H. R. 4978

To provide for the protection of agricultural workers, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 27, 2023

Mr. Casar (for himself, Mr. Pocan, Ms. Adams, Ms. Barragán, Mr. Bowman, Ms. Budzinski, Ms. Bush, Mr. Carson, Ms. Crockett, Mr. Deluzio, Mr. Doggett, Mrs. Foushee, Mr. Frost, Mr. Garamendi, Mr. Robert Garcia of California, Ms. Garcia of Texas, Ms. Norton, Ms. Jackson Lee, Mr. Jackson of Illinois, Mr. Johnson of Georgia, Mr. McGovern, Ms. Ocasio-Cortez, Ms. Sánchez, Mr. Thanedar, Ms. Tlaib, Mr. Vargas, Ms. Velázquez, Ms. Jayapal, and Ms. Clarke of New York) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committees on Education and the Workforce, Financial Services, Oversight and Accountability, House Administration, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To provide for the protection of agricultural workers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Agricultural Worker
- 5 Justice Act".

1 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.

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- Sec. 102. Food worker pay increase.
- Sec. 103. Prohibition on stock buybacks while receiving USDA funds.
- Sec. 104. Promotion of economic security and workplace accountability.
- Sec. 105. Waiver to purchase foreign commodities or products.
- Sec. 106. Authorization of local food purchase assistance cooperative agreement program.
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- Sec. 233. Occupational safety and health standards to protect employees in covered establishments.
- Sec. 234. Permanent regional emphasis inspection program; expanding inspections.
- Sec. 235. Representatives during physical inspections.
- Sec. 236. Enhanced protections from retaliation.
- Sec. 237. Regulations to restore a column on required records of work-related musculoskeletal disorders.
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1 TITLE I—FAIR USDA PROCURE-2 MENT AND CONTRACTING

3	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this title:
5	(1) Meat.—The term "meat" means meat
6	(within the meaning of the Federal Meat Inspection
7	Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).
8	(2) MEAT FOOD PRODUCT.—The term "meat
9	food product" has the meaning given the term in
10	section 1 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21
11	U.S.C. 601).
12	(3) Poultry; Poultry Product.—The terms
13	"poultry" and "poultry product" have the meanings
14	given those terms in section 4 of the Poultry Prod-
15	ucts Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 453).
16	(4) Processed food.—The term "processed
17	food" has the meaning given the term in section 201
18	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
19	U.S.C. 321).
20	SEC. 102. FOOD WORKER PAY INCREASE.
21	(a) Prevailing Rate.—The Secretary of Agri-

22 culture may not purchase any meat, meat food product,

23 poultry, poultry product, or processed food produced by

- 1 workers in the United States who are compensated at a
- 2 rate lower than the prevailing rate for wages and fringe
- 3 benefits for such workers in their locality.
- 4 (b) Prevailing Rate Determination.—The Sec-
- 5 retary of Labor shall determine the prevailing rates de-
- 6 scribed in subsection (a) and, in determining such rates,
- 7 shall take into account any applicable existing collective
- 8 bargaining agreements in the locality.
- 9 (c) Collective Bargaining Agreement Suprem-
- 10 ACY.—A prevailing rate established pursuant to this sec-
- 11 tion shall not supersede the wages and benefits of a worker
- 12 agreed to in a collective bargaining agreement.
- 13 SEC. 103. PROHIBITION ON STOCK BUYBACKS WHILE RE-
- 14 CEIVING USDA FUNDS.
- 15 (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 16 (1) Equity security; exchange; issuer.—
- 17 The terms "equity security", "exchange", and
- 18 "issuer" have the meanings given the terms in sec-
- tion 3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
- 20 U.S.C. 78c).
- 21 (2) National Security Exchange.—The
- term "national securities exchange" means an ex-
- change registered under section 6 of the Securities
- 24 Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f).

- 5 1 (b) Prohibitions.—Notwithstanding any other pro-2 vision of law, during any period that an agricultural issuer 3 has a contract or receives funding from the Department 4 of Agriculture, the agricultural issuer may not— 5 (1) purchase an equity security of the issuer or 6 any parent company of the issuer on a national se-7 curities exchange; or 8 (2) pay dividends or other capital distributions 9 on an equity security of the issuer. 10 SEC. 104. PROMOTION OF ECONOMIC SECURITY AND WORK-11 PLACE ACCOUNTABILITY. (a) REQUIRED DISCLOSURES.—The Secretary of Ag-
- 12 riculture shall require any entity that enters into a contract with the Department of Agriculture on or after the 14 15 date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act to disclose to the Secretary of Labor, on an annual 16 basis and to the best of the knowledge of the entity, whether, within the preceding 3-year period, any administrative 18 merits determination, arbitral award or decision, or civil 19 judgment, as defined in regulations issued by the Sec-21 retary of Labor, has been issued against the entity, or any 22 subcontractor of the entity, for violations of any of the 23 following (including, as applicable, any regulations issued under any of the following):

1	(1) The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29
2	U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
3	(2) The Occupational Safety and Health Act of
4	1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.).
5	(3) The National Labor Relations Act (29
6	U.S.C. 151 et seq.).
7	(4) Subchapter IV of chapter 31 of title 40,
8	United States Code (commonly known as the
9	"Davis-Bacon Act").
10	(5) Chapter 67 of title 41, United States Code
11	(commonly known as the "Service Contract Act").
12	(6) Executive Order 11246 (42 U.S.C. 2000e
13	note; relating to equal employment opportunity).
14	(7) Section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of
15	1973 (29 U.S.C. 793).
16	(8) Section 4212 of title 38, United States
17	Code.
18	(9) The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993
19	(29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.).
20	(10) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
21	(42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.).
22	(11) Title I of the Americans with Disabilities
23	Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12111 et seq.).
24	(12) The Age Discrimination in Employment
25	Act of 1967 (29 U.S.C. 621 et seq.).

(13) Executive Order 13658 (79 Fed. Reg.

2	9851; relating to establishing a minimum wage for
3	contractors).
4	(14) The Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C. 151 et
5	seq.).
6	(15) The Pregnant Workers Fairness Act (divi-
7	sion II of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023
8	(Public Law 117–328)).
9	(16) Section 4714 of title 41, United States
10	Code.
11	(17) Part 170 of title 40, Code of Federal Reg-
12	ulations (regarding the Worker Protection Stand-
13	ard).
14	(18) Section 218 of the Immigration and Na-
15	tionality Act (8 U.S.C. 1188) relating to protections
16	for H–2A workers.
17	(19) Section 274B of such Act (8 U.S.C.
18	1324b).
19	(20) Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker
20	Protection Act (29 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.).
21	(21) Any applicable State or local labor or em-
22	ployment law, as defined in regulations issued by the
23	Secretary of Labor.
24	(b) Consultation.—The Secretary of Labor shall
25	be available, as appropriate and in coordination as de-

- 1 scribed in subsection (e), for consultation with an entity
- 2 described in subsection (a) to assist the entity in evalu-
- 3 ating the information on labor compliance submitted to
- 4 the entity by a subcontractor pursuant to such subsection.
- 5 (c) Corrective Measures.—On an annual basis,
- 6 the Secretary of Labor—
- 7 (1) shall provide an entity that makes a disclo-8 sure pursuant to subsection (a) an opportunity to re-9 port any steps taken by the entity, or any subcon-10 tractor of the entity, to correct violations of or im-11 prove compliance with the laws, including Executive 12 orders, listed in such subsection, including any 13 agreements entered into with an enforcement agen-14 cy; and
 - (2) may negotiate with such entity corrective measures that the entity or any subcontractor of the entity may take in order to avoid having the entity placed on the list under subsection (d).

