THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 900 Session of 2023

INTRODUCED BY CEPHAS, M. JONES, T. DAVIS, PIELLI, KINKEAD, HOHENSTEIN, PROBST, GUENST, SANCHEZ, MADDEN, DELLOSO, HILL-EVANS, SCHLOSSBERG, HANBIDGE, PARKER, WAXMAN, FIEDLER, CEPEDA-FREYTIZ, HOWARD, SAPPEY, KINSEY, STEHR, KHAN, BULLOCK, WARREN, INNAMORATO, SHUSTERMAN, KAZEEM, KRAJEWSKI, MAYES, TAKAC, OTTEN AND GREEN, APRIL 12, 2023

AS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS AMENDED, APRIL 21, 2023

AN ACT

Amending Title 61 (Prisons and Parole) of the Pennsylvania 1 Consolidated Statutes, in general administration, further 2 providing for State recording system for application of 3 restraints to pregnant prisoners or detainees; in county 4 correctional institutions, further providing for county 5 recording system for application of restraints to pregnant 6 prisoners or detainees; providing for Department of Human 7 Services facilities; and, in miscellaneous provisions, 8 further providing for healthy birth for incarcerated women 9 and providing for restrictive housing prohibited for pregnant 10 or postpartum incarcerated individuals and detainees, for 11 cavity search and inspection restrictions, for training and 12 education requirement, for family consideration in placement <--13 14 and visitation, for feminine hygiene and incontinence 15 products and for postpartum recovery. 16 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 17 hereby enacts as follows: 18 Section 1. Sections 1104 and 1758 heading, (a) and (b) of 19 Title 61 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes are amended 20 to read:

21 § 1104. State recording system [for application of restraints]

22 <u>relating</u> to pregnant [prisoners] <u>and postpartum</u>

1	incarcerated individuals or detainees.
2	(a) General rule[A correctional institution as defined by
3	section 5905(e) (relating to healthy birth for incarcerated
4	women) shall report each restraint applied to a pregnant
5	prisoner or detainee. The report must be in writing and must
6	note the number of restraints. Individual, separate written
7	findings for each restraint must accompany the report. This
8	shall include reports from the following:] <u>A correctional</u>
9	institution shall, in writing, report each restraint applied to
10	a pregnant, laboring or postpartum individual in the
11	correctional institution's custody, as well as any instance
12	where a pregnant, laboring or postpartum individual is placed in
13	restrictive housing. The report shall note the number and type
14	of restraints or, in the case of restrictive housing, the length
15	of time the individual was placed in restrictive housing. The
16	provisions of this subsection shall apply to any person tasked
17	with transporting or housing incarcerated individuals or
18	detainees. As it relates to restraints, the report need not <
19	include when handcuffs are used on an incarcerated individual or
20	detainee that are associated with placement while in restrictive
21	housing. Reports shall be made as follows:
22	(1) A correctional institution that is not operated,
23	supervised or licensed by the Department of [Public Welfare]
24	Human Services pursuant to the act of June 13, 1967 (P.L.31,

No.21), known as the [Public Welfare] <u>Human Services</u> Code,
shall make the report to the secretary.

27 (2) A correctional institution that is operated,
28 supervised or licensed by the Department of [Public Welfare]
29 <u>Human Services</u> pursuant to the [Public Welfare] <u>Human</u>
30 <u>Services</u> Code shall make the report to the Secretary of

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1 [Public Welfare] <u>Human Services</u>.

2	(b) Contents of [written findingsWritten findings]
3	<u>reportReports</u> of each restraint <u>or placement of an</u>
4	incarcerated individual or detainee in restrictive housing as
5	required under subsection (a) must include the following:
6	[(1) the circumstances that led to the determination
7	that the prisoner or detainee represented a substantial risk
8	of imminent flight; or
9	(2) the circumstances that led to the determination that
10	other extraordinary medical or security circumstances
11	dictated the prisoner or detainee be restrained to ensure the
12	safety and security of the prisoner or detainee, the staff of
13	the correctional institution or medical facility, other
14	prisoners or detainees or the public.]
15	(2.1) The circumstances that led to the determination
16	that:
17	(i) the incarcerated individual or detainee
18	represented a substantial risk of imminent flight; or
19	(ii) other extraordinary medical or security
20	circumstances dictated that the incarcerated individual
21	or detainee be restrained or placed in restrictive
22	housing to ensure the safety and security of the
23	incarcerated individual or detainee, the staff of the
24	correctional institution or medical facility, other
25	incarcerated individuals or detainees or the public.
26	(3) The date and time restraints were applied or the
27	restrictive housing placement occurred and the length of time
28	the incarcerated individual or detainee was kept in
29	restraints or restrictive housing.
30	(4) The badge number or identification number of the

1	following:
2	(i) The custodian or staff member who applied the
3	restraints or placed the individual into restrictive
4	housing.
5	(ii) Any superior officers approving or advising the
6	application of restraints or placement in restrictive
7	housing.
8	(5) The number and type of restraints used or the
9	location and description of the restrictive housing.
10	(6) Any visible injury of the incarcerated individual or
11	detainee resulting from placement in the restraints that is
12	documented by the correctional institution.
13	(c) Staff presence during laborOther than licensed
14	medical professionals, only female staff shall be present in the
15	room during the examination, labor or delivery of the pregnant
16	incarcerated individual. If male staff, other than licensed
17	medical professionals, remain present during the examination,
18	labor or delivery of the pregnant incarcerated individual, that
19	information and the reasons for the presence shall be reported
20	to the department or the Department of Human Services, as
21	applicable.
22	(d) Availability of reportsThe nonidentifying data
23	contained in the written reports submitted to the department or
24	the Department of Human Services shall be posted on the
25	department's or the Department of Human Services' publicly
26	accessible Internet website annually. No identifying
27	information, such as names or dates of birth, shall be posted.
28	(e) Failure to submit reportIf a correctional institution
29	fails to submit a report under this section within 30 days after
30	the end of the fiscal year, the department or the Department of

