of the pregnant woman. The court shall also
- 9 notify the pregnant woman at the hearing that it must rule on
- her application within three business days of the date of its
- filing and that, should the court fail to rule in favor of
- her application within the allotted time, she has the right
- to appeal to the Superior Court.
- (g) Coercion prohibited. -- Except in a medical emergency, no
- 15 parent, guardian or other person standing in loco parentis shall
- 16 coerce a minor or incapacitated woman to undergo an abortion.
- 17 Any minor or incapacitated woman who is threatened with such
- 18 coercion may apply to a court of common pleas for relief. The
- 19 court shall provide the minor or incapacitated woman with
- 20 counsel, give the matter expedited consideration and grant such
- 21 relief as may be necessary to prevent such coercion. Should a
- 22 minor be denied the financial support of her parents by reason
- 23 of her refusal to undergo abortion, she shall be considered
- 24 emancipated for purposes of eligibility for assistance benefits.
- 25 (h) Regulation of proceedings. -- No filing fees shall be
- 26 required of any woman availing herself of the procedures
- 27 provided by this section. An expedited confidential appeal shall
- 28 be available to any pregnant woman whom the court fails to grant
- 29 an order authorizing an abortion within the time specified in
- 30 this section. Any court to which an appeal is taken under this

- 1 section shall give prompt and confidential attention thereto and
- 2 shall rule thereon within five business days of the filing of
- 3 the appeal. The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania may issue such
- 4 rules as may further assure that the process provided in this
- 5 section is conducted in such a manner as will ensure
- 6 confidentiality and sufficient precedence over other pending
- 7 matters to ensure promptness of disposition.
- 8 (i) Penalty. -- Any person who performs an abortion upon a
- 9 woman who is an unemancipated minor or incapacitated person to
- 10 whom this section applies either with knowledge that she is a
- 11 minor or incapacitated person to whom this section applies, or
- 12 with reckless disregard or negligence as to whether she is a
- 13 minor or incapacitated person to whom this section applies, and
- 14 who intentionally, knowingly or recklessly fails to conform to
- any requirement of this section is guilty of "unprofessional
- 16 conduct" and his license for the practice of medicine and
- 17 surgery shall be suspended in accordance with procedures
- 18 provided under the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261),
- 19 known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the act of
- 20 December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical
- 21 Practice Act of 1985, or their successor acts, for a period of
- 22 at least three months. Failure to comply with the requirements
- 23 of this section is prima facie evidence of failure to obtain
- 24 informed consent and of interference with family relations in
- 25 appropriate civil actions. The law of this Commonwealth shall
- 26 not be construed to preclude the award of exemplary damages or
- 27 damages for emotional distress even if unaccompanied by physical
- 28 complications in any appropriate civil action relevant to
- 29 violations of this section. Nothing in this section shall be
- 30 construed to limit the common law rights of parents.

- 1 § 3207. Abortion facilities.
- 2 (a) Regulations. -- The department shall have power to make
- 3 rules and regulations pursuant to this chapter, with respect to
- 4 performance of abortions and with respect to facilities in which
- 5 abortions are performed, so as to protect the health and safety
- 6 of women having abortions and of premature infants aborted
- 7 alive. These rules and regulations shall include, but not be
- 8 limited to, procedures, staff, equipment and laboratory testing
- 9 requirements for all facilities offering abortion services.
- 10 (b) Reports. -- Within 30 days after the effective date of
- 11 this chapter, every facility at which abortions are performed
- 12 shall file, and update immediately upon any change, a report
- 13 with the department, containing the following information:
- 14 (1) Name and address of the facility.
- (2) Name and address of any parent, subsidiary or
- affiliated organizations, corporations or associations.
- 17 (3) Name and address of any parent, subsidiary or
- affiliated organizations, corporations or associations having
- contemporaneous commonality of ownership, beneficial
- 20 interest, directorship or officership with any other
- 21 facility.
- 22 The information contained in those reports which are filed
- 23 pursuant to this subsection by facilities which receive State-
- 24 appropriated funds during the 12-calendar-month period
- 25 immediately preceding a request to inspect or copy such reports
- 26 shall be deemed public information. Reports filed by facilities
- 27 which do not receive State-appropriated funds shall only be
- 28 available to law enforcement officials, the State Board of
- 29 Medicine and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine for use in
- 30 the performance of their official duties. Any facility failing

- 1 to comply with the provisions of this subsection shall be
- 2 assessed by the department a fine of \$500 for each day it is in
- 3 violation hereof.
- 4 § 3208. Printed information.
- 5 (a) General rule. -- The department shall cause to be
- 6 published in English, Spanish and Vietnamese, within 60 days
- 7 after this chapter becomes law, and shall update on an annual
- 8 basis, the following easily comprehensible printed materials:
- 9 (1) Geographically indexed materials designed to inform
- 10 the woman of public and private agencies and services
- available to assist a woman through pregnancy, upon
- childbirth and while the child is dependent, including
- adoption agencies, which shall include a comprehensive list
- of the agencies available, a description of the services they
- offer and a description of the manner, including telephone
- numbers, in which they might be contacted, or, at the option
- of the department, printed materials including a toll-free,
- 18 24-hour a day telephone number which may be called to obtain,
- orally, such a list and description of agencies in the
- locality of the caller and of the services they offer. The
- 21 materials shall provide information on the availability of
- medical assistance benefits for prenatal care, childbirth and
- neonatal care, and state that it is unlawful for any
- 24 individual to coerce a woman to undergo abortion, that any
- 25 physician who performs an abortion upon a woman without
- obtaining her informed consent or without according her a
- 27 private medical consultation may be liable to her for damages
- in a civil action at law, that the father of a child is
- 29 liable to assist in the support of that child, even in
- instances where the father has offered to pay for an abortion

and that the law permits adoptive parents to pay costs of prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care.

Materials designed to inform the woman of the

- probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of the 4 5 unborn child at two-week gestational increments from fertilization to full term, including pictures representing 6 7 the development of unborn children at two-week gestational 8 increments, and any relevant information on the possibility 9 of the unborn child's survival; provided that any such 10 pictures or drawings must contain the dimensions of the fetus 11 and must be realistic and appropriate for the woman's stage 12 of pregnancy. The materials shall be objective, nonjudgmental 13 and designed to convey only accurate scientific information 14 about the unborn child at the various gestational ages. The material shall also contain objective information describing 15
- medical risks commonly associated with each such procedure, the possible detrimental psychological effects of abortion

the methods of abortion procedures commonly employed, the

- and the medical risks commonly associated with each such
- 20 procedure and the medical risks commonly associated with
- carrying a child to term.
- 22 (b) Format. -- The materials shall be printed in a typeface
- 23 large enough to be clearly legible.
- (c) Free distribution. -- The materials required under this
- 25 section shall be available at no cost from the department upon
- 26 request and in appropriate number to any person, facility or
- 27 hospital.

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- § 3208.1. Commonwealth interference prohibited.
- The Commonwealth shall not interfere with the use of
- 30 medically appropriate methods of contraception or the manner in

- 1 which medically appropriate methods of contraception are
- 2 provided.
- 3 § 3209. Spousal notice.
- 4 (a) Spousal notice required. -- In order to further the
- 5 Commonwealth's interest in promoting the integrity of the
- 6 marital relationship and to protect a spouse's interests in
- 7 having children within marriage and in protecting the prenatal
- 8 life of that spouse's child, no physician shall perform an
- 9 abortion on a married woman, except as provided in subsections
- 10 (b) and (c), unless he or she has received a signed statement,
- 11 which need not be notarized, from the woman upon whom the
- 12 abortion is to be performed, that she has notified her spouse
- 13 that she is about to undergo an abortion. The statement shall
- 14 bear a notice that any false statement made therein is
- 15 punishable by law.
- 16 (b) Exceptions. -- The statement certifying that the notice
- 17 required by subsection (a) has been given need not be furnished
- 18 where the woman provides the physician a signed statement
- 19 certifying at least one of the following:
- (1) Her spouse is not the father of the child.
- 21 (2) Her spouse, after diligent effort, could not be
- located.
- 23 (3) The pregnancy is a result of spousal sexual assault
- as described in section 3128 (relating to spousal sexual
- assault), which has been reported to a law enforcement agency
- having the requisite jurisdiction.
- 27 (4) The woman has reason to believe that the furnishing
- of notice to her spouse is likely to result in the infliction
- of bodily injury upon her by her spouse or by another
- individual.