(d) List of Ineligible Entities.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—For each calendar year beginning with the first calendar year that begins after the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor, in coordination as described in subsection (e), shall prepare, and submit to the Secretary of Agriculture, a list of each

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1	entity that shall be ineligible for a contract with the
2	Department of Agriculture for that year based on—
3	(A) serious, repeated, or pervasive viola-
4	tions of the laws, including Executive orders,
5	listed under subsection (a) committed by the
6	entity or any subcontractor of the entity; or
7	(B) the failure of such entity, or any sub-
8	contractor of such entity, to complete any cor-
9	rective measure negotiated under subsection (c).
10	(2) Ineligibility.—The Secretary of Agri-
11	culture shall not—
12	(A) solicit a contract from any entity on
13	the list under paragraph (1) that is in effect for
14	a year for that year or any of the subsequent
15	4 years; and
16	(B) conduct an inspection pursuant to the
17	Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et
18	seq.) or the Poultry Products Inspection Act
19	(21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.), as applicable, of any
20	facility owned or controlled by an entity on the
21	list under paragraph (1) that is in effect for a
22	year for that year or for any of the subsequent
23	4 years.
24	(e) Coordination.—In providing the consultation
25	described in subsection (b) and preparing the list under

- 1 subsection (d), the Secretary of Labor shall coordinate,
- 2 as appropriate, with the National Labor Relations Board,
- 3 the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the En-
- 4 vironmental Protection Agency, and any other relevant
- 5 Federal agency as well as States, and local governments.
- 6 (f) Criminal Penalty for Failure To Report.—
- 7 (1) OFFENSE.—It shall be unlawful for an enti-8 ty to knowingly fail to make a disclosure required 9 under subsection (a).

10 (2) Penalty.—

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- (A) IN GENERAL.—A violation of paragraph (1) shall be treated as a violation of section 1031(a) of title 18, United States Code.
 - (B) Gross loss to government; gross gain to the defendant.—Government; gross of applying section 1031 of title 18, United States Code, to a violation of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the amount that the Department of Agriculture pays an entity that violates such paragraph (1) under a contract described in subsection (a) of this section shall be treated as the gross loss to the Government or the gross gain to the defendant.
- 24 (g) Annual Reports to Congress.—For each cal-25 endar year beginning with the first calendar year that be-

- 1 gins after the date that is 2 years after the date of enact-
- 2 ment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit
- 3 a report to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
- 4 Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture
- 5 of the House of Representatives that includes—
- 6 (1) the number of entities on the list under sub-
- 7 section (d) for the year of the report;
- 8 (2) the number of entities that agreed to take
- 9 corrective measures under subsection (c) for such
- 10 year;
- 11 (3) the amount of the applicable contracts for
- the entities described in paragraph (1) or (2); and
- 13 (4) performance indicators and measures, as
- determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, assess-
- ing the effectiveness of the implementation by the
- 16 Secretary of Agriculture of this section for such
- 17 year.
- 18 SEC. 105. WAIVER TO PURCHASE FOREIGN COMMODITIES
- 19 **OR PRODUCTS.**
- 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 12(n)(2) of the Richard
- 21 B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C.
- 22 1760(n)(2)) is amended—
- 23 (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "subpara-
- graph (B)" and inserting "subparagraphs (B) and
- 25 (C)";

1	(2) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking "for the
2	school lunch program under this Act or the school
3	breakfast program under section 4 of the Child Nu-
4	trition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1773)." and inserting
5	the following: "for—
6	"(I) the school lunch program
7	under this Act, including any snacks
8	served under that program;
9	"(II) the special milk program
10	under section 3 of the Child Nutrition
11	Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1772); or
12	"(III) the school breakfast pro-
13	gram under section 4 of the Child Nu-
14	trition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C.
15	1773)."; and
16	(3) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(C) Waiver.—
18	"(i) Waiver request.—Except as
19	provided in clause (ii), in order to purchase
20	foreign commodities or products, a school
21	food authority shall request from the Sec-
22	retary a waiver of subparagraph (A).
23	"(ii) Exception.—A school food au-
24	thority may purchase foreign commodities
25	or products without a waiver under clause

1	(i) if the commodities or products are
2	not—
3	"(I) produced domestically; or
4	"(II) available domestically.
5	"(iii) Requirements.—The Sec-
6	retary may not provide a waiver to pur-
7	chase foreign commodities or products
8	under clause (i) unless—
9	"(I) the commodities or prod-
10	ucts—
11	"(aa) are not produced do-
12	mestically in sufficient amounts
13	or of satisfactory quality; and
14	"(bb) if purchased domesti-
15	cally, would be significantly high-
16	er in price than such foreign
17	commodities or products; and
18	$"(\Pi)$ the school enters into an
19	agreement under clause (iv).
20	"(iv) AGREEMENT.—The Secretary
21	may not provide a waiver under clause (i)
22	unless the school food authority requesting
23	the waiver agrees—
24	"(I) not later than 30 days after
25	receiving the waiver, to make the

1	waiver publicly available on the
2	website of the school food authority;
3	and
4	"(II) not less than once each
5	school year, to email a notification of
6	all waivers to parents or guardians of
7	students who will be served the for-
8	eign commodity or product purchased
9	pursuant to any waivers.".
10	(b) Definition of Foreign Commodity.—Section
11	12(n) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch
12	Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(n)) is amended by striking para-
13	graph (1) and inserting the following:
14	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
15	"(A) Domestic commodity or prod-
16	UCT.—The term 'domestic commodity or prod-
17	uct' means—
18	"(i) an agricultural commodity that is
19	produced in the United States; and
20	"(ii) a food product that is processed
21	in the United States substantially using
22	agricultural commodities that are produced
23	in the United States.
24	"(B) Foreign commodity or prod-
25	UCT.—The term 'foreign commodity or product'

- 1 means a commodity or product other than a do-
- 2 mestic commodity or product.".
- 3 (c) Conforming Amendments.—Section 12(n) of
- 4 the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42
- 5 U.S.C. 1760(n)) is amended—
- 6 (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "Paragraph
- 7 (2)(A)" and inserting "Subparagraphs (A) and (C)
- 8 of paragraph (2)"; and
- 9 (2) in paragraph (4), by striking "Paragraph
- 10 (2)(A)" and inserting "Subparagraphs (A) and (C)
- of paragraph (2)".
- 12 (d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 13 tion or the amendments made by this section affects the
- 14 requirements under section 4207 of the Agriculture Im-
- 15 provement Act of 2018 (42 U.S.C. 1760 note; Public Law
- 16 115–334).
- 17 SEC. 106. AUTHORIZATION OF LOCAL FOOD PURCHASE AS-
- 18 SISTANCE COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT PRO-
- 19 GRAM.
- There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 21 the local food purchase assistance cooperative agreement
- 22 program established pursuant to section 1001 of the
- 23 American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (7 U.S.C. 7501 note;
- 24 Public Law 117–2) \$400,000,000 for fiscal year 2024 and
- 25 each fiscal year thereafter.

1 SEC. 107. REPORT REGARDING GRANT RECIPIENTS.

2	Not	later	than	180	days	after	the	date	of	enactment
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- 3 of this Act and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Agri-
- 4 culture shall submit to Congress and make publicly avail-
- 5 able on the website of the Department of Agriculture an
- 6 easily-navigable report that, with respect to the preceding
- 7 year, specifies each organization, farm, individual, or other
- 8 entity that received funding (including through a contract,
- 9 subcontract, subsidy, loan, or grant) from the Secretary
- 10 of Agriculture during that year.