1	Human Services, as applicable, shall obtain a certification, to
2	be created by the department or the Department of Human
3	Services, as applicable, from the correctional institution
4	verifying that the correctional institution had zero instances
5	of use of restraints, placement in restrictive housing or male
6	staff presence, other than licensed medical professionals,
7	during medical examinations or appointments of pregnant
8	incarcerated individuals under the provisions of this section.
9	(f) DefinitionsAs used in this section, the following
10	words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
11	subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
12	"Correctional institution." As defined in section 5905(e)
13	(relating to healthy birth for incarcerated women).
14	"Postpartum." The eight-week period, or longer as determined
15	by the health care professional responsible for the health and
16	safety of the incarcerated individual or detainee, following
17	childbirth.
18	"Restraints." Any physical or mechanical device used to
19	restrict or control the movement of an incarcerated individual's
20	body, limbs or both.
21	"Restrictive housing." Any type of detention that involves
22	removal from the general incarcerated population for purposes of
23	<u>discipline or administrative purpose.</u>
24	"Staff." An individual who is employed or contracted by a
25	correctional institution, the department or the Department of
26	Human Services.
27	§ 1758. County recording system for [application of restraints
28	to pregnant prisoners] pregnant and postpartum
29	incarcerated individuals or detainees.
30	(a) General rule[The application of restraints to a
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1	pregnant prisoner or detainee occurring pursuant to section 5905
2	(relating to healthy birth for incarcerated women) shall
3	constitute an incident that qualifies as an extraordinary
4	occurrence that must be reported to the department in the County
5	Extraordinary Occurrence Monthly Report.] Each of the following
6	shall constitute an incident that qualifies as an extraordinary
7	occurrence that must be reported to the department in the County
8	Extraordinary Occurrence Monthly Report in accordance with
9	sections 5905 (relating to healthy birth for incarcerated women)
10	and 5905.1 (relating to restrictive housing prohibited for
11	pregnant or postpartum incarcerated individuals and detainees):
12	(1) The application of restraints or placement in
13	restrictive housing for a pregnant or postpartum incarcerated
14	individual or detainee.
15	(2) An invasive body cavity search of a pregnant or
16	postpartum incarcerated individual or detainee or inspection
17	of a female incarcerated individual or detainee in a state of
18	undress.
19	(3) The presence of male staff during labor or delivery
20	of the pregnant incarcerated individual or detainee.
21	(b) Information to be included in County Extraordinary
22	Occurrence Monthly Report
23	[(1) Any and all incidents where the application of
24	restraints to a pregnant prisoner or detainee pursuant to
25	section 5905 occurred must be included in the County
26	Extraordinary Occurrence Monthly Report that is submitted to
27	the department. An indication of the incidents must be noted
28	on the designated report form or other available approved
29	method, if applicable, and individual, separate written
30	findings must accompany the form for each incident that
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1 occurred.

2	(2) Written findings of each incident as required under
3	paragraph (1) must include the following:
4	(i) the circumstances that led to the determination
5	that the prisoner or detainee represented a substantial
6	risk of imminent flight; or
7	(ii) the circumstances that led to the determination
8	that other extraordinary medical or security
9	circumstances dictated the prisoner or detainee be
10	restrained to ensure the safety and security of the
11	prisoner or detainee, the staff of the correctional
12	institution or medical facility, other prisoners or
13	detainees or the public.]
14	(3) The report for application of restraints or
15	placement in restrictive housing for a pregnant or postpartum
16	incarcerated individual or detainee shall require the
17	following information:
18	(i) The circumstances that led to the determination
19	that:
20	(A) the incarcerated individual or detainee
21	represented a substantial risk of imminent flight; or
22	(B) other extraordinary medical or security
23	circumstances dictated that the incarcerated
24	individual or detainee be restrained or placed in
25	restrictive housing to ensure the safety and security
26	of the incarcerated individual or detainee, the staff
27	of the correctional institution or medical facility,
28	other incarcerated individuals or detainees or the
29	public.
30	(ii) The date and time restraints were applied or

1	the restrictive housing placement occurred and the length
2	of time the incarcerated individual or detainee was kept
3	in restraints or restrictive housing.
4	(iii) The badge number or identification number of
5	the following:
6	(A) The custodian or staff member who applied
7	the restraints or placed the individual into
8	restrictive housing.
9	(B) Any superior officers approving or advising
10	the application of restraints or placement in
11	restrictive housing.
12	(iv) The number and type of restraints used or the
13	location and description of the restrictive housing.
14	(v) Any visible injury of the incarcerated
15	individual or detainee resulting from placement in the
16	restraints that is documented by the correctional
17	institution.
18	(4) The report for an invasive body cavity search of a
19	pregnant or postpartum incarcerated individual or detainee or
20	inspection of a female incarcerated individual or detainee in
21	a state of undress shall contain the following information:
22	(i) The justification for performing a cavity search
23	or male staff inspection of a female incarcerated
24	<u>individual or detainee in a state of undress.</u>
25	(ii) The identification of any contraband that was
26	found on the incarcerated individual or detainee.
27	(5) The report for the presence of male staff during
28	labor or delivery of the pregnant incarcerated individual or
29	detainee shall include the reasons for the presence of male
30	<u>staff.</u>