- 1 Such statement need not be notarized, but shall bear a notice
- 2 that any false statements made therein are punishable by law.
- 3 (c) Medical emergency. -- The requirements of subsection (a)
- 4 shall not apply in case of a medical emergency.
- 5 (d) Forms. -- The department shall cause to be published forms
- 6 which may be utilized for purposes of providing the signed
- 7 statements required by subsections (a) and (b). The department
- 8 shall distribute an adequate supply of such forms to all
- 9 abortion facilities in this Commonwealth.
- 10 (e) Penalty; civil action. -- Any physician who violates the
- 11 provisions of this section is guilty of "unprofessional
- 12 conduct," and his or her license for the practice of medicine
- 13 and surgery shall be subject to suspension or revocation in
- 14 accordance with procedures provided under the act of October 5,
- 15 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical
- Practice Act, the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112),
- 17 known as the Medical Practice Act of 1985, or their successor
- 18 acts. In addition, any physician who knowingly violates the
- 19 provisions of this section shall be civilly liable to the spouse
- 20 who is the father of the aborted child for any damages caused
- 21 thereby and for punitive damages in the amount of \$5,000, and
- 22 the court shall award a prevailing plaintiff a reasonable
- 23 attorney fee as part of costs.
- 24 § 3210. Determination of gestational age.
- 25 (a) Requirement. -- Except in the case of a medical emergency
- 26 which prevents compliance with this section, no abortion shall
- 27 be performed or induced unless the referring physician or the
- 28 physician performing or inducing it has first made a
- 29 determination of the probable gestational age of the unborn
- 30 child. In making such determination, the physician shall make

- 1 such inquiries of the patient and perform or cause to be
- 2 performed such medical examinations and tests as a prudent
- 3 physician would consider necessary to make or perform in making
- 4 an accurate diagnosis with respect to gestational age. The
- 5 physician who performs or induces the abortion shall report the
- 6 type of inquiries made and the type of examinations and tests
- 7 utilized to determine the gestational age of the unborn child
- 8 and the basis for the diagnosis with respect to gestational age
- 9 on forms provided by the department.
- 10 (b) Penalty. -- Failure of any physician to conform to any
- 11 requirement of this section constitutes "unprofessional conduct"
- 12 within the meaning of the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109,
- 13 No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the act
- of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical
- 15 Practice Act of 1985, or their successor acts. Upon a finding by
- 16 the State Board of Medicine or the State Board of Osteopathic
- 17 Medicine that any physician has failed to conform to any
- 18 requirement of this section, the board shall not fail to suspend
- 19 that physician's license for a period of at least three months.
- 20 Intentional, knowing or reckless falsification of any report
- 21 required under this section is a misdemeanor of the third
- 22 degree.
- 23 § 3211. Abortion on unborn child of 24 or more weeks
- gestational age.
- 25 (a) Prohibition.--Except as provided in subsection (b), no
- 26 person shall perform or induce an abortion upon another person
- 27 when the gestational age of the unborn child is 24 or more
- 28 weeks.
- (b) Exceptions.--
- 30 (1) It shall not be a violation of subsection (a) if an

abortion is performed by a physician and that physician

2 reasonably believes that it is necessary to prevent either

3 the death of the pregnant woman or the substantial and

4 irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the

woman. No abortion shall be deemed authorized under this

paragraph if performed on the basis of a claim or a diagnosis

that the woman will engage in conduct which would result in

her death or in substantial and irreversible impairment of a

major bodily function.

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- (2) It shall not be a violation of subsection (a) if the abortion is performed by a physician and that physician reasonably believes, after making a determination of the gestational age of the unborn child in compliance with section 3210 (relating to determination of gestational age), that the unborn child is less than 24 weeks gestational age.
- (c) Abortion regulated.--Except in the case of a medical
 emergency which, in the reasonable medical judgment of the
 physician performing the abortion, prevents compliance with a
 particular requirement of this subsection, no abortion which is
 authorized under subsection (b) (1) shall be performed unless
 each of the following conditions is met:
 - (1) The physician performing the abortion certifies in writing that, based upon his medical examination of the pregnant woman and his medical judgment, the abortion is necessary to prevent either the death of the pregnant woman or the substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the woman.
 - (2) Such physician's judgment with respect to the necessity for the abortion has been concurred in by one other licensed physician who certifies in writing that, based upon

- 1 his or her separate personal medical examination of the
- 2 pregnant woman and his or her medical judgment, the abortion
- is necessary to prevent either the death of the pregnant
- 4 woman or the substantial and irreversible impairment of a
- 5 major bodily function of the woman.
- 6 (3) The abortion is performed in a hospital.
- 7 (4) The physician terminates the pregnancy in a manner
- 8 which provides the best opportunity for the unborn child to
- 9 survive, unless the physician determines, in his or her good
- faith medical judgment, that termination of the pregnancy in
- 11 that manner poses a significantly greater risk either of the
- death of the pregnant woman or the substantial and
- irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the
- woman than would other available methods.
- 15 (5) The physician performing the abortion arranges for
- 16 the attendance, in the same room in which the abortion is to
- 17 be completed, of a second physician who shall take control of
- 18 the child immediately after complete extraction from the
- mother and shall provide immediate medical care for the
- 20 child, taking all reasonable steps necessary to preserve the
- child's life and health.
- 22 (d) Penalty. -- Any person who violates subsection (a) commits
- 23 a felony of the third degree. Any person who violates subsection
- 24 (c) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree for the first
- 25 offense and a misdemeanor of the first degree for subsequent
- offenses.
- § 3212. Infanticide.
- 28 (a) Status of fetus. -- The law of this Commonwealth shall not
- 29 be construed to imply that any human being born alive in the
- 30 course of or as a result of an abortion or pregnancy

- 1 termination, no matter what may be that human being's chance of
- 2 survival, is not a person under the Constitution and laws of
- 3 this Commonwealth.
- 4 (b) Care required.--All physicians and licensed medical
- 5 personnel attending a child who is born alive during the course
- 6 of an abortion or premature delivery, or after being carried to
- 7 term, shall provide such child that type and degree of care and
- 8 treatment which, in the good faith judgment of the physician, is
- 9 commonly and customarily provided to any other person under
- 10 similar conditions and circumstances. Any individual who
- 11 intentionally, knowingly or recklessly violates the provisions
- 12 of this subsection commits a felony of the third degree.
- (c) Obligation of physician. -- Whenever the physician or any
- 14 other person is prevented by lack of parental or quardian
- 15 consent from fulfilling his obligations under subsection (b), he
- 16 shall nonetheless fulfill said obligations and immediately
- 17 notify the juvenile court of the facts of the case. The juvenile
- 18 court shall immediately institute an inquiry and, if it finds
- 19 that the lack of parental or guardian consent is preventing
- 20 treatment required under subsection (b), it shall immediately
- 21 grant injunctive relief to require such treatment.
- 22 § 3213. Prohibited acts.
- 23 (a) Payment for abortion. -- Except in the case of a pregnancy
- 24 which is not yet clinically diagnosable, any person who intends
- 25 to perform or induce abortion shall, before accepting payment
- 26 therefor, make or obtain a determination that the woman is
- 27 pregnant. Any person who intentionally or knowingly accepts such
- 28 a payment without first making or obtaining such a determination
- 29 commits a misdemeanor of the second degree. Any person who makes
- 30 such a determination erroneously either knowing that it is

- 1 erroneous or with reckless disregard or negligence as to whether
- 2 it is erroneous, and who either:
- 3 (1) thereupon or thereafter intentionally relies upon
- 4 that determination in soliciting or obtaining any such
- 5 payment; or
- 6 (2) intentionally conveys that determination to any
- 7 person or persons with knowledge that, or with reckless
- 8 disregard as to whether, that determination will be relied
- 9 upon in any solicitation or obtaining of any such payment;
- 10 commits a misdemeanor of the second degree.
- 11 (b) Referral fee. -- The payment or receipt of a referral fee
- 12 in connection with the performance of an abortion is a
- 13 misdemeanor of the first degree. For purposes of this section,
- 14 "referral fee" means the transfer of anything of value between a
- 15 physician who performs an abortion or an operator or employee of
- 16 a clinic at which an abortion is performed and the person who
- 17 advised the woman receiving the abortion to use the services of
- 18 that physician or clinic.
- (c) Regulations. -- The department shall issue regulations to
- 20 assure that prior to the performance of any abortion, including
- 21 abortions performed in the first trimester of pregnancy, the
- 22 maternal Rh status shall be determined and that anti-Rh
- 23 sensitization prophylaxis shall be provided to each patient at
- 24 risk of sensitization unless the patient refuses to accept the
- 25 treatment. Except when there exists a medical emergency or, in
- 26 the judgment of the physician, there exists no possibility of Rh
- 27 sensitization, the intentional, knowing, or reckless failure to
- 28 conform to the regulations issued pursuant to this subsection
- 29 constitutes "unprofessional conduct" and his license for the
- 30 practice of medicine and surgery shall be subject to suspension

- 1 or revocation in accordance with procedures provided under the
- 2 act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the
- 3 Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the act of December 20, 1985
- 4 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical Practice Act of 1985, or
- 5 their successor acts.
- 6 (d) Participation in abortion. -- Except for a facility
- 7 devoted exclusively to the performance of abortions, no medical
- 8 personnel or medical facility, nor any employee, agent or
- 9 student thereof, shall be required against his or its conscience
- 10 to aid, abet or facilitate performance of an abortion or
- 11 dispensing of an abortifacient and failure or refusal to do so
- 12 shall not be a basis for any civil, criminal, administrative or
- 13 disciplinary action, penalty or proceeding, nor may it be the
- 14 basis for refusing to hire or admit anyone. Nothing herein shall
- 15 be construed to limit the provisions of the act of October 27,
- 16 1955 (P.L.744, No.222), known as the "Pennsylvania Human
- 17 Relations Act." Any person who knowingly violates the provisions
- 18 of this subsection shall be civilly liable to the person thereby
- 19 injured and, in addition, shall be liable to that person for
- 20 punitive damages in the amount of \$5,000.
- 21 (e) In vitro fertilization. -- All persons conducting, or
- 22 experimenting in, in vitro fertilization shall file quarterly
- 23 reports with the department, which shall be available for public
- 24 inspection and copying, containing the following information:
- (1) Names of all persons conducting or assisting in the
- fertilization or experimentation process.
- 27 (2) Locations where the fertilization or experimentation
- is conducted.
- 29 (3) Name and address of any person, facility, agency or
- 30 organization sponsoring the fertilization or experimentation

- 1 except that names of any persons who are donors or recipients
- of sperm or eggs shall not be disclosed.
- 3 (4) Number of eggs fertilized.
- 4 (5) Number of fertilized eggs destroyed or discarded.
- 5 (6) Number of women implanted with a fertilized egg.
- 6 Any person required under this subsection to file a report, keep
- 7 records or supply information, who willfully fails to file such
- 8 report, keep records or supply such information or who submits a
- 9 false report shall be assessed a fine by the department in the
- 10 amount of \$50 for each day in which that person is in violation
- 11 hereof.
- 12 (f) Notice.--
- (1) Except for a facility devoted exclusively to the
- performance of abortions, every facility performing abortions
- shall prominently post a notice, not less than eight and one-
- half inches by eleven inches in size, entitled "Right of
- 17 Conscience, " for the exclusive purpose of informing medical
- 18 personnel, employees, agents and students of such facilities
- of their rights under subsection (d) and under section 5.2 of
- the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act. The facility shall post
- 21 the notice required by this subsection in a location or
- locations where notices to employees, medical personnel and
- students are normally posted or, if notices are not normally
- posted, in a location or locations where the notice required
- by this subsection is likely to be seen by medical personnel,
- employees or students of the facility. The department shall
- 27 prescribe a model notice which may be used by any facility,
- and any facility which utilizes the model notice or
- 29 substantially similar language shall be deemed in compliance
- with this subsection.