11 TITLE II—PROTECTING AMER-

12 ICA'S MEATPACKING WORK-

13 **ERS**

- 14 **SEC. 201. FINDINGS.**
- Congress finds that—
- 16 (1) meat and poultry slaughter and processing
- is a particularly dangerous occupation, with meat
- and poultry processing workers suffering injuries at
- measurably higher rates than workers in other pri-
- vate sector industries;
- 21 (2) meat and poultry processing workers face
- double the rate of amputations as the average work-
- er in private industry, and injuries such as sprains,
- lacerations, and contusions are common among poul-
- 25 try workers;

1	(3) meat and poultry processing workers suffer
2	from musculoskeletal injuries, such as carpal tunnel
3	syndrome, "trigger finger", tendinitis, rotator cuff
4	injuries, lower back injuries, and chronic pain and
5	numbness, in numbers that can exceed 50 percent of
6	workers;
7	(4) higher line speeds in meat and poultry proc-
8	essing facilities is a recognized risk factor that leads
9	to increased risk of both laceration and musculo-
10	skeletal injuries; and
11	(5) meat and poultry processing workers are
12	subjected to exploitative conditions and abusive be-
13	havior by employers—
14	(A) including—
15	(i) use of abusive and humiliating
16	shouting by supervisors accusing workers
17	of not working fast enough and harassing
18	them to work "faster" and "harder";
19	(ii) use of sexualized language to har-
20	ass women workers to work "harder" and
21	"faster";
22	(iii) patterns of direct sexual harass-
23	ment and incidents of sexual assault; and

1	(iv) little or no accountability or re-
2	dress for emotional, sexualized, or psycho-
3	logical abuse due to—
4	(I) weak enforcement of, and
5	noncompliance with, discrimination
6	protections; and
7	(II) meat and poultry processing
8	workers not reporting the abuse due
9	to fear of receiving more abuse, hav-
10	ing their employment terminated, or
11	being reported to immigration en-
12	forcement; and
13	(B) that lead to long-term psychological
14	impacts, including increased feelings of anger
15	and stress by workers pressured to work faster
16	and more aggressively to slaughter animals on
17	killing lines.
18	SEC. 202. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this title:
20	(1) COVERED ESTABLISHMENT.—The term
21	"covered establishment" means—
22	(A) an official establishment (as defined in
23	section 301.2 of title 9, Code of Federal Regu-
24	lations (or successor regulations)) that is sub-

1	ject to inspection under the Federal Meat In-
2	spection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.); and
3	(B) an official establishment (as defined in
4	section 381.1(b) of title 9, Code of Federal
5	Regulations (or successor regulations)) that is
6	subject to inspection under the Poultry Prod-
7	ucts Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 451 et seq.).
8	(2) Employee; employer.—Unless otherwise
9	specified, the terms "employee" and "employer"
10	have the meanings given those terms in section 3 of
11	the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29
12	U.S.C. 652).
13	Subtitle A-Reforms to Protect
13 14	Subtitle A—Reforms to Protect Meat and Poultry Processing
14	Meat and Poultry Processing
14 15	Meat and Poultry Processing Workers
141516	Meat and Poultry Processing Workers PART I—DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
14151617	Meat and Poultry Processing Workers PART I—DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SEC. 211. RULE ON INCREASED LINE SPEEDS AT MEAT AND
14 15 16 17 18	Meat and Poultry Processing Workers PART I—DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SEC. 211. RULE ON INCREASED LINE SPEEDS AT MEAT AND POULTRY ESTABLISHMENTS.
14 15 16 17 18	Meat and Poultry Processing Workers PART I—DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SEC. 211. RULE ON INCREASED LINE SPEEDS AT MEAT AND POULTRY ESTABLISHMENTS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Meat and Poultry Processing Workers PART I—DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SEC. 211. RULE ON INCREASED LINE SPEEDS AT MEAT AND POULTRY ESTABLISHMENTS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Meat and Poultry Processing Workers PART I—DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SEC. 211. RULE ON INCREASED LINE SPEEDS AT MEAT AND POULTRY ESTABLISHMENTS. (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Service.

1	(3) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means
2	the Director of the National Institute for Occupa-
3	tional Safety and Health.
4	(4) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
5	the Secretary of Agriculture.
6	(5) Service.—The term "Service" means the
7	Food Safety Inspection Service.
8	(b) Rule on Waivers.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
10	provision of law (including regulations, including
11	sections 303.1(h) and 381.3(b) of title 9, Code of
12	Federal Regulations (or successor regulations)), the
13	Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall
14	not issue a waiver under those regulations relating
15	to line speeds that would result in higher line speeds
16	at a covered establishment or inspection staffing re-
17	quirements for a covered establishment unless the
18	covered establishment—
19	(A) agrees to an inspection conducted by
20	the Assistant Secretary or the Director for the
21	purposes of the waiver; and
22	(B) the Assistant Secretary or the Director
23	certifies to the Secretary that any increases in
24	line speed at the covered establishment would

not have an adverse impact on worker safety.

1	(2) Inspections.—An inspection conducted by
2	the Assistant Secretary or the Director under para-
3	graph (1)(A) shall include—
4	(A) an ergonomic analysis of all jobs in the
5	applicable covered establishment that may expe-
6	rience an increased work pace due to increasing
7	the number of animals being slaughtered—
8	(i) per minute; and
9	(ii) per hour;
10	(B) an assessment of the current rates of
11	musculoskeletal disorders in the covered estab-
12	lishment;
13	(C) a review of current efforts at the cov-
14	ered establishment to mitigate the disorders re-
15	ferred to in subparagraph (B), including a re-
16	view of how medical personnel at the covered
17	establishment manage those disorders; and
18	(D) a review of the impact of any proposed
19	line speed increases on the pace of work for
20	workers on the slaughter and production lines
21	of the covered establishment (including the
22	workers that package the meat).
23	(3) Limitation on authority over line
24	SPEEDS.—None of the funds made available to the
25	Secretary on or after the date of enactment of this

1	Act may be used to develop, propose, finalize, issue,
2	amend, or implement any policy, regulation, direc-
3	tive, constituent update, or any other agency pro-
4	gram that would increase line speeds at covered es-
5	tablishments.
6	(4) Effect on state law.—
7	(A) In general.—This subsection shall
8	not preempt or limit any law or regulation of a
9	State or a political subdivision of a State that—
10	(i) imposes requirements that are
11	more protective of worker safety or animal
12	welfare than the requirements of this sub-
13	section; or
14	(ii) creates penalties for conduct regu-
15	lated by this subsection.
16	(B) Other laws.—The requirements of
17	this subsection are in addition to, and not in
18	lieu of, any other laws protecting worker safety
19	and animal welfare.
20	(c) Transparency in Rulemaking.—With respect
21	to each rulemaking proceeding initiated by the Adminis-
22	trator on or after the date of enactment of this Act, the
23	Administrator shall comply with—
24	(1) the data quality guidelines of the Service,
25	which state that the Service and the offices of the

- Service are held to a standard of transparency to ensure that the information shared by the Service is presented in an accurate, reliable, and unbiased manner; and
- 5 (2) Executive Order 13563 (5 U.S.C. 601 note; 6 relating to improving regulation and regulatory re-7 view), which requires Federal agencies to provide 8 timely online access to relevant scientific information 9 in an open format that can easily be searched and 10 downloaded during a proposed rulemaking.
- (d) EVALUATION OF RULEMAKING AND POLICIES.—In evaluating the impact of any rulemaking or policy, the
- 13 Secretary shall request that the Director conduct an eval-
- 14 uation of the rulemaking or policy that includes a review
- 15 of—
- 16 (1) current safety conditions and injuries and 17 illnesses at the applicable covered establishments, in-18 cluding medical exams and medical histories;
- 19 (2) whether the policy proposals will increase 20 the pace of work for any employee at the applicable 21 covered establishments; and
- (3) whether, and the extent to which, the policyproposals will impact worker safety.
- 24 (e) Report on Implementation of Rules.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the implementation of any rule relating to line
3	speeds at covered establishments, the Secretary shall
4	submit to Congress a report on the impact of the
5	rule on—
6	(A) line speeds at covered establishments;
7	(B) worker safety and health at covered es-
8	tablishments;
9	(C) ergonomic aspects of jobs at covered
10	establishments; and
11	(D) staffing levels that will ensure worker
12	safety at covered establishments.
13	(2) REQUIREMENT.—A report under paragraph
14	(1) shall include—
15	(A) the results of a study carried out by an
16	industrial engineer on every type of job at cov-
17	ered establishments impacted by the applicable
18	rule;
19	(B) a determination of the industrial engi-
20	neer of the number of workers needed—
21	(i) to do each job safely; and
22	(ii) to operate the covered establish-
23	ment at different line speeds; and
24	(C) a job crewing report prepared by the
25	industrial engineer.