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1	(6) The nonidentifying data contained in the written
2	reports submitted to the department or the Department of
3	Human Services shall be posted annually on the publicly
4	accessible Internet website of the department or the
5	Department of Human Services. No identifying information,
6	such as names or dates of birth, shall be posted.
7	(7) If a correctional institution fails to submit a
8	report under this section within 30 days after the end of the
9	fiscal year, the department or the Department of Human
10	Services, as applicable, shall obtain a certification, to be
11	created by the department or the Department of Human
12	Services, as applicable, from the correctional institution
13	verifying that the institution had zero instances of use of
14	restraints, placement in restrictive housing or male staff
15	presence, other than licensed medical professionals, during
16	medical examinations or appointments of pregnant incarcerated
17	individuals under the provisions of this section.
18	* * *
19	Section 2. Title 61 is amended by adding a chapter to read:
20	<u>CHAPTER 57</u>
21	DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES FACILITIES
22	<u>Sec.</u>
23	5701. Definitions.
24	5702. Seclusion prohibited for pregnant or postpartum child.
25	5703. Body cavity search and inspection restrictions.
26	5704. Training and education requirement.
27	5705. Family consideration in placement and visitation. <
28	(RESERVED).
29	5706. Menstrual hygiene and incontinence products.
30	5707. Postpartum recovery.

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1	5708. Reports relating to pregnant or postpartum child.
2	<u>§ 5701. Definitions.</u>
3	The following words and phrases when used in this chapter
4	shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the
5	context clearly indicates otherwise:
6	"Body cavity search." An invasive search of a child
7	conducted by staff in search of contraband, excluding the nose,
8	ears and mouth.
9	"Child." As follows:
10	(1) An individual who resides in an entity licensed or
11	operated by the department and meets one of the following
12	<u>conditions:</u>
13	(i) Is under 18 years of age.
14	(ii) Is under 21 years of age and committed an act
15	of delinquency before reaching 18 years of age and
16	remains under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
17	(iii) Was adjudicated dependent before reaching 18
18	years of age and while engaged in instruction or
19	treatment, requests the court to retain jurisdiction
20	until the instruction or treatment is completed, but a
21	child may not remain in a course of instruction or
22	<u>treatment past 21 years of age.</u>
23	(iv) Has an intellectual disability, a mental
24	illness or a serious emotional disturbance, with a
25	transfer plan to move to an adult setting by 21 years of
26	age.
27	(2) The term does not include a child in foster care as
28	provided in 42 U.S.C. Ch. 7 Subch. IV (relating to grants to
29	states for aid and services to needy families with children
30	and for child-welfare services).

1	"Department." The Department of Human Services of the
2	Commonwealth.
3	"Exclusion." As follows:
4	(1) The removal of a resident from the resident's
5	immediate environment and restricting the resident alone in a
6	room or area.
7	(2) The term does not include an occasion when:
8	(i) An employee of a facility remains in the
9	exclusion area with the resident.
10	(ii) A resident is voluntarily restricted to an area
11	<u>or room.</u>
12	(iii) All residents are required to be in their
13	rooms or another room or area as part of the program
14	<u>schedule.</u>
15	"Facility." Except as exempted by regulation, a premise or
16	part of a premise serving children who are adjudicated either
17	dependent or delinguent and meeting one of the following
18	<u>conditions:</u>
19	(1) Operated for a portion of a 24-hour day in which
20	alternative education, intervention or support programs are
21	provided to one or more children to prevent a child's
22	placement in a more restrictive setting or to facilitate the
23	child's reunification with the child's family.
24	(2) Operated in a 24-hour living setting in which care
25	is provided for one or more children who are not relatives of
26	the facility operator.
27	"Health care professional." An individual who is licensed,
28	certified or otherwise authorized or permitted by the laws of
29	this Commonwealth to administer health care in the ordinary
30	course of business or in the practice of a profession.
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1	"Menstrual hygiene products." As follows:
2	(1) Products RELATING TO BODILY FUNCTIONS THAT ARE used <
3	during menstruation.
4	(2) The term includes tampons and sanitary pads.
5	"Postpartum." An eight-week period or a longer period as
6	determined by the health care professional responsible for the
7	health and safety of the child following childbirth.
8	"Restraints." Any physical or mechanical device used to
9	restrict or control the movement of a child's body or limbs or
10	both.
11	"Staff." An individual who is employed by a facility.
12	"State of undress." A state where a child is partially or
13	fully naked, either in the shower, toilet areas, a medical
14	examination room or while a body cavity search is being
15	conducted.
16	"Substantial risk of imminent flight." As follows:
17	(1) A showing of real and considerable risk of escaping
18	by a child from a facility.
19	(2) A child's history of escape attempts and flight to
20	avoid the facility may be relevant to the determination but
21	history alone does not satisfy the requirement.
22	"Trauma-informed care." A strengths-based approach to
23	service delivery and organizational structure that:
24	(1) Realizes the widespread impact of trauma, including
25	<u>historical trauma.</u>
26	(2) Understands potential paths to recovery.
27	(3) Recognizes the signs and symptoms of trauma in a
28	child, parent, legal guardian, staff or another involved in
29	the system.
30	(4) Responds by fully integrating knowledge about trauma

1	into policies, procedures, practices and relationships.
2	(5) Seeks to actively prevent retraumatization.
3	<u>§ 5702. Seclusion prohibited for pregnant or postpartum child.</u>
4	(a) Seclusion prohibited. GENERAL RULEExcept as provided <
5	under subsection (c), a pregnant or postpartum child may not be
6	involuntarily placed in seclusion in any facility in this
7	Commonwealth.
8	(b) Alternative disciplineForms of discipline for a
9	pregnant or postpartum child shall be limited to sanctions,
10	including restrictions on telephone usage or visitation or other
11	common forms of alternative discipline used in the United
12	<u>States.</u>
13	(c) ExceptionsA pregnant or postpartum child may be
14	placed in exclusion SECLUSION only as a temporary response to <
15	behavior that poses a serious and immediate risk of physical
16	harm to the pregnant or postpartum child, another child, the
17	unborn child of the pregnant child or staff. The following
18	apply:
19	(1) The decision to place a pregnant or postpartum child
20	in exclusion SECLUSION under this subsection must be approved <
21	by the individual in charge of the facility.
22	(2) The rationale for the decision to use exclusion <
23	SECLUSION must be documented as required by section 5708 <
24	(relating to reports relating to pregnant or postpartum
25	child).
26	(3) No period of exclusion SECLUSION in excess of seven <
27	days may be approved.
28	(d) Bed assignmentsThe facility may not assign a pregnant
29	child to any bed that is elevated more than three feet from the
30	floor of the facility.