1 The department shall have the authority to assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 against any facility for each 2 violation of this subsection, giving due consideration to the 3 appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of 4 5 the facility, the gravity of the violation, the good faith of the facility and the history of previous violations. Civil 6 7 penalties due under this subsection shall be paid to the 8 department for deposit in the State Treasury and may be 9 collected by the department in the appropriate court of 10 common pleas. The department shall send a copy of its model 11 notice to every facility which files a report under section 12 3207(b) (relating to abortion facilities). Failure to receive a notice shall not be a defense to any civil action brought 13

15 § 3214. Reporting.

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- (a) General rule. -- For the purpose of promotion of maternal
- 17 health and life by adding to the sum of medical and public
- 18 health knowledge through the compilation of relevant data, and
- 19 to promote the Commonwealth's interest in protection of the
- 20 unborn child, a report of each abortion performed shall be made
- 21 to the department on forms prescribed by it. The report forms
- 22 shall not identify the individual patient by name and shall
- 23 include the following information:

pursuant to this subsection.

- (1) Identification of the physician who performed the
- abortion, the concurring physician as required by section
- 26 3211(c)(2) (relating to abortion on unborn child of 24 or
- more weeks gestational age), the second physician as required
- by section 3211(c)(5) and the facility where the abortion was
- performed and of the referring physician, agency or service,
- if any.

- 1 (2) The county and state in which the woman resides.
- 2 (3) The woman's age.

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- 3 (4) The number of prior pregnancies and prior abortions 4 of the woman.
- 5 (5) The gestational age of the unborn child at the time 6 of the abortion.
 - (6) The type of procedure performed or prescribed and the date of the abortion.
 - (7) Pre-existing medical conditions of the woman which would complicate pregnancy, if any, and, if known, any medical complication which resulted from the abortion itself.
 - (8) The basis for the medical judgment of the physician who performed the abortion that the abortion was necessary to prevent either the death of the pregnant woman or the substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the woman, where an abortion has been performed pursuant to section 3211(b)(1).
 - (9) The weight of the aborted child for any abortion performed pursuant to section 3211(b)(1).
- 20 (10) Basis for any medical judgment that a medical
 21 emergency existed which excused the physician from compliance
 22 with any provision of this chapter.
- 23 (11) The information required to be reported under 24 section 3210(a) (relating to determination of gestational 25 age).
- 26 (12) Whether the abortion was performed upon a married 27 woman and, if so, whether notice to her spouse was given. If 28 no notice to her spouse was given, the report shall also 29 indicate the reason for failure to provide notice.
- 30 (b) Completion of report. -- The reports shall be completed by

- 1 the hospital or other licensed facility, signed by the physician
- 2 who performed the abortion and transmitted to the department
- 3 within 15 days after each reporting month.
- 4 (c) Pathological examinations. -- When there is an abortion
- 5 performed during the first trimester of pregnancy, the tissue
- 6 that is removed shall be subjected to a gross or microscopic
- 7 examination, as needed, by the physician or a qualified person
- 8 designated by the physician to determine if a pregnancy existed
- 9 and was terminated. If the examination indicates no fetal
- 10 remains, that information shall immediately be made known to the
- 11 physician and sent to the department within 15 days of the
- 12 analysis. When there is an abortion performed after the first
- 13 trimester of pregnancy where the physician has certified the
- 14 unborn child is not viable, the dead unborn child and all tissue
- 15 removed at the time of the abortion shall be submitted for
- 16 tissue analysis to a board eligible or certified pathologist. If
- 17 the report reveals evidence of viability or live birth, the
- 18 pathologist shall report such findings to the department within
- 19 15 days and a copy of the report shall also be sent to the
- 20 physician performing the abortion. Intentional, knowing,
- 21 reckless or negligent failure of the physician to submit such an
- 22 unborn child or such tissue remains to such a pathologist for
- 23 such a purpose, or intentional, knowing or reckless failure of
- 24 the pathologist to report any evidence of live birth or
- 25 viability to the department in the manner and within the time
- 26 prescribed is a misdemeanor of the third degree.
- 27 (d) Form. -- The department shall prescribe a form on which
- 28 pathologists may report any evidence of absence of pregnancy,
- 29 live birth or viability.
- 30 (e) Statistical reports; public availability of reports.--

1 (1) The department shall prepare a comprehensive annual 2 statistical report for the General Assembly based upon the 3 data gathered under subsections (a) and (h). Such report 4 shall not lead to the disclosure of the identity of any 5 person filing a report or about whom a report is filed, and

shall be available for public inspection and copying.

- (2) Reports filed pursuant to subsection (a) or (h) shall not be deemed public records within the meaning of that term as defined by the act of June 21, 1957 (P.L.390, No.212), referred to as the Right-to-Know Law, and shall remain confidential, except that disclosure may be made to law enforcement officials upon an order of a court of common pleas after application showing good cause therefor. The court may condition disclosure of the information upon any appropriate safeguards it may impose.
- (3) Original copies of all reports filed under subsections (a), (f) and (h) shall be available to the State Board of Medicine and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine for use in the performance of their official duties.
- 20 (4) Any person who willfully discloses any information
 21 obtained from reports filed pursuant to subsection (a) or
 22 (h), other than that disclosure authorized under paragraph
 23 (1), (2) or (3) hereof or as otherwise authorized by law,
 24 shall commit a misdemeanor of the third degree.
- (f) Report by facility. -- Every facility in which an abortion
- 26 is performed within this Commonwealth during any quarter year
- 27 shall file with the department a report showing the total number
- 28 of abortions performed within the hospital or other facility
- 29 during that quarter year. This report shall also show the total
- 30 abortions performed in each trimester of pregnancy. Any report

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- 1 shall be available for public inspection and copying only if the
- 2 facility receives State-appropriated funds within the 12-
- 3 calendar-month period immediately preceding the filing of the
- 4 report. These reports shall be submitted on a form prescribed by
- 5 the department which will enable a facility to indicate whether
- 6 or not it is receiving State-appropriated funds. If the facility
- 7 indicates on the form that it is not receiving State-
- 8 appropriated funds, the department shall regard its report as
- 9 confidential unless it receives other evidence which causes it
- 10 to conclude that the facility receives State-appropriated funds.
- 11 (g) Report of maternal death. -- After 30 days' public notice,
- 12 the department shall henceforth require that all reports of
- 13 maternal deaths occurring within the Commonwealth arising from
- 14 pregnancy, childbirth or intentional abortion in every case
- 15 state the cause of death, the duration of the woman's pregnancy
- 16 when her death occurred and whether or not the woman was under
- 17 the care of a physician during her pregnancy prior to her death
- 18 and shall issue such regulations as are necessary to assure that
- 19 such information is reported, conducting its own investigation
- 20 if necessary in order to ascertain such data. A woman shall be
- 21 deemed to have been under the care of a physician prior to her
- 22 death for the purpose of this chapter when she had either been
- 23 examined or treated by a physician, not including any
- 24 examination or treatment in connection with emergency care for
- 25 complications of her pregnancy or complications of her abortion,
- 26 preceding the woman's death at any time which is both 21 or more
- 27 days after the time she became pregnant and within 60 days prior
- 28 to her death. Known incidents of maternal mortality of
- 29 nonresident women arising from induced abortion performed in
- 30 this Commonwealth shall be included as incidents of maternal

- 1 mortality arising from induced abortions. Incidents of maternal
- 2 mortality arising from continued pregnancy or childbirth and
- 3 occurring after induced abortion has been attempted but not
- 4 completed, including deaths occurring after induced abortion has
- 5 been attempted but not completed as the result of ectopic
- 6 pregnancy, shall be included as incidents of maternal mortality
- 7 arising from induced abortion. The department shall annually
- 8 compile a statistical report for the General Assembly based upon
- 9 the data gathered under this subsection, and all such
- 10 statistical reports shall be available for public inspection and
- 11 copying.
- (h) Report of complications. -- Every physician who is called
- 13 upon to provide medical care or treatment to a woman who is in
- 14 need of medical care because of a complication or complications
- 15 resulting, in the good faith judgment of the physician, from
- 16 having undergone an abortion or attempted abortion shall prepare
- 17 a report thereof and file the report with the department within
- 18 30 days of the date of his first examination of the woman, which
- 19 report shall be on forms prescribed by the department, which
- 20 forms shall contain the following information, as received, and
- 21 such other information except the name of the patient as the
- 22 department may from time to time require:
- 23 (1) Age of patient.
- (2) Number of pregnancies patient may have had prior to
- the abortion.
- 26 (3) Number and type of abortions patient may have had
- 27 prior to this abortion.
- 28 (4) Name and address of the facility where the abortion
- was performed.
- 30 (5) Gestational age of the unborn child at the time of

- 1 the abortion, if known.
- 2 (6) Type of abortion performed, if known.
- 3 (7) Nature of complication or complications.
- 4 (8) Medical treatment given.
- 5 (9) The nature and extent, if known, of any permanent condition caused by the complication.
 - (i) Penalties.--

- 8 (1) Any person required under this section to file a
- 9 report, keep any records or supply any information, who
- willfully fails to file such report, keep such records or
- supply such information at the time or times required by law
- or regulation is guilty of "unprofessional conduct" and his
- 13 license for the practice of medicine and surgery shall be
- subject to suspension or revocation in accordance with
- procedures provided under the act of October 5, 1978
- (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice
- 17 Act, the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as
- 18 the Medical Practice Act of 1985, or their successor acts.
- 19 (2) Any person who willfully delivers or discloses to
- the department any report, record or information known by him
- 21 to be false commits a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- 22 (3) In addition to the above penalties, any person,
- 23 organization or facility who willfully violates any of the
- 24 provisions of this section requiring reporting shall upon
- conviction thereof:
- (i) For the first time, have its license suspended
- for a period of six months.
- (ii) For the second time, have its license suspended
- for a period of one year.
- (iii) For the third time, have its license revoked.]