1 PART II—FAIR ATTENDANCE POLICIES 2 SEC. 221. DEFINITIONS. 3 In this part: (1) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered en-4 tity"— 5 6 (A) has the meaning given the term "re-7 spondent" in section 701(n) of the Civil Rights 8 Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(n)); and 9 (B) includes— 10 (i) an employing office, as defined in 11 section 101 of the Congressional Account-12 ability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1301); 13 (ii) an employing office, as defined in section 411(c) of title 3, United States 14 15 Code; 16 (iii) an entity employing a State em-17 ployee described in section 304(a) of the 18 Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C. 2000e-16c(a)); and19 20 (iv) an entity to which section 717(a) 21 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 22 2000e–16(a)) applies. 23 (2)EMPLOYEE.—The "employee" term

means—

1	(A) an employee (including an applicant),
2	as defined in section 701(f) of the Civil Rights
3	Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(f));
4	(B) a covered employee (including an ap-
5	plicant), as defined in section 101 of the Con-
6	gressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
7	1301);
8	(C) a covered employee (including an appli-
9	cant), as defined in section 411(c) of title 3,
10	United States Code;
11	(D) a State employee (including an appli-
12	cant) described in section 304(a) of the Govern-
13	ment Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C.
14	2000e-16c(a); or
15	(E) an employee (including an applicant)
16	to which section 717(a) of the Civil Rights Act
17	of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e–16(a)) applies.
18	(3) LEGALLY PROTECTED LEAVE.—The term
19	"legally protected leave", when used with respect to
20	an employee, means leave that is protected under a
21	Federal, State, or local law applicable to the em-
22	ployee.
23	(4) No fault attendance policy.—The
24	term "no fault attendance policy" means a policy or
25	pattern and practice maintained by a covered entity

- under which employees face consequences for any absence, tardy, or early departure through the assessment of points (also referred to as "demerits" or "occurrences") or deductions from an allotted bank of time, and those points or deductions subject the employee to progressive disciplinary action, which may include failure to receive a promotion, loss of pay, or termination.
 - (5) Person.—The term "person" has the meaning given such term in section 701(a) of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000e(a)).
- 12 (6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means 13 the Secretary of Labor.
- 14 SEC. 222. REQUIREMENTS FOR EMPLOYERS RELATING TO
- 15 NO FAULT ATTENDANCE POLICIES OR AT-
- 16 TENDANCE SYSTEMS.
- 17 (a) Requirements for No Fault Attendance
- 18 Policy.—It shall be considered an unlawful employment
- 19 practice for a covered entity to maintain a no fault attend-
- 20 ance policy, unless the covered entity complies with the
- 21 following:

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- (1) The no fault attendance policy shall be dis-
- tributed in writing (and be made available in the pri-
- 24 mary language of such employee)—

- 28 1 (A) not later than 90 days after the date 2 of enactment of this Act, to each employee em-3 ployed by the covered entity as of that date of 4 distribution; and (B) with respect to each employee hired by 6 the covered entity after such date of enactment, 7 upon the commencement of the employee's em-
 - (2) If any changes are made to the no fault attendance policy, the no fault attendance policy shall be distributed in writing to all employees by not later than 30 days after the date of the changes.
 - (3) The covered entity shall provide employees with a means of accessing the no fault attendance policy at any physical workplace, and outside of a physical workplace, in an accessible location.
 - (4) The no fault attendance policy shall explicitly state that employees will not face disciplinary action or other adverse consequences, which may include the assessment of points or a deduction from an allotted bank of time, for legally protected leave.
 - (5) The no fault attendance policy shall specifically reference and provide a reasonable amount of detail about all Federal, State, and local laws applicable to the employees that provide legally protected

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- leave, including the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.), and chapter 43 of title 38, United States Code.
 - (6) The no fault attendance policy shall identify a process for employees to complete each of the following:
 - (A) Report that an absence is for legally protected leave.
 - (B) Provide medical documentation, if it is required under the no fault attendance policy in order to avoid disciplinary action or other adverse consequences for legally protected leave.
 - (C) Seek removal of points that an employee believes were wrongly assessed, or the restoration of time that an employee believes was wrongly deducted for legally protected leave.
 - (D) Delay the reporting of an absence in unforeseen or emergency circumstances without incurring additional points or discipline.
- 22 (b) REQUIREMENTS FOR ATTENDANCE SYSTEMS.— 23 It shall be an unlawful employment practice for a covered 24 entity to maintain any attendance system policy, or pat-25 tern and practice, that discourages employees from exer-

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- 1 cising, or attempting to exercise, any right to legally pro-
- 2 tected leave.

3 SEC. 223. REMEDIES AND ENFORCEMENT.

- 4 (a) CIVIL ACTION.—The powers, remedies, and pro-
- 5 cedures provided in section 107 of the Family and Medical
- 6 Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2617) shall be the powers,
- 7 remedies, and procedures this part provides to any person
- 8 alleging an unlawful employment practice described in sec-
- 9 tion 222.
- 10 (b) Penalties.—Any covered entity that commits an
- 11 unlawful employment practice described in section 222
- 12 shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed the
- 13 amounts under section 17(a) of the Occupational Safety
- 14 and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 666(a)), as adjusted
- 15 annually for inflation. The Secretary may bring any legal
- 16 action necessary, including administrative action, to collect
- 17 such penalties.

18 SEC. 224. RULEMAKING.

- Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
- 20 of this Act, the Secretary, in coordination with the Equal
- 21 Employment Opportunity Commission and the heads of
- 22 other relevant Federal agencies, shall issue regulations in
- 23 an accessible format in accordance with subchapter II of
- 24 chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, to carry out this
- 25 part. Such regulations shall provide an example of a model

- 1 no fault attendance policy that conforms to the require-
- 2 ments of this part.
- 3 SEC. 225. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.
- 4 Nothing in this part shall be construed to invalidate
- 5 or limit the powers, remedies, and procedures under any
- 6 Federal law or law of any State or political subdivision
- 7 of any State or jurisdiction that provide legally protected
- 8 leave.

9 PART III—OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH

10 ADMINISTRATION REFORMS

- 11 SEC. 231. DEFINITIONS.
- In this part, the terms "Secretary" and "State" have
- 13 the meanings given such terms in section 3 of the Occupa-
- 14 tional Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 652).
- 15 SEC. 232. ENSURING COMPLIANCE WITH EMPLOYEE
- 16 RIGHTS TO USE TOILET FACILITIES AT COV-
- 17 ERED ESTABLISHMENTS.
- 18 (a) In General.—During any inspection of a cov-
- 19 ered establishment conducted pursuant to section 8 of the
- 20 Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
- 21 657), the Secretary shall verify that the employer of em-
- 22 ployees working at such establishment is in compliance
- 23 with the occupational safety and health standard set forth
- 24 in section 1910.141 of title 29, Code of Federal Regula-
- 25 tions, as in effect on the day before the date of enactment