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1	§ 5703. Body cavity search and inspection restrictions.
2	(a) Body cavity search and inspection restrictionsTo the
3	greatest extent possible:
4	(1) Only a health care professional shall conduct an
5	invasive body cavity search of a pregnant child.
6	(2) If a search is required, staff shall accommodate the
7	child's stated preference regarding the gender of the staff
8	to be present in the room during the search except in cases
9	of exigent circumstances as determined by the facility
10	<u>director or designee.</u>
11	(b) Documentation requirementIf a health care
12	professional is required to perform an invasive body cavity
13	search on a pregnant child, or the child's stated preference
14	regarding the gender of the staff present in the room during a
15	search while the child is in a state of undress is not met,
16	staff shall submit a written report to the individual in charge
17	of the facility within 72 hours following the body cavity search
18	or inspection. The report under this subsection shall:
19	(1) Include the justification for performing the body
20	cavity search or failing to honor the child's stated
21	preference regarding the gender of the staff performing the
22	inspection.
23	(2) Note if any contraband was found on the child.
24	(3) Be sent to the department.
25	§ 5704. Training and education requirement.
26	(a) Facility staff trainingThe facility shall provide or
27	arrange a training program for staff who have contact with a
28	pregnant, laboring or postpartum child. The training program
29	shall be related to the physical and mental health of the
30	pregnant or postpartum child and unborn baby, including:
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1	(1) The general care of a pregnant child.
2	(2) The impact of restraints on a pregnant child and
3	<u>unborn baby.</u>
4	(3) The impact of being placed in restrictive housing on
5	<u>a pregnant child.</u>
6	(4) The impact of invasive searches on a pregnant child.
7	(5) Any other pertinent information the department finds
8	appropriate or necessary.
9	(b) Facility staff training exceptionsIf the facility
10	prohibits the placement of a pregnant child as a matter of
11	policy, the facility may submit a written exemption reporting
12	that there is no risk of staff interacting with a pregnant child
13	housed in the facility. The following apply:
14	(1) The exemption under this subsection shall apply only
15	to the facility, not the individual staff of the facility.
16	(2) All facility staff that come in contact with a
17	pregnant child shall complete the training under this
18	section.
19	(3) If facility staff work at more than one institution,
20	the staff must receive the required training at the nonexempt
21	<u>facility.</u>
22	(c) Education programming for a pregnant childThe
23	facility shall develop and provide educational programming for a
24	pregnant or postpartum child. The educational programming shall
25	be related to:
26	(1) Medical screenings related to reproductive and
27	overall health, including preventive screenings.
28	(2) Prenatal care.
29	(3) Pregnancy-specific hygiene.
30	(4) The impact of alcohol and drugs on the unborn baby.

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1	(5) General health of the unborn baby.
2	(6) Any other pertinent information the department finds
3	appropriate or necessary.
4	(d) Trauma-informed care
5	(1) The individual in charge of a facility shall, as
6	necessary, ensure that the facility provides quality trauma-
7	informed care to a child.
8	(2) Trauma-informed care for a child shall begin
9	immediately upon the child's intake and assessment at a
10	facility.
11	(3) Facility staff shall have no fewer than four hours
12	of professional training related to trauma-informed care,
13	which shall include the following:
14	(i) Training to identify a child with trauma.
15	(ii) Training on how and when to refer a child to
16	the proper health care professionals, including
17	preventive health care and mental health care.
18	(iii) Training on how to interact with and empower a
19	child who has experienced trauma.
20	§ 5705. Family consideration in placement and visitation. <
21	(a) Visitation. Except as provided under subsection (b),
22	the facility shall make efforts to authorize visitation for a
23	child. The following apply:
24	(1) A child shall have the right to visit with family at
25	least once every two weeks, at a time and location convenient
26	for the family, the child and the facility, unless visits are
27	restricted by court order.
28	(2) The right under paragraph (1) shall not restrict
29	more frequent family visits.
30	(b) Exceptions. Visitation rights shall not be authorized