- 1 Section 5. Sections 3215 and 3216 of Title 18 are amended to
- 2 read:
- 3 § 3215. [Publicly owned facilities; public officials and public
- 4 funds] Public officials.
- 5 [(a) Limitations. -- No hospital, clinic or other health
- 6 facility owned or operated by the Commonwealth, a county, a city
- 7 or other governmental entity (except the government of the
- 8 United States, another state or a foreign nation) shall:
- 9 (1) Provide, induce, perform or permit its facilities to
- 10 be used for the provision, inducement or performance of any
- abortion except where necessary to avert the death of the
- woman or where necessary to terminate pregnancies initiated
- by acts of rape or incest if reported in accordance with
- requirements set forth in subsection (c).
- 15 (2) Lease or sell or permit the subleasing of its
- facilities or property to any physician or health facility
- for use in the provision, inducement or performance of
- abortion, except abortion necessary to avert the death of the
- woman or to terminate pregnancies initiated by acts of rape
- or incest if reported in accordance with requirements set
- forth in subsection (c).
- 22 (3) Enter into any contract with any physician or health
- facility under the terms of which such physician or health
- facility agrees to provide, induce or perform abortions,
- except abortion necessary to avert the death of the woman or
- to terminate pregnancies initiated by acts of rape or incest
- if reported in accordance with requirements set forth in
- subsection (c).
- (b) Permitted treatment. -- Nothing in subsection (a) shall be
- 30 construed to preclude any hospital, clinic or other health

- 1 facility from providing treatment for post-abortion
- 2 complications.
- 3 (c) Public funds. -- No Commonwealth funds and no Federal
- 4 funds which are appropriated by the Commonwealth shall be
- 5 expended by any State or local government agency for the
- 6 performance of abortion, except:
- 7 (1) When abortion is necessary to avert the death of the 8 mother on certification by a physician. When such physician 9 will perform the abortion or has a pecuniary or proprietary 10 interest in the abortion there shall be a separate
- certification from a physician who has no such interest.
- 12 (2) When abortion is performed in the case of pregnancy
- caused by rape which, prior to the performance of the
- abortion, has been reported, together with the identity of
- the offender, if known, to a law enforcement agency having
- the requisite jurisdiction and has been personally reported
- by the victim.
- 18 (3) When abortion is performed in the case of pregnancy
- caused by incest which, prior to the performance of the
- abortion, has been personally reported by the victim to a law
- 21 enforcement agency having the requisite jurisdiction, or, in
- the case of a minor, to the county child protective service
- agency and the other party to the incestuous act has been
- named in such report.
- 25 (d) Health plans.--No health plan for employees, funded with
- 26 any Commonwealth funds, shall include coverage for abortion,
- 27 except under the same conditions and requirements as provided in
- 28 subsection (c). The prohibition contained herein shall not apply
- 29 to health plans for which abortion coverage has been expressly
- 30 bargained for in any collective bargaining agreement presently

- 1 in effect, but shall be construed to preclude such coverage with
- 2 respect to any future agreement.
- 3 (e) Insurance policies. -- All insurers who make available
- 4 health care and disability insurance policies in this
- 5 Commonwealth shall make available such policies which contain an
- 6 express exclusion of coverage for abortion services not
- 7 necessary to avert the death of the woman or to terminate
- 8 pregnancies caused by rape or incest.]
- 9 (f) [Public officers; ordering abortions] Prohibition. --
- 10 Except in the case of a medical emergency, [no] a court, judge,
- 11 executive officer, administrative agency or public employee of
- 12 the Commonwealth or of any local governmental body [shall have
- 13 power to] may not:
- 14 (1) issue any order requiring an abortion without the
- express voluntary consent of the [woman] pregnant individual
- upon whom the abortion is to be performed; or [shall coerce
- any person to have]
- 18 (2) coerce a pregnant individual to undergo or forgo an
- 19 abortion.
- 20 (g) Public officers; limiting benefits prohibited.--[No] A
- 21 court, judge, executive officer, administrative agency or public
- 22 employee of the Commonwealth or of any local governmental body
- 23 [shall] <u>may not</u> withhold, reduce or suspend or threaten to
- 24 withhold, reduce or suspend [any benefits] a benefit to which a
- 25 [person] pregnant individual would otherwise be entitled on the
- 26 ground that [such person chooses not to have] the pregnant
- 27 <u>individual chooses to undergo or forgo</u> an abortion.
- 28 (h) Penalty.--[Whoever] <u>An individual who</u> orders an abortion
- 29 in violation of subsection (f) or withholds, reduces or suspends
- 30 [any benefits] <u>a benefit</u> or threatens to withhold, reduce or

- 1 suspend [any benefits] a benefit in violation of subsection (g)
- 2 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- 3 [(i) Public funds for legal services. -- No Federal or State
- 4 funds which are appropriated by the Commonwealth for the
- 5 provision of legal services by private agencies, and no public
- 6 funds generated by collection of interest on lawyer's trust
- 7 accounts, as authorized by statute previously or subsequently
- 8 enacted, may be used, directly or indirectly, to:
- 9 (1) Advocate the freedom to choose abortion or the
- prohibition of abortion.
- 11 (2) Provide legal assistance with respect to any
- 12 proceeding or litigation which seeks to procure or prevent
- any abortion or to procure or prevent public funding for any
- 14 abortion.
- (3) Provide legal assistance with respect to any
- 16 proceeding or litigation which seeks to compel or prevent the
- performance or assistance in the performance of any abortion,
- or the provision of facilities for the performance of any
- abortion.
- 20 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require or
- 21 prevent the expenditure of funds pursuant to a court order
- 22 awarding fees for attorney's services under the Civil Rights
- 23 Attorney's Fees Awards Act of 1976 (Public law 94-559, 90 Stat.
- 24 2641), nor shall this subsection be construed to prevent the use
- 25 of public funds to provide court appointed counsel in any
- 26 proceeding authorized under section 3206 (relating to parental
- 27 consent).
- (j) Required statements. -- No Commonwealth agency shall make
- 29 any payment from Federal or State funds appropriated by the
- 30 Commonwealth for the performance of any abortion pursuant to

1 subsection (c)(2) or (3) unless the Commonwealth agency first:

(1) receives from the physician or facility seeking payment a statement signed by the physician performing the abortion stating that, prior to performing the abortion, he obtained a non-notarized, signed statement from the pregnant woman stating that she was a victim of rape or incest, as the case may be, and that she reported the crime, including the identity of the offender, if known, to a law enforcement agency having the requisite jurisdiction or, in the case of incest where a pregnant minor is the victim, to the county child protective service agency and stating the name of the law enforcement agency or child protective service agency to which the report was made and the date such report was made;

- payment, the signed statement of the pregnant woman which is described in paragraph (1). The statement shall bear the notice that any false statements made therein are punishable by law and shall state that the pregnant woman is aware that false reports to law enforcement authorities are punishable by law; and
- 21 (3) verifies with the law enforcement agency or child 22 protective service agency named in the statement of the 23 pregnant woman whether a report of rape or incest was filed 24 with the agency in accordance with the statement.
- 25 The Commonwealth agency shall report any evidence of false
- 26 statements, of false reports to law enforcement authorities or
- 27 of fraud in the procurement or attempted procurement of any
- 28 payment from Federal or State funds appropriated by the
- 29 Commonwealth pursuant to this section to the district attorney
- 30 of appropriate jurisdiction and, where appropriate, to the

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- 1 Attorney General.]
- 2 § 3216. Fetal experimentation.
- 3 (a) [Unborn or live child] Offense defined. -- Any person who
- 4 knowingly performs any type of nontherapeutic experimentation or
- 5 nontherapeutic medical procedure (except an abortion as defined
- 6 in [this chapter] <u>35 Pa.C.S. § 9103 (relating to definitions)</u>
- 7 upon any [unborn child] pregnancy as defined in 35 Pa.C.S. §
- 8 9103, or upon any child born alive during the course of an
- 9 abortion, commits a felony of the third degree. "Nontherapeutic"
- 10 means that which is not intended to preserve the life or health
- 11 of the [child] pregnancy or patient upon whom it is performed.
- 12 (b) Dead child. -- The following standards govern the
- 13 procurement and use of any fetal tissue or organ which is used
- 14 in animal or human transplantation, research or experimentation:
- 15 (1) No fetal tissue or organs may be procured or used
- without the written consent of the mother. No consideration
- of any kind for such consent may be offered or given.
- 18 Further, if the tissue or organs are being derived from
- 19 abortion, such consent shall be valid only if obtained after
- the decision to abort has been made.
- 21 (2) [No person who provides the information required by
- section 3205 (relating to informed consent) shall employ the
- possibility of the use of aborted fetal tissue or organs as
- an inducement to a pregnant woman to undergo abortion except
- 25 that payment for reasonable expenses occasioned by the actual
- retrieval, storage, preparation and transportation of the
- tissues is permitted.] No qualified clinician as defined in
- 28 35 Pa.C.S. § 9103 shall employ the possibility of the use of
- 29 <u>aborted fetal tissue or organs as an inducement to the</u>
- 30 patient to undergo abortion except that payment for