- 1 of this Act, for employers to provide prompt access for
- 2 employees to visit and use toilet facilities, including such
- 3 standard as interpreted by the memorandum for regional
- 4 administrators and State designees regarding "Interpreta-
- 5 tion of 29 CFR. 1910.141(c)(1)(i): Toilet Facilities"
- 6 issued by the Occupational Safety and Health Administra-
- 7 tion on April 6, 1998, and any successor regulation.
- 8 (b) Requirements.—In carrying out subsection (a),
- 9 the Secretary shall verify that the employer described in
- 10 such subsection—
- 11 (1) allows employees to leave their work loca-
- tions to use a toilet facility when needed and without
- punishment;
- 14 (2) provides an adequate number of toilet facili-
- ties for the size of the workforce to prevent long
- lines;
- 17 (3) avoids imposing unreasonable restrictions
- including waiting lists on the use of toilet facilities;
- 19 (4) ensures that restrictions, such as locking
- doors or requiring employees to sign out a key, do
- 21 not cause extended delays in access to toilet facili-
- 22 ties; and
- (5) compensates each employee for breaks for
- using toilet facilities at the regular rate of pay of the
- employee in accordance with section 785.18 of title

1	29, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the
2	day before the date of enactment of this Act, and
3	any other applicable Federal, State, or local law.
4	SEC. 233. OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STAND-
5	ARDS TO PROTECT EMPLOYEES IN COVERED
6	ESTABLISHMENTS.
7	(a) STANDARD FOR PROTECTING EMPLOYEES FROM
8	OCCUPATIONAL RISK FACTORS CAUSING MUSCULO-
9	skeletal Disorders.—
10	(1) Proposed Standard.—Not later than 1
11	year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
12	Secretary shall, pursuant to section 6 of the Occupa-
13	tional Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
14	655), publish in the Federal Register a proposed
15	standard for ergonomic program management for
16	covered establishments. Such proposed standard
17	shall include requirements for—
18	(A) hazard identification and ergonomic
19	job evaluations, including requirements for em-
20	ployee and authorized employee representative
21	participation in such identification;
22	(B) hazard control, which such require-
23	ments rely on the principles of the hierarchy of
24	controls and which may include measures such
25	as rest breaks, equipment and workstation rede-

1	sign, work pace reductions, or job rotation to
2	less forceful or repetitive jobs;
3	(C) training for employees regarding em-
4	ployer activities, occupational risk factors, and
5	training on controls and recognition of symp-
6	toms of musculoskeletal disorders; and
7	(D) medical management that includes—
8	(i) encouraging early reporting of
9	musculoskeletal disorder symptoms;
10	(ii) first aid delivered by those oper-
11	ating under State licensing requirements;
12	and
13	(iii) systematic evaluation and early
14	referral for medical attention.
15	(2) Final standard.—Not later than 30
16	months after the date of enactment this Act, the
17	Secretary shall, pursuant to section 6 of the Occupa-
18	tional Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
19	655), publish in the Federal Register a final stand-
20	ard based on the proposed standard under para-
21	graph (1).
22	(b) STANDARD FOR PROTECTING EMPLOYEES FROM
23	DELAYS IN MEDICAL TREATMENT REFERRALS FOL-
24	LOWING INJURIES OR ILLNESSES.—

1	(1) Proposed Standard.—Not later than 3
2	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the
3	Secretary shall, pursuant to section 6 of the Occupa-
4	tional Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
5	655), publish in the Federal Register a proposed
6	standard requiring that all employers with employees
7	working at a covered establishment who, in accord-
8	ance with the standard promulgated under section
9	1910.151 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations,
10	as in effect on the day before the date of enactment
11	of this Act, are required to have a person readily
12	available at the establishment who is adequately
13	trained to render first aid shall ensure that such
14	person—
15	(A) without delay, refers any such em-
16	ployee who reports an injury or illness that re-
17	quires further medical treatment to an appro-
18	priate medical professional of the employee's
19	choice for such treatment;
20	(B) provides for occupational medicine con-
21	sultation services through a physician who is
22	board certified in occupational medicine, which
23	services shall include—
24	(i) regular review of any health and
25	safety program, medical management pro-

1	gram, or ergonomics program of the em-
2	ployer;
3	(ii) review of any work-related injury
4	or illness of an employee;
5	(iii) providing onsite health services
6	for treatment of such injury or illness; and
7	(iv) consultation referral to a local
8	health care provider for treating such in-
9	jury or illness; and
10	(C) complies with the licensing require-
11	ments for licensed practical nurses or registered
12	nurses in the State in which the establishment
13	is located.
14	(2) Final Standard.—Not later than 1 year
15	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
16	retary shall, pursuant to section 6 of the Occupa-
17	tional Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
18	655), publish in the Federal Register a final stand-
19	ard based on the proposed standard under para-
20	graph (1).
21	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
22	are authorized to be appropriated \$2,000,000 for fiscal
23	vear 2024 to carry out this section.

1	SEC. 234. PERMANENT REGIONAL EMPHASIS INSPECTION
2	PROGRAM; EXPANDING INSPECTIONS.
3	(a) Regional Emphasis Inspection Program.—
4	(1) In general.—Not later than 30 days after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
6	shall, pursuant to section 8 of the Occupational
7	Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 657), im-
8	plement a regional emphasis inspection program for
9	covered establishments in every State in which a cov-
10	ered establishment is located. Such program shall
11	cover—
12	(A) amputation hazards;
13	(B) ergonomics;
14	(C) hazards related to line speeds;
15	(D) bathroom breaks;
16	(E) use of chemicals such as peracetic acid
17	(antimicrobials); and
18	(F) working conditions in high and low
19	temperatures.
20	(2) STATE PLANS.—Not later than 30 days
21	after the date of enactment of this Act, a State with
22	a State plan that has been approved by the Sec-
23	retary under section 18 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 667)
24	shall adopt in each region within the State in which
25	a covered establishment is located a regional empha-

1	sis inspection program that is at least as effective as
2	the program under paragraph (1).
3	(b) Expanding Inspections When Information
4	PRESENTS POSSIBLE ADDITIONAL DANGERS.—
5	(1) In general.—If the Secretary conducts a
6	physical inspection of a covered establishment pursu-
7	ant to section 8 of such Act in response to a refer-
8	ral, complaint, or fatality, and the Secretary, during
9	such inspection makes a determination described in
10	paragraph (2), the Secretary shall expand such in-
11	spection to all areas of the establishment.
12	(2) Determination.—A determination de-
13	scribed in this paragraph is either of the following
14	(A) A determination, following a review of
15	records of work-related injuries and illnesses
16	maintained in accordance with such section 8
17	that a work-related injury or illness may be re-
18	lated to a workplace danger that may threater
19	physical harm.
20	(B) A determination, upon interviews with
21	employees, that a workplace danger may threat-

en physical harm.

1 SEC. 235. REPRESENTATIVES DURING PHYSICAL INSPEC-2 TIONS.

- 3 (a) Proposed Rule.—Not later than 1 year after
- 4 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall,
- 5 under section 8(e) of the Occupational Safety and Health
- 6 Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 657(e)), publish in the Federal
- 7 Register a regulation providing that during a physical in-
- 8 spection of a covered establishment under such section—
- 9 (1) the representative authorized by employees
- to be given the opportunity to accompany the Sec-
- 11 retary during the inspection as described in such
- section shall not be required to be an employee of
- the employer;
- 14 (2) where there is no representative authorized
- by employees as described in paragraph (1), the em-
- 16 ployees may designate a person affiliated with a
- 17 worker-based community organization to serve as
- such representative; and
- 19 (3) the inspector may arrange for interviews
- with employees off-site upon the request of the rep-
- 21 resentative or designated person.
- 22 (b) Final Rule.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 23 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall publish
- 24 in the Federal Register a final rule for the proposed rule
- 25 under subsection (a).