1	under subsection (a):
2	(1) For a parent who has been deemed by the department
3	as unsafe or ineligible for visitation.
4	(2) In instances where the minor child was the victim of
5	a criminal offense under 18 Pa.C.S. (relating to crimes and
6	offenses). (RESERVED). <
7	<u>§ 5706. Menstrual hygiene and incontinence products.</u>
8	<u>(a) Issuance of menstrual hygiene products</u>
9	(1) A facility shall supply menstrual hygiene products
10	each month to a child who is menstruating at no cost to the
11	child regardless of financial means.
12	(2) A child may not be required to show proof of need or
13	to undergo a medical examination or obtain a medical permit,
14	authorization or diagnosis to receive the products under
15	subsections (b) and (c).
16	(b) Menstrual hygiene products providedA choice of at
17	least two sizes or absorbencies of sanitary pads and tampons
18	shall be available to a child who is menstruating in a facility
19	or if requested from medical staff.
20	(c) Issuance of hygiene products related to bladder control
21	and incontinenceA supply of products for bladder control and
22	incontinence, including adult diapers and protective
23	undergarments, shall be provided to a child, including a
24	postpartum child, who requires the products each month at no
25	cost to the child, regardless of financial means.
26	<u>§ 5707. Postpartum recovery.</u>
27	<u>(a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints</u>
28	shall be used on any child who has given birth within the last
29	30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department
30	has a reasonable belief that the child will harm the child, the
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1	child's newborn or another individual or pose a substantial risk
2	of imminent flight. If restraints are used, the staff ordering
3	the use of restraints on a child while in postpartum recovery
4	shall submit a written report to the individual in charge of the
5	facility within 72 hours following the use of the restraints,
6	containing the justification for restraining the child during
7	postpartum recovery. The report shall also be sent to the
8	department.
9	(b) Post-delivery bonding periodSubject to hospital
10	policy, following the delivery of a newborn, the department
11	shall permit the newborn to remain with the child at the
12	hospital for 72 hours unless a health care professional has a
13	reasonable belief that the newborn remaining with the child
14	poses a health or safety risk to the newborn.
15	(c) Nutritional and hygiene productsDuring the 72-hour
16	period under subsection (b), the department shall make available
17	the necessary nutritional and hygiene products to care for the
18	newborn.
19	<u>§ 5708. Reports relating to pregnant or postpartum child.</u>
20	(a) RequirementA facility shall, in writing, report to
21	the department on each restraint applied to a pregnant, laboring
22	or postpartum child in the facility's custody. The following
23	apply:
24	(1) The report shall note the number and type of
25	<u>restraints.</u>
26	(2) The provisions of this subsection shall apply to any
27	person tasked with transporting or housing a pregnant or
28	postpartum child.
29	(b) Contents of reportReports of each restraint or
30	placement of a child as required under subsection (a) must

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1 <u>include the following:</u>

2	(1) The circumstances that led to the determination that
3	the child represented a substantial risk of imminent flight.
4	(2) The circumstances that led to the determination that
5	other extraordinary medical or security circumstances
6	dictated that the child be restrained to ensure the safety
7	and security of the child, the staff of the facility or
8	medical facility, another child or the public.
9	(3) The date and time restraints were applied, and the
10	length of time the child was kept in restraints.
11	(4) The number and type of restraints used.
12	(5) Any physical effects on the child or the unborn baby
13	of a child resulting from placement in the restraints.
14	(c) Staff presence during laborIf staff presence is
15	required, staff shall accommodate the child's stated preference
16	regarding the gender of the staff to be present in the room
17	during the examination, labor or delivery of the pregnant child,
18	except in cases of exigent circumstances as determined by the
19	facility director or designee.
20	(d) Availability of reportsThe nonidentifying data
21	contained in the reports submitted to the department shall be
22	posted on the department's publicly accessible Internet website
23	annually. No identifying information, such as names or dates of
24	<u>birth, shall be posted.</u>
25	Section 3. Section 5905 of Title 61 is amended to read:
26	§ 5905. Healthy birth for incarcerated women.
27	(a) Duties of correctional institutionConsistent with
28	established policy and practice, it shall be the duty and
29	responsibility of the correctional institution to provide
30	adequate personnel to monitor the pregnant [prisoner]
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<u>incarcerated individual</u> or detainee during transport to and from the medical facility and during her stay at the medical facility.

4 (b) Restraint of pregnant [prisoners] <u>incarcerated</u>
5 individuals and detainees.--

6 Unless provided in paragraph (2), a correctional (1)7 institution shall not apply restraints, excluding INCLUDING <---8 handcuffs, to [a prisoner] an incarcerated individual or 9 detainee known to be pregnant fduring any stage of labor[, <---10 any pregnancy-related medical distress, any period of delivery,] or during any period of postpartum as defined in 11 <---[subsection (e) or transport to a medical facility as a 12 result of any of the preceding conditions or transport to a 13 14 medical facility after the beginning of the second trimester of pregnancy.] section 1104(f) (relating to State recording_ 15 system relating to pregnant and postpartum incarcerated 16 17 individuals or detainees).

18 (2) Paragraph (1) shall not bar reasonable restraint 19 provided the correctional institution staff assigned to the 20 [prisoner] incarcerated individual or detainee makes an 21 individualized determination that the [prisoner] incarcerated 22 individual or detainee presents a substantial risk of 23 imminent flight or some other extraordinary medical or 24 security circumstance dictates that the [prisoner] 25 incarcerated individual or detainee be restrained to ensure 26 the safety and security of the [prisoner] incarcerated 27 individual or detainee, the staff of the correctional institution or medical facility, other [prisoners] 28 29 incarcerated individuals or detainees or the public. The 30 assigned correctional institution staff shall report the

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1 incident to the correctional institution in a reasonable 2 amount of time after the restraint occurs. [If the assigned 3 correctional institution staff is not employed by the correctional institution, then the assigned correctional 4 5 institution staff] In the case of any use of restraints on a pregnant or postpartum incarcerated individual by an 6 7 individual or entity that is not employed by the correctional 8 institution but is transporting the pregnant or postpartum 9 incarcerated individual on behalf of the correctional institution, the individual or entity shall report the 10 restraint to the correctional institution in a reasonable 11 12 amount of time after the incident occurs. The reporting requirement shall not apply to a law enforcement agency 13 14 unless the law enforcement agency is transporting pregnant or postpartum incarcerated individuals on behalf of the 15 correctional institution. 16

17 (3) If restraint is applied under paragraph (2), at no 18 time shall the [prisoner] <u>incarcerated individual</u> or detainee 19 be left unattended by a correctional institution staff with 20 the ability to release the restraint should a release become 21 medically necessary.

(4) When a restraint is permitted under this section, a
correctional institution shall use the least restrictive
restraint necessary when the facility has actual or
constructive knowledge that [a prisoner] an incarcerated
<u>individual</u> or detainee is in the second or third trimester of
pregnancy.