- 1 <u>reasonable expenses occasioned by the actual retrieval</u>,
- 2 storage, preparation and transportation of the tissues is
- 3 <u>permitted.</u>

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- 4 (3) No remuneration, compensation or other consideration 5 may be paid to any person or organization in connection with 6 the procurement of fetal tissue or organs.
 - (4) All persons who participate in the procurement, use or transplantation of fetal tissue or organs, including the recipients of such tissue or organs, shall be informed as to whether the particular tissue or organ involved was procured as a result of either:
- 12 (i) stillbirth;
- 13 (ii) miscarriage;
- 14 (iii) ectopic pregnancy;
- 15 (iv) abortion; or
- 16 (v) any other means.
- 17 (5) No person who consents to the procurement or use of
 18 any fetal tissue or organ may designate the recipient of that
 19 tissue or organ, nor shall any other person or organization
 20 act to fulfill that designation.
- 21 The department may assess a civil penalty upon any 22 person who procures, sells or uses any fetal tissue or organs 23 in violation of this section or the regulations issued 24 thereunder. Such civil penalties may not exceed \$5,000 for 25 each separate violation. In assessing such penalties, the 26 department shall give due consideration to the gravity of the 27 violation, the good faith of the violator and the history of 28 previous violations. Civil penalties due under this paragraph 29 shall be paid to the department for deposit in the State 30 Treasury and may be enforced by the department in the

- 1 Commonwealth Court.
- 2 (c) Construction of section. -- Nothing in this section shall
- 3 be construed to condone or prohibit the performance of
- 4 diagnostic tests while the unborn child is in utero or the
- 5 performance of pathological examinations on an aborted [child]
- 6 pregnancy. Nor shall anything in this section be construed to
- 7 condone or prohibit the performance of in vitro fertilization
- 8 and accompanying embryo transfer.
- 9 Section 6. Sections 3217, 3218, 3219 and 3220 of Title 18
- 10 are repealed:
- 11 [§ 3217. Civil penalties.
- 12 Any physician who knowingly violates any of the provisions of
- 13 section 3204 (relating to medical consultation and judgment) or
- 14 3205 (relating to informed consent) shall, in addition to any
- 15 other penalty prescribed in this chapter, be civilly liable to
- 16 his patient for any damages caused thereby and, in addition,
- 17 shall be liable to his patient for punitive damages in the
- 18 amount of \$5,000, and the court shall award a prevailing
- 19 plaintiff a reasonable attorney fee as part of costs.
- 20 § 3218. Criminal penalties.
- 21 (a) Application of chapter. -- Notwithstanding any other
- 22 provision of this chapter, no criminal penalty shall apply to a
- 23 woman who violates any provision of this chapter solely in order
- 24 to perform or induce or attempt to perform or induce an abortion
- 25 upon herself. Nor shall any woman who undergoes an abortion be
- 26 found guilty of having committed an offense, liability for which
- 27 is defined under section 306 (relating to liability for conduct
- 28 of another; complicity) or Chapter 9 (relating to inchoate
- 29 crimes), by reason of having undergone such abortion.
- 30 (b) False statement, etc.--A person commits a misdemeanor of

- 1 the second degree if, with intent to mislead a public servant in
- 2 performing his official function under this chapter, such
- 3 person:
- 4 (1) makes any written false statement which he does not
- 5 believe to be true; or
- 6 (2) submits or invites reliance on any writing which he
- 7 knows to be forged, altered or otherwise lacking in
- 8 authenticity.
- 9 (c) Statements "under penalty". -- A person commits a
- 10 misdemeanor of the third degree if such person makes a written
- 11 false statement which such person does not believe to be true on
- 12 a statement submitted as required under this chapter, bearing
- 13 notice to the effect that false statements made therein are
- 14 punishable.
- (d) Perjury provisions applicable. -- Section 4902(c) through
- 16 (f) (relating to perjury) apply to subsections (b) and (c).
- 17 § 3219. State Board of Medicine; State Board of Osteopathic
- Medicine.
- (a) Enforcement. -- It shall be the duty of the State Board of
- 20 Medicine and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine to
- 21 vigorously enforce those provisions of this chapter, violation
- 22 of which constitutes "unprofessional conduct" within the meaning
- 23 of the act of October 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the
- 24 Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, the act of December 20, 1985
- 25 (P.L.457, No.112), known as the Medical Practice Act of 1985, or
- 26 their successor acts. Each board shall have the power to
- 27 conduct, and its responsibilities shall include, systematic
- 28 review of all reports filed under this chapter.
- (b) Penalties. -- Except as otherwise herein provided, upon a
- 30 finding of "unprofessional conduct" under the provisions of this

- 1 chapter, the board shall, for the first such offense, prescribe
- 2 such penalties as it deems appropriate; for the second such
- 3 offense, suspend the license of the physician for at least 90
- 4 days; and, for the third such offense, revoke the license of the
- 5 physician.
- 6 (c) Reports. -- The board shall prepare and submit an annual
- 7 report of its enforcement efforts under this chapter to the
- 8 General Assembly, which shall contain the following items:
- 9 (1) number of violations investigated, by section of
- this chapter;
- 11 (2) number of physicians complained against;
- 12 (3) number of physicians investigated;
- 13 (4) penalties imposed; and
- 14 (5) such other information as any committee of the
- General Assembly shall require.
- 16 Such reports shall be available for public inspection and
- 17 copying.
- 18 § 3220. Construction.
- (a) Referral to coroner. -- The provisions of section 503(3)
- 20 of the act of June 29, 1953 (P.L.304, No.66), known as the
- 21 "Vital Statistics Law of 1953," shall not be construed to
- 22 require referral to the coroner of cases of abortions performed
- 23 in compliance with this chapter.
- (b) Other laws unaffected. -- Apart from the provisions of
- 25 subsection (a) and section 3214 (relating to reporting) nothing
- 26 in this chapter shall have the effect of modifying or repealing
- 27 any part of the "Vital Statistics Law of 1953" or section 5.2 of
- 28 the act of October 27, 1955 (P.L.744, No.222), known as the
- "Pennsylvania Human Relations Act."
- 30 (c) Required statement. -- When any provision of this chapter

- 1 requires the furnishing or obtaining of a nonnotarized statement
- 2 or verification, the furnishing or acceptance of a notarized
- 3 statement or verification shall not be deemed a violation of
- 4 that provision.]
- 5 Section 7. Title 35 is amended by adding a part to read:
- 6 PART VII
- 7 <u>REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS</u>
- 8 Chapter
- 9 91. Reproductive Freedom
- 10 CHAPTER 91
- 11 REPRODUCTIVE FREEDOM
- 12 Sec.
- 13 9101. Short title of chapter.
- 14 9102. Legislative intent.
- 15 <u>9103</u>. <u>Definitions</u>.
- 16 9104. Abortion and assisted reproduction, generally.
- 17 9105. Reproductive coercion.
- 18 9106. Pregnant individuals who are incapacitated.
- 19 9107. Commonwealth interference prohibited.
- 20 9108. Determination of gestational age.
- 21 9109. Abortion of pregnancy of 24 or more weeks gestational
- 22 <u>age.</u>
- 23 9110. Prohibited acts.
- 24 9111. Public officers and public money.
- 25 9112. State Boards of Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine and
- Nursing.
- 27 <u>9113. Discrimination against providers.</u>
- 28 <u>9114. Telemedicine.</u>
- 29 9115. Construction.
- 30 § 9101. Short title of chapter.

- 1 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 Reproductive Freedom Act.
- 3 § 9102. Legislative intent.
- 4 (a) Rights and interests. -- The General Assembly finds as
- 5 <u>follows:</u>
- 6 (1) It is the intention of the General Assembly to:
- 7 (i) Ensure that all people have the freedom to chart
- 8 <u>the course of their own lives, including the fundamental</u>
- 9 <u>decision as to whether or not to become a parent.</u>
- 10 (ii) Protect this freedom by eliminating unnecessary
- and burdensome restrictions on the right to access
- 12 <u>abortion and extend legal protections to prevent any</u>
- 13 <u>person from coercion to have or forgo an abortion.</u>
- 14 (2) It is assumed that all people weighing reproductive
- decisions are aware of the longstanding debate regarding
- 16 <u>abortion and that any individual seeking an abortion is</u>
- therefore making an informed decision.
- 18 (3) An abortion should be performed at the earliest
- 19 opportunity by the method a patient and the patient's
- 20 provider determine most appropriate and the Commonwealth
- 21 should facilitate the ease of this activity.
- 22 (4) The rights and interests furthered by this chapter
- need to be codified and protected by law.
- (b) Construction. -- In relevant proceedings in which it is
- 25 possible to do so without violating the Constitution of the
- 26 United States, the common and statutory law of this Commonwealth
- 27 shall be construed to extend to pregnant individuals the
- 28 protection of their individual liberty, in keeping with the
- 29 Commonwealth's public values of self-determination, freedom and
- 30 tolerance.