1	SEC. 236. ENHANCED PROTECTIONS FROM RETALIATION.
2	(a) Employee Actions.—Section 11(c)(1) of the
3	Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
4	660(c)(1)) is amended—
5	(1) by striking "discharge" and all that follows
6	through "because such" and inserting the following:
7	"discharge or cause to be discharged, or in any
8	other manner retaliate or discriminate against or
9	cause to be retaliated or discriminated against, any
10	employee because—
11	"(A) such";
12	(2) by striking "this Act or has" and inserting
13	the following: "this Act;
14	"(B) such employee has";
15	(3) by striking "in any such proceeding or be-
16	cause of the exercise" and inserting the following:
17	"before Congress or in any Federal or State pro-
18	ceeding related to safety or health;
19	"(C) such employee has refused to violate any
20	provision of this Act; or
21	"(D) of this exercise"; and
22	(4) by inserting before the period at the end the
23	following: ", including the reporting of any injury,
24	illness, or unsafe condition to the employer, agent of

the employer, safety and health committee involved,

1	or employee safety and health representative in-
2	volved".
3	(b) Prohibition of Retaliation; Procedure.—
4	Section 11 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 660) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (c)—
6	(A) in paragraph (2)—
7	(i) by striking "discharged or other-
8	wise discriminated against by any person
9	in violation of this subsection" and insert-
10	ing "aggrieved by a violation of this sub-
11	section"; and
12	(ii) by striking "such discrimination"
13	and inserting "such violation"; and
14	(B) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(4) Exception for meat and poultry es-
16	TABLISHMENTS.—Paragraphs (2) and (3) shall not
17	apply with respect to a complaint filed by an em-
18	ployee of an employer that is a covered establish-
19	ment, as defined in section 202 of the Agricultural
20	Worker Justice Act."; and
21	(2) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(d) Meat and Poultry Establishments.—
23	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:

1	"(A) COMPLAINANT.—The term 'complain-
2	ant' means a complainant who is a covered em-
3	ployee.
4	"(B) COVERED EMPLOYEE.—The term
5	'covered employee' means an employee of a cov-
6	ered employer.
7	"(C) COVERED EMPLOYER.—The term
8	'covered employer' means an employer that is a
9	covered establishment, as defined in section 202
10	of the Agricultural Worker Justice Act.
11	"(D) RESPONDENT.—The term 'respond-
12	ent' means a respondent who is a covered em-
13	ployer.
14	"(2) Reasonable apprehension.—No person
15	shall discharge, or cause to be discharged, or in any
16	other manner retaliate or discriminate against, or
17	cause to be retaliated or discriminated against, a
18	covered employee for refusing to perform the covered
19	employee's duties if—
20	"(A) the covered employee has a reason-
21	able apprehension that performing such duties
22	would result in serious injury to, or serious im-
23	pairment of the health of, the covered employee
24	or other covered employees; and

1	"(B) when practicable, the covered em-
2	ployee has communicated or attempted to com-
3	municate such reasonable apprehension to the
4	covered employer and has not received from the
5	covered employer a response reasonably cal-
6	culated to allay such apprehension.
7	"(3) Complaint.—Any covered employee who
8	believes that the covered employee has been dis-
9	charged, disciplined, or otherwise retaliated or dis-
10	criminated against by any person in violation of sub-
11	section (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection
12	may seek relief for such violation by filing a com-
13	plaint with the Secretary under paragraph (5).
14	"(4) Statute of Limitations.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A covered employee
16	may take the action permitted by paragraph (3)
17	not later than 180 days after the later of—
18	"(i) the date on which an alleged vio-
19	lation of subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2)
20	of this subsection occurs; or
21	"(ii) the date on which the covered
22	employee knows or should reasonably have
23	known that such alleged violation occurred.
24	"(B) Repeat violation.—Except in
25	cases when the covered employee has been dis-

1	charged, a violation of subsection $(c)(1)$ or
2	paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be consid-
3	ered to have occurred on the last date an al-
4	leged repeat violation occurred.
5	"(5) Investigation.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A covered employee
7	may, within the time period required under
8	paragraph (4)(A), file a complaint with the Sec-
9	retary alleging a violation of subsection (c)(1)
10	or paragraph (2) of this subsection. If the com-
11	plaint alleges a prima facie case, the Secretary
12	shall conduct an investigation of the allegations
13	in the complaint, which—
14	"(i) shall include—
15	"(I) interviewing the complain-
16	ant;
17	"(II) providing the respondent an
18	opportunity to—
19	"(aa) submit to the Sec-
20	retary a written response to the
21	complaint; and
22	"(bb) meet with the Sec-
23	retary to present statements from
24	witnesses or provide evidence;
25	and

1	"(III) providing the complainant
2	an opportunity to—
3	"(aa) receive any statements
4	or evidence provided to the Sec-
5	retary;
6	"(bb) meet with the Sec-
7	retary; and
8	"(cc) rebut any statements
9	or evidence; and
10	"(ii) may include issuing subpoenas
11	for the purposes of such investigation.
12	"(B) Decision.—Not later than 90 days
13	after the filing of the complaint under this
14	paragraph, the Secretary shall—
15	"(i) determine whether reasonable
16	cause exists to believe that a violation of
17	subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this
18	subsection has occurred; and
19	"(ii) issue a decision granting or de-
20	nying relief.
21	"(6) Preliminary order following inves-
22	TIGATION.—If, after completion of an investigation
23	under paragraph (5)(A), the Secretary finds reason-
24	able cause to believe that a violation of subsection
25	(c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection has oc-

1 curred, the Secretary shall issue a preliminary order 2 providing relief authorized under paragraph (14) at 3 the same time the Secretary issues a decision under 4 paragraph (5)(B). If a de novo hearing is not re-5 quested within the time period required under paragraph (7)(A)(i), such preliminary order shall be 6 7 deemed a final order of the Secretary and is not 8 subject to judicial review. 9 "(7) Hearing.— "(A) REQUEST FOR HEARING.— 10 "(i) IN GENERAL.—A de novo hearing 11 12 on the record before an administrative law 13 judge may be requested— 14 "(I) by the complainant or re-15 spondent within 30 days after receiv-16 ing notification of a decision granting 17 or denying relief issued under para-18 graph (5)(B) or a preliminary order 19 under paragraph (6), respectively; "(II) by the complainant within 20 21 30 days after the date the complaint 22 is dismissed without investigation by 23 the Secretary under paragraph (5)(A); 24 or

1	"(III) by the complainant within
2	120 days after the date of filing the
3	complaint under paragraph (5), if the
4	Secretary has not issued a decision
5	under paragraph (5)(B).
6	"(ii) Reinstatement order.—The
7	request for a hearing shall not operate to
8	stay any preliminary reinstatement order
9	issued under paragraph (6).
10	"(B) Procedures.—
11	"(i) In general.—A hearing re-
12	quested under this paragraph shall be con-
13	ducted expeditiously and in accordance
14	with rules established by the Secretary for
15	hearings conducted by administrative law
16	judges.
17	"(ii) Subpoenas; production of
18	EVIDENCE.—In conducting any such hear-
19	ing, the administrative law judge may issue
20	subpoenas. The respondent or complainant
21	may request the issuance of subpoenas
22	that require the deposition of, or the at-
23	tendance and testimony of, witnesses and
24	the production of any evidence (including

any books, papers, documents, or record-

1 ings) relating to the matter under consideration.

"(iii) Decision.—The administrative law judge shall issue a decision not later than 90 days after the date on which a hearing was requested under this paragraph and promptly notify, in writing, the parties and the Secretary of such decision, including the findings of fact and conclusions of law. If the administrative law judge finds that a violation of subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection has occurred, the judge shall issue an order for relief under paragraph (14). If review under paragraph (8) is not timely requested, such order shall be deemed a final order of the Secretary that is not subject to judicial review.

"(8) Administrative appeal.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of notification of a decision and order issued by an administrative law judge under paragraph (7), the complainant or respondent may file, with objections, an administrative appeal with an administrative review

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body designated by the Secretary (referred to in
this paragraph as the 'review board').

"(B) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—In reviewing the decision and order of the administrative law judge, the review board shall affirm the decision and order if it is determined that the factual findings set forth therein are supported by substantial evidence and the decision and order are made in accordance with applicable law.