(c) Restraints.--The following shall apply to [a prisoner] an incarcerated individual or detainee who has been restrained under this subsection:

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(1) The correctional institution staff accompanying the
 [prisoner] incarcerated individual or detainee shall
 [immediately] promptly remove all restraints upon request of
 a doctor, nurse or other health care professional.

5 (2) Leg or waist restraints shall not be used on any 6 [prisoner] <u>incarcerated individual</u> or detainee who is in 7 labor.

8 (3) The type of restraint applied and the application of 9 the restraint shall be done in the least restrictive manner 10 possible.

11 (d) Annual report. -- No later than August 1 of each year, the secretary and the Secretary of Public Welfare shall each 12 submit to the Governor's Office a written report containing 13 14 information regarding the use of restraints on any pregnant prisoner or detainee during the preceding fiscal year 15 16 specifically identifying and enumerating the circumstances that led to the determination that the prisoner or detainee fell 17 18 under the exception in subsection (b)(2). The secretary shall 19 report on pregnant prisoners or detainees in the custody of 20 correctional institutions operated, supervised or licensed by 21 the department. The Secretary of Public Welfare shall report on pregnant prisoners or detainees in the custody of correctional 22 23 institutions operated, supervised or licensed by the Department 24 of Public Welfare pursuant to the act of June 13, 1967 (P.L.31, 25 No.21), known as the Public Welfare Code. The reports shall not 26 contain any identifying information of any prisoner or detainee. The reports shall be posted on the Governor's Internet website 27 and shall be made available for public inspection at the offices 28 29 of the department and the Department of Public Welfare, respectively.] 30

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1 Definitions.--As used in this section, the following (e) 2 words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this 3 subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise: "Correctional institution." Any entity under the authority 4 5 of the state or any county or municipality that has the power to detain and restrain a person under the laws of this 6 7 Commonwealth. 8 "Detainee." Includes any person detained under the immigration laws of the United States at any correctional 9 10 facility. 11 ["Labor." The period of time before a birth during which contractions are of sufficient frequency, intensity and duration 12 13 to bring about effacement and progressive dilation of the 14 cervix. The determination of when labor has commenced shall rest solely with the medical providers of the prisoner or detainee. 15 16 "Postpartum." The period following delivery before a prisoner or detainee has been discharged from a medical 17 18 facility. 19 "Prisoner." Any person incarcerated or detained in any correctional institution who is accused of, convicted of, 20 sentenced for or adjudicated delinquent for violations of 21 criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, 22 23 pretrial release or a diversionary program.] 24 "Incarcerated individual." An individual incarcerated or 25 detained in a correctional institution who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for or adjudicated delinguent for 26 violations of criminal law or the terms and conditions of 27 28 parole, probation, pretrial release or a diversionary program. 29 "Restraint." Any physical hold or mechanical device used to control the movement of [a prisoner's] an incarcerated_ 30

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1	<u>individual's</u> or detainee's body [and] <u>or</u> limbs[, including, but
2	not limited to, shackles, flex cuffs, soft restraints, hard
3	metal handcuffs, a black box, Chubb cuffs, leg irons, belly
4	chains, a security (tether) chain or a convex shield] or both.
5	Section 4. Title 61 is amended by adding sections to read:
6	§ 5905.1. Restrictive housing prohibited for pregnant or
7	postpartum incarcerated individuals and detainees.
8	(a) Restrictive housing prohibitedExcept as provided
9	under subsection (c), a pregnant or postpartum incarcerated
10	individual or detainee may not be involuntarily placed in
11	restrictive housing in any correctional institution in this
12	Commonwealth.
13	(b) Alternative disciplineForms of discipline for
14	pregnant and postpartum incarcerated individuals or detainees
15	shall be limited to sanctions, including restrictions on
16	telephone usage or visitation or other common forms of
17	alternative discipline used in the United States.
18	(c) ExceptionsA pregnant or postpartum incarcerated
19	individual or detainee may be placed in restrictive housing only
20	as a temporary response to behavior that poses a serious and
21	immediate risk of physical harm to the pregnant or postpartum
22	incarcerated individual or detainee, another incarcerated
23	individual or detainee, the unborn child of the pregnant
24	incarcerated individual or detainee or staff. The following
25	shall apply:
26	(1) The decision to place a pregnant or postpartum
27	incarcerated individual or detainee in restrictive housing
28	under this subsection must be approved by the chief
28 29	under this subsection must be approved by the chief <u>administrator.</u>

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1	must be documented as required by section 1104 (relating to
2	State recording system relating to pregnant and postpartum
3	incarcerated individuals or detainees).
4	(3) No period of restrictive housing shall exceed seven
5	days without additional approval and documented rationale, as
6	required by section 1104, of the chief administrator. There
7	shall be a minimum of seven days between each restrictive
8	placement absent extraordinary circumstances.
9	(d) Bed assignmentsThe correctional institution may not
10	assign a pregnant incarcerated individual or detainee to any bed
11	that is elevated more than three feet from the floor of the
12	facility.
13	(e) DefinitionAs used in this section, the term
14	"postpartum" means the eight-week period, or longer as
15	determined by the health care professional responsible for the
16	health and safety of the incarcerated individual or detainee,
17	following childbirth.
18	§ 5908. Cavity search and inspection restrictions.
19	(a) Cavity search and inspection restrictionsTo the
20	greatest extent possible:
21	(1) No staff other than a licensed health care
22	professional shall conduct an invasive body cavity search of
23	a pregnant or postpartum incarcerated individual or detainee.
24	(2) A correctional institution shall limit searches by
25	male staff, other than medically licensed professional male
26	staff, if a female incarcerated individual or detainee is in
27	<u>a state of undress.</u>
28	(b) Documentation requirementIf staff is required to
29	perform an invasive body cavity search on a pregnant or
30	postpartum incarcerated individual or detainee, or male staff,