- 1 (c) Right of conscience. -- It is the public policy of the
- 2 Commonwealth to:
- 3 (1) Respect and protect the right of conscience of all
- 4 <u>individuals who refuse to obtain, receive, accept or provide</u>
- 5 <u>abortions</u>, including persons who are generally engaged in the
- 6 <u>delivery of general medical services and medical care.</u>
- 7 (2) Prohibit all forms of discrimination,
- 8 <u>disqualification</u>, coercion, disability or imposition of
- 9 <u>liability or financial burden upon individuals by reason of</u>
- their refusal to act contrary to their conscience or
- 11 conscientious convictions by not obtaining, receiving,
- 12 <u>accepting or providing abortions.</u>
- 13 § 9103. Definitions.
- 14 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
- 15 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 16 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 17 "Abortion." A medical treatment intended to terminate a
- 18 diagnosable intrauterine pregnancy for a purpose other than to
- 19 produce a live birth. The term does not include:
- 20 (1) medical treatment to remove a dead fetus or embryo
- 21 whose death was the result of a spontaneous abortion; or
- 22 (2) the use or prescription of a drug or device that
- 23 prevents pregnancy.
- "Assisted reproduction." A treatment or procedure that
- 25 includes the handling of a human oocyte or embryo, including in
- 26 vitro fertilization, gamete intrafallopian transfer, zygote
- 27 <u>intrafallopian transfer and any similar technology determined by</u>
- 28 regulation of the department.
- 29 "Coercive control." Behavior through which an individual
- 30 knowingly gains power over another individual through any of the

Τ	<u>following:</u>
2	(1) Conduct that has, or is reasonably likely to have,
3	any of the following effects:
4	(i) isolating the individual from friends, relatives
5	or other sources of support;
6	(ii) depriving the individual of basic necessities;
7	(iii) controlling, regulating or monitoring the
8	individual's movements, communications, daily behavior,
9	finances, economic resources or access to services;
10	(iv) compelling the individual by force, threat or
11	intimidation, including, but not limited to, threats
12	based on actual or suspected immigration status, to
13	either engage in conduct from which the individual has a
14	right to abstain or abstain from conduct that the
15	individual has a right to pursue;
16	(v) frequent name-calling, degradation and demeaning
17	of the individual;
18	(vi) threatening to harm or kill the individual or a
19	child or relative of the individual;
20	(vii) threatening to make public information or make
21	reports to the police or to the authorities;
22	(viii) damaging property or household goods; or
23	(ix) forcing the person to take part in criminal
24	activity or child abuse.
25	(2) Conduct that has, may have or is reasonably likely
26	to have an effect specified under paragraph (1) on the other
27	individual, even if the conduct is directed at a third party,
28	including a child, relative, friend or a companion animal
29	owned by or in the possession of the other individual.
30	"Companion animal." The term:

Т	(1) Includes.
2	(i) A domestic or feral dog, domestic or feral cat,
3	nonhuman primate, guinea pig, hamster, rabbit not raised
4	for human food or fiber, exotic or native animal, reptile
5	or exotic or native bird.
6	(ii) A feral animal or an animal under the care,
7	custody or ownership of an individual.
8	(iii) An animal that is bought, sold, traded or
9	bartered.
10	(2) Does not include an agricultural animal, game
11	species or an animal regulated under Federal law such as a
12	research animal.
13	"Complication." Any of the following:
14	(1) A hemorrhage, infection, uterine perforation,
15	cervical laceration or retained product.
16	(2) Any other medical issue that may, in a qualified
17	clinician's good faith medical judgment, result in:
18	(i) the death of a patient;
19	(ii) substantial impairment to the physical or
20	mental health of a patient; or
21	(iii) the likelihood that a pregnancy will result in
22	a stillbirth.
23	"Conscience." A sincerely held set of moral convictions
24	fulfilling a role in the life of the possessor parallel to that
25	filled by a deity among adherents to a religious faith.
26	"Course of conduct." A pattern of actions composed of more
27	than one act over a period of time, however short, evidencing a
28	continuity of conduct.
29	"Department." The Department of Health of the Commonwealth.
30	"Disciplinary action." An appropriate sanction for

- 1 unprofessional conduct as defined by the following laws for the
- 2 <u>respective qualified clinicians:</u>
- 3 (1) Medical doctors, doctors of osteopathy and
- 4 physician's assistants subject to the act of October 5, 1978
- 5 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice
- 6 Act, or the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known
- 7 as the Medical Practice Act of 1985.
- 8 (2) Certified registered nurse practitioners subject to
- 9 <u>the act of May 22, 1951 (P.L.317, No.69), known as The</u>
- 10 <u>Professional Nursing Law.</u>
- 11 (3) Nurse-midwives subject to 49 Pa. Code Ch. 18 Subch.
- 12 <u>A (relating to licensure and regulation of midwife</u>
- 13 <u>activities</u>).
- 14 <u>"Facility." A public or private hospital, clinic, center,</u>
- 15 medical school, medical training institution, health care
- 16 facility, physician's office, infirmary, dispensary, ambulatory
- 17 surgical center or other institution or location in which
- 18 medical care is provided to an individual.
- 19 "Fertilization." The fusion of a human spermatozoon with a
- 20 human ovum.
- 21 "Gestational age." The age of a pregnancy as calculated from
- 22 the first day of the last known menstrual period.
- 23 "Hospital." An institution licensed under the laws of this
- 24 Commonwealth.
- 25 "In vitro fertilization." The purposeful fertilization of a
- 26 human ovum outside a living body.
- 27 <u>"Medical emergency." A condition which, on the basis of a</u>
- 28 qualified clinician's good faith clinical judgment, complicates
- 29 the medical condition of a pregnant individual as to necessitate
- 30 the immediate termination of the subject pregnancy to either

- 1 avert the pregnant individual's death or for which a delay will
- 2 create any of the following:
- 3 (1) A substantial risk of impairment of a bodily
- 4 <u>function</u>.
- 5 (2) A substantial likelihood of stillbirth.
- 6 (3) A substantial risk of detriment to the mental health
- 7 <u>of the pregnant individual.</u>
- 8 "Medical personnel." A nurse, nurse's aide, medical school
- 9 <u>student, professional or other individual who furnishes or</u>
- 10 assists in the furnishing of medical care.
- 11 "Physician." A medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy
- 12 <u>licensed to practice medicine in this Commonwealth.</u>
- 13 <u>"Pregnancy." As follows:</u>
- 14 (1) The human reproductive process, beginning with the
- implantation of an embryo within an individual's uterus.
- 16 (2) A developing embryo or fetus that has undergone
- 17 uterine implantation.
- 18 "Pregnant." Experiencing a pregnancy.
- 19 "Probable gestational age of the pregnancy." In the judgment
- 20 of the attending qualified clinician to an abortion, what will
- 21 be, with reasonable probability, the progress of the pregnancy
- 22 at the time that the abortion is performed.
- 23 "Qualified clinician." Any of the following professionals
- 24 who are eligible to perform abortions in this Commonwealth, in
- 25 <u>accordance with regulations as promulgated by the department:</u>
- 26 (1) A physician.
- 27 (2) A certified registered nurse practitioner as defined
- in section 2(12) of The Professional Nursing Law.
- 29 (3) A physician assistant as defined in section 2 of the
- 30 Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.

- 1 (4) A nurse-midwife under 49 Pa. Code Ch. 18 Subch. A.
- 2 "Reproductive coercion." Any of the following:
- 3 (1) Attempted control over a person's decision to have
- 4 <u>or forgo an abortion through force, threat of force,</u>
- 5 intimidation or coercive control.
- 6 (2) Deliberately interfering with contraception use or
- 7 <u>access to reproductive health information.</u>
- 8 § 9104. Abortion and assisted reproduction, generally.
- 9 (a) General rule. -- The department may promulgate regulations
- 10 as necessary to ensure that abortion and assisted reproduction
- 11 are appropriately regulated within this Commonwealth.
- 12 Regulations under this section shall ensure the safety of the
- 13 procedure, that access to procedures is not infringed by
- 14 government actors unless the restriction is narrowly tailored to
- 15 address compelling government interest and that privacy is
- 16 maintained. The regulations may include, but are not limited to,
- 17 provisions relating to:
- 18 (1) Facilities in which abortions and assisted
- 19 reproduction are performed.
- 20 (2) Levels of certification necessary to perform
- 21 different procedures.
- 22 (3) Medically useful or necessary related reporting
- 23 requirements for qualified clinicians.
- 24 (b) Certain regulations prohibited.--
- 25 (1) Except as specifically provided in this chapter, no
- 26 regulation promulgated by the department pertaining to
- 27 abortion or assisted reproduction procedures may exceed
- reasonable regulations that would be imposed on any other
- 29 <u>similar procedure, area of practice, facility or</u>
- 30 practitioner.

- 1 (2) An attempt to impose a greater regulatory burden
- 2 upon abortion or assisted reproduction procedures, providers
- 3 or facilities because of their involvement in abortion or
- 4 <u>assisted reproduction is prohibited and subject to civil</u>
- 5 <u>remedy as described in section 9113(b) (relating to</u>
- 6 <u>discrimination against providers</u>).
- 7 § 9105. Reproductive coercion.
- 8 (a) General rule. -- Reproductive coercion is prohibited.
- 9 (b) Cause of action. -- A victim of reproductive coercion,
- 10 whether attempted or successful, may bring a civil action
- 11 against a person that engaged in the reproductive coercion. The
- 12 action may be brought in the court of common pleas of the county
- 13 where the victim resides or where the attempted or completed
- 14 <u>reproductive coercion occurred.</u>
- (c) Damages. -- In an action brought under subsection (b), the
- 16 court may award the following forms of relief:
- 17 (1) Compensatory damages, including reasonable attorney
- 18 <u>fees.</u>
- 19 (2) Punitive damages.
- 20 (3) Injunctive relief as the court finds appropriate.
- 21 § 9106. Pregnant individuals who are incapacitated.
- 22 <u>(a) Consent.--</u>
- 23 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except
- in the case of a medical emergency or as otherwise provided
- 25 in this section, if a pregnant individual has been adjudged
- an incapacitated person under 20 Pa.C.S. § 5511 (relating to
- 27 <u>petition and hearing; independent evaluation), a qualified</u>
- 28 clinician may not perform an abortion upon the pregnant
- 29 individual unless the qualified clinician first obtains the
- 30 informed consent of the pregnant individual or, if the

1 pregnant individual is incapable of providing informed

2 consent, the pregnant individual's quardian of the person.