"(C) DECISIONS.—If the review board grants an administrative appeal, the review board shall issue a final decision and order affirming or reversing, in whole or in part, the decision under review by not later than 90 days after receipt of the administrative appeal. If it is determined that a violation of subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection has occurred, the review board shall issue a final decision and order providing relief authorized under paragraph (14). Such decision and order shall constitute final agency action with respect to the matter appealed.

"(9) SETTLEMENT IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—At any time before
2	issuance of a final order, an investigation or
3	proceeding under this subsection may be termi-
4	nated on the basis of a settlement agreement
5	entered into by the parties.
6	"(B) Public Policy considerations.—
7	Neither the Secretary, an administrative law
8	judge, nor the review board conducting a hear-
9	ing under this subsection shall accept a settle-
10	ment that contains conditions conflicting with
11	the rights protected under this Act or that are
12	contrary to public policy, including a restriction
13	on a complainant's right to future employment
14	with employers other than the specific covered
15	employers named in a complaint.
16	"(10) Inaction by the review board or ad-
17	MINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE.—
18	"(A) In general.—The complainant may
19	bring a de novo action described in subpara-
20	graph (B) if—
21	"(i) an administrative law judge has
22	not issued a decision and order within the
23	90-day time period required under para-
24	graph (7)(B)(iii); or

1 "(ii) the review board has not issued 2 a decision and order within the 90-day 3 time period required under paragraph 4 (8)(C).

"(B) DE NOVO ACTION.—Such de novo action may be brought at law or equity in the United States district court for the district where a violation of subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection allegedly occurred or where the complainant resided on the date of such alleged violation. The court shall have jurisdiction over such action without regard to the amount in controversy and to order appropriate relief under paragraph (14). Such action shall, at the request of either party to such action, be tried by the court with a jury.

"(11) Judicial review.—

"(A) TIMELY APPEAL TO THE COURT OF APPEALS.—Any party adversely affected or aggrieved by a final decision and order issued under this subsection may obtain review of such decision and order in the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit where the violation, with respect to which such final decision and order was issued, allegedly occurred or where

the complainant resided on the date of such alleged violation. To obtain such review, a party shall file a petition for review not later than 60 days after the final decision and order was issued. Such review shall conform to chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code. The commencement of proceedings under this subparagraph shall not, unless ordered by the court, operate as a stay of the final decision and order.

"(B) LIMITATION ON COLLATERAL ATTACK.—An order and decision with respect to which review may be obtained under subparagraph (A) shall not be subject to judicial review in any criminal or other civil proceeding.

"(12) Enforcement of order.—If a respondent fails to comply with an order issued under this subsection, the Secretary or the complainant on whose behalf the order was issued may file a civil action for enforcement in the United States district court for the district in which the violation was found to occur to enforce such order. If both the Secretary and the complainant file such action, the action of the Secretary shall take precedence. The district court shall have jurisdiction to grant all appropriate relief described in paragraph (14).

"(13) Burdens of Proof.—

"(A) Criteria for determination.—In making a determination or adjudicating a complaint pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary, administrative law judge, review board, or a court may determine that a violation of subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection has occurred only if the complainant demonstrates that any conduct described in subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection with respect to the complainant was a contributing factor in the adverse action alleged in the complaint.

"(B) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a decision or order that is favorable to the complainant shall not be issued in any administrative or judicial action pursuant to this subsection if the respondent demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent would have taken the same adverse action in the absence of such conduct.

"(14) Relief.—

"(A) ORDER FOR RELIEF.—If the Secretary, administrative law judge, review board, or a court determines that a covered employer

1	has violated subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2)
2	of this subsection, the Secretary, administrative
3	law judge, review board, or court, respectively,
4	shall have jurisdiction to order all appropriate
5	relief, including injunctive relief, and compen-
6	satory and exemplary damages, including—
7	"(i) affirmative action to abate the
8	violation;
9	"(ii) reinstatement without loss of po-
10	sition or seniority, and restoration of the
11	terms, rights, conditions, and privileges as-
12	sociated with the complainant's employ-
13	ment, including opportunities for pro-
14	motions to positions with equivalent or bet-
15	ter compensation for which the complain-
16	ant is qualified;
17	"(iii) compensatory and consequential
18	damages sufficient to make the complain-
19	ant whole (including back pay, prejudg-
20	ment interest, and other damages); and
21	"(iv) expungement of all warnings,
22	reprimands, or derogatory references that
23	have been placed in paper or electronic
24	records or databases of any type relating
25	to the actions by the complainant that

1	gave rise to the unfavorable personnel ac-
2	tion, and, at the complainant's direction,
3	transmission of a copy of the decision on
4	the complaint to any person whom the
5	complainant reasonably believes may have
6	received such unfavorable information.
7	"(B) Attorneys' fees and costs.—If
8	the Secretary or an administrative law judge,
9	review board, or court grants an order for relief
10	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary, admin-
11	istrative law judge, review board, or court, re-
12	spectively, shall assess, at the request of the
13	covered employee against the covered em-
14	ployer—
15	"(i) reasonable attorneys' fees; and
16	"(ii) costs (including expert witness
17	fees) reasonably incurred, as determined
18	by the Secretary, administrative law judge,
19	review board, or court, respectively, in con-
20	nection with bringing the complaint upon
21	which the order was issued.
22	"(15) Procedural rights.—The rights and
23	remedies provided for in this subsection may not be
24	waived by any agreement, policy, form, or condition

1	of employment, including by any pre-dispute arbitra-
2	tion agreement or collective bargaining agreement.
3	"(16) Savings.—Nothing in this subsection
4	shall be construed to diminish the rights, privileges,
5	or remedies of any covered employee under any Fed-
6	eral or State law or common law, or under any col-
7	lective bargaining agreement.
8	"(17) Election of venue.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A covered employee of
10	a covered employer who is located in a State
11	that has a State plan approved under section
12	18 may file a complaint alleging a violation of
13	subsection (c)(1) or paragraph (2) of this sub-
14	section by such employer with—
15	"(i) the Secretary under paragraph
16	(5); or
17	"(ii) a State plan administrator in
18	such State.
19	"(B) Referrals.—If—
20	"(i) the Secretary receives a complaint
21	pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Sec-
22	retary shall not refer such complaint to a
23	State plan administrator for resolution; or
24	"(ii) a State plan administrator re-
25	ceives a complaint pursuant to subpara-

1	graph (A)(ii), the State plan administrator
2	shall not refer such complaint to the Sec-
3	retary for resolution.
4	"(18) Presumption of Retaliation.—The
5	Secretary shall apply an unrebuttable presumption
6	of retaliation in any complaint initiated under para-
7	graph (5) in which the Secretary finds a covered em-
8	ployee suffers an adverse action within 90 days of
9	the date on which the covered employee took any ac-
10	tion protected under subsection (c)(1) or raised any
11	reasonable apprehension under paragraph (2) of this
12	subsection.
13	"(19) Supplement and not supplant.—The
14	remedies provided for under this subsection supple-
15	ment, and do not supplant, the private right of ac-
16	tion under section 240 of the Agricultural Worker
17	Justice Act.
18	"(20) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
19	section and subsection (c)—
20	"(A) the term 'retaliate or discriminate
21	against' includes reporting, or threatening to
22	report, to a Federal, State, or local authority
23	the suspected citizenship or immigration status
24	of a covered employee, or of a family member

of a covered employee, because the covered em-

1	ployee raises a concern about workplace health
2	and safety practices or hazards; and
3	"(B) the term 'family member', with re-
4	spect to the family member of a covered em-
5	ployee, means an individual who—
6	"(i) is related to the covered employee
7	by blood, adoption, marriage, or domestic
8	partnership; and
9	"(ii) is a significant other, parent, sib-
10	ling, child, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew,
11	cousin, grandparent, or grandchild of the
12	covered employee.".
13	(c) Relation to Enforcement.—Section 17(j) of
14	such Act (29 U.S.C. 666(j)) is amended by inserting be-
15	fore the period the following: ", including the history of
16	violations under subsection (c) or (d) of section 11".
17	SEC. 237. REGULATIONS TO RESTORE A COLUMN ON RE-
18	QUIRED RECORDS OF WORK-RELATED MUS-
19	CULOSKELETAL DISORDERS.
20	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
21	of this Act, the Secretary shall issue a final rule regarding
22	matters pertaining to the proposed rule issued by the Sec-
23	retary on January 29, 2010, entitled "Occupational Injury
24	and Illness Recording and Reporting Requirements' (75
25	Fed. Reg. 4728).

