THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

SENATE RESOLUTION

No. 81

Session of 2023

INTRODUCED BY HAYWOOD, HUGHES, CAPPELLETTI, BREWSTER, ROBINSON, FONTANA, SANTARSIERO, COSTA, DILLON, KANE AND STREET, MARCH 28, 2023

REFERRED TO RULES AND EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS, MARCH 28, 2023

A RESOLUTION

- Recognizing April 12, 2023, as the 159th anniversary of the Fort Pillow Massacre, in honor of the fallen soldiers who lost
- 3 their lives during this battle.
- 4 WHEREAS, The Battle of Fort Pillow occurred on April 12,
- 5 1864, in Fort Pillow, Tennessee, during the American Civil War;
- 6 and
- 7 WHEREAS, Prior to the battle, the fort was being occupied by
- 8 a garrison of more than 600 Union servicemen, approximately one-
- 9 half of whom were Black soldiers; and
- 10 WHEREAS, On the morning of April 12, 1864, approximately
- 11 1,500 to 2,000 Confederate soldiers, led by General Nathan
- 12 Bedford Forrest, surrounded and attacked the fort; and
- 13 WHEREAS, By the afternoon of April 12, 1864, General Forrest
- 14 demanded surrender from the fort's troops following a 20-minute
- 15 cease fire; and
- 16 WHEREAS, The fort's commander, Union Major William Bradford,
- 17 abandoned the fort and his troops, attempting to find Union
- 18 reinforcements supposedly stationed on the Mississippi River;

- 1 and
- 2 WHEREAS, A majority of the Union garrison surrendered and
- 3 thus should have been taken as prisoners of war; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Confederate and Union witness accounts state that
- 5 instead of being taken as prisoners of war, approximately 300
- 6 Union soldiers were gunned down and killed, including servicemen
- 7 who were already wounded; and
- 8 WHEREAS, Approximately 200 of the approximately 300 Union
- 9 soldiers killed were Black servicemen; and
- 10 WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States opened an
- 11 investigation into the battle, where witnesses stated that a
- 12 majority of the wounds suffered by Union soldiers targeted the
- 13 torso and head from point-blank range; and
- 14 WHEREAS, The Congressional inquiry determined that 70% of
- 15 White soldiers survived the battle, while only 35% of Black
- 16 soldiers survived; and
- 17 WHEREAS, The events that occurred during the Battle of Fort
- 18 Pillow led to the Union's refusal to participate in further
- 19 prisoner exchanges with the Confederate army; and
- 20 WHEREAS, This massacre did not deter other Black servicemen
- 21 from serving in the Union army, but instead increased their
- 22 resolve, many of whom proceeded to use "Remember Fort Pillow" as
- 23 a battle cry; and
- 24 WHEREAS, The site of the battle is well preserved and is now
- 25 the Fort Pillow State Historic Park in Tennessee; and
- 26 WHEREAS, April 12, 2023, will be the 159th anniversary of the
- 27 Battle of Fort Pillow; therefore be it
- 28 RESOLVED, That the Senate recognize April 12, 2023, as the
- 29 159th anniversary of the Fort Pillow Massacre, in honor of the
- 30 fallen soldiers who lost their lives during this battle.