3 (2) In deciding whether to grant consent to the abortion

4 <u>under paragraph (1), the pregnant individual's guardian of</u>

the person shall only consider the pregnant individual's best

6 <u>interests.</u>

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- (b) Petition and order. --
- 8 (1) If the pregnant individual's quardian of the person
- 9 <u>refuses to consent under subsection (a) or makes a decision</u>
- regarding the abortion that conflicts with the judgment of
- the pregnant individual and the pregnant individual is
- 12 <u>capable of making a decision regarding the abortion, the</u>
- 13 <u>court of common pleas of the judicial district in which the</u>
- 14 pregnant individual resides or in which the abortion is
- 15 <u>sought shall, upon petition or motion, after an appropriate</u>
- 16 <u>hearing, issue an order regarding the abortion.</u>
- 17 (2) If the court determines that the pregnant individual
- is capable of giving informed consent to the proposed
- 19 <u>abortion and has, in fact, given informed consent, the court</u>
- 20 shall authorize a qualified clinician to perform the
- abortion.
- 22 (3) If the court determines that the pregnant individual
- is not capable of giving informed consent or does not claim
- 24 to be capable of giving informed consent, the court shall
- 25 determine whether the performance of an abortion upon the
- 26 pregnant individual is in the pregnant individual's best
- 27 interests. If the court determines that the performance of an
- abortion is in the best interests of the pregnant individual,
- 29 the court shall authorize a qualified clinician to perform
- 30 the abortion.

Τ	(c) Representation in proceedings
2	(1) The pregnant individual may participate in
3	proceedings under subsection (b) on the individual's own
4	behalf.
5	(2) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to assist
6	the pregnant individual.
7	(3) The court shall:
8	(i) Advise the pregnant individual that the
9	individual has a right to court-appointed counsel.
10	(ii) Provide the pregnant individual with court-
11	appointed counsel unless the individual wishes to appear
12	with private counsel or has knowingly and intelligently
13	waived representation by counsel.
14	(d) Proceedings The following apply to court proceedings
15	for a pregnant individual described under subsection (a)(1):
16	(1) The court proceedings shall be confidential and
17	shall be given precedence over other pending matters as will
18	ensure that the court reaches a decision promptly and without
19	delay in order to serve the best interests of the pregnant
20	individual.
21	(2) The court of common pleas must rule within three
22	business days of the date of application under this section.
23	(3) A court of common pleas that conducts proceedings
24	under this section shall make in writing specific factual
25	findings and legal conclusions supporting the court of common
26	pleas' decision and shall, upon the initial filing of the
27	pregnant individual's petition for judicial authorization of
28	an abortion, order a sealed record of the petition,
29	pleadings, submissions, transcripts, exhibits, orders,
30	evidence and other written material to be maintained,

1	including the court's limitings and conclusions.
2	(4) The application to the court of common pleas shall
3	be accompanied by a nonnotarized verification stating that
4	the information in the application is true and correct to the
5	best of the knowledge of the pregnant individual or the
6	individual's guardian of the person.
7	(5) The application to the court of common pleas shall
8	specify the following:
9	(i) The initials of the pregnant individual.
10	(ii) The age of the pregnant individual.
11	(iii) The name and address of the pregnant
12	individual's guardian of the person.
13	(iv) A statement as to whether the pregnant
14	individual has been fully informed of the risks and
15	consequences of the abortion.
16	(v) A statement as to whether the pregnant
17	individual is of sound mind and has sufficient
18	intellectual capacity to consent to the abortion.
19	(vi) A request for relief asking the court to either
20	grant the pregnant individual full capacity for the
21	purpose of personal consent to the abortion or give
22	judicial consent to the abortion under this section based
23	upon a finding that the abortion is in the best interests
24	of the individual.
25	(vii) A statement that the pregnant individual is
26	aware that false statements made in the application are
27	punishable by law.
28	(viii) The signature of the pregnant individual or
29	the individual's guardian of the person.
30	(6) If necessary to serve the interest of justice, the

Τ.	orphans court division of, in Filliaderphia, the family court
2	division, shall refer the pregnant individual or individual's
3	guardian of the person, to the appropriate personnel for
4	assistance in preparing the application.
5	(7) The following provisions apply to proceedings under
6	this section:
7	(i) The name of the pregnant individual shall not be
8	entered on a docket that is subject to public inspection.
9	(ii) All individuals shall be excluded from hearings
10	under this section except:
11	(A) The individual who is making the application
12	to the court or is the subject of the application to
13	the court.
14	(B) The pregnant individual's guardian of the
15	person.
16	(C) Any other individual whose presence is
17	specifically requested by the individual or the
18	individual's guardian of the person.
19	(8) At a hearing under this section, the court shall
20	hear evidence relating to:
21	(i) The emotional development, maturity, intellect
22	and understanding of the individual.
23	(ii) The fact and duration of the individual's
24	pregnancy.
25	(iii) The nature of, possible consequences of and
26	alternatives to the abortion.
27	(iv) Other matters the court may find useful in
28	determining whether the pregnant individual should be
29	granted full capacity for the purpose of consenting to
30	the abortion or whether the abortion is in the best

1	<u>interests of the individual.</u>
2	(9) The court shall notify the individual at a hearing
3	under this section that the court must rule on the
4	individual's application within three business days of the
5	date of the filing of the application and that, if the court
6	fails to rule in favor of the individual's application within
7	the three-day period, the individual has the right to appeal
8	to the Superior Court.
9	(e) Reproductive coercion and incapacitated individuals
10	The court shall provide the pregnant individual under this
11	subsection with counsel, expedite the matter and grant relief as
12	may be necessary to prevent reproductive coercion.
13	(f) Filing fees Filing fees may not be imposed on
14	individuals availing themselves of the procedures provided by
15	this section.
16	(g) Penalty
17	(1) A person is guilty of an offense under this section
18	if the person:
19	(i) Performs an abortion upon a pregnant individual
20	who is incapacitated:
21	(A) with knowledge that the pregnant individual
22	is an incapacitated individual to whom this section
23	applies; or
24	(B) with reckless disregard or negligence as to
25	whether the pregnant individual is an incapacitated
26	individual to whom this section applies.
27	(ii) Intentionally, knowingly or recklessly fails to
28	conform to a requirement of this section.
29	(2) A person who violates paragraph (1) is guilty of
30	unprofessional conduct and the person's license for the

- 1 practice of medicine and surgery shall be suspended in
- 2 accordance with procedures provided under the act of October
- 3 5, 1978 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical
- 4 Practice Act, or the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457,
- 5 No.112), known as the Medical Practice Act of 1985, for a
- 6 <u>period of at least three months.</u>
- 7 (3) Failure to comply with the requirements of this
- 8 <u>section is prima facie evidence of failure to obtain informed</u>
- 9 <u>consent and of interference with the relationship between the</u>
- 10 pregnant individual and the individual's quardian of the
- 11 person, which may be the subject of an appropriate civil
- 12 <u>action</u>.
- 13 (4) The laws of this Commonwealth shall not be construed
- 14 <u>to preclude the award of exemplary damages or damages for</u>
- 15 <u>emotional distress even if unaccompanied by physical</u>
- 16 <u>complications in an appropriate civil action relevant to a</u>
- 17 violation of this section.
- 18 § 9107. Commonwealth interference prohibited.
- 19 (a) Methods of contraception. -- The Commonwealth may not
- 20 interfere with the use of medically appropriate methods of
- 21 contraception or the manner in which medically appropriate
- 22 methods of contraception are provided.
- 23 (b) Other interference. -- Notwithstanding any other provision
- 24 of this title or any other law or regulation, the Commonwealth
- 25 may not interfere with the right of an individual to choose or
- 26 <u>obtain an abortion if:</u>
- 27 (1) the individual's pregnancy has not progressed beyond
- 28 <u>24 weeks; or</u>
- 29 (2) the individual's physician reasonably believes that
- an abortion at any point beyond 24 weeks of pregnancy is, in

1	the physician's good faith medical judgment, necessary to
2	<pre>prevent:</pre>
3	(i) the death of the individual; or
4	(ii) substantial impairment of or risk to the
5	physical or mental health of the individual.
6	§ 9108. Determination of gestational age.
7	(a) Requirement
8	(1) Except in the case of a medical emergency that
9	prevents compliance with this section, an abortion may not be
10	performed or induced unless the referring qualified clinician
11	or the qualified clinician performing or inducing the
12	abortion has first made a determination of the probable
13	gestational age of the pregnancy.
14	(2) In making the determination under paragraph (1), the
15	qualified clinician shall make inquiries of the pregnant
16	individual or perform or cause to be performed medical
17	examinations and tests as a prudent qualified clinician would
18	consider necessary to make or perform in making an accurate
19	diagnosis with respect to gestational age.
20	(3) The qualified clinician who performs or induces the
21	abortion shall report the type of inquiries made and the type
22	of examinations and tests utilized to determine the
23	gestational age of the pregnancy and the basis for the
24	diagnosis with respect to gestational age on forms provided
25	by the department.
26	(b) PenaltiesA qualified clinician who fails to conform
27	to a requirement of this section is guilty of unprofessional
28	conduct and may be subject to disciplinary action.
29	§ 9109. Abortion of pregnancy of 24 or more weeks gestational
30	age.