1	other than medically licensed professional male staff, is
2	required to conduct a search on a female incarcerated individual
3	or detainee in a state of undress, a written report shall be
4	submitted to the correctional institution within 72 hours
5	following the cavity search or inspection. The report under this
6	subsection shall:
7	(1) include the justification for performing the cavity
8	search or male staff inspection as required in this
9	subsection;
10	(2) document and identify any contraband that was found
11	on the incarcerated individual or detainee; and
12	(3) be sent to the department or the Department of Human
13	<u>Services, as applicable.</u>
14	(c) DefinitionsAs used in this section, the following
15	words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
16	subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
17	"Body cavity search." An invasive search of incarcerated
18	individuals or detainees, conducted by staff in search of
19	contraband, excluding the nose, ears and mouth.
20	"Staff." An individual, including contracted staff, who is
21	employed by a correctional institution, the department or the
22	Department of Human Services, excluding any licensed medical
23	professional.
24	"State of undress." A state where an incarcerated or
25	detained female is partially or fully naked, either in the
26	shower, toilet areas, a medical examination room or while a body
27	cavity search is being conducted.
28	<u>§ 5909. Training and education requirement.</u>
29	(a) Correctional institution staff trainingThe department
30	and the Department of Human Services shall jointly develop and

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1	provide correctional institutions with a training program for
2	staff who have contact with a pregnant, laboring or postpartum
3	incarcerated individual or detainee. The training program shall
4	be related to the physical and mental health of the pregnant or
5	postpartum incarcerated individual or detainee and unborn child,
6	<u>including:</u>
7	(1) The general care of a pregnant individual.
8	(2) The impact of restraints on a pregnant individual
9	and unborn child.
10	(3) The impact of being placed in restrictive housing on
11	<u>a pregnant individual.</u>
12	(4) The impact of invasive searches on a pregnant
13	individual.
14	(5) Any other pertinent information the department or
15	the Department of Human Services finds appropriate or
16	necessary.
17	(b) Correctional institution staff training exceptionsIf
18	the correctional institution or county correctional institution
19	prohibits the placement of pregnant individuals as a matter of
20	law, that institution may submit a written exemption reporting
21	that there is no risk of staff interacting with pregnant
22	individuals housed in the institution. The exemption under this
23	subsection shall apply only to the correctional institution, not
24	the individual staff of the institution. All correctional
25	institution staff that come in contact with pregnant
26	incarcerated individuals shall complete the training under this
27	section. If correctional institution staff work at more than one
28	institution, the staff must receive the required training at the
29	nonexempt institution.
30	(c) Education programming for pregnant incarcerated

1	individualsThe department and the Department of Human
2	Services shall jointly develop and provide correctional
3	institutions and county correctional institutions with
4	educational programming for pregnant or postpartum incarcerated
5	individuals or detainees. The educational programming shall be
6	related to:
7	(1) Medical screenings related to female reproductive
8	and overall health, including preventive screenings.
9	(2) Prenatal care.
10	(3) Pregnancy-specific hygiene.
11	(4) The impact of alcohol and drugs on the unborn child.
12	(5) General health of the child.
13	(6) Any other pertinent information the department or
14	the Department of Human Services finds appropriate or
15	necessary.
16	(d) Trauma-informed care
17	(1) The chief administrator shall, as the chief
18	administrator deems necessary, ensure that the correctional
19	institution provides to incarcerated individuals and
20	detainees quality trauma-informed care.
21	(2) Trauma-informed care for an individual shall begin
22	immediately upon the individual's intake and assessment at a
23	correctional institution.
24	(3) Correctional staff shall receive professional
25	training, approved by the Department of Human Services,
26	relating to trauma-informed care, which shall include the
27	following:
28	(i) Training to identify individuals with trauma.
29	(ii) Training on how and when to refer individuals
30	to the proper health care professionals, including

1	preventive health care and mental health care.
2	(iii) Training on how to interact with and empower
3	incarcerated individuals who have experienced trauma.
4	(e) DefinitionsAs used in this section, the following
5	words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
6	subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
7	"Postpartum." The eight-week period, or longer as determined
8	by the health care professional responsible for the health and
9	safety of the incarcerated individual or detainee, following
10	childbirth.
11	"Trauma-informed care." An organizational structure and
12	treatment framework that involves recognizing, understanding and
13	responding to the effects of trauma.
14	<u>\$ 5910. Family consideration in placement and visitation.</u> <
15	(a) Visitation The department and the Department of Human
16	Services shall make efforts to authorize visitation by a minor
16 17	<u>Services shall make efforts to authorize visitation by a minor</u> <u>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum</u>
17	dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum
17 18	dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum
17 18 19	dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements: (1) The minor dependent child shall be able to visit in
17 18 19 20	<pre>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements: (1) The minor dependent child shall be able to visit in person the minor dependent child's parent at least once per</pre>
17 18 19 20 21	<pre>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements: (1) The minor dependent child shall be able to visit in person the minor dependent child's parent at least once per week subject to department policy and facility space, staffing and administrative capacity.</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<u>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum</u> <u>following requirements:</u> <u>(1) The minor dependent child shall be able to visit in</u> <u>person the minor dependent child's parent at least once per</u> <u>week subject to department policy and facility space,</u> <u>staffing and administrative capacity.</u> <u>(2) The visits shall not impact visitation privileges</u>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements:</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements: (1) The minor dependent child shall be able to visit in person the minor dependent child's parent at least once per week subject to department policy and facility space, staffing and administrative capacity. (2) The visits shall not impact visitation privileges under 37 Pa. Code § 93.3 (relating to inmate visiting privileges).
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements: (1) The minor dependent child shall be able to visit in person the minor dependent child's parent at least once per week subject to department policy and facility space, staffing and administrative capacity. (2) The visits shall not impact visitation privileges under 37 Fa. Code § 93.3 (relating to inmate visiting privileges). (3) Additional visits may be permitted through virtual</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>dependent child under 18 years of age, with the minimum following requirements: (1) The minor dependent child shall be able to visit in person the minor dependent child's parent at least once per week subject to department policy and facility space, staffing and administrative capacity. (2) The visits shall not impact visitation privileges under 37 Pa. Code § 93.3 (relating to inmate visiting privileges). (3) Additional visits may be permitted through virtual means, subject to department policy and facility space,</pre>