1	SEC. 238. FUNDING FOR ADDITIONAL OSHA INSPECTORS.
2	Out of any amounts in the Treasury not otherwise
3	appropriated, there is appropriated \$60,000,000 to the
4	Secretary for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2029, to
5	remain available until expended for—
6	(1) the hiring of additional inspectors to carry
7	out inspections under section 8 of the Occupational
8	Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 657); and
9	(2) carrying out sections 6, 8, and 11 of the
10	Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29
11	U.S.C. 655; 657; and 660), as amended by this Act.
12	SEC. 239. OSHA REPORTING.
13	(a) Definition of Pandemic.—In this section, the
14	term "pandemic" means a public health emergency de-
15	clared under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act
16	(42 U.S.C. 247d) with respect to a pandemic.
17	(b) Reporting During a Pandemic.—
18	(1) Standardized reporting.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall es-
20	tablish a standardized process for covered es-
21	tablishments to report, on a weekly basis during
22	a pandemic, to the Secretary information re-
23	garding infections and deaths related to the
24	pandemic. Such information shall include—
25	(i) the number of employees on a
26	weekly and cumulative basis that have con-

1	tracted the disease resulting in the pan-
2	demic;
3	(ii) racial demographics of such em-
4	ployees; and
5	(iii) the employment status of such
6	employees.
7	(B) FORM AND PROCEDURES.—Not later
8	than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
9	Act, or 7 days following a declaration of a pan-
10	demic, whichever is sooner, the Secretary shall
11	issue reporting procedures described in sub-
12	paragraph (A), including forms for such proce-
13	dures, for pandemics.
14	(2) Public availability.—The Secretary
15	shall make the information reported under para-
16	graph (1) available to the public in a manner that
17	facilitates public participation, including by making
18	such information available on its website in a man-
19	ner that maximizes public participation.
20	(3) Privacy.—A covered establishment, in re-
21	porting information to the Secretary under para-
22	graph (1), may not claim confidential business infor-
23	mation or patient privacy, except that such an estab-
24	lishment may withhold the names of workers, as a

25

basis to withhold information.

- 1 (c) DISCLOSURES TO EMPLOYEES.—A covered estab-
- 2 lishment shall disclose to each employee or individual pro-
- 3 viding work for the employer, including any individual pro-
- 4 viding such work through a contract or subcontract, all
- 5 chemicals used at the worksite where the employee or indi-
- 6 vidual provides such work. Such disclosure shall be pro-
- 7 vided to the employee or individual in the native language
- 8 of the employee or individual.

9 SEC. 240. PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.

- 10 (a) In General.—Any person aggrieved by the fail-
- 11 ure of a covered establishment to comply with the Occupa-
- 12 tional Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et
- 13 seq.), including any regulation promulgated pursuant to
- 14 such Act, or to comply with this subtitle may file suit in
- 15 any district court of the United States having jurisdiction
- 16 of the parties, without respect to the amount in con-
- 17 troversy and without regard to the citizenship of the par-
- 18 ties, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction.
- 19 (b) RIGHT OF RECOVERY.—In an action brought by
- 20 any aggrieved person pursuant to this section, the person
- 21 may recover equitable and legal relief (including compen-
- 22 satory and punitive damages), attorney's fees (including
- 23 expert fees), and costs of the action.
- 24 (c) ACTION BY THE SECRETARY.—Any administra-
- 25 tive enforcement by the Secretary shall not preclude the

- 1 relief afforded by this section or otherwise deprive a court
- 2 of jurisdiction.
- 3 SEC. 241. INJUNCTION PROCEEDINGS.
- 4 Section 13(a) of the Occupational Safety and Health
- 5 Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 662(a)) is amended by adding at
- 6 the end the following: "Any employee (or the representa-
- 7 tive of such employee) at a place of employment subject
- 8 to enforcement under this subsection may unconditionally
- 9 intervene as a matter of right.".

10 PART IV—SAVINGS PROVISION

- 11 SEC. 251. SAVINGS PROVISION.
- Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to diminish
- 13 the rights, privileges, or remedies of any employee who ex-
- 14 ercises rights under any Federal or State law or common
- 15 law, or under any collective bargaining agreement.

16 Subtitle B—GAO Reports

- 17 SEC. 261. REVIEW AND REPORT ON RACIAL AND ETHNIC
- 18 DISPARITIES IN MEAT AND POULTRY PROC-
- 19 ESSING.
- 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 21 date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
- 22 of the United States shall carry out, and submit to Con-
- 23 gress, a report on racial and ethnic disparities in the meat
- 24 and poultry processing sector.

1	(b) Inclusions.—The report under subsection (a)
2	shall contain a review of each of the following:
3	(1) The impacts of working in covered estab-
4	lishments to individuals working at such establish-
5	ments who are employees, temporary workers, incar-
6	cerated workers, noncitizen workers admitted to the
7	United States as nonimmigrants described in section
8	101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b) of the Immigration and Nation-
9	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b)) or as ref-
10	ugees under section 207 of that Act (8 U.S.C
11	1157), or noncitizen workers who are not lawfully
12	present in the United States, including—
13	(A) workplace injuries, including repetitive
14	musculoskeletal injuries, of those individuals;
15	(B) psychological and mental health condi-
16	tions of those individuals;
17	(C) exposure of those individuals to chemi-
18	cals or other potential carcinogens and repro-
19	ductive toxins; and
20	(D) any physical or mental abuse, includ-
21	ing sexual harassment, of those individuals by
22	coworkers or managers.
23	(2) The racial demographics and use of tem-
24	porary workers to outsource the responsibility of
25	covered establishments to provide a safe workplace

1	(3) The racial demographics and use of incar-
2	cerated workers in covered establishments, includ-
3	ing—
4	(A) the extent to which those workers have
5	a choice in working at covered establishments;
6	(B) the use of those workers to outsource
7	the responsibility of covered establishments to
8	provide a safe workplace;
9	(C) the use of those workers to outsource
10	the responsibility of covered establishments to
11	provide fair compensation; and
12	(D) the use of those workers by covered es-
13	tablishments to externalize employee cost.
14	(4) The racial demographics and use of noncit-
15	izen workers admitted to the United States as non-
16	immigrants described in section $101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b)$
17	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
18	1101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b)) or as refugees under section
19	207 of that Act (8 U.S.C. 1157) at covered estab-
20	lishments, including—
21	(A) the extent to which predatory prac-
22	tices, such as limiting the ability of those work-
23	ers to choose and move between competing or-
24	ganizations, are utilized by covered establish-
25	ments with respect to those workers;

1	(B) the extent to which those workers are
2	unable to speak out for fear of retaliation; and
3	(C) the extent to which there is full trans-
4	parency about the nature of employment of
5	those workers prior to being hired.
6	(5) The racial demographics and use of noncit-
7	izen workers who are not lawfully present in the
8	United States at covered establishments, including—
9	(A) the extent to which those workers are
10	unable to speak out for fear of retaliation; and
11	(B) whether any collusion between Federal
12	immigration offices and covered establishments
13	have the effect of intimidating and silencing
14	those workers