- 1 (a) Prohibition.--Except as provided in subsection (b), an
- 2 <u>individual may not perform or induce an abortion upon a pregnant</u>
- 3 individual when the gestational age of the pregnancy is 24 or
- 4 <u>more weeks.</u>
- 5 (b) Exceptions. -- A physician who performs or induces an
- 6 abortion does not violate subsection (a) if the physician
- 7 <u>reasonably believes the abortion is, in the physician's good</u>
- 8 <u>faith medical judgment</u>, necessary to prevent:
- 9 <u>(1) the death of the pregnant individual; or</u>
- 10 (2) substantial impairment to the physical or mental
- 11 <u>health of the pregnant individual.</u>
- 12 (c) Reporting. -- A physician who performs or induces an
- 13 <u>abortion authorized under subsection (b) shall report the</u>
- 14 abortion to the department, on a form provided by the
- 15 <u>department. The report shall certify the medical basis informing</u>
- 16 the physician's judgment that the abortion was medically
- 17 necessary and in compliance with subsection (b).
- 18 (d) Penalties. -- An individual who violates subsection (a),
- 19 (b) or (c) is guilty of unprofessional conduct and may be
- 20 <u>subject to disciplinary action</u>.
- 21 § 9110. Prohibited acts.
- 22 (a) Participation in abortion. --
- 23 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), medical
- 24 personnel or a facility and an employee, agent or student
- 25 thereof, may not be required against the individual's or
- facility's conscience to aid, abet or facilitate the
- 27 <u>performance of an abortion or the dispensing of an</u>
- 28 abortifacient.
- 29 (2) A facility that is substantially and publicly
- dedicated to the performance or facilitation of abortion and

1	the facility's medical personnel, employees, agents and
2	students are excluded from paragraph (1).
3	(3) Failure or refusal to comply with paragraph (1)
4	shall not be a basis for:
5	(i) A civil, criminal, administrative or
6	disciplinary action, penalty or proceeding.
7	(ii) Refusing to hire an individual for or admit an
8	individual to the facility.
9	(4) An individual who knowingly violates this subsection
10	shall be civilly liable to another individual injured by the
11	violation and, in addition, shall be liable to the other
12	individual for punitive damages in the amount of \$5,000.
13	(5) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to:
14	(i) limit the provisions of the act of October 27,
15	1955 (P.L.744, No.222), known as the Pennsylvania Human
16	Relations Act; or
17	(ii) conflict with 42 U.S.C. § 1395dd (relating to
18	examination and treatment for emergency medical
19	conditions and women in labor).
20	(b) (Reserved).
21	§ 9111. Public officers and public money.
22	(a) General rule Federal or State money appropriated by
23	the Commonwealth for the provision of legal services performed
24	by private agencies, and public money generated by collection of
25	interest on lawyer's trust accounts as authorized by statute,
26	<pre>may not be used to:</pre>
27	(1) advocate for the prohibition of abortion or the
28	<pre>freedom to choose abortion; or</pre>
29	(2) provide legal assistance with respect to a
30	proceeding or litigation that seeks to compel or prevent the

- 1 performance or assistance in the performance of an abortion.
- 2 (b) Construction. -- Nothing in this section shall be
- 3 construed to:
- 4 (1) require or prevent the expenditure of money pursuant
- 5 <u>to a court order awarding fees for attorney services under 42</u>
- 6 <u>U.S.C.</u> § 1988 (relating to proceedings in vindication of
- 7 <u>civil rights); or</u>
- 8 (2) prevent the use of public money to provide court-
- 9 <u>appointed counsel in a proceeding authorized under this</u>
- 10 <u>chapter.</u>
- 11 § 9112. State Boards of Medicine, Osteopathic Medicine and
- 12 <u>Nursing.</u>
- 13 <u>(a) Enforcement.--The State Board of Medicine, the State</u>
- 14 Board of Osteopathic Medicine and the State Board of Nursing, or
- 15 their successor agencies, shall enforce a violation of this
- 16 chapter that constitutes unprofessional conduct within the
- 17 meaning of the act of May 22, 1951 (P.L.317, No.69), known as
- 18 The Professional Nursing Law, the act of October 5, 1978
- 19 (P.L.1109, No.261), known as the Osteopathic Medical Practice
- 20 Act, or the act of December 20, 1985 (P.L.457, No.112), known as
- 21 the Medical Practice Act of 1985.
- 22 <u>(b)</u> Reports.--
- 23 (1) A board identified in subsection (a) shall prepare
- and submit to the department an annual report of the board's
- enforcement under this chapter.
- 26 (2) The annual report shall contain:
- 27 <u>(i) The number of violations investigated, itemized</u>
- by section of this chapter.
- 29 (ii) The number of qualified clinicians who are
- 30 subjects of the complaints.

1	(iii) The number of qualified clinicians
2	investigated.
3	(iv) The penalties imposed.
4	(v) Other information required by regulation of the
5	<u>department.</u>
6	(3) The annual report shall be accessible for inspection
7	and duplication in accordance with the act of February 14,
8	2008 (P.L.6, No.3), known as the Right-to-Know Law.
9	§ 9113. Discrimination against providers.
10	(a) Right of operation A facility or qualified clinician
11	authorized to perform abortion services within this Commonwealth
12	shall not be obstructed or denied the right to operate by a
13	municipality or the department as a result of the abortion
14	services offered by the facility or qualified clinician.
15	(b) Right to action An owner of a medical facility
16	offering abortion services, or a qualified clinician offering
17	abortion services, within this Commonwealth that is allegedly
18	the subject of a violation of subsection (a) may bring a cause
19	of action in a court of competent jurisdiction. The court may
20	award the following relief:
21	(1) compensatory damages;
22	(2) punitive damages; or
23	(3) injunctive relief as the court finds appropriate.
24	§ 9114. Telemedicine.
25	(a) Requirement
26	(1) A pregnant individual may meet with a qualified
27	clinician electronically via telemedicine to satisfy the
28	requirements of section 9108 (relating to determination of
29	gestational age), as well as for a nonsurgical medical
30	abortion in accordance with regulations promulgated by the

- 1 <u>department.</u>
- 2 (2) In making the determination of gestational age, the
- 3 qualified clinician shall make inquiries of the patient
- 4 <u>necessary to determine an accurate diagnosis with respect to</u>
- 5 <u>gestational age.</u>
- 6 (b) Penalty. -- A qualified clinician who fails to conform to
- 7 <u>a requirement of this section</u>, or a regulation promulgated under
- 8 this section, is quilty of unprofessional conduct and shall be
- 9 <u>subject to disciplinary action.</u>
- 10 § 9115. Construction.
- 11 (a) Referral to coroner. -- Section 503(3) of the act of June
- 12 29, 1953 (P.L.304, No.66), known as the Vital Statistics Law of
- 13 1953, shall not be construed to require referral to the coroner
- 14 of a case of abortion performed in compliance with this chapter.
- 15 (b) Other laws unaffected. -- Except as otherwise provided in
- 16 subsection (a), nothing in this chapter shall have the effect of
- 17 modifying or repealing any part of the Vital Statistics Law of
- 18 1953 or section 5.2 of the act of October 27, 1955 (P.L.744,
- 19 No.222), known as the Pennsylvania Human Relations Act.
- 20 (c) Required statement. -- When a provision of this chapter
- 21 requires the furnishing or obtaining of a nonnotarized statement
- 22 or verification, the furnishing or acceptance of a notarized
- 23 statement or verification shall not be deemed a violation of the
- 24 provision.
- 25 Section 8. Chapter 33 of Title 40 is repealed:
- 26 [CHAPTER 33
- 27 COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL
- 28 HEALTH CARE LEGISLATION
- 29 Sec.
- 30 3301. Definitions.

- 1 3302. Opt-out for abortion.
- 2 § 3301. Definitions.
- 3 The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
- 4 shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
- 5 context clearly indicates otherwise:
- "Abortion." The term shall have the same meaning given to it
- 7 in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3203 (relating to definitions).
- 8 "Complication." The term shall have the same meaning given
- 9 to it in 18 Pa.C.S. § 3203 (relating to definitions).
- "Health insurance exchange." The term shall mean an
- 11 insurance system established to comply with section 1311(b) or
- 12 1321(c) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
- 13 (Public Law 111-148, 42 U.S.C. § 18031(b) or 18041(c)).
- 14 § 3302. Opt-out for abortion.
- 15 (a) Prohibition. -- The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby
- 16 elects pursuant to the authority granted the states under
- 17 section 1303(a) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care
- 18 Act (Public Law 111-148, 42 U.S.C. § 18023(a)) to prohibit
- 19 certain abortion coverage in qualified health plans offered
- 20 through the health insurance exchange under subsection (b).
- 21 (b) Included coverage prohibition. -- No qualified health plan
- 22 offered in this Commonwealth through the health insurance
- 23 exchange shall include coverage for the performance of any
- 24 abortion unless the reason the abortion is performed is one for
- 25 which the expenditure of public funds would be permitted under
- 26 18 Pa.C.S. § 3215(c) (relating to publicly owned facilities;
- 27 public officials and public funds).
- (c) Excluded coverage prohibited. -- No qualified health plan
- 29 offered in this Commonwealth through a health insurance exchange
- 30 shall exclude coverage for:

- 1 (1) Treatment of any postabortion complication.
- 2 (2) Treatment of any miscarriage or any complication
- 3 related to a miscarriage.
- 4 (d) Option. -- Nothing in this section shall prohibit an
- 5 individual from purchasing optional supplemental abortion
- 6 coverage provided the individual pays a separate premium for the
- 7 coverage and obtains the coverage outside of the health
- 8 insurance exchange.]
- 9 Section 9. Nothing in 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 91 shall be construed
- 10 to prohibit contracts entered into, orders in effect or cases
- 11 commenced prior to the effective date of this section.
- 12 Section 10. The addition of 35 Pa.C.S. Ch. 91 shall apply to
- 13 contracts entered into, orders in effect and cases commenced on
- 14 or after the effective date of this section.
- 15 Section 11. This act shall take effect in 60 days.