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1	(1) For parents who have been deemed unsafe or
2	ineligible for visitation through the department or the
3	Department of Human Services until deemed safe or eligible
4	for visitation by the department or the Department of Human
5	Services.
6	(2) In instances where the minor dependent child was the
7	victim of a criminal offense under 18 Pa.C.S. (relating to
8	crimes and offenses) resulting in the incarceration or
9	detention of the parent.
10	(3) If the parent voluntarily enrolled in a detention
11	program which prohibits visitation.
12	§ 5911 5910. Feminine hygiene and incontinence products. <
13	(a) Issuance of feminine hygiene products relating to
14	menstruationA supply of feminine hygiene products shall be
15	provided to all incarcerated individuals and detainees who are
16	menstruating in a correctional institution each month at no cost
17	to the incarcerated individuals and detainees, regardless of
18	financial means. Incarcerated individuals and detainees shall
19	not be required to show proof of need or to undergo a medical
20	examination or obtain a medical permit, authorization or
21	diagnosis to receive the products under subsection (b).
22	(b) Feminine hygiene products providedA choice of at
23	least two sizes or absorbencies of sanitary pads shall be
24	distributed to all incarcerated individuals and detainees who
25	are menstruating in a correctional institution or if requested
26	from medical staff.
27	(c) Feminine hygiene products to be requestedA choice of
28	at least two sizes of tampons shall be distributed to
29	incarcerated individuals and detainees who request a tampon from
30	medical staff.

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1	(d) Issuance of feminine hygiene products relating to
2	bladder control and incontinenceA supply of products for
3	bladder control and incontinence shall be provided to
4	incarcerated individuals and detainees, including geriatric
5	incarcerated individuals and postpartum incarcerated
6	individuals, who require such products each month at no cost to
7	incarcerated individuals and detainees, regardless of financial
8	means.
9	(e) Bladder control and incontinence products
10	distributionAdult diapers or protective undergarments shall
11	be distributed to incarcerated individuals who require them.
12	(f) Rules and regulationsThe correctional institution
13	shall promulgate rules necessary to implement and enforce the
14	provisions of this section.
15	(g) DefinitionAs used in this section, the term "feminine
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
16	hygiene products" means products that women use during
16 17	nyglene products" means products that women use during menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins.
17	menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins.
17 18	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. § 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. </pre>
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17 18 19 20	menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. § 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has
17 18 19 20 21	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. § 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum.</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. § 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. < (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department or the Department of Human</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. \$ 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department or the Department of Human Services, as applicable, has a reasonable belief that the</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. \$ 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. < (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department or the Department of Human Services, as applicable, has a reasonable belief that the incarcerated individual or detainee will harm themselves, their</pre>
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. \$ 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. </pre> (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department or the Department of Human Services, as applicable, has a reasonable belief that the incarcerated individual or detainee will harm themselves, their newborn or another individual or pose a substantial risk of
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. § 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. </pre> (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department or the Department of Human Services, as applicable, has a reasonable belief that the incarcerated individual or detainee will harm themselves, their newborn or another individual or pose a substantial risk of imminent flight. If restraints are used, the facility employee
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. \$ 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. </pre> (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department or the Department of Human Services, as applicable, has a reasonable belief that the incarcerated individual or detainee will harm themselves, their newborn or another individual or pose a substantial risk of imminent flight. If restraints are used, the facility employee ordering the use of restraints on an incarcerated individual or
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>menstruation. The term includes tampons and sanitary napkins. \$ 5912 5911. Postpartum recovery. </pre> (a) Restraints during postpartum recoveryNo restraints shall be used on any incarcerated individual or detainee who has given birth within the last 30 days and is in postpartum recovery, unless the department or the Department of Human Services, as applicable, has a reasonable belief that the incarcerated individual or detainee will harm themselves, their newborn or another individual or pose a substantial risk of imminent flight. If restraints are used, the facility employee ordering the use of restraints on an incarcerated individual or detainee while in postpartum recovery shall submit a written

1	justification for restraining the incarcerated individual or
2	detainee during postpartum recovery. The report shall also be
3	sent to the department or the Department of Human Services, as
4	applicable.
5	(b) Postdelivery bonding periodFollowing the delivery of
6	a newborn and subject to hospital policies, including length of
7	stay, the department or the Department of Human Services shall
8	permit the child to remain with the mother at the hospital for
9	up to 72 hours unless there is a reasonable belief that the
10	child remaining with the mother presents a health or safety risk
11	to the child.
12	(c) DefinitionsAs used in this section, the following
13	words and phrases shall have the meanings given to them in this
14	subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
15	"Postpartum." The eight-week period, or longer as determined
16	by the health care professional responsible for the health and
17	safety of the incarcerated individual or detainee, following
18	<u>childbirth.</u>
19	"Substantial risk of imminent flight." A showing of real and
20	considerable risk of escaping by the incarcerated individual
21	with the intent to avoid continued incarceration. An
22	individual's history of escape attempts and flight to avoid
23	continued incarceration may be relevant to the determination,
24	but history alone cannot meet the requirement.
25	Section 5. This act shall take effect in 180